# OpenBLT Host Library - Reference Manual 1.3.9

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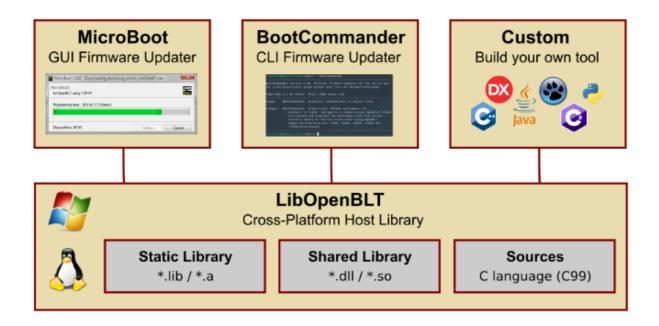
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# OpenBLT Host Library (LibOpenBLT) < br >

#### 1.1 Introduction

LibOpenBLT is a host library for the OpenBLT bootloader. Its purpose is to allow quick and easy creation of programs that can connect to and perform firmware updates on a microcontroller that runs the OpenBLT bootloader.

LibOpenBLT is written in the C programming language (C99) and is cross-platform. It has been successfully tested on a Windows PC, Linux PC and even embedded Linux systems such as a Raspberry Pi and a Beagle Board.



Both the MicroBoot (GUI) and BootCommander (CLI) firmware updater tools, which are part of the OpenBLT bootloader package, make use of the OpenBLT Host Library. The source code of these two tools serve as an additional reference on how to use the OpenBLT Host Library when your are developing your own custom tool.

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	L I C E N S E

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Type to group of CAN interface related settings. The device name specifies the name of the CAN interface device. For some CAN interfaces this is don't care, but for other absolutely necessar, for example Linux SocketCAN. The channel specifies the channel on the CAN interface, in case it has multiple CAN channels. The baudrate specifies the communication speed on the CAN network. The code and mask values configure the message reception acceptance filter. A mask bit value of 0 means don't care. The code part of the filter determines what bit values to match in the received message identifier. Example 1: Receive all CAN identifiers .code = 0x000000000 .mask = 0x00000000 Example 2: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit or 29-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x1fffffff Example 3: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x9ffffff Example 4: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (29-bit) .code = 33 tFirmwareParser Firmware file parser 35 tFirmwareSegment Groups information together of a firmware segment, such that it can be used as a node in a linked list 36 tSessionProtocol 36 tSocketCanThreadCtrl 37 tXcpLoaderSettings 38 tXcpTpCanSettings Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for CAN . . . . . . 39 tXcpTpNetSettingsLayout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for TCP/IP . . . . . 40 tXcpTpUartSettings Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for UART . . . . . . tXcpTransport 42 tXcpTransportPacket

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XCP CAN transport layer header file
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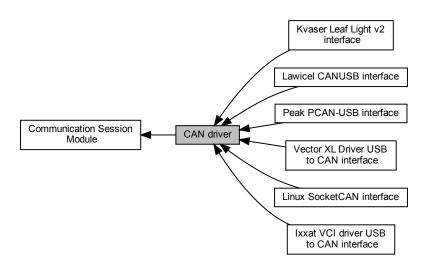
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# **Module Documentation**

#### 5.1 CAN driver

This module implements a generic CAN driver.

Collaboration diagram for CAN driver:



#### **Modules**

• Linux SocketCAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for Linux SocketCAN.

· Ixxat VCI driver USB to CAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Ixxat VCI driver.

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Kvaser Leaf Light v2.

Lawicel CANUSB interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Lawicel CANUSB.

• Peak PCAN-USB interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Peak PCAN-USB.

· Vector XL Driver USB to CAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Vector XL Driver.

#### **Files**

· file candriver.c

Generic CAN driver source file.

· file candriver.h

Generic CAN driver header file.

### 5.1.1 Detailed Description

This module implements a generic CAN driver.

#### 5.2 Firmware Data Module

Module with functionality to load, manipulate and store firmware data.

Collaboration diagram for Firmware Data Module:



#### **Files**

· file firmware.c

Firmware data module source file.

· file firmware.h

Firmware data module header file.

· file srecparser.c

Motorola S-record file parser source file.

• file srecparser.h

Motorola S-record file parser header file.

#### 5.2.1 Detailed Description

Module with functionality to load, manipulate and store firmware data.

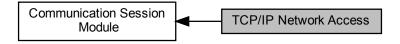
The Firmwarwe Data module contains functionality to load, manipulate and store firmware data. It contains an interface for linking firmware file parsers that handle the loading and saving the firmware data from and to a file in the correct format. For example the Motorola S-record format.

