

Testing Report

Group Name: Testing Status

Daniel Christopher Alves Araújo	13073878
Taariq Ghoord	10132806
Lerato Molokomme	11197961
Semaka Malapane	13081129
Mpedi Mello	11210754
Ryno Pierce	12003922
Lutfiyya Razak	10198408
Frederick Snyman	13028741
Keagan Thompson	13023782

Git repository link:

[https://github.com/u13073878/
COS301-Testing-Status](https://github.com/u13073878/COS301-Testing-Status)

Date: 24 April 2015

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1 assessProfile Use case

1.1 Group A - assessProfile

Status A assesProfile function does not exists in the list of all the functions implemented. However the the function was used inside the function ThreadsDepthAssessor which made it difficult to test. So the code fail to adhere to the specified pre-condition therefore the post condition is also not met. ThreadsDepthAssesor was called and was used to test and the test failed.

1.2 Group B - assessProfile

Status B provided the assessProfile function. However the parameter list was not done as specified in the master specifications. The assessProfile that was tested required 3 parameters (assessProfileRequest, user, callback) while the master specification specified only one parameter object that contains a profile ID. The assessProfile function did not test for the only pre-condition that was specified in the master specification, which is check if the profile with specified identity exists. So the code failed in that regard. In addition to that, it appears that the function did not do any profile assessment calculation at all, and thus gave the same response everytime it was ran. So the post-condition was not met. Status B assessProfile failed overall.

2 setStatusCalculator Use case

2.1 Group A - setStatusCalculator

Status A provided a setStatusCalculator. The setStatusCalculator function provided takes a setStatusCalculatorRequest which consists of the SpaceId and profileAssessorID.NumPostsAssessor and ProfileAssessor where implemented. Nodeunit was used to test the setStatusCalculator function and the code of the unit test appears below:

```
exports.setStatusCalculatorTest = function(test) {  
  test.expect(1);  
  
  var obj = { spaceID : "55239544b0d352dc0ca78fa8",  
    profileAssessorID: "5528de30a1477598173596ff" };  
  
  buzzStatus.setStatusCalculator(obj);  
  test.done();  
};
```

Figure 1: Unit tests for *setStatusCalculator*

Executing the tests above resulted in the following output:

```
unitTest.js  
? setStatusCalculatorTest  
Error: Expected 1 assertions, 0 ran  
  at Object.test.done (C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\types.js:121:25)  
  at Object.exports.setStatusCalculatorTest (C:\Users\Lutfiyya\Desktop\Status-A-master\Handlebars Server\test\unitTest.js:19:7)  
  at Object.<anonymous> (C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\core.js:236:16)  
  at C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\core.js:236:16  
  at Object.exports.runTest (C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\core.js:70:9)  
  at C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\core.js:118:25  
  at C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\deps\async.js:513:13  
  at iterate (C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\deps\async.js:123:13)  
  at async.forEachSeries (C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\deps\async.js:139:9)  
  at _concat (C:\Users\Lutfiyya\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\deps\async.js:512:9)
```

Figure 2: Results of the unit tests for *setStatusCalculator*

The test, setStatusCalculatorTest fails because ProfileAssessor function

```

8
9 var AA = require("../DatabaseStuff");
10 exports ["Testing for status calculator" ] = function(test){
11   AA.getStatusForProfile(function(err, user){
12     test.expect(1);
13     test.equals(err, false);
14     test.done();
15   })
16
17   AA.setStatusCalculator(function(setStatusCalculatorRequest){
18     var result = new statusCalculatorResult();// This is what we will return
19     result.ProfileAssessor = setStatusCalculatorRequest.ProfileAssessor;//setting the profile a:
20     test.expect(1);
21     test.equals(setStatusCalculatorRequest, result);
22     test.done();
23   })
24 }

```

Figure 3: Unit tests for *setStatusCalculator*

```

Terminal
+ C:\Users\herb-adventure\Documents\DatabaseStuff>nodeunit "unit test.js"
unit test.js
? Testing for status calculator
TypeError: undefined is not a function

```

Figure 4: Unit tests for *setStatusCalculator* test output

does not work. The pre-condition were not tested which was to test if a buzz space is open therefore the post-conditions were not met.

2.2 Group B - setStatusCalculator

Status B did not implement all the status calculators. Only ThreadDepth and numPost assessors are provided. The numPostAssessor counts the threads of a particular user and sets that as the status level of the user. The threadDepthAssessor calculates a users status level based on an average calculated by number of threads divided by a count of the total threads of a user. Unit tests for this will follow. It seems that the statusCalculatorRequest and statusCalculatorResult are implemented as functions so we cannot access their profileAssessors which must be the reason for the fail of the tests. Images are given below.

