

Prometheus黑盒监控跟白盒监控

一、黑盒监控跟白盒监控是什么？

- 白盒监控：监控一些内部的数据，topic的监控数据，Redis key的大小。内部暴露的指标被称为白盒监控。**比较关注的是原因。**
- 黑盒监控：站在用户的角度看到的东西。网站不能打开，网站打开的比较慢。**比较关注现象，表示正在发生的问题，正在发生的告警**

二、黑盒监控步骤

- 特别说明：新版的Prometheus是直接安装了 **blackbox-exporter**的，黑盒监控也属于exporter
- 通过 `kubectl get po -n monitoring -l app.kubernetes.io/name=blackbox-exporter` 可以直接查看到

2.1、blackbox-exporter官网+配套grafana

```
https://github.com/prometheus/blackbox_exporter
https://github.com/prometheus/blackbox_exporter/blob/master/blackbox.yml
https://grafana.com/grafana/dashboards/5345
```

2.2、手动部署blackbox-exporter

- 创建ConfigMap，通过ConfigMap形式挂载进容器里

```
[root@k8s-master01 blackbox-exporter-黑盒监控]# cat blackbox-cm.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
  name: blackbox.conf
  namespace: monitoring
data:
  blackbox.yml: |-
    modules:
      http_2xx:
        prober: http
      http_post_2xx:
        prober: http
      http:
        method: POST
      tcp_connect:
        prober: tcp
      pop3s_banner:
        prober: tcp
      tcp:
        query_response:
          - expect: "^+OK"
          tls: true
          tls_config:
            insecure_skip_verify: false
      ssh_banner:
```

```

    prober: tcp
    tcp:
      query_response:
        - expect: "^SSH-2.0-"
  irc_banner:
    prober: tcp
    tcp:
      query_response:
        - send: "NICK prober"
        - send: "USER prober prober prober :prober"
        - expect: "PING :([^\s]+)"
        send: "PONG ${1}"
        - expect: "^[^\s]+ 001"
  icmp:
    prober: icmp

```

- 通过deployment清单部署blackbox

```

apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  labels:
    app: blackbox-exporter
  name: blackbox-exporter
  namespace: monitoring
spec:
  replicas: 1
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: blackbox-exporter
  strategy:
    rollingUpdate:
      maxSurge: 1
      maxUnavailable: 0
    type: RollingUpdate
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: blackbox-exporter
    spec:
      containers:
        - args:
            - --config.file=/mnt/blackbox.yml
          env:
            - name: TZ
              value: Asia/Shanghai
            - name: LANG
              value: C.UTF-8
          image: prom/blackbox-exporter:master
          imagePullPolicy: IfNotPresent
          lifecycle: {}
          name: blackbox-exporter
          ports:
            - containerPort: 9115
              name: web
              protocol: TCP
          resources:

```

```

limits:
  cpu: 260m
  memory: 395Mi
requests:
  cpu: 10m
  memory: 10Mi
securityContext:
  allowPrivilegeEscalation: false
  capabilities: {}
  privileged: false
  procMount: Default
  readOnlyRootFilesystem: false
  runAsNonRoot: false
volumeMounts:
- mountPath: /usr/share/zoneinfo/Asia/Shanghai
  name: tz-config
- mountPath: /etc/localtime
  name: tz-config
- mountPath: /etc/timezone
  name: timezone
- mountPath: /mnt
  name: config
dnsPolicy: ClusterFirst
restartPolicy: Always
securityContext: {}
volumes:
- hostPath:
    path: /usr/share/zoneinfo/Asia/Shanghai
    type: ""
  name: tz-config
- hostPath:
    path: /etc/timezone
    type: ""
  name: timezone
- configMap:
    name: blackbox.conf
  name: config

```

- 创建Service

```

apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  creationTimestamp: null
  labels:
    app: blackbox-exporter
  name: blackbox-exporter
  namespace: monitoring
spec:
  ports:
  - name: container-1-web-1
    port: 9115
    protocol: TCP
    targetPort: 9115
  selector:
    app: blackbox-exporter
  sessionAffinity: None

```

```
type: ClusterIP
```

- 查看创建的svc、pod
 - 如果是新版本的blackbox-exporter，会多一个19115的http协议的端口；9115是https的

```
[root@k8s-master01 ~]# kubectl get po -n monitoring -l app=blackbox-exporter
NAME                                READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
blackbox-exporter-6fdf7796d6-cx7gv  1/1     Running   0           3m54s

#
[root@k8s-master01 ~]# kubectl get svc -n monitoring -l app=blackbox-exporter
NAME                TYPE        CLUSTER-IP    EXTERNAL-IP   PORT(S)    AGE
blackbox-exporter   ClusterIP   10.110.131.83 <none>        9115/TCP    2m39s
```

