

Command Pattern

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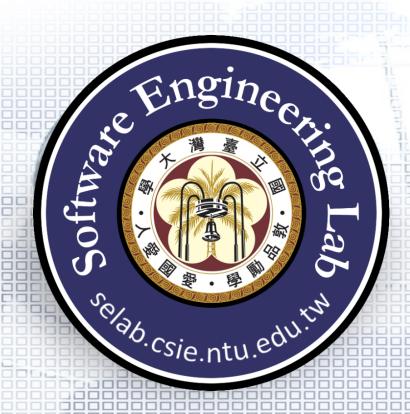
Design Aspect of Command

When and how a request is fulfilled



Outline

- ☐ Cut, Copy, Paste on a Document Requirements Statements
- ☐ Initial Design and Its Problems
- Design Process
- ☐ Refactored Design after Design Process
- ☐ Recurrent Problems
- Intent
- Command Pattern Structure
- ☐ Remote Control: Another Example



Cut, Copy, Paste on a Document

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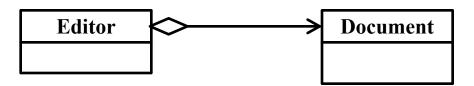
Requirements Statements

- An editor application carries a document.
- □ A menu in the editor application contains several menu items performing three specific operations: cut, copy and paste on a document when clicked.



Requirements Statements₁

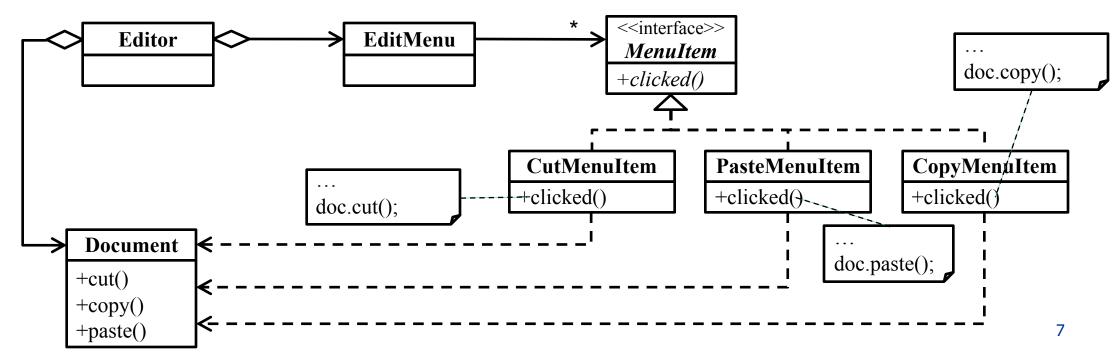
☐ An editor application carries a document.





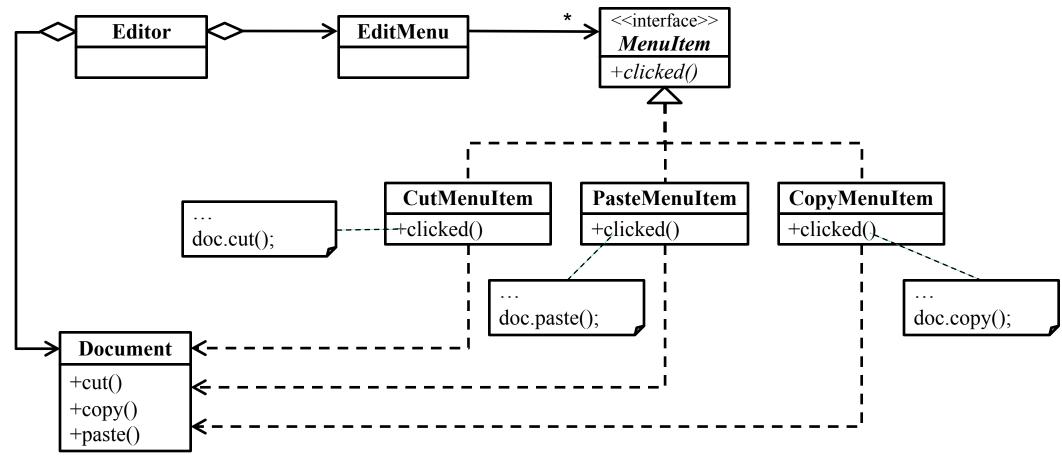
Requirements Statements₂

■A menu in the editor application contains several menu items performing three specific operations: cut, copy and paste on a document when clicked.



