UNIVERSITEIT VAN PRETORIA
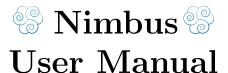# UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA
YUNIBESITHI YA PRETORIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

COS 301 - SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

❀ Nimbus ❀
User Manual

NOT-LIKE-THIS

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1   System Overview

Nimbus, the Amazon Web Services (AWS) network visualiser, will by usable by registered users of AWS. The system will scan the AWS network and build a visual hierarchy, so that the user may have a better understanding of the network's structure, how different services relate to each other and gain information in an intuitive manner. After opening the web page, the user must log in using their AWS access- and secret key. Only once the user's identity has been verified by our server, will it allow them to make use of Nimbus. Once the user has succesfully logged in, they may begin the network scan. The browser itself does not scan the AWS, rather it communicates with our server. The user may choose to simply scan their network in its entirety, or only to scan certain parts of it. Our server scans and maps out the network, then sends the relevant information to the browser. The browser processes this and displays the hierarchy.
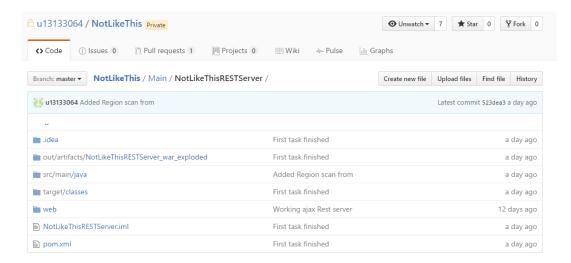We have set put to create a system that is highly effecient and scalable, while being easy to use and accessible.

2   System Configuration

- The user uses a browser to make use of the webpage and the server.

- The user requires internet access in order to make use of the server and its scanning capabilities.

- If the user wishes to run the server on their device, they will require IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition.

- The web page does offer the ability to store and load .json files, which are representative of the current scan.

3 Installation

1. The user must go on GitHub (https://github.com/u13133064/NotLikeThis/tree/master/Main/NotLikeThisRESTServer) and download the project files onto their PC.

2. The user must have Java EE installed.

3. The user must have IntelliJ Community Edition installed.

4. The user must have an SDK installed onto IntelliJ.

5. The user simply has to import the project to run it.

4   Getting started

- In order to make use of Nimbus, the user must already be a registered AWS user.

- The user's password and secret password are provided by AWS.

- Once the user has logged in, they can make full use of Nimbus.

- Once they are done, they may choose to log out of Nimbus, ending their session.

5 Using the system

The functionality of the visualiser is spread between the following use cases:

5.1 Login

- The user must enter their AWS Access and Secret keys into the appropriate boxes.

- Once the keys are filled in, pressing "Login" will log the user into the server.

- If the login is a success, an alert box will appear, saying: Success: Account keys have been received and verified

5.2 Logout

- Once the user has finished their session, they can log out using the "Logout" button.
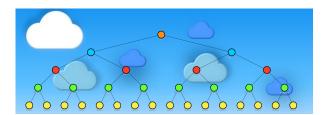
5.3 Scanner Tab

- This tab contains a number of functions that will be discussed.

5.3.1   Scan Network

- After the user has successfully logged in, they may scan the network, by pressing: Scanner, Scan Network

- The network will then build a hierarchial tree node by node, so that the user may follow its construction with ease.

- The network presented here is for demonstration purposes and is not representave of an actual network.

5.3.2   Stop

- Pressing: Scanner, Stop Scan, will stop the scan.

- A new scan can be launched, but current progress will be lost.

5.3.3   Scan up

- Pressing: Scanner, Scan Up will change the direction of the scan.

5.3.4   Scan Instances

- Pressing: Scanner, Scan Instances will cause the scanner to only scan instances.