- 测试exporter是否正常
 - IP 换成SVC的IP
 - 有数据说明blackbox-exporter已经能够正常使用

```
curl "http://10.110.131.83:9115/probe?target=baidu.com&module=http_2xx"
```

三、黑盒监控之域名监控实战

- 创建配置文件【Prometheus静态配置文件也是这步骤配置】

```
# 这是监控的静态配置文件写法
[root@k8s-master01 blackbox-exporter-黑盒监控]# cat prometheus-additional.yaml
- job_name: "blackbox"
  metrics_path: /probe # metrics接口地址
  params:
    module: [http_2xx] # 使用http模块,还有其他的模块,具体查看官网
  static_configs: # Prometheus静态配置
    - targets:
        - http://www.baidu.com # 监控的域名,有多个可以写多个
        - https://prometheus.io
  relabel_configs:
    - source_labels: [__address__]
      target_label: __param_target
    - source_labels: [__param_target]
      target_label: instance
    - target_label: __address__
      replacement: blackbox-exporter:9115 # blackbox-exporter的svc name:port,同
一个ns直接svc name:port访问即可
```

- 创建secret

```
# 创建secret命令，这里是创建到本地的文件中不是创建在k8s上
kubectl create secret generic additional-scrape-configs --from-file=prometheus-
additional.yaml --dry-run -oyaml > additional-scrape-configs.yaml
```

```
# 查看Secret
```

```
[root@k8s-master01 blackbox-exporter-黑盒监控]# cat additional-scrape-
configs.yaml
apiVersion: v1
data:
  prometheus-additional.yaml:
LSBqb2JfbmFtZTogImJsYWNrYm94IgowIG1ldHJpY3NfcGF0aDogL3Byb2JlCiAgcGFyYW1zOgogICAg
bw9kdwxloibBaHR0cF8yeHhdICAjIExvb2sgZm9yIGegSFRUUCAYMDAgcmVzcG9uc2UuCiAgc3RhdGlj
X2NvbWZpZ3M6CiAgICAtIHRhcmdldHM6CiAgICAgIC0gaHR0cDovL3d3dy5iYWlkdS5jb20gICAgCiAg
cmVsyYWJlbF9jb25maWdzOgogICAgLSBzb3VyY2VfbGFiZWxzOibBx19hZGRyZXNzX19dCiAgICAgIHRh
cmdldF9sYWJlbDogX19wYXJhbV90YXJnZXQKICAgIC0gc291cmNlX2xhYmVsczogW19fcGFyYW1fdGFy
Z2V0XQogICAgICB0YXJnZXRFbGFiZWw6IGluc3RhbmNlCiAgICAtIHRhcmdldF9sYWJlbDogX19hZGRy
ZXNzX18KICAgICAgcmVwbGFiZW1lbnQ6IGJsYWNrYm94LWV4cG9ydGvY0jKxMTUgICMgZXhwb3J0ZXLn
moRzdmMgdmFtZQo=
kind: Secret
metadata:
  creationTimestamp: null
  name: additional-scrape-configs

# 创建Secret到k8s中
[root@k8s-master01 blackbox-exporter-黑盒监控]# kubectl apply -f additional-
scrape-configs.yaml -n monitoring
```

