## Database design

User-userID,userFname,userSname,username,password,email,phone\_number

Products-productID,product\_name,description,brandID,categoryID,imageURL,specifications

Brands-brandID,brand\_name

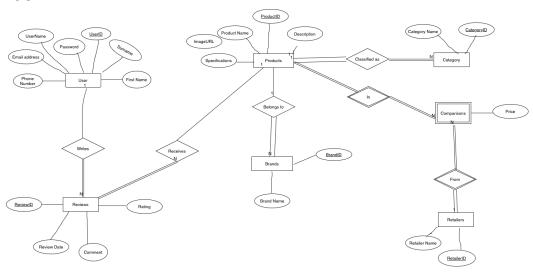
Category-categoryID,category\_name

Retailers-retailorID,retailor\_name

Comparisons-productsID,retailorID,price

 $Reviews\text{-}reviewID, productID, userID, rating, review\_date, comment$ 

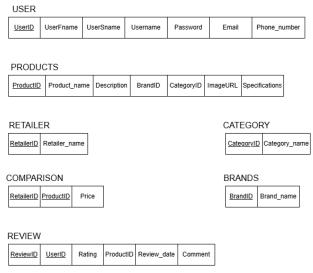
Task 2



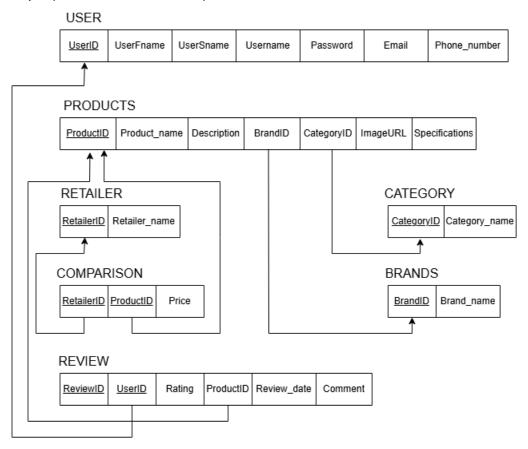
## Task 3 Step 1

USER												
UserID	UserFname	UserSname	Username	Password	Email	Phone	e_number					
PRODUCTS												
ProductID Product_name Description BrandID CategoryID ImageURL Specifications												
RETAILER CATEGORY												
RetailerID Retailer_name												
COMPARISON BRANDS												
RetailerID	<u>ProductID</u>	Price			Bran	ndID Bran	nd_name					

### Step 2



## Step 4(final relational model)



### Task 4

### **DATABASE CREATION:**

```
Compared Library Section (Fig. 1988 affected (E. 1988 acc)

MariabB [Compared Library Section (E. 1988 acc)

MariabB [Compared Library
```

### **TABLE CREATION:**

### **INSERTING DATA INTO THE TABLES**

### **USER**

userID	userFName	userSName	userName	password	email	phone_number
1	Alice	Smith	asmith	P@ssw0rd123	alice.smith@example.com	0723456789
2	Bob	Johnson	bobbyJ	SecurePass!45	bob.johnson@example.com	0834567890
	Carol	Williams	carolw	CwSecure#789	carol.williams@example.com	0745678901
4	David	Brown	dave_b	D@vidPass321	david.brown@example.com	0656789012
	Emma	Jones	emma.j	EmmaPW!2024	emma.jones@example.com	0767890123
	Frank	Miller	frankm	Fpass_54321	frank.miller@example.com	0678901234
	Grace	Davis	graced	Gr@ce456	grace.davis@example.com	0789012345
8	Hannah	Wilson	hannahw	HannahPW_123	hannah.wilson@example.com	0790123456
	Ian	Moore	ianmo	Ian1234!	ian.moore@example.com	0601234567
10	Julia	Taylor	juliaT	JTay!2025	julia.taylor@example.com	0612345678

### **CATEGORY**

```
MariaDB [compareit_binarybandits]> select * from category;

categoryID | category_name |

10 | Baby Products |
5 | Bakery |
6 | Beverages |
4 | Dairy |
2 | Fresh Produce |
1 | Groceries |
9 | Health & Beauty |
8 | Household Essentials |
3 | Meat & Poultry |
4 | Dairy |
7 | Snacks |

CategoryID | category_name |

1 | Groceries |
1 | Groceries |
2 | Fresh Produce |
3 | Meat & Poultry |
4 | Dairy |
5 | Bakery |
6 | Beverages |
7 | Snacks |
7 | Snacks |
8 | Household Essentials |
9 | Health & Beauty |
10 | Dairy |
11 | Groceries |
12 | Fresh Produce |
13 | Meat & Poultry |
4 | Dairy |
5 | Bakery |
6 | Beverages |
7 | Snacks |
8 | Household Essentials |
9 | Health & Beauty |
10 | Baby Products |
10 | Rows in set (0.085 sec)
```