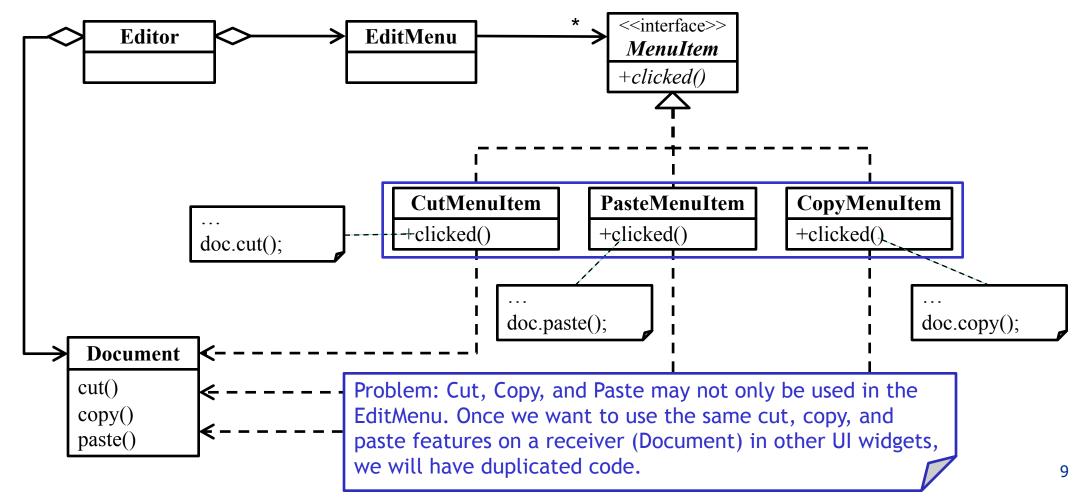


Initial Design

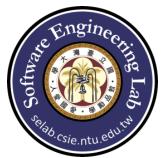




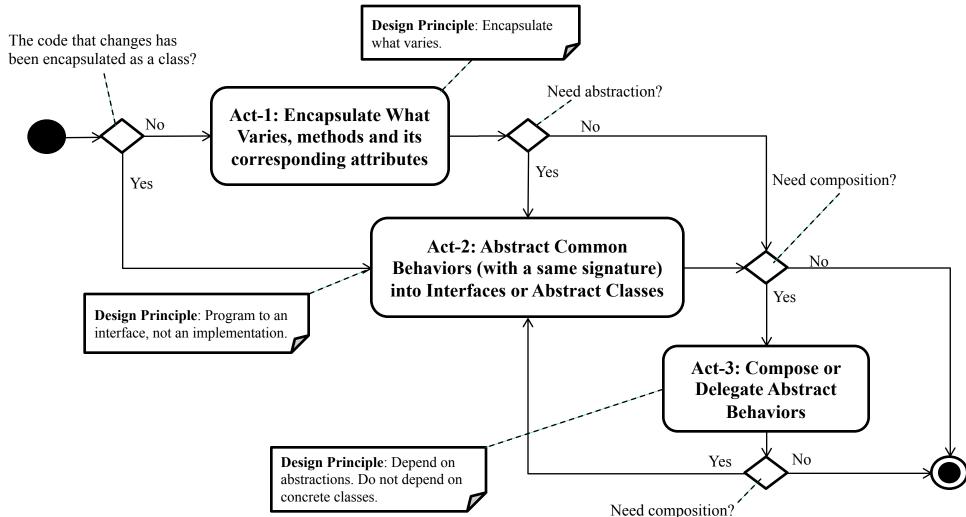
Problems with Initial Design



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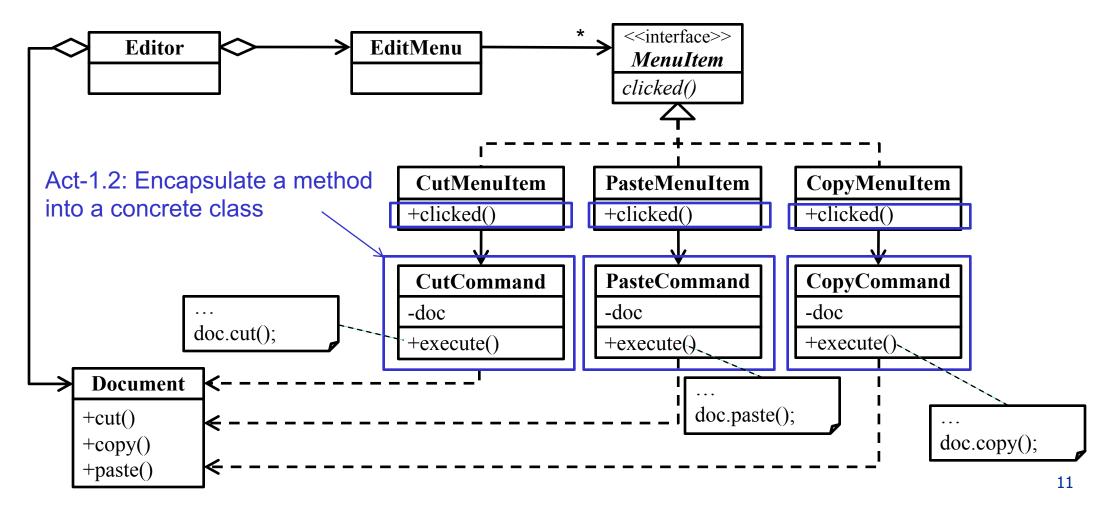