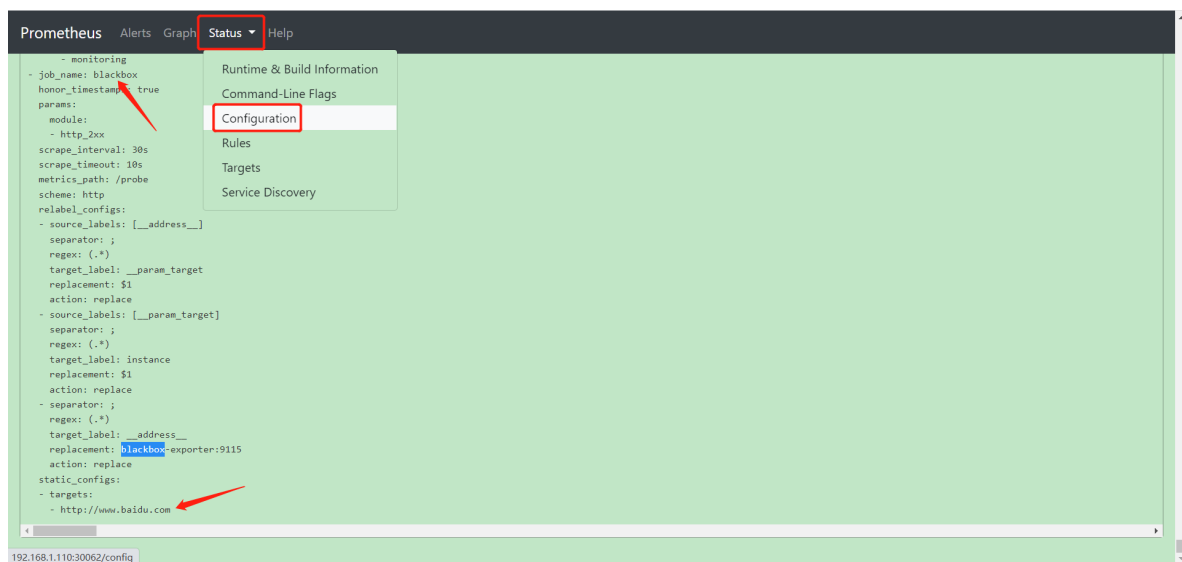
- 更改prometheus编排文件,增加静态配置路径【重要】

```
[root@k8s-master01 ~]# vim kube-prometheus/manifests/prometheus-prometheus.yaml
apiVersion: monitoring.coreos.com/v1
kind: Prometheus
metadata:
  name: prometheus
  labels:
    prometheus: prometheus
spec:
  replicas: 2
... 加上下面3行
  additionalScrapeConfigs:           # 固定参数
    name: additional-scrape-configs  # 这个是创建的secret的名字
    key: prometheus-additional.yaml  # 这个是静态规则的配置文件名字【全称,包括后缀】
...

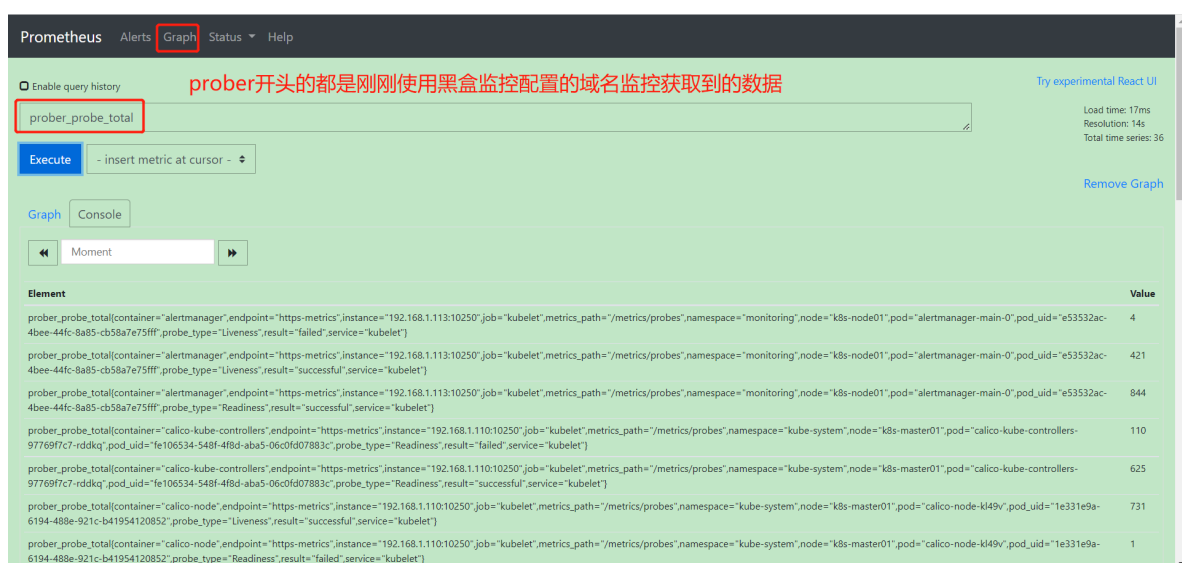
# replace刚刚修改的文件
[root@k8s-master01 manifests]# kubectl replace -f kube-
prometheus/manifests/prometheus-prometheus.yaml -n monitoring

# 手动删除prometheus的所有pod、使之重新构建
[root@k8s-master01 manifests]# kubectl delete po prometheus-k8s-0 prometheus-
k8s-1 -n monitoring
```