#### **BRANDS**

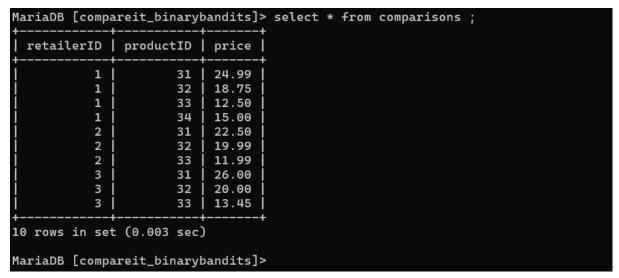
### RETAILER

### **PRODUCTS**

MariaDB [compareit_binarybandits]> select * from products order by productID asc ;											
productID	product_name	description	brandID	categoryID	imageURL	specifications					
	Clover Milk 1L	Fresh and nutritious full cream milk	1	4	https://example.com/clover-milk.jpg	1L full cream milk, best before: 30/06/2025					
	Albany White Bread	Soft and fluffy white bread	] 2			500g loaf, fresh daily					
	Coca-Cola 500ml	Refreshing soft drink	] 3	6	https://example.com/coca-cola.jpg	500ml bottle, carbonated					
	Simba Potato Chips	Delicious crispy potato chips	4			100g pack, various flavors					
	Sunlight Dishwashing Liquid		5	8	https://example.com/sunlight-dish.jpg						
		Moisturizing cream for soft skin	6			200ml, for all skin types					
		Soft and absorbent baby diapers	7			Size 4, pack of 24					
38	Koo Baked Beans	Delicious baked beans in tomato sauce	8	1	https://example.com/koo-beans.jpg	418g can, ready to eat					
+		+	+	+	+	<del> </del>					
8 rows in se	t (0.071 sec)										

#### **REVIEW**

### **COMPARISONS**



### **DATA TYPES**

DATA TYPE	ATTRIBUTE
INT (AUTO_INCREMENT) Used mainly for primary keys	userID, brandID, retailerID, productID, reviewID, categoryID
INT (NOT AUTO_INCREMENT) Used mainly for foreign keys as they have to have a matching data type to their relationID data type)	<ul> <li>(brandID, categoryID) -&gt;         PRODUCTS relation</li> <li>(retailerID, productID) -&gt;         COMPARISONS relation</li> <li>(userID, productID) -&gt; REVIEW relation</li> </ul>
VARCHAR	category_name (30), retailer_name (50), brand_name (50), product_name (50), imageURL (10), userFName (50), userSName (50), userName (45), password (75), email (50), phone_number (10)
TEXT Used mainly for attributes that can hold large amount of text - but it is less than LONGTEXT	description

### **CONSTRAINTS**

- 1. Length some attributes have length restrictions because of average/universal statistics (e.g the average length of a first name ranges from 5 to 7 characters; cell phone numbers include 10 digits in South Africa, etc.). Others have their specific length restrictions for memory management (e.g imageURL, descriptions, etc)
- 2. Keys are of type INT (AUTO\_INCREMENT or NOT). This makes it easier for comparison, can be generated fast, and indexing. AUTO\_INCREMENT allows for uniqueness and sequential generation, and simplifies key management
  - a. FOREIGN KEYS are important constraints there are some relations that do not allow the insertion, or even complicate the deletion of some tuples in a relation

- i. Products cannot be inserted into the PRODUCTS table and be given a non-existent brandID (therefore, the brand has to exist for the product to be added to the table, and if the brand does not exist - it will have to be added to the BRANDS table, then inserted into the PRODUCTS tables; else the insertion will not occur). The same goes for categoryID in the PRODUCTS table
- b. COMPOSITE KEYS (specifically those in the COMPARISONS table/entity) exist, and they emphasise the uniqueness of a tuple (row). A tuple cannot exist in the table unless both the retailer exists (retailerID is true) and the product also exists (also means that the category and the brand associated with the product exist)

## Take 2

Userbase- userID,password,email,phone\_number

Users-userID,userFname,userSname,username

RetailUser-userID,retailerID,retailerCodeS

AdminUser-userID,adminID,adminName

Request-requestID,requestCode,RetailerID,ProductID,productName,desriptions,BrandID,cat egoryID,ImageURL,specifications,resolved

Products-productID, productName, description, brandID, categoryID, imageURL, specifications

