### AD OS 实验报告 实验一 董天智 2017100937

#### 一、实验题目

UNIX/Linux 环境下客户/服务器网络编程:

- 1、单机程序网络版——掷骰子
- 2、基于 socket()的 TCP 的分布式文件系统

# 二、实验目标

- 1、了解单机程序与网络版程序的不同处
- 2、熟悉客户/服务器编程模式
- 3、熟悉 python 下的 socket 网络编程,包括建立、绑定、监听、连接、关闭等
- 4、熟悉文件处理
- 5、 巩固 python 命令行的参数传递

#### 三、实验内容

1、 单机程序网络版——掷骰子

首先实现一个单机版的掷骰子程序。然后改为采用客户/服务器模式,由客户端发起请求,服务器接受到客户端发来的特定命令后返回一个 1-6 的随机整数,客户端接受到服务器的结果后显示到标准输出。

2、 基于 socket()的 TCP 的分布式文件系统

实现一个分布式文件系统,客户端可以向服务器上传、下载文件,也可以获取服务器上存储的文件列表。

## 四、实验原理与算法

1、C/S 模式

客户端和服务器端模式是指在服务器端部署一个程序,在客户端也部署一个程序,服务器端的程序负责相应客户端发来的各种请求,处理后给客户端返回相应的结果。客户端用于和用户交互以及发送请求到服务器和接受服务器的相应。

2、Socket 网络编程

Socket 是一种面向连接的通信方式,通信双方分为客户和服务器两个角色,服务器 绑定本地的某个端口并监听外部的连接。客户端通过 ip 地址和端口制定要连接的服务器。

3、文件操作

文件操作在 python 中比较方便,主要是调用 open 函数,以及制定读写方式和编码。

## 五、伪码算法

1、单机程序网络版——掷骰子

单机版:

While(True):

用户输入命令;

生成 1-6 的随机数:

显示生成的随机数;

网络版-服务器:

创建套接字, 启动监听, 等待连接;