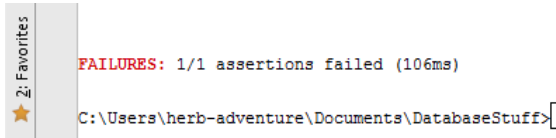


Figure 5: Unit tests for *setStatusCalculator test output*

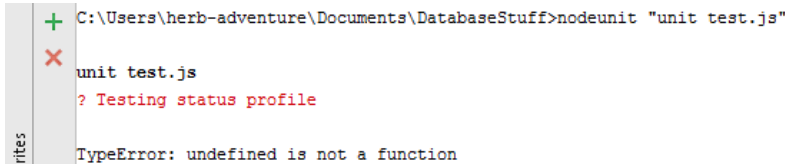


Figure 6: Unit tests for *setStatusCalculator test output*

3 getStatusForProfile Use case

3.1 Group A - getStatusForProfile

The function take the user ID and a callback. But the callback does not return and the user ID does not get initialized, hence the function is called on invalid parameters. Pre-condition: user has an ID Post-condition: User's profile is returned from the user ID.

3.2 Group B - getStatusForProfile

Status B provided a *getStatusForProfile* as in Figure 41 of the master specifications. No pre- or post-conditions are tested for in the code written by Status B, however none were provided in the given master specifications.

The function that Status B provided takes as parameters the ID of the user being queried.

Nodeunit was used for doing unit tests on this code, and the code of the unit tests appears in the figure below:

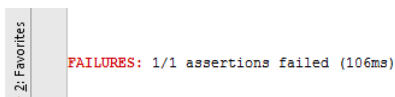


Figure 7: Unit tests for *setStatusCalculator test output*

```

var status = require('Status');

exports.getStatusForProfileTest1 = function(test){
  test.expect(1);
  status.getStatusForProfile("u000000006",function(res){
    test.equal(res,0);
    test.done()
  });
}

exports.getStatusForProfileTest2 = function(test){
  test.expect(1);
  status.getStatusForProfile("u000000001",function(res){
    test.equal(res,4);
    test.done();
  });
}

exports.getStatusForProfileTest3 = function(test){
  test.expect(1);
  status.getStatusForProfile("u000000002",function(res){
    test.equal(res,8);
    test.done();
  });
}

exports.getStatusForProfileTest4 = function(test){
  test.expect(1);
  status.getStatusForProfile("u000000003",function(res){
    test.equal(res,0);
    test.done();
  });
}

exports.getStatusForProfileTest5 = function(test){
  test.expect(1);
  status.getStatusForProfile("u000000004",function(res){
    test.equal(res,7);
    test.done();
  });
}

exports.getStatusForProfileTest6 = function(test){
  test.expect(1);
  status.getStatusForProfile("u000000005",function(res){
    test.equal(res,2);
    test.done();
  });
}

```

Figure 8: Unit tests for *getStatusForProfile*

Executing the tests above resulted in the following output:

```
[frikkie@Frik-Arch StatusBTests]$ nodeunit getStatusProfile.js

getStatusProfile.js
Connected to mongo server.
✓ getStatusForProfileTest1
✓ getStatusForProfileTest2
✓ getStatusForProfileTest3
✓ getStatusForProfileTest4
✓ getStatusForProfileTest5
✓ getStatusForProfileTest6

OK: 6 assertions (11557ms)
```

Figure 9: Results of the unit tests for *getStatusForProfile*

The tests that are run, checks the status value for six users present in the database, with differing status values. All six tests pass successfully and the function *getStatusForProfile* appears to have been implemented correctly as per the master specification. These test cases cover 100% of the use cases as defined in the master specification.

4 createAppraisalType Use case

4.1 Group A - createAppraisalType

As indicated in figure 43 of the master specification, Status A has met the requirements but I could not get the method to run in testing. If any null values are passed in, the code will not detect this problem which will cause the system to crash.

