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Introduction to Economic Growth Unemployment and Inflation

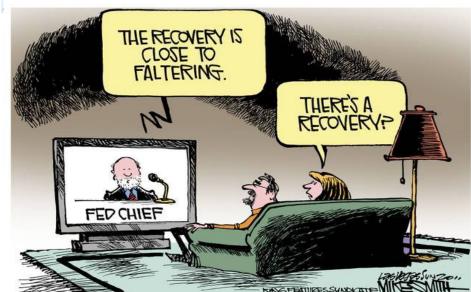


To ponder upon...

WHICH OF THE FIGURES BELOW ARE INCLUDED IN THE OFFICIAL CORPORATE/GOVERNMENT UNEMPLOYMENT STATISTICS.



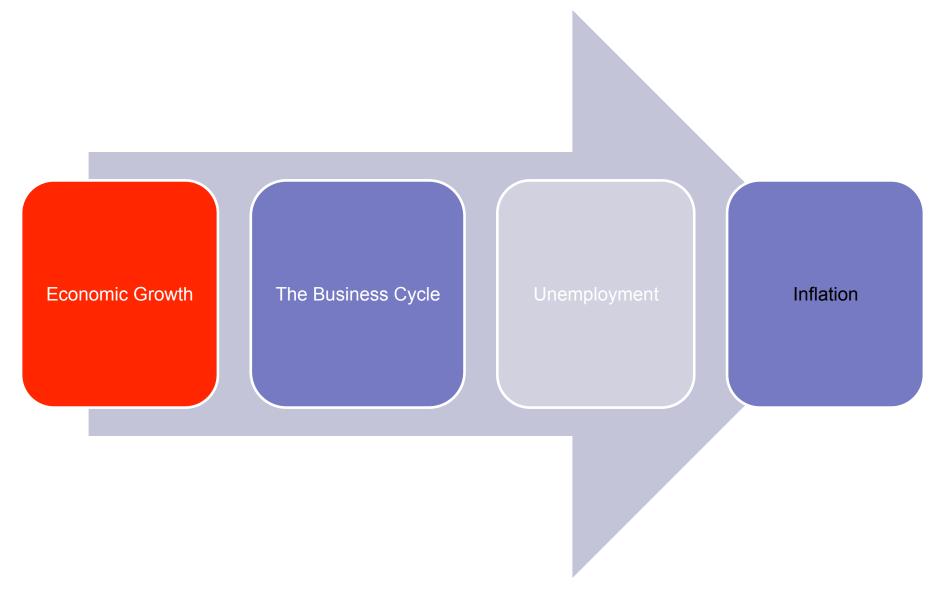




In this chapter you will learn:

- The Business Cycle and its Primary Phases
- How Economic Growth is Measured and Why is it Important
- How Unemployment and Inflation are Measured
- The Types of Unemployment and Inflation and their Various Economic Impacts

Where from now?



Economic Growth

- Increase in Real GDP
- Increase in Real GDP Per Capita
- Growth as a Goal
- Arithmetic of Growth
 - -Rule of 70



18.1

Approximate number of years required to double real GDP

70

annual percentage rate of growth

Economic Growth in SA

| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|--|------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Year | Real GDP | % Change in Real GDP (Year to Previous Year) | Real GDP per capita | % Change in Real GDP Per Capita (Year to Previous Year) | | | |
| in millions of rands | | | | | | | |
| 1970 | 671 652 | 5.2 | 29 881 | 2.5 | | | |
| 1975 | 803 427 | 1.7 | 31 736 | -0.06 | | | |
| 1980 | 935 617 | 6.6 | 32 883 | 4.2 | | | |
| 1985 | 1 000 737 | -1.2 | 31 384 | -3.4 | | | |
| 1990 | 1 086 901 | -0.3 | 30 648 | -2.4 | | | |
| 1995 | 1 134 582 | 3.1 | 28 815 | 1.0 | | | |
| 2000 | 1 301 773 | 4.2 | 29 792 | 2.1 | | | |
| 2005 | 1 571 082 | 5.3 | 33 176 | 3.9 | | | |
| 2009 | 1 814 521 | 3.7 | 36 951 | 2.5 | | | |

