



Experiment 5

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1. Questions and Code:

Question 1 -

1. Create a large dataset: - Create a table names transaction_data (id , value) with 1 million records. - take id 1 and 2, and for each id, generate 1 million records in value column - Use Generate_series () and random() to populate the data.
2. Create a normal view and materialized view to for sales_summary, which includes total_quantity_sold, total_sales, and total_orders with aggregation.
3. Compare the performance and execution time of both.

Code -

```
CREATE TABLE transaction_data (  
    id INT,  
    value NUMERIC  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO transaction_data (id, value)  
SELECT 1 AS id, random() * 1000 AS value  
FROM generate_series(1, 1000000)  
UNION ALL
```



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```
SELECT 2 AS id, random() * 1000 AS value  
FROM generate_series(1, 1000000);
```

```
CREATE VIEW sales_summary_view AS  
SELECT  
    id,  
    COUNT(*) AS total_orders,  
    SUM(value) AS total_sales  
FROM  
    transaction_data  
GROUP BY  
    id;
```

```
CREATE MATERIALIZED VIEW sales_summary_materialized_view  
AS  
SELECT  
    id,  
    COUNT(*) AS total_orders,  
    SUM(value) AS total_sales  
FROM  
    transaction_data  
GROUP BY  
    id;
```

```
EXPLAIN ANALYZE SELECT * FROM sales_summary_view;
```

```
EXPLAIN ANALYZE SELECT * FROM  
sales_summary_materialized_view;
```

```
REFRESH MATERIALIZED VIEW sales_summary_materialized_view;
```

Question 2 –

The company TechMart Solutions stores all sales transactions in a central database.

A new reporting team has been formed to analyze sales but they should not have direct access to the base tables for security reasons. The database administrator has decided to: Create restricted views to display only summarized, non-sensitive data. 2. Assign access to these views to specific users using DCL commands (GRANT, REVOKE).

Code –

```
CREATE TABLE sales_transactions (  
    transaction_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,  
    product_name VARCHAR(100),  
    customer_id INT, -- Sensitive column  
    sale_amount NUMERIC,  
    transaction_date DATE  
);
```

```
INSERT INTO sales_transactions (product_name, customer_id, sale_amount,  
transaction_date) VALUES  
(  
'Laptop', 101, 1200.00, '2025-01-15'),  
(  
'Mouse', 102, 25.00, '2025-01-16'),  
(  
'Laptop', 103, 1250.00, '2025-02-10'),  
(  
'Keyboard', 101, 75.00, '2025-02-12'),
```



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```
('Mouse', 103, 30.00, '2025-02-20');
```

```
CREATE ROLE reporting_team;
```

```
CREATE VIEW monthly_product_sales AS
```

```
SELECT
```

```
    to_char(transaction_date, 'YYYY-MM') AS sales_month,
```

```
    product_name,
```

```
    COUNT(*) AS units_sold,
```

```
    SUM(sale_amount) AS total_revenue
```

```
FROM
```

```
    sales_transactions
```

```
GROUP BY
```

```
    sales_month,
```

```
    product_name;
```

```
GRANT SELECT ON monthly_product_sales TO reporting_team;
```

```
REVOKE SELECT ON monthly_product_sales FROM reporting_team;
```