Design Process for Change



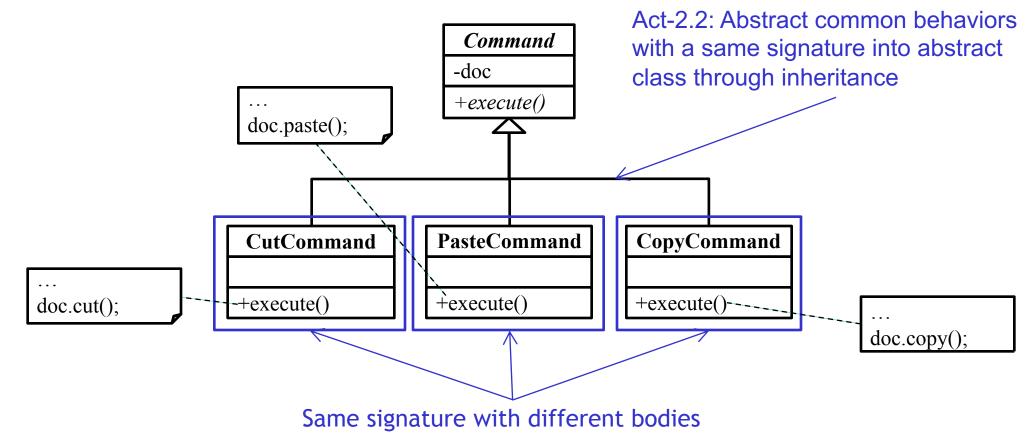


Act-1: Encapsulate What Varies



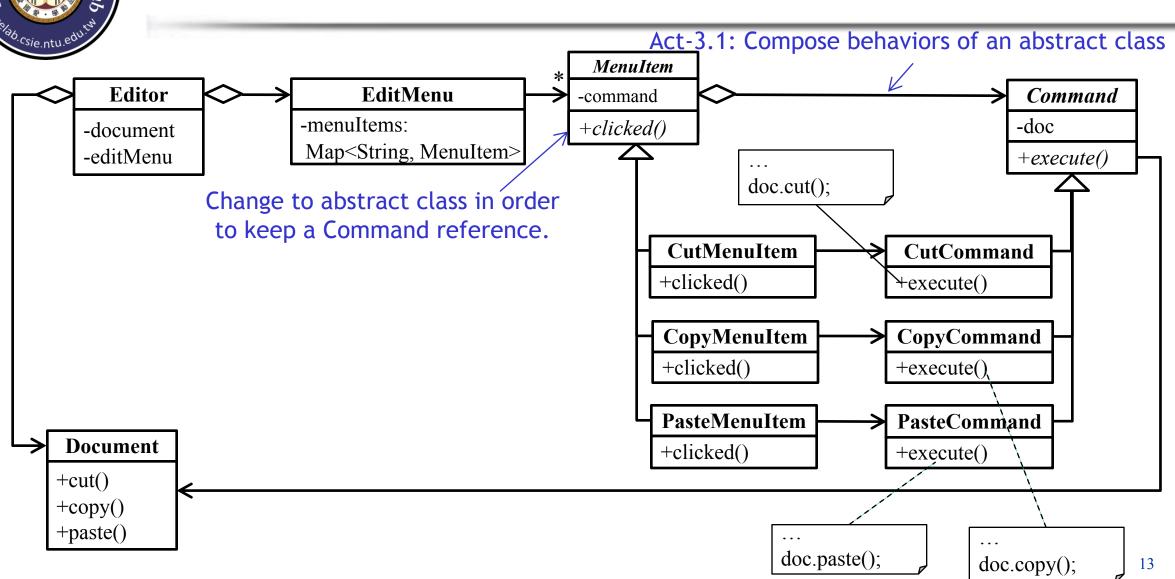


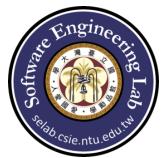
Act-2: Abstract Common Behaviors



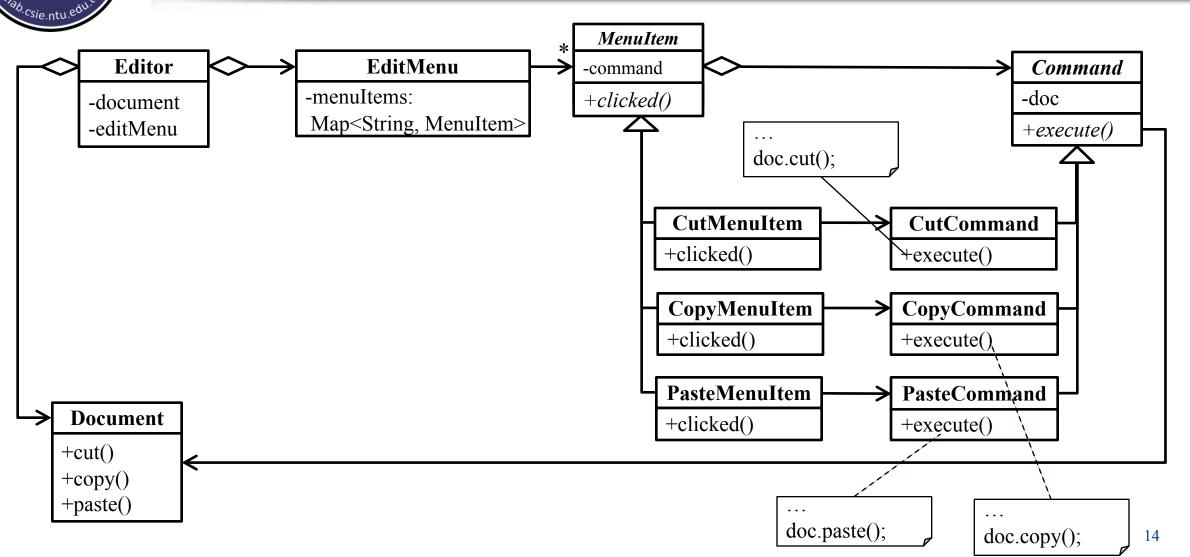


Act-3: Compose Abstract Behaviors





Refactored Design after Design Process





Editor

```
public class Editor {
    private Document document;
    private EditMenu editMenu;

public void setDocument(Document document) { editMenu = new EditMenu(document); }

public EditMenu getEditMenu() {
    return editMenu;
}
```



Document

```
public class Document {

    public void cut() { System.out.println("Cut~"); }

    public void copy() { System.out.println("Copying"); }

    public void paste() { System.out.println("Paste Done"); }
}
```



Editmenu

```
public class EditMenu {
    Map<String, MenuItem> menuItems = new HashMap<>();

public EditMenu(Document document) {
    menuItems.put("Cut", new CutMenuItem(document));
    menuItems.put("Copy", new CopyMenuItem(document));
    menuItems.put("Paste", new PasteMenuItem(document));
}

public MenuItem getMenuItem(String str) { return menuItems.get(str); }
}
```



MenuItem

```
public abstract class MenuItem {
    private Command command;

    public MenuItem(Command command) {
        this.command = command;
    }

    public Command getCommand() { return command; }

    public abstract void click();
}
```



CopyMenuItem



CutMenuItem

```
public class CutMenuItem extends MenuItem{

public CutMenuItem(Document document) { super(new CutCommand(document)); }

@Override
public void click() { getCommand().execute(); }
}
```



PasteMenuItem



Command

```
public abstract class Command {
    private Document document;

public Document getDocument() { return document; }

public Command(Document document) { this.document = document; }

public abstract void execute();
}
```



CutCommand

```
public class CutCommand extends Command{

public CutCommand(Document document) { super(document); }

@Override
public void execute() { getDocument().cut(); }
}
```



CopyCommand

```
public class CopyCommand extends Command{

public CopyCommand(Document document) { super(document); }

@Override
public void execute() { getDocument().copy(); }
}
```



PasteCommand

```
public class PasteCommand extends Command{

public PasteCommand(Document document) { super(document); }

@Override
public void execute() { getDocument().paste(); }
}
```



Input / Output

Input:

```
[operation]
```

Output:

```
// if [operation] is Cut
Cut~

// if [operation] is Copy
Copying

// if [operation] is Paste
Paste Done
```