Source: www.resbank.co.za

Economic Growth

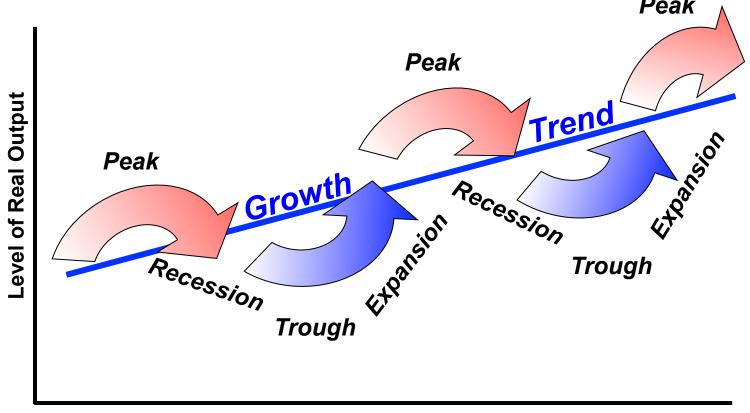
- Main Sources of Growth
- Increases in Inputs
- Increases in Resource Productivity
- Growth in S.A.
 - Improved Products and Services
 - -Added Leisure
 - Other Impacts

The Business Cycle

Phases of the Business Cycle







Time

Cyclical Impact: **Durables and Nondurables**

Unemployment

- Twin Problems of the Business Cycle
 - Unemployment
 - Inflation
- Measurement of Unemployment
- Labor Force

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18.2

- Unemployment Rate
 - Part-Time Employment
 - Discouraged Workers

Unemployment Rate = Unemployed X 100
Labor Force

Unemployment

- Types of Unemployment
 - -Frictional Unemployment
 - -Structural Unemployment
 - -Cyclical Unemployment
- Full Employment
 - Natural Rate of Unemployment (NRU)

Unemployment in SA

| | Jul-Sept 2008 | Apr-Jun 2009 | Jul-Sept 2009 | Year on Year Change | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| in thousands | | | | | | | | |
| Population 15-64 | 30 801 | 31 080 | 31 172 | 371 | | | | |
| Labour Force | 17 777 | 17 495 | 17 077 | -700 | | | | |
| Employed | 13 655 | 13 369 | 12 885 | -770 | | | | |
| Unemployed | 4122 | 4 125 | 4 192 | 70 | | | | |
| Not Economically | | | | | | | | |
| Active | 13 024 | 13 585 | 14 095 | 1 071 | | | | |
| Unemployment rate | 23.2% | 23.6% | 24.5% | 1.3% | | | | |
| Labour Force | | | | | | | | |
| Participation rate | 57.7% | 56.3% | 54.8% | -2.9% | | | | |

Source: www.resbank.co.za

Unemployment

- Economic Cost of Unemployment
- Potential Output

```
GDP = Actual GDP - Potential GDP
```

Unemployment

- Unequal Burdens
 - -Occupation
 - -Age
 - -Race and Ethnicity
 - -Gender
 - -Education
 - –Duration
- Noneconomic Costs

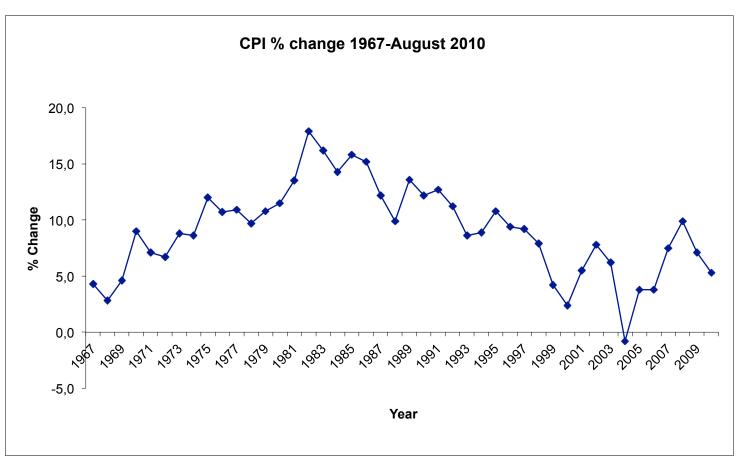
- Inflation Defined
- Measurement of Inflation
 - -Consumer Price Index