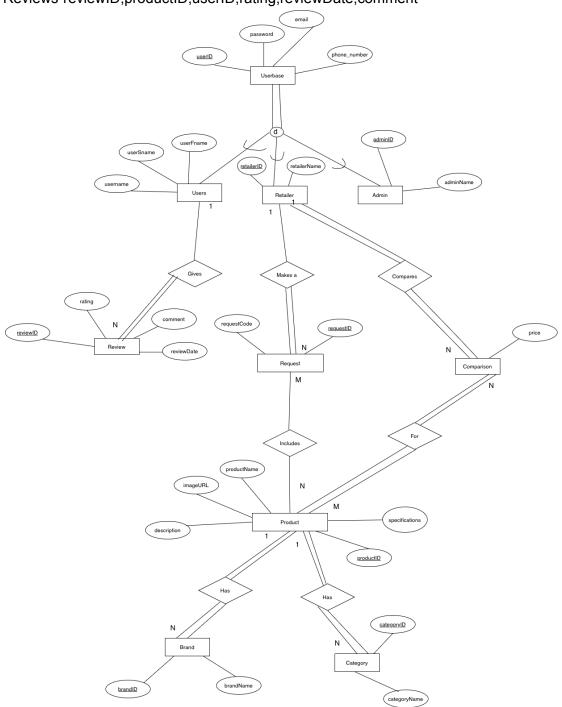
Brands-brandID,brand\_name

Retailer-userID,retailerID,retailerName

Category-categoryID,categoryName

Comparisons-productsID,retailorID,price

## Reviews-reviewID, productID, userID, rating, reviewDate, comment



Relational model

# Step 1

### USERBASE

<u>UserID</u>	Password	Emain	Phone_number

#### **PRODUCTS**

ProductID Product_name Description BrandID CategoryID ImageURL Speci
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RETAILER CATEGORY

RetailerID Retailer\_name CategoryID Category\_name

COMPARISON BRANDS

RetailerID ProductID Price BrandID Brand\_name

### REQUEST

Requestil	RequestCode	RetailerID	Product_name	ProductID	Descriptions	BrandID	CategoryID	imageURL	Specifications	Resolved	AdminID	
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## Step 2

### USERBASE

<u>UserID</u> Password Emain	Phone_number
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### **PRODUCTS**

ProductID Product_name Description BrandID CategoryID ImageURL Specification
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RETAILER CATEGORY

COMPARISON BRANDS

RetailerID ProductID Price BrandID Brand\_name

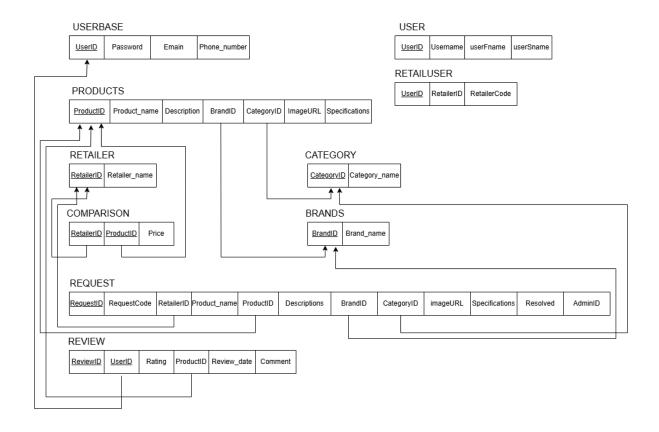
### REQUEST

RequestID	RequestCode	RetailerID	Product_name	ProductID	Descriptions	BrandID	CategoryID	imageURL	Specifications	Resolved	AdminID	
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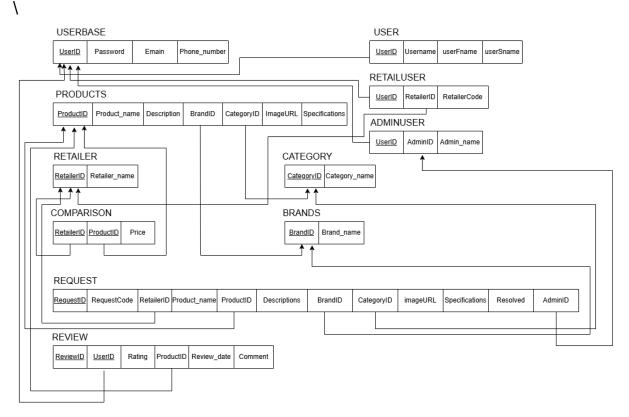
### REVIEW

ReviewID	<u>UserID</u>	Rating	ProductID	Review_date	Comment

# Step 4



# Step 8



### Assumptions and reasons

 We assume that a customer will want to make more than one comment on one product, making its dependent Userbase opposed to Product.

- We assume that all customers either have an email address or a phone number
- We chose to move pricing into its own table to keep the foreign keys and dependants more manageable if we want to remove or delete
- We chose to make category a single values attribute opposed to a multivalued attribute as making it multivalued would require either including all combinations of categories to be listed in category table or product table
- We chose to make ratings a numerical system based of the 5 star rating system as its most familiar to users
- We chose to use a system that separates users from retailers from admin
- We chose to create a request table to manage all the deletes/updates that a retailer might want to make

Many to many mapping and foreign key table