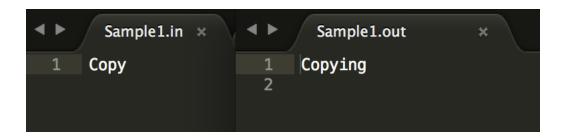
☐ TestCase 1: Copy

☐ TestCase 2: Cuy

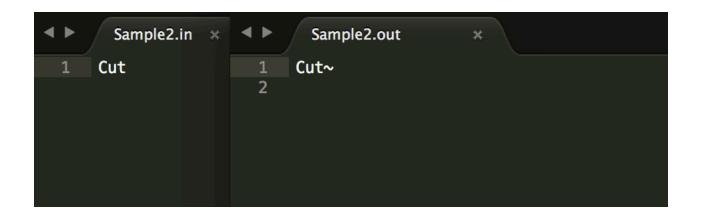
☐ TestCase 3: Paste

☐ TestCase 4: Complex

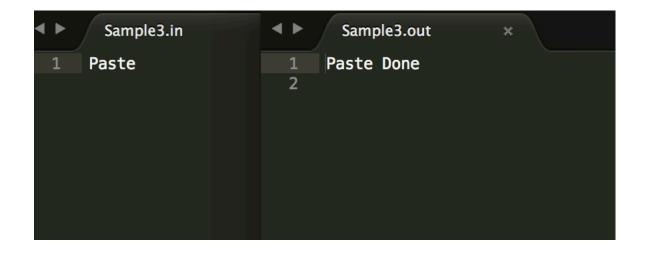




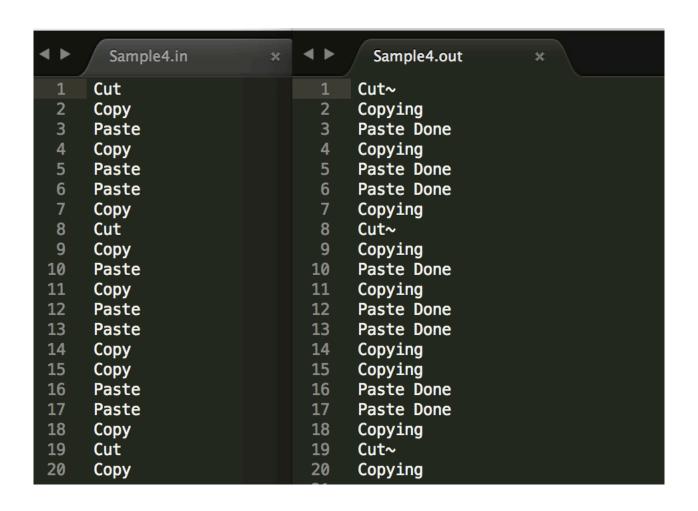














Recurrent Problems

- The invoker object is subject to be modified once the set of the actions on a receiver is changed
 - Sometimes it's necessary to issue requests to objects without knowing anything about the operation being requested or the receiver of the request.

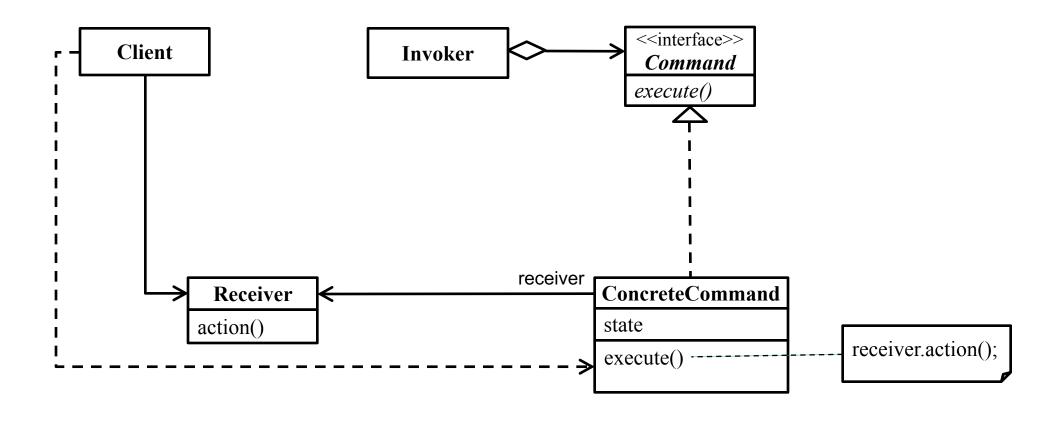


Intent

□ Encapsulate a request as an object, thereby letting you parameterize clients with different requests, queue or log requests, and support undoable operations.

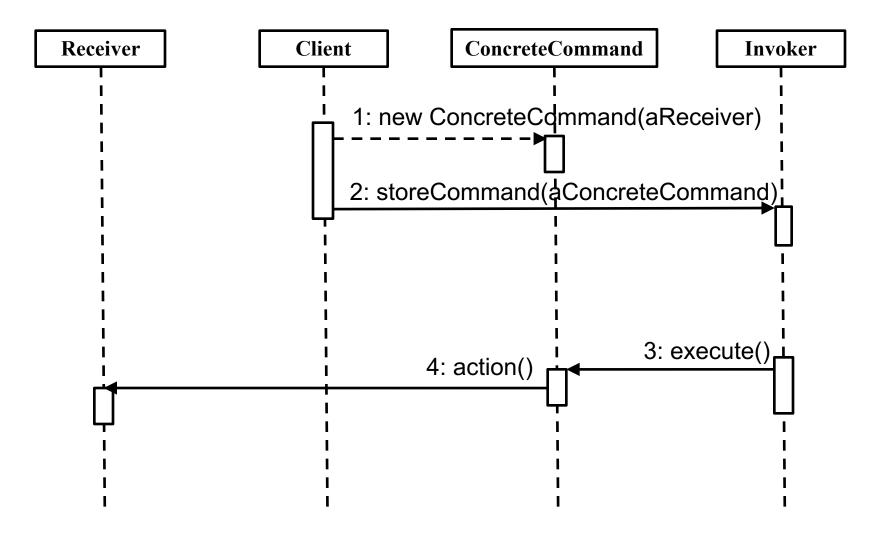


Command Pattern Structure₁





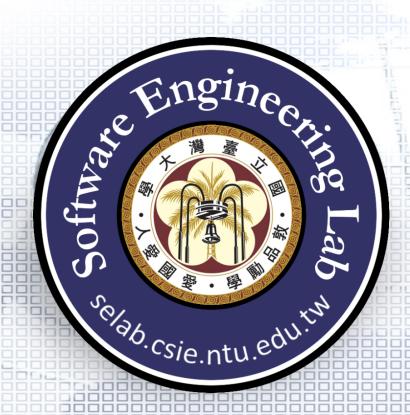
Command Pattern Structure₂





Command Pattern Structure₃

	Instantiation	Use	Termination
Command	X	Invoker keeps a Command reference, and then delegate to it while Invoker is requested.	X
Concrete Command	Client	Client creates a ConcreteCommand with a Receiver as a parameter, and store it to an Invoker.	ConcreteCommand will be terminated while the Invoker doesn't need it anymore.
		The Invoker delegates the request to the ConcreteCommand, and it uses the Receiver to complete the request.	
Invoker	Don't Care	Invoker holds a Command reference from Client. While Invoker is invoked, it delegates to Command.	Don't Care
Receiver	Don't Care	Receiver is sent to ConcreteCommand as a reference by Client. ConcreteCommand completes its request by using Receiver.	Don't Care