Price of the Most Recent Market Basket in the Particular Year

Price of the Same Market Basket in 1982-1984

 \mathbf{X} 100

Annual Inflation Rate in South Africa, 1967-2010



Source: StatsSA

- Types of Inflation
 - -Demand Pull Inflation
 - –Cost-Push Inflation
 - Per Unit Production Costs
- Redistributive Effects
 - Nominal and Real Income
 - -Anticipations
 - Anticipated Inflation
- Copyright 2014 The McGraw-Hill Come in Unanticipated Inflation



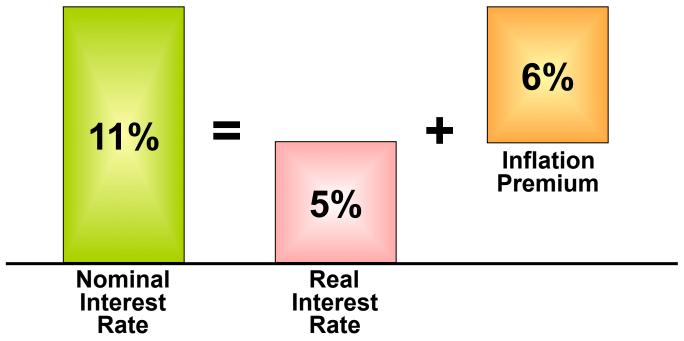
18.3

- Who is Hurt by Inflation?
 - -Fixed-Income Receivers
 - -Savers
 - -Creditors
- Who is Unaffected or Hurt by Inflation?
 - -Flexible-Income Receivers
 - Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLAs)
 - -Debtors

- Anticipated Inflation
 - -Nominal Interest Rate



- -Real Interest Rate
- –Inflation Premium



- Cost-Push Inflation and Real Output
- Demand-Pull Inflation and Real Output
- Inflation targeting in S.A.
- Hyperinflation
 - Case of Zimbabwe

The Stock Market and the Economy

Do Stock Prices Affect Macroeconomic Instability?

- Supply and Demand in the Stock Market
- Collective Expectations of Future Profits and Losses
- Volatility of the Stock Market
- Wealth Effect
- Investment Effect
- Studies Show Consumption and Investment Unaffected
- Little Impact on Macro economy
- Stock Market Bubbles Do Have an Impact
- Stock Price Cycle Predictions
- Index of Leading Indicators
- Stock Prices Not a Reliable Predictor Alone

Last

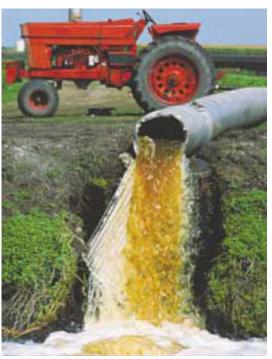
Key Terms

- economic growth
- real GDP per capita
- rule of 70
- business cycle
- peak
- recession
- trough
- expansion
- labor force
- unemployment rate
- <u>frictional</u> <u>unemployment</u>
- <u>structural</u> <u>unemployment</u>
- cyclical unemployment
- natural rate of unemployment (NRU)

- potential output
- GDP gap
- inflation
- Consumer Price Index (CPI)
- demand-pull inflation
- cost-push inflation
- per-unit production costs
- nominal income
- real income
- anticipated inflation
- unanticipated inflation
- real interest rate
- nominal interest rate
- Inflation targeting
- hyperinflation

Next Chapter Preview...





Government and Market Failure