5.3 TCP/IP Network Access 13

## 5.3 TCP/IP Network Access

This module implements a generic TCP/IP network access client driver.

Collaboration diagram for TCP/IP Network Access:



#### **Files**

· file netaccess.h

TCP/IP network access header file.

• file linux/netaccess.c

TCP/IP network access source file.

• file windows/netaccess.c

TCP/IP network access source file.

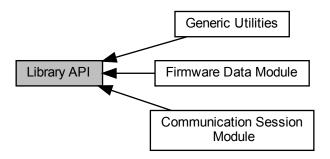
# 5.3.1 Detailed Description

This module implements a generic TCP/IP network access client driver.

# 5.4 Library API

OpenBLT Library API.

Collaboration diagram for Library API:



#### **Modules**

· Firmware Data Module

Module with functionality to load, manipulate and store firmware data.

· Communication Session Module

Module with functionality to communicate with the bootloader on the target system.

· Generic Utilities

Generic utility functions and definitions.

#### **Files**

· file openblt.c

OpenBLT host library source file.

· file openblt.h

OpenBLT host library header file.

### 5.4.1 Detailed Description

OpenBLT Library API.

The Library API contains the application programming interface for the OpenBLT libary. it defines the functions and definitions that an external program uses to access the library's functionality.

#### 5.5 Linux SocketCAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for Linux SocketCAN.

Collaboration diagram for Linux SocketCAN interface:



#### **Files**

· file socketcan.c

Linux SocketCAN interface source file.

· file socketcan.h

Linux SocketCAN interface header file.

### 5.5.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for Linux SocketCAN.

### 5.6 Ixxat VCI driver USB to CAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Ixxat VCI driver.

Collaboration diagram for Ixxat VCI driver USB to CAN interface:



### **Files**

- file vcidriver.c
  - Ixxat VCI driver interface source file.
- · file vcidriver.h

Ixxat VCI driver interface header file.

#### 5.6.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for the Ixxat VCI driver.

# 5.7 Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Kvaser Leaf Light v2.

Collaboration diagram for Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface:



#### **Files**

• file leaflight.c

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface source file.

· file leaflight.h

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface header file.

### 5.7.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for the Kvaser Leaf Light v2.

# 5.8 Lawicel CANUSB interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Lawicel CANUSB.

Collaboration diagram for Lawicel CANUSB interface:



#### **Files**

· file canusb.c

Lawicel CANUSB interface source file.

· file canusb.h

Lawicel CANUSB interface header file.

### 5.8.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for the Lawicel CANUSB.

When using the Lawicel CANUSB interface, the 32-bit driver for the CANUSB DLL API should be installed: http://www.can232.com/download/canusb\_setup\_win32\_v\_2\_2.zip

### 5.9 Peak PCAN-USB interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Peak PCAN-USB.

Collaboration diagram for Peak PCAN-USB interface:



#### **Files**

· file pcanusb.c

Peak PCAN-USB interface source file.

· file pcanusb.h

Peak PCAN-USB interface header file.

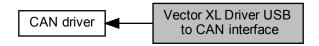
### 5.9.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for the Peak PCAN-USB.

# 5.10 Vector XL Driver USB to CAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Vector XL Driver.

Collaboration diagram for Vector XL Driver USB to CAN interface:



#### **Files**

• file xldriver.c

Vector XL driver interface source file.

• file xldriver.h

Vector XL driver interface header file.

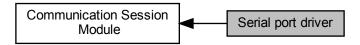
# 5.10.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for the Vector XL Driver.

# 5.11 Serial port driver

This module implements a generic serial port driver.

Collaboration diagram for Serial port driver:



#### **Files**

• file linux/serialport.c

Serial port source file.

• file windows/serialport.c

Serial port source file.

· file serialport.h

Serial port header file.

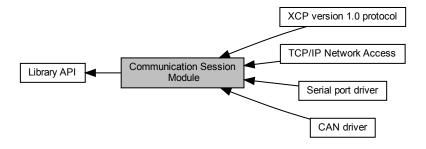
#### 5.11.1 Detailed Description

This module implements a generic serial port driver.

### 5.12 Communication Session Module

Module with functionality to communicate with the bootloader on the target system.

Collaboration diagram for Communication Session Module:



5.13 Generic Utilities 19

#### **Modules**

· CAN driver

This module implements a generic CAN driver.

• TCP/IP Network Access

This module implements a generic TCP/IP network access client driver.

· Serial port driver

This module implements a generic serial port driver.

· XCP version 1.0 protocol

This module implements the XCP communication protocol that can be linked to the Session module.

#### **Files**

• file session.c

Communication session module source file.

· file session.h

Communication session module header file.