My testing code is given below:

```
var BuzzSpace = require('./buzzStatus')

function testCreateAppraisalType(createAppraisalTypeResult){
  console.log(createAppraisalTypeResult);
}

BuzzSpace.createAppraisalType(new BuzzSpace.AppraisalType('Happy', 'State of euphoria', null, {}), testCreateAppraisalType);
```

Figure 10: Unit test for createAppraisalType

and the resulting code:

```
BuzzSpace.createAppraisalType(new BuzzSpace.AppraisalType('Happy', 'State of eu
                                     ^
TypeError: undefined is not a function
    at Object.<anonymous> (/Users/keaganthompson/WebstormProjects/untitled1/test:7:31)
    at Module._compile (module.js:460:26)
    at Object.Module._extensions..js (module.js:478:10)
    at Module.load (module.js:355:32)
    at Function.Module._load (module.js:310:12)
    at Function.Module.runMain (module.js:501:10)
    at startup (node.js:129:16)
    at node.js:814:3
```

Figure 11: Unit test result for createAppraisalType

As the method was not runnable from my code, I looked at the code and could not see any code for verifying the database was working correctly or any other variables for that matter. The code looks confusing to run without any extra documentation.

4.2 Group B - createAppraisalType

The *createAppraisalType* function created by Status B meets the requirements of the specification. The function implemented asks for the *name* and *description*. *activityPeriod* is also created. Therefore the function meets the requirements as indicated in figure 43 of the specification.

The *addAppraisalLevel* function created by Status B has a name and a level number. This meets the requirements.

The code for the unit tests is given below. The unit tests were made using Nodeunit.

```

/*
test for createAppraisal
*/
exports.createAppraisalTest = function(test)
{
    test.expect(1);
    var expected = JSON.stringify({"name":"Funny","description":"humorous post"});
    var result = status.createAppraisal("Funny","humorous post");

    test.equal(result, expected);
    test.done();
}

/*
test for createAppraisal
*/
exports.addAppraisalLevelTest = function(test)
{
    test.expect(1);
    var expected = JSON.stringify({rating: 1, rating_name: "Funny"});
    var result = status.addAppraisalLevel(1,"Funny");

    test.equal(result, expected);
    test.done();
}

```

Figure 12: Unit test for createAppraisalType and addAppraisalLevel

The following was the output of the createAppraisalType unit test created above:

```

C:\Users\Lesedi\WebstormProjects\statusTest>nodeunit createAppraisalType.js

createAppraisalType.js
? createAppraisalTest
? addAppraisalLevelTest

AssertionError: '{"rating":1,"rating_name":"Funny"}' == '{"rating":1,"rating_name":"Funny"}'
    at Object.equal (C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\types.js:83:39)
    at Object.exports.addAppraisalLevelTest (C:\Users\Lesedi\WebstormProjects\statusTest\createAppraisalType.js:31:10)
    at Object.<anonymous> (C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\core.js:236:16)
    at C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\core.js:236:16
    at Object.exports.runTest (C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\core.js:70:9)
    at C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\lib\core.js:118:25
    at C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\deps\async.js:513:13
    at iterate (C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\deps\async.js:123:13)
    at C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\deps\async.js:134:25
    at C:\Users\Lesedi\AppData\Roaming\npm\node_modules\nodeunit\deps\async.js:515:17

FAILURES: 1/2 assertions failed (30ms)

```

Figure 13: The result of the unit test

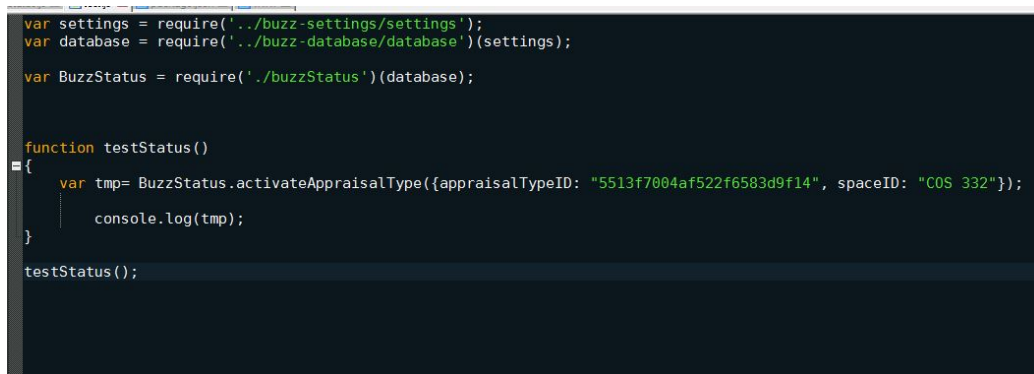
The *createAppraisalType* function meets the post condition that an appraisal is created (the function passes the unit test) when the function is called.

The *addAppraisalLevel* function doesn't meet the post condition, that is an appraisal level can't be created - the function fails the unit test.

