# 76. Minimum Window Substring (Hard)

Given two strings s and t, return the shortest substring of s such that every character in t, including duplicates, is present in the substring. If such a substring does not exist, return an empty string ......

You may assume that the correct output is always unique.

# Example 1:

```
Input: s = "OUZODYXAZV", t = "XYZ"

Output: "YXAZ"
```

Explanation: "YXAZ" is the shortest substring that includes "X", "Y", and "Z" from string t.

# Example 2:

```
Input: s = "xyz", t = "xyz"

Output: "xyz"
```

# Example 3:

```
Input: s = "x", t = "xy"

Output: ""
```

### **Constraints:**

- 1 <= s.length <= 1000
- 1 <= t.length <= 1000
- s and t consist of uppercase and lowercase English letters.

# ▼ 思路:

作法一:hashmap 分別儲存目標字母需要次數與字串出現字母次數,對整串字串以 sliding window搜尋

T: $O(n*m) \rightarrow$  每個新增長度都會搜尋比對所有目標字母數 , S: $O(m) \rightarrow$  n為s長度,m 出現過字母

作法二:hashmap 分別儲存目標字母需要次數與所有字串出現字母次數,對整串字 串以sliding window搜尋,差別在於直接以額外變數儲存是否滿足需要字母次數無須 重新比對所有目標字母

# 作法一

```
class Solution {
public:
  string minWindow(string s, string t) {
     unordered_map<char, int> check, target;
     if(t.size()==0) return t;
     pair<int ,int> pos = \{0,0\};
    for(char c:t) check[c] = 0,target[c]++;
     int maxf=INT_MAX,I=0,flag=1;
     for(int r=0;r<s.size();r++){
       flag=1;
       if(check.find(s[r])!=check.end()){
          check[s[r]]++;
       for(auto c:check){
          if(c.second < target[c.first]){</pre>
            flag=0;
            break;
          }
       while(flag){
          pos = (maxf < r-l+1) ? pos : make_pair(l,r);
          maxf = (maxf < r-l+1)? maxf: r-l+1;
```

```
if(check.find(s[l])!=check.end()){
    if(check[s[l]]==target[s[l]]){
        break;
    }
    check[s[l]]--;
    }
    l++;
    }
} return (flag == 1) ? s.substr(pos.first,pos.second - pos.first+1) : "";
}
};
```

# 作法二

```
class Solution {
public:
  string minWindow(string s, string t) {
    unordered_map<char, int> check, target;
    if(t.size()==0 || t.size()>s.size()) return "";
    pair<int,int> pos = \{0,0\};
    for(char c:t) target[c]++;
    int maxf=INT_MAX,I=0,have=0,need=target.size();
    for(int r=0;r<s.size();r++){
       check[s[r]]++;
       if(target.find(s[r])!=target.end() && check[s[r]]==target[s[r]]){
         have++;
       }
       while(have == need){
         if(maxf>=r-l+1) pos = make_pair(l,r), maxf = r-l+1;
         if(target.find(s[I])!=target.end()){
            if(check[s[l]]==target[s[l]]){
              break;
            check[s[I]]--;
```

```
}
l++;
}
return (have == need) ? s.substr(pos.first,pos.second - pos.first+1) : "";
}
};
```