Math 19 A&B
Fall 2019
Exam 2
November 7

Name:		

PRACTICE EXAM

This exam contains 8 pages and 6 questions. Total of points is 100. For full credit you must show your work. Partial credit may be given for incorrect solutions if sufficient work is shown. Messy/unorganized answers may be penalized, even if correct.

Grade Table (for teacher use only)

Question	Points	Score
1	30	
2	10	
3	15	
4	10	
5	25	
6	10	
Total:	100	

HONORS PLEDGE (sign after exam is completed): I have neither given nor received aid on this exam, nor have I observed a violation of the UVM Code of Academic Integrity.

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- 1. (30 points) Calculate the derivatives of the following functions.
 - (a) (6 points)

$$h(x) = 3(2x^2 + 5x - 8)^4$$

(b) (6 points)

$$h(x) = 10\ln(1-7x)$$

(c) (6 points)

$$h(x) = \frac{1 - e^x}{1 + e^x}$$

(d) (6 points)

$$h(x) = x^2 \ln(x)$$

(e) (6 points)

$$h(x) = 5xe^{2x}$$

- 2. (10 points)
 - (a) (5 points) Suppose $h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ and suppose we know that f(1) = 1, f'(1) = 4, g(1) = 2, and g'(1) = 7. Calculate h'(1).

(b) (5 points) Consider the function T(x) defined as

$$T(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x^3 f(x)}{g(x)}\right).$$

Find T'(x). Hint 1: use properties of logarithms to simplify (otherwise you have to do product + quotient rule = yikes!!!). Hint 2: your answer will involve f'(x) and g'(x) due to chain rule.

- 3. (15 points) For the implicit curve defined by the equation: $y^4 3y^3 + x^3 = 6$
 - (a) (10 points) Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

(b) (5 points) Find the equation of the tangent line at the point (2,1).

- 4. (10 points) One of these two problems (but not both) will appear on the exam!
 - A 40-foot ladder is placed against a wall. If the top of the ladder is sliding down the wall at 3 feet per second, at what rate is the bottom of the ladder moving away from the wall when the bottom of the ladder is 22 feet away from the wall?

The radius of a spherical balloon is increasing at the rate of 6 centimeters per minute. How fast is the volume changing when the radius is 24 centimers?
Note: the formula for the volume V of a sphere with radius r is given by

$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3.$$

5. (25 points) Consider the function

$$f(x) = 3x^3 - 9x$$

(a) (8 points) Find the intervals on which f(x) is increasing and the intervals on which f(x) is decreasing.

- (b) (2 points) Find the local extrema and identify whether each is a local maximum or local minimum.
- (c) (8 points) Find the intervals on which f(x) is concave up and the intervals on which f(x) is concave down.

- (d) (2 points) Find the point(s) of inflections.
- (e) (5 points) Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum on the interval [0, 3].

- 6. (10 points) Evaluate the limits
 - (a) (5 points)

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^3 - 1000}{\ln(x)}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2}{e^{3x} - 3x - 1}$$