5 activateAppraisalType Use case

5.1 Group A - activateAppraisalType

Status A provides an *activateAppraisalType* function, but does not match the specification. The function implemented asks for the (appraisalType ID), but does not ask for a specific time period to be activated as indicated in figure 45 of the master specification. The code for the unit test is given by the figure below:



```
var settings = require('../buzz-settings/settings');
var database = require('../buzz-database/database')(settings);

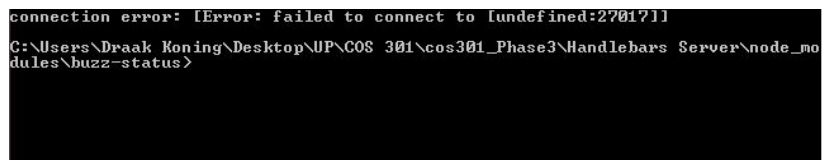
var BuzzStatus = require('../buzzStatus')(database);

function testStatus()
{
  var tmp= BuzzStatus.activateAppraisalType({appraisalTypeID: "5513f7004af522f6583d9f14", spaceID: "COS 332"});
  console.log(tmp);
}

testStatus();
```

Figure 14: Unit test for activateAppraisalType

The following is the result of running the code:



```
connection error: [Error: failed to connect to [undefined:27017]]
C:\Users\Drak Koning\Desktop\UP\COS 301\cos301_Phase3\Handlebars Server\node_modules\buzz-status>
```

Figure 15: Output of unit tests for activateAppraisalType

As you can see it could not connect to the database correctly in order to activate the appraisal type. Further inspection of the code show that it returns the value instead of using a callback function, this will cause it to always return empty or incorrect values as node runs asynchronously.

The implementation of the function does not meet the pre condition seeing that it doesn't test if the buzz space is active as well as, whether the active period is before the current date.

The post condition is not met due to the fact that the function could not connect to the database.

5.2 Group B - activateAppraisalType

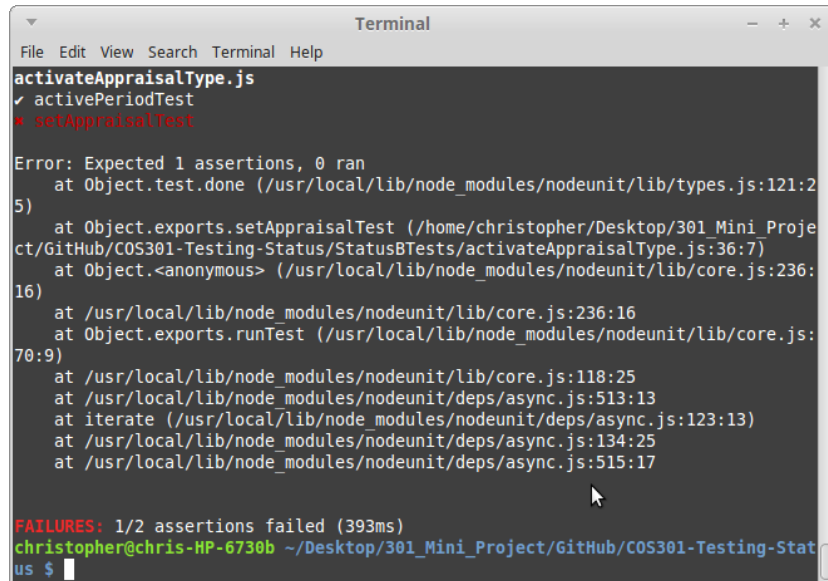
Status B did not provide an explicit *activateAppraisalType* function that matches Figure 45 of the project specifications. However, Status B does provide two functions, *activePeriod()* and *setAppraisal()*.

The code for the unit tests is given by the figure below. For the test, NodeUnit was used.

```
9
10 /*
11  * test for activePeriod
12  */
13 exports.activePeriodTest = function(test)
14 {
15     test.expect(1);
16
17     var expectedResult = JSON.stringify({"active_from":"2015-10-01","active_to":"2015-10-30"});
18     var result = status.activePeriod("2015-10-01", "2015-10-30");
19
20     test.equal(result, expectedResult);
21     test.done();
22 }
23
24 /*
25  * test for setAppraisal
26  */
27 exports.setAppraisalTest = function(test)
28 {
29     test.expect(1);
30
31     var post_id = "0";
32     var appraisalName = "Test";
33
34     status.setAppraisal(post_id, appraisalName); //The function does not return any value
35
36     test.done();
37 }
```