While(True):

```
接收到客户端请求,建立连接;
         生成随机数;
         发送生成的随机数给客户端;
      网络版-客户端:
      创建套接字,和服务器建立连接;
      While (True):
         接受用户的指令;
         发送指令到服务器;
         接受服务器发来的随机数;
         把接受到的随机数展示给用户;
   2、基于 socket()的 TCP 的分布式文件系统
      服务器:
      创建套接字,启动监听,等待连接;
      接收连接:
      While (True):
         客户端发来的命令:
         根据命令种类执行不同的操作(upload, download, list)
         返回执行结果给客户端;
      客户端:
      创建套接字,和服务器建立连接;
      While (True):
         提示用户输入想执行的操作;
         发送操作命令到服务器:
         接受来自服务器的相应;
         显示执行结果
六、程序源码
   1、单机程序网络版-掷骰子
   import socket
   import sys
   import random as rd
   def stand alone():
      while True:
         print('请投骰子(输入"go")')
         cmd = str(sys.stdin.readline()).strip('\n')
         if cmd == 'exit':
            break
         elif cmd == 'go':
            reply = str(rd.randint(1, 6))
         else:
            reply = 'command not defined: ' + cmd
         print('骰子点数: '+ reply)
         print(")
```

```
def client():
    host = 'localhost'
    port = 8888
    try:
         # create an AF_INET, STREAM socket (TCP)
         s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
         print('Socket Created')
    except socket.error as msg:
          print('Failed to create socket. Error code: ' + str(msg[0]) + ' , Error message : ' +
msg[1])
         sys.exit()
    remote_ip = socket.gethostbyname(host)
    print(remote_ip)
    print(port)
    s.connect((remote_ip, port))
    print('Socket Connected to ' + host + ' on ip ' + remote_ip)
    while True:
         try:
              print('请投骰子(输入"go")')
              cmd = str(sys.stdin.readline()).strip('\n')
              if cmd == 'exit':
                   break
              # Set the whole string
              s.sendall(bytes(cmd, encoding='utf-8'))
              s.send()
              # print('Message send successfully')
              # Now receive data
              reply = s.recv(4096)
              s.sendfile()
              print('骰子点数: '+ str(reply, encoding='utf-8').strip())
              print(")
         except socket.error:
              # Send failed
              print('Send failed')
              sys.exit()
    s.close()
```

```
def server():
     HOST = " # Symbolic name meaning all available interfaces
     PORT = 8888 # Arbitrary non-privileged port
     try:
          s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
          print('Socket created')
     except socket.error as msg:
          print('Failed to create socket. Error code: ' + str(msg[0]) + ', Error message: ' +
msg[1])
          sys.exit()
     try:
          s.bind((HOST, PORT))
          print('Socket bind complete')
     except socket.error as msg:
          print('Bind failed. Error Code: ' + str(msg[0]) + ' Message ' + msg[1])
          sys.exit()
     s.listen(10)
     print('Socket now listening on port: ' + str(PORT))
     conn, addr = s.accept()
     print('Connected with ' + addr[0] + ':' + str(addr[1]))
     # now keep talking with the client
     while True:
          # wait to accept a connection - blocking call
          data = conn.recv(4096)
          if not data:
               print('Disconnected with ' + addr[0] + ':' + str(addr[1]))
               break
          cmd_recv = str(data, encoding='utf-8').strip()
          if cmd_recv == 'go':
               reply = str(rd.randint(1, 6))
          else:
               reply = 'command not defined: ' + cmd_recv
          conn.sendall(bytes(reply, encoding='utf-8'))
          print('replt to client: ' + reply)
     conn.close()
```

```
s.close()
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    if len(sys.argv) == 1:
         print('role not specified(server or client)')
    if sys.argv[1] == 'server':
         server()
    elif sys.argv[1] == 'client':
         client()
    else:
         stand_alone()
    # client()
    # server()
    print('finish')
2、基于 socket()的 TCP 的分布式文件系统
import socket
import sys
import os
End=bytes('EOF', encoding='utf-8')
def server():
    HOST = " # Symbolic name meaning all available interfaces
    PORT = 8888 # Arbitrary non-privileged port
    s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    s.bind((HOST, PORT))
    s.listen(10)
    print('Socket now listening on port: ' + str(PORT))
    # wait for client connect
    conn, addr = s.accept()
    print('Connected with ' + addr[0] + ':' + str(addr[1]))
    FBASE='filebase_server'
    # now keep talking with the client
    while True:
         # wait to accept command
         cmd = conn.recv(4096)
         if not cmd:
```

```
print('Disconnected with ' + addr[0] + ':' + str(addr[1]))
     break
cmd_recv = str(cmd, encoding='utf-8').strip()
if cmd_recv == 'upload':
     filename_b = read_till_End(conn)
     conn.sendall(End)
     data_b = read_till_End(conn)
    try:
          with open('%s/%s'%(FBASE, str(filename_b, encoding='utf-8')), 'wb') as f:
              f.write(data b)
          message = 'upload success'
    except Exception as err:
          message = 'upload failed'
     print(message)
    conn.sendall(bytes(message, encoding='utf-8'))
elif cmd_recv == 'download':
    filename_b = read_till_End(conn)
    filename = '%s/%s' % (FBASE, str(filename_b, encoding='utf-8'))
     if os.path.exists(filename):
          with open(filename, 'rb') as f:
               conn.sendfile(f)
               conn.sendall(End)
          print('download success')
     else:
          conn.sendall(End)
          print('download failed')
elif cmd_recv == 'list':
    files = os.listdir(FBASE)
    file_info = '\n'.join(files)
     conn.sendall(bytes(file info, encoding='utf-8'))
     conn.sendall(End)
     print(file_info)
else:
    reply = 'command not defined: ' + cmd_recv
     conn.sendall(bytes(reply, encoding='utf-8'))
     print(reply)
```

```
conn.close()
     s.close()
def client():
     host = 'localhost'
     port = 8888
     # create an AF_INET, STREAM socket (TCP)
     s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
     # establish connect
     remote_ip = socket.gethostbyname(host)
     s.connect((remote_ip, port))
     print('Socket Connected to ' + host + ' on ip ' + remote_ip + ' and port ' + str(port))
     while True:
          try:
               print('\n 请选择要进行的操作: \n'
                                    upload a file to server file base\n'
                      'upload
                      'download
                                    download a file from server file base\n'
                      'list
                                  list all files available on server\n')
              cmd = sys.stdin.readline().strip('\n')
              s.sendall(bytes(cmd, encoding='utf-8'))
               if cmd == 'exit':
                    break
               elif cmd == 'upload':
                    print('please specify file path:')
                    filepath = sys.stdin.readline().strip('\n')
                    if not os.path.exists(filepath):
                         print('file "%s" not exists' % filepath)
                         continue
                    send_append_End(s, bytes(os.path.basename(filepath), encoding='utf-
8'))
                                     # 用于阻塞进程
                    s.recv(1024)
                    with open(filepath, 'rb') as f:
                         s.sendfile(f)
                         s.sendall(End)
                    res = s.recv(4096)
                    print(str(res, encoding='utf-8'))
               elif cmd == 'download':
                    print('please specify file name:')
```

```
filename = sys.stdin.readline().strip('\n')
                    send_append_End(s, bytes(filename, encoding='utf-8'))
                    data_b = read_till_End(s)
                    if len(data_b) == 0:
                         print('file "%s" not exists' % filename)
                    else:
                         with open('filebase_client/%s' % filename, 'wb') as f:
                              f.write(data_b)
                         print('download success')
               elif cmd == 'list':
                    data_b = read_till_End(s)
                    file_info = str(data_b, encoding='utf-8')
                    print(file_info)
               else:
                    da = s.recv(4096)
                    print(str(da, encoding='utf-8'))
          except socket.error:
               # Send failed
               print('Send failed')
               sys.exit()
     s.close()
def send_append_End(s, data_b):
     s.sendall(data_b)
     s.sendall(End)
def read_till_End(s):
     total data = []
     while True:
          data = s.recv(8192)
          if End in data:
               total_data.append(data[:data.find(End)])
               break
          total_data.append(data)
          if len(total_data) > 1:
               # check if end_of_data was split
               last_pair = total_data[-2] + total_data[-1]
               if End in last_pair:
                    total_data[-2] = last_pair[:last_pair.find(End)]
                    total_data.pop()
```

```
return b".join(total_data)
   if name == ' main ':
      if len(sys.argv) == 1:
          print('role not specified(server or client)')
          exit()
      if sys.argv[1] == 'server':
          server()
      elif sys.argv[1] == 'client':
          client()
      # client()
      # server()
      print('finish')
七、执行结果截图
   1、掷骰子
   a.启动服务器,开始监听客户端请求:
   Socket created
   Socket bind complete
   Socket now listening on port: 8888
   b.启动客户端,连接服务器:
   D:\GitHub\ad-os-exercise1>python sub_exercise_1.py client
   Socket Created
   127.0.0.1
   8888
   Socket Connected to localhost on ip 127.0.0.1
   请投骰子(输入"go">
   c.客户端运行过程
   D:\GitHub\ad-os-exercise1>python sub_exercise_1.py client
   Socket Created
   127.0.0.1
   8888
   Socket Connected to localhost on ip 127.0.0.1
   请投骰子(输入"go")
    青投骰子(输入"go")
```