Remote Control

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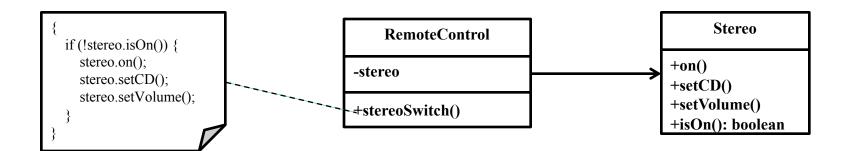
Requirements Statements

- The remote control can control a Week16InClassHW1 Week16InClassHW1 remotely.
- While a stereo is switched on by the remote control, the CD and volume will be set at the same time.
- ☐ Furthermore, the remote control also controls light that can be switched on and off.



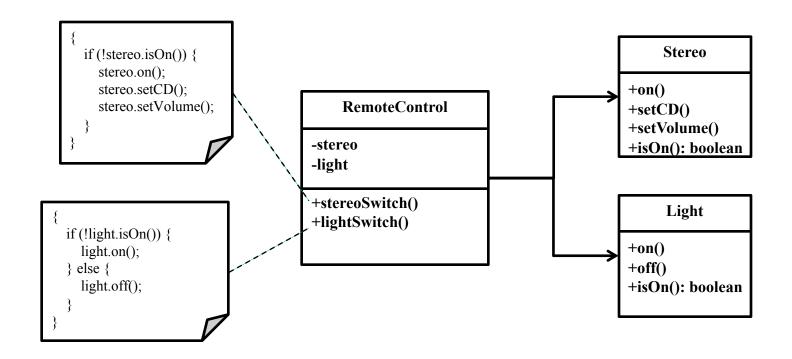
Requirements Statements₁

- ☐ The remote control can control a stereo remotely.
- While a stereo is switched on by the remote control, the CD and volume will be set at the same time.