5.3.5   Search Box

- Typing a valid Instance ID into the search box and launching the search will cause the scanner to find the instance, load it and begin scanning instances from it.
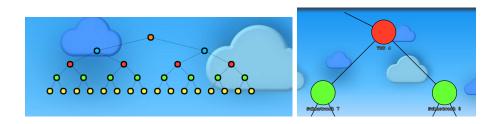
5.4 Regions

- Pressing: Scan Region will reveal a drop-down list with all the AWS regions.

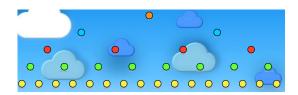- Selecting a region will cause the scan to only scan nodes that fall under the selected region.

5.5 Zooming

- Hovering the mouse over the hierarchy and rolling the mouse forwards or backwards will zoom in and zoom out respectively.

5.6   Dragging

- Clicking and holding the mouse over the hierarchy allows the user to move the tree around the screen.

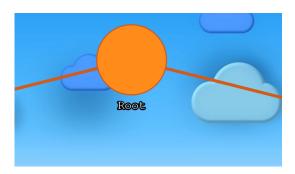- While this occurs, edges are not displayed. This is for effeciency's sake.

5.7   Dragging Nodes

- Clicking and holding nodes allows them to be shifted. Nodes can only be shifred horizontally, to preserve the hierarchial structure.
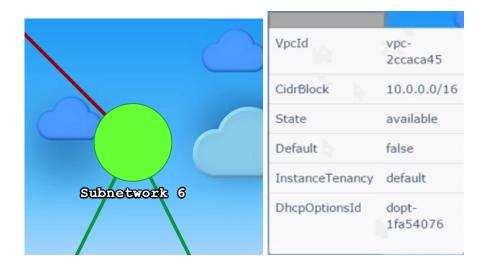
5.8   Hovering over a node

- Hovering the mouse over a node will highlingt it and its edges.

- The node's border and connected edges are broadened and have a darker shade of the node they are connected to.
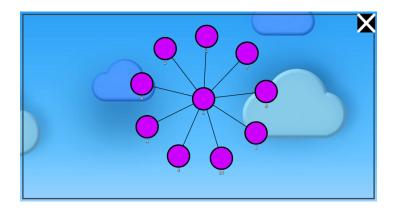
5.9   Clicking on a node

- Clicking on a node will highlingt it and its edges.

- When a node is clicked, the server is queried and its information is loaded into the information box.

- If the instance belongs to a security group, one will be displayed.

VpcId	vpc-2ccaca45
CidrBlock	10.0.0.0/16
State	available
Default	false
InstanceTenancy	default
DhcpOptionsId	dopt-1fa54076

5.10 Security Groups

- The node is displayed as part of its security group.

- The network can be manipulated like the hierarchial network.

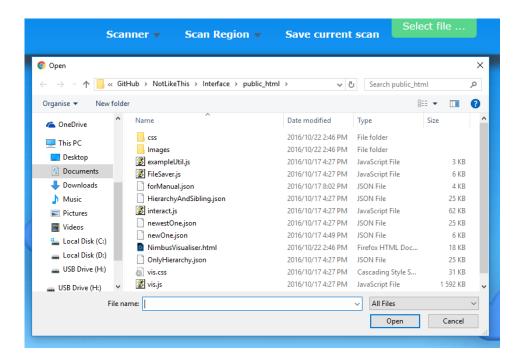- Pressing the "X" in the corner will close the box.

5.11 Dragging Information Box

- The Information Box may be dragged about the screen, by dragging the grey bar on top.

5.12   Loading from a file

- The web page provides an offline option, where the user may choose to load a file from a previous session.

- This will not allow the user to gain information from the node, as a node's information is stored online.

5.13   Saving a file

- Clicking "Save Current Scan" will store the current scan into a .json file, that can be loaded by the web page

6 Troubleshooting

In the event that an error occurs, the user will be presented with a comprehensive error message. If the error is with the browser or the web page, it is displayed as an alert box. If the error is on the server side, an error will be thrown. If the server experiences an error while the browser is active, an error message will display, to explain what occurred.