d.服务端运行过程

D:\GitHub\ad-os-exercise1>python sub\_exercise\_1.py server Socket created Socket bind complete Socket now listening on port: 8888 Connected with 127.0.0.1:65235 replt to client: 2

- 2、分布式文件系统
- a. 启动服务器,开始监听客户端请求:

D:\GitHub\ad-os-exercise1>python sub\_exercise\_2.py server Socket now listening on port: 8888

b. 启动客户端,连接服务器:

D:\GitHub\ad-os-exercise1>python sub\_exercise\_2.py client Socket Connected to localhost on ip 127.0.0.1 and port 8888

#### c.运行过程

#### upload:

### 客户端:

# 请选择要进行的操作.

upload upload a file to server file base download download a file from server file base list list all files available on server

upload

please specify file path:

.gitignore upload success

### 服务端:

D:\GitHub\ad-os-exercise1>python sub\_exercise\_2.py server Socket now listening on port: 8888 Connected with 127.0.0.1:65236 upload success

## download:

# 客户端:

# 请选择要进行的操作:

upload upload a file to server file base
download download a file from server file base
list list all files available on server

down load

please specify file name:

.gitignore

download success

#### 服务端:

D:\GitHub\ad-os-exercise1>python sub\_exercise\_2.py server Socket now listening on port: 8888 Connected with 127.0.0.1:65236 upload success download success

### list:

客户端:

```
请选择要进行的操作:
upload upload a file to server file base
download download a file from server file base
list list all files available on server
list
.gitignore
```

#### 服务端:

```
D:\GitHub\ad-os-exercise1>python sub_exercise_2.py server
Socket now listening on port: 8888
Connected with 127.0.0.1:65236
upload success
download success
.gitignore
```

# 八、使用说明

通过启动 python 程序时指定 client/server 来区分不同的运行方式

### 九、总结与完善

通过 socket 实现了 client/server 模式的程序,对网络通信、分布式程序、交互流程有了更深的理解。当然,目前服务器端只能连接一个客户端程序,后面可以改成可以利用多线程来相应不同客户端的请求。