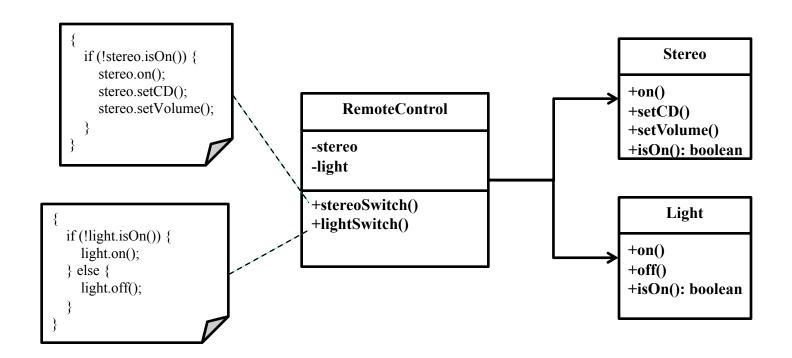


Requirements Statements₂



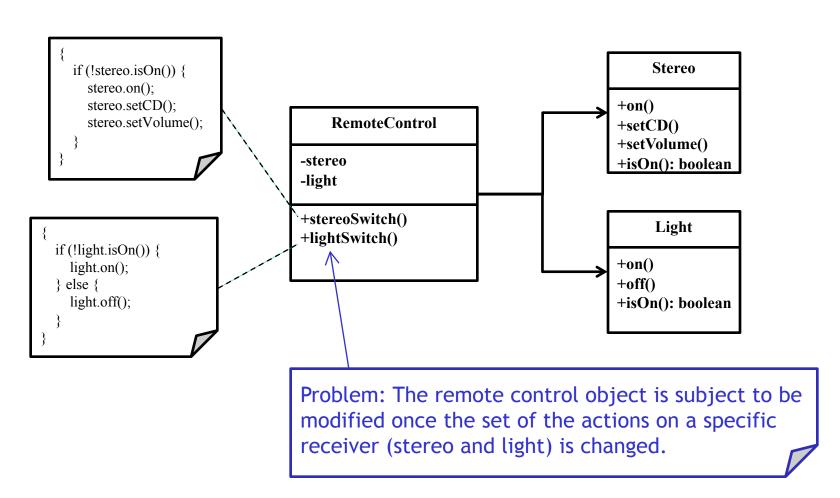


Initial Design - Class Diagram



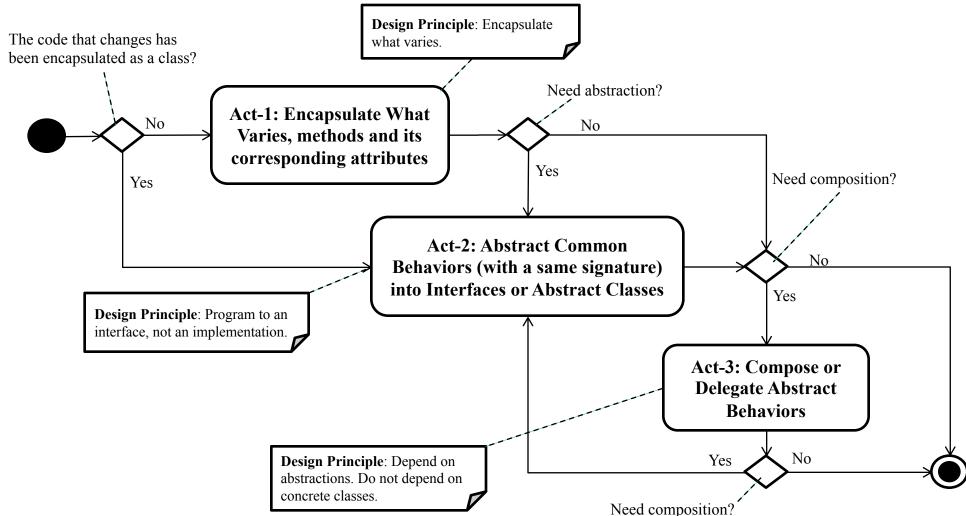


Problems with Initial Design



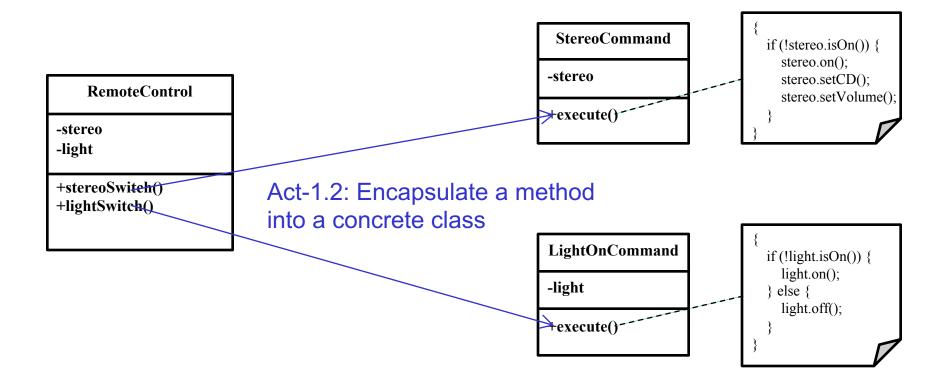


Design Process for Change



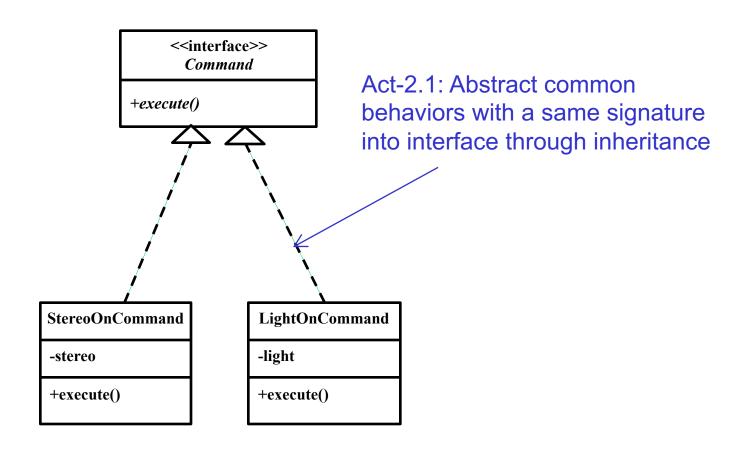


Act-1: Encapsulate What Varies



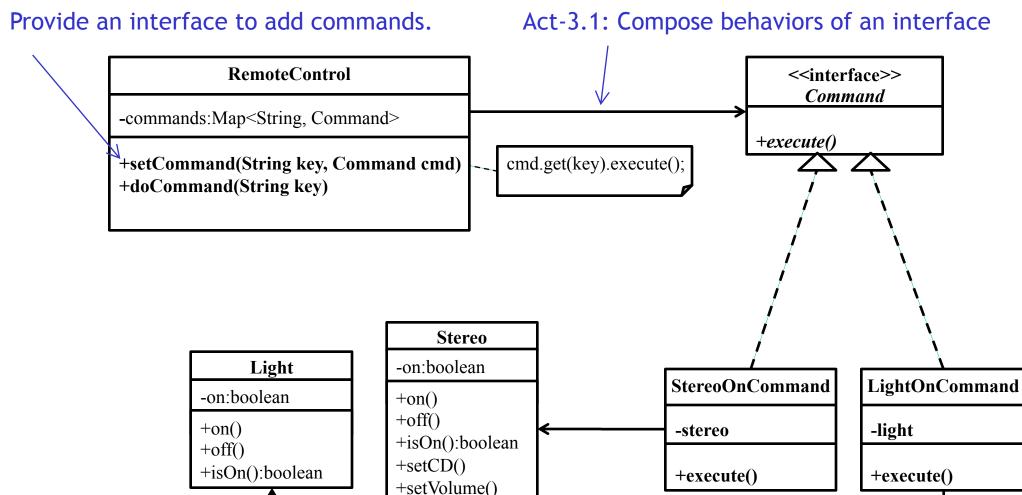


Act-2: Abstract Common Behaviors



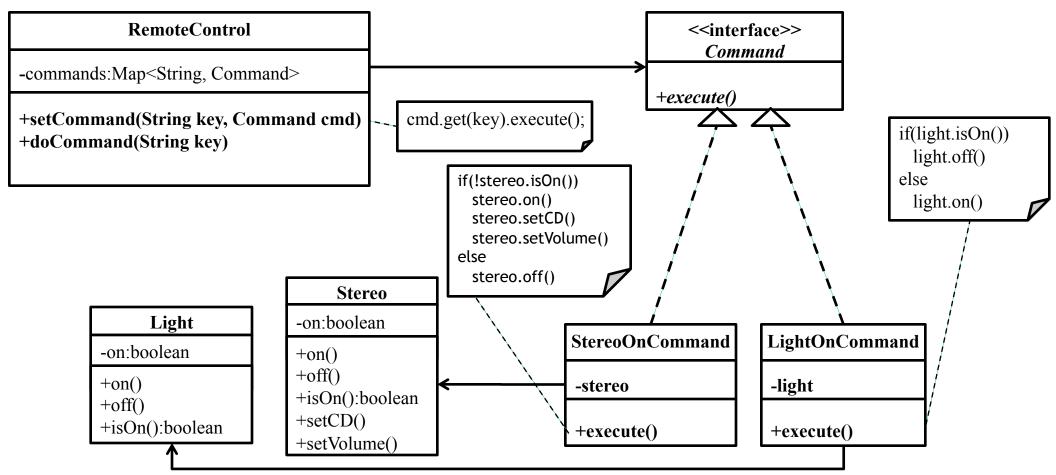


Act-3: Compose Abstract Behaviors





Refactored Design after Design Process





RemoteControl

```
public class RemoteControl {
    private Map < String, Command > commands = new HashMap <> ();

public void setCommand(String key, Command command) {
    commands.put(key, command);
}

public void doCommand(String key) { commands.get(key).execute(); }
}
```



Command

```
public interface Command {
    public void execute();
}
```



LightCommand

```
public class LightCommand implements Command{
    private Light light;
    public LightCommand(Light light) { this.light = light; }
   @Override
    public void execute() {
        if(light.isOn()){
            light.off();
        else {
            light.on();
```



StereoCommand

```
public class StereCommand implements Command{
    private Stereo stereo;
    public StereCommand(Stereo stereo) { this.stereo = stereo; }
    @Override
    public void execute() {