Figure 16: Unit test for activateAppraisalType

The following was the output given by NodeUnit.



```
Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
activateAppraisalType.js
✓ activePeriodTest
✗ setAppraisalTest

Error: Expected 1 assertions, 0 ran
    at Object.test.done (/usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/lib/types.js:121:25)
    at Object.exports.setAppraisalTest (/home/christopher/Desktop/301 Mini Project/GitHub/COS301-Testing-Status/StatusBTests/activateAppraisalType.js:36:7)
    at Object.<anonymous> (/usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/lib/core.js:236:16)
    at /usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/lib/core.js:236:16
    at Object.exports.runTest (/usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/lib/core.js:70:9)
    at /usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/lib/core.js:118:25
    at /usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/deps/async.js:513:13
    at iterate (/usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/deps/async.js:123:13)
    at /usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/deps/async.js:134:25
    at /usr/local/lib/node_modules/nodeunit/deps/async.js:515:17

FAILURES: 1/2 assertions failed (393ms)
christopher@chris-HP-6730b ~/Desktop/301_Mini_Project/GitHub/COS301-Testing-Status $
```

Figure 17: Output of unit tests for activateAppraisalType

The first test, *activePeriodTest*, passes. *activePeriod()* takes two strings as parameters that represent the starting and ending date. However, it does no testing to ensure that the dates are in the correct format supported by JavaScript. Secondly, it does not have a callback parameter to specify a callback function, so it cannot be run asynchronously.

The section function, *setAppraisal()*, fails. The function receives two parameters, a **post_id** and **appraisal_name** to find a record in the database matching the **post_id** and assign the **appraisal_name** to **appraisal_id** in the database. The function has an error that attempts to assign a null value to **post.appraisal_id** in the database.

The pre-conditions are not tested in either function, although a assumption can be made about a buzz space being active. However, *setAppraisal()* does not test whether or not the active period is before the current date or time.

Due to the *setAppraisal()* failing, the function does not meet the post-condition of appraisalTypeAssignment being persisted to the database.

6 assignAppraisalToPost Use case

6.1 Group A - assignAppraisalToPost

Status A provides an *assignAppraisalToPost* function that matches the specification. The code for the unit test is given by the figure below:

```
var settings = require('../buzz-settings/settings');
var database = require('../buzz-database/database')(settings);
var BuzzStatus = require('./buzzStatus')(database);

function testStatus()
= {
    BuzzStatus.assignAppraisalToPost({ThreadID: "1", ProfileID: "1", appraisalLevelID: "1"});
    // ...
}

testStatus();
```

Figure 18: Unit test for activateAppraisalType

The following is the result of running the code:

```
modules\buzz-status>node test.js
[Error: Cannot find module '../build/Release/bson' code: 'MODULE_NOT_FOUND']
js-bson: Failed to load c++ bson extension, using pure JS version
connection error: [Error: failed to connect to lundefined:270171]
C:\Users\Drak Koning\Desktop\UP\COS 301\cos301_Phase3\Handlebars Server\node_modules\buzz-status>
```

Figure 19: Output of unit tests for assignAppraisalToPost

As you can see it could not connect to the database to assign the appraisal. Further inspection of the code shows that the logic of the function is correct, unfortunately the pre condition is not tested to see if a buzz space is open. The post condition is not met as it couldn't assign the appraisal to a post.

6.2 Group B - assignAppraisalToPost

There is no explicit *assignAppraisalToPost* function available from Status B, however, they have provided a function *setAppraisal* which seems to attempt to fulfil that which is prescribed by *assignAppraisalToPost*, as seen on Figure 46 of the master specifications. The function *setAppraisal* receives two

parameters, the first is the post ID which is used to identify the post, and the second is the Appraisal ID, which is used to identify the ID that is to be assigned.

Nodeunit was used for doing the unit tests.

Below is the code for the unit tests that was used for testing *setAppraisal*:

```
var status = require('Status');

exports.setAppraisalTest = function(test)
{
    test.expect(1);

    status.setAppraisal("post1", "Education");

    status.getPostAppraisal("post1", function(res){
        console.log(res);
        test.equal(res, "Education");
        test.done();
    });
}
```

Figure 20: Unit tests for *assignAppraisalToPost*

The figure below is the result of running the unit tests

```
[frikkie@Frik-Arch StatusBTests]$ nodeunit assignAppraisalToPost.js

assignAppraisalToPost.js
Connected to mongo server.
Education
✓ setAppraisalTest

OK: 1 assertions (7042ms)
```

Figure 21: Results of the unit tests for *assignAppraisalToPost*

The pre-conditions to be held as per the master specifications, is that a buzz space must be open before the function *assignAppraisalToPost* can be executed. It is not validated in the code that this pre-condition is upheld before continuing with execution. The post-condition hold, since the unit test passed.

The unit tests cover 100% of the use cases.