

# MATH 19 Problem Set 1

Assigned 2/2 ; Due 2/8 in class

For full credit you must show your work. Partial credit may be given for incorrect solutions if sufficient work is shown. **Please organize your work. I will not award credit if I cannot see your thought process.**

## 2.2 Infinite Limits and Limits at Infinity

1. Draw a graph that satisfies both of the limit expressions below

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = -\infty \quad ; \quad (b) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -1$$

2. Determine the following limits. Use  $+\infty$  or  $-\infty$  where appropriate.

(a)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \frac{x^2 + 4x + 4}{x + 2}$$

(b)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{3x + 3}{x - 3}$$

(c)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^3 + 1}{x^2 + 1}$$

(d)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} \frac{2x^2}{x - 4}$$

(e)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} \frac{x^2 + 3x + 1}{(x + 3)^3}$$

3. Determine the following limits. Use  $+\infty$  or  $-\infty$  where appropriate.

(a)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2}{10x^3 + 55}$$

(b)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-3x^4 + 1}{x^2 - 10}$$

(c)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{9x - 4}{x - 5}$$

4. Find the vertical AND horizontal asymptotes of the following functions

(a)

$$\frac{x^3 + x}{x^2 - 4}$$

(b)

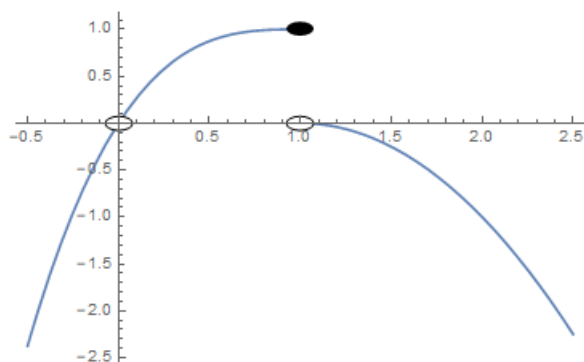
$$\frac{x^2}{x^2 + 9}$$

(c)

$$\frac{x + 3}{x^2 + x - 6}$$

## 2.3 Continuity

1. Explain why the function below is not continuous at  $x = 0$  and  $x = 1$ .



2. List the intervals where the following functions are continuous.

(a)  $x^4 - x^2 - 2$  ; (b)  $(2x + 5)^{1/3}$  ; (c)  $\frac{x}{x^2 + 1}$

3. Determine the sign charts for the following functions.

(a)

$$\frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 2}$$

(b)

$$\frac{(x - 1)(x - 2)(x - 3)}{x^2 + 2}$$

4. Use your sign charts to solve the inequalities.

(a)

$$\frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 2} < 0$$

(b)

$$\frac{(x - 1)(x - 2)(x - 3)}{x^2 + 2} > 0$$

## 2.4 The Derivative

1. Compute the average rate of change.

(a)  $\sqrt{x+7}$  on  $[0, 1]$

(b)  $x^4 + 3x$  on  $[1, 2]$

2. Find  $f'(x)$ .

(a)  $2x^2 + x + 3$

(b)  $5 + 2\sqrt{x}$

(c)  $\frac{2x}{x-1}$

3. Find the equation of the tangent line of:

(a)  $5 + 2\sqrt{x}$  at  $x = 10$

(b)  $\frac{2x}{x-1}$  at  $x = 10$