## 5.12.1 Detailed Description

Module with functionality to communicate with the bootloader on the target system.

The Communication Session module handles the communication with the bootloader during firmware updates on the target system. It contains an interface to link the desired communication protocol that should be used for the communication. For example the XCP protocol.

## 5.13 Generic Utilities

Generic utility functions and definitions.

Collaboration diagram for Generic Utilities:



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#### **Files**

· file linux/critutil.c

Critical section utility source file.

• file linux/timeutil.c

Time utility source file.

· file windows/critutil.c

Critical section utility source file.

file windows/timeutil.c

Time utility source file.

• file util.c

Utility module source file.

file util.h

Utility module header file.

## 5.13.1 Detailed Description

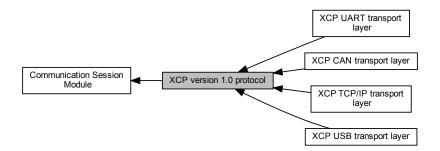
Generic utility functions and definitions.

The Utility module contains generic functions and definitions that can be handy for use internally in the library and also externally by another application that makes use of the library.

## 5.14 XCP version 1.0 protocol

This module implements the XCP communication protocol that can be linked to the Session module.

Collaboration diagram for XCP version 1.0 protocol:



#### **Modules**

• XCP CAN transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for CAN.

• XCP TCP/IP transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for TCP/IP.

· XCP UART transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for UART.

· XCP USB transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for USB.

#### **Files**

file linux/xcpprotect.c

XCP Protection module source file.

• file windows/xcpprotect.c

XCP Protection module source file.

• file xcploader.c

XCP Loader module source file.

· file xcploader.h

XCP Loader module header file.

· file xcpprotect.h

XCP Protection module header file.

### 5.14.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP communication protocol that can be linked to the Session module.

This XCP Loader module contains functionality according to the standardized XCP protocol version 1.0. XCP is a universal measurement and calibration communication protocol. Note that only those parts of the XCP master functionality are implemented that are applicable to performing a firmware update on the slave. This means functionality for reading, programming, and erasing (non-volatile) memory.

## 5.15 XCP CAN transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for CAN.

Collaboration diagram for XCP CAN transport layer:



## **Files**

· file xcptpcan.c

XCP CAN transport layer source file.

• file xcptpcan.h

XCP CAN transport layer header file.

## 5.15.1 Detailed Description

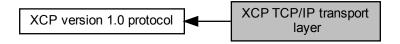
This module implements the XCP transport layer for CAN.

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## 5.16 XCP TCP/IP transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for TCP/IP.

Collaboration diagram for XCP TCP/IP transport layer:



#### **Files**

· file xcptpnet.c

XCP TCP/IP transport layer source file.

file xcptpnet.h

XCP TCP/IP transport layer header file.

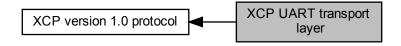
## 5.16.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP transport layer for TCP/IP.

## 5.17 XCP UART transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for UART.

Collaboration diagram for XCP UART transport layer:



## **Files**

• file xcptpuart.c

XCP UART transport layer source file.

• file xcptpuart.h

XCP UART transport layer header file.

## 5.17.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP transport layer for UART.

## 5.18 XCP USB transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for USB.

Collaboration diagram for XCP USB transport layer:



## **Files**

• file linux/usbbulk.c

USB bulk driver source file.

• file windows/usbbulk.c

USB bulk driver source file.

· file usbbulk.h

USB bulk driver header file.

• file xcptpusb.c

XCP USB transport layer source file.

• file xcptpusb.h

XCP USB transport layer header file.

## 5.18.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP transport layer for USB.

24 Module Documentation

# **Chapter 6**

# **Data Structure Documentation**

## 6.1 tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10 Struct Reference

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 session settings.

```
#include <openblt.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

- uint16\_t timeoutT1
- uint16\_t timeoutT3
- uint16\_t timeoutT4
- uint16\_t timeoutT5
- uint16\_t timeoutT6
- uint16\_t timeoutT7
- char const \* seedKeyFile
- uint8\_t connectMode

## 6.1.1 Detailed Description

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 session settings.

### 6.1.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.1.2.1 connectMode

uint8\_t connectMode

Connection mode parameter in XCP connect command.

## 6.1.2.2 seedKeyFile

```
char const* seedKeyFile
```

Seed/key algorithm library filename.

#### 6.1.2.3 timeoutT1

```
uint16_t timeoutT1
```

Command response timeout in milliseconds.

#### 6.1.2.4 timeoutT3

```
uint16_t timeoutT3
```

Start programming timeout in milliseconds.

#### 6.1.2.5 timeoutT4