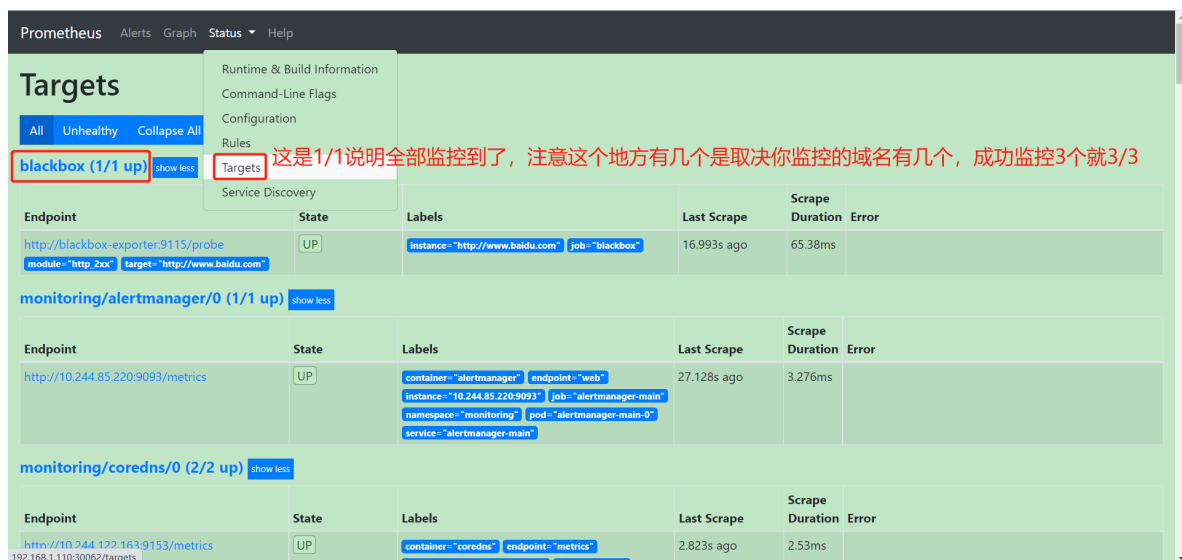
- prometheus-ui查看是否成功加载配置



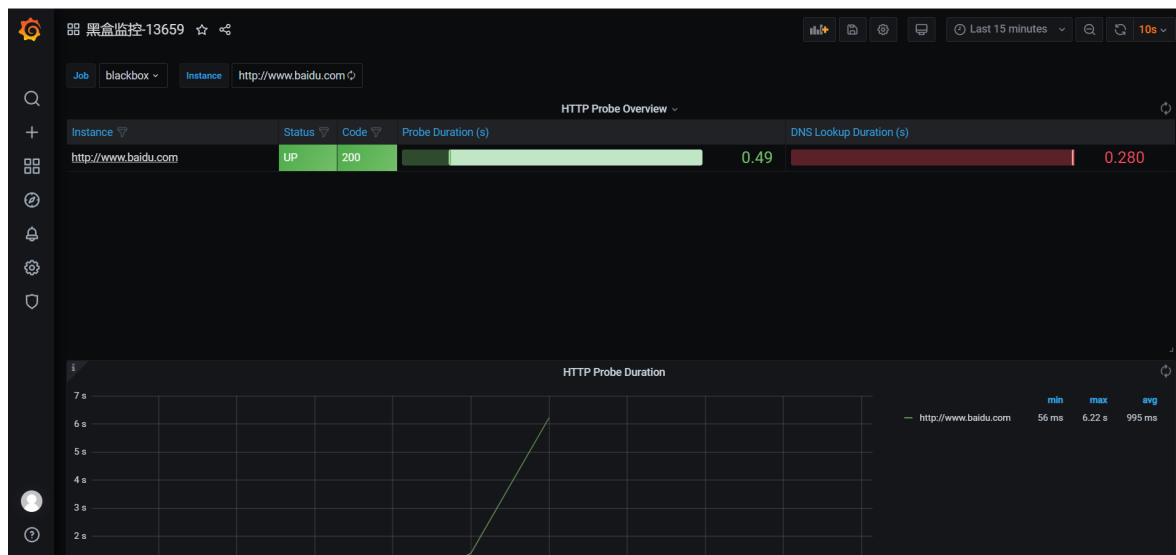
- prometheus-ui查看是否能拿到数据



- prometheus-ui查看targets是否ok



- grafana导入 【<https://grafana.com/grafana/dashboards/5345>】 或者用13659; 13659好看些



四、域名访问延迟告警

假设需要对域名访问延迟进行监控，访问延迟大于1秒进行告警，此时可以创建一个PrometheusRule如下：

```
# cat blackbox.yaml
apiVersion: monitoring.coreos.com/v1
kind: PrometheusRule
metadata:
  labels:
    app.kubernetes.io/component: exporter
    app.kubernetes.io/name: blackbox-exporter
    prometheus: k8s
    role: alert-rules
    name: blackbox
    namespace: monitoring
spec:
  groups:
    - name: blackbox-exporter
      rules:
        - alert: DomainAccessDelayExceeds1s
          annotations:
            description: 域名: {{ $labels.instance }} 探测延迟大于1秒，当前延迟为: {{ $value }}
            summary: 域名探测，访问延迟超过1秒
          expr: sum(probe_http_duration_seconds{job=~"blackbox"}) by (instance) > 1
          for: 10s
          labels:
            severity: warning
            type: blackbox
```