        if(!stereo.isOn()){
            stereo.on();
            stereo.setCD();
            stereo.setVolume();
        else {
            stereo.off();
```



Light

```
public class Light {
   private boolean on = false;
    public void on(){
        System.out.println("Light turns on~");
        on = true;
   public void off(){
        System.out.println("Light turns off!");
        on = false;
   public boolean isOn() { return on; }
```



Stereo

```
public class Stereo {
   private boolean on = false;
    public void on(){
       System.out.println("Stereo turns on!");
        on = true;
   public void setCD() { System.out.println("Stereo set CD #1"); }
   public void setVolume() { System.out.println("Stereo set Volume 13"); }
   public void off(){
       System.out.println("Stereo turns off~");
        on = false;
   public boolean isOn() { return on; }
```



Input / Output format

Input:

```
[device] ...
```

Output:

```
//If state of Light is on
Light turns on~
//If state of Light is off
Light turns off!
//If state of Stereo is on
Stereo turns on!
Stereo set CD #1
Stereo set Volume 13
//If state of Stereo is off
Stereo turns off~
```



Test cases

☐ TestCase 1: Light

☐ TestCase 2: Stereo

☐ TestCase 3: Both



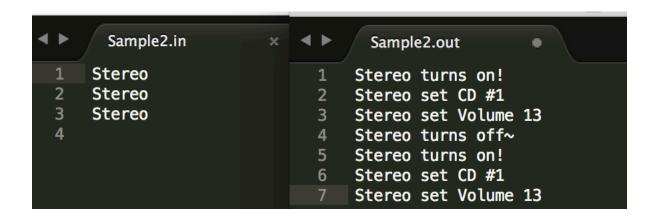
Test case1

```
Sample1.in * Sample1.out *

Light    Light turns on~
Light    Light turns off!
Light    Light turns on~
```



Test case2





Test case3