```
uint16_t timeoutT4
```

Erase memory timeout in milliseconds.

#### 6.1.2.6 timeoutT5

```
uint16_t timeoutT5
```

Program memory and reset timeout in milliseconds.

### 6.1.2.7 timeoutT6

```
uint16_t timeoutT6
```

Connect response timeout in milliseconds.

#### 6.1.2.8 timeoutT7

```
uint16_t timeoutT7
```

Busy wait timer timeout in milliseonds.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

openblt.h

## 6.2 tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can Struct Reference

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 CAN transport layer settings. The deviceName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the socketCAN interface name such as "can0". The terminal command "ip addr" can be issued to view a list of interfaces that are up and available. Under Linux it is assumed that the socket CAN interface is already configured on the system, before using the OpenBLT library. When baudrate is configured when bringing up the system, so the baudrate field in this structure is don't care when using the library on a Linux was system. On Windows based systems, the device name is a name that is pre-defined by this library for the supported CAN adapters. The device name should be one of the following: "peak\_pcanusb", "kvaser\_leaflight", or "lawicel\_canusb". Field use extended is a boolean field. When set to 0, the specified transmitld and receiveld are assumed to be 11-bit standard CAN identifier. It the field is 1, these identifiers are assumed to be 29-bit extended CAN identifiers.

#include <openblt.h>

#### **Data Fields**

- char const \* deviceName
- uint32 t deviceChannel
- · uint32 t baudrate
- uint32\_t transmitId
- · uint32 t receiveld
- uint32\_t useExtended

#### 6.2.1 Detailed Description

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 CAN transport layer settings. The deviceName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the socketCAN interface name such as "can0". The terminal command "ip addr" can be issued to view a list of interfaces that are up and available. Under Linux it is assumed that the socket CAN interface is already configured on the system, before using the OpenBLT library. When baudrate is configured when bringing up the system, so the baudrate field in this structure is don't care when using the library on a Linux was system. On Windows based systems, the device name is a name that is pre-defined by this library for the supported CAN adapters. The device name should be one of the following: "peak\_pcanusb", "kvaser\_leaflight", or "lawicel\_canusb". Field use extended is a boolean field. When set to 0, the specified transmitld and receiveld are assumed to be 11-bit standard CAN identifier. It the field is 1, these identifiers are assumed to be 29-bit extended CAN identifiers.

#### 6.2.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.2.2.1 baudrate

uint32\_t baudrate

Communication speed in bits/sec.

#### 6.2.2.2 deviceChannel

uint32\_t deviceChannel

Channel on the device to use.

#### 6.2.2.3 deviceName

char const\* deviceName

Device name such as can0, peak\_pcanusb etc.

#### 6.2.2.4 receiveld

uint32\_t receiveId

Receive CAN identifier.

#### 6.2.2.5 transmitld

uint32\_t transmitId

Transmit CAN identifier.

#### 6.2.2.6 useExtended

uint32\_t useExtended

Boolean to configure 29-bit CAN identifiers.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• openblt.h

## 6.3 tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Net Struct Reference

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 NET transport layer settings. The address field can be set to either the IP address or the hostname, such as "192.168.178.23" or "mymicro.mydomain.com". The port should be set to the TCP port number that the bootloader target listens on.

#include <openblt.h>

#### **Data Fields**

- char const \* address
- uint16\_t port

### 6.3.1 Detailed Description

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 NET transport layer settings. The address field can be set to either the IP address or the hostname, such as "192.168.178.23" or "mymicro.mydomain.com". The port should be set to the TCP port number that the bootloader target listens on.

#### 6.3.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.3.2.1 address

char const\* address

Target IP-address or hostname on the network.

## 6.3.2.2 port

uint16\_t port

TCP port to use.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· openblt.h

## 6.4 tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Rs232 Struct Reference

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 RS232 transport layer settings. The portName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the filename of the tty-device, such as "/dev/tty0". On Windows based systems it should be the name of the COM-port, such as "COM1".

#include <openblt.h>

## **Data Fields**

- char const \* portName
- uint32\_t baudrate

## 6.4.1 Detailed Description

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 RS232 transport layer settings. The portName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the filename of the tty-device, such as "/dev/tty0". On Windows based systems it should be the name of the COM-port, such as "COM1".

#### 6.4.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.4.2.1 baudrate

uint32\_t baudrate

Communication speed in bits/sec.

#### 6.4.2.2 portName

char const\* portName

Communication port name such as /dev/tty0.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· openblt.h

## 6.5 tBulkUsbDev Struct Reference

Type for grouping together all USB bulk device related data.

## 6.5.1 Detailed Description

Type for grouping together all USB bulk device related data.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

• windows/usbbulk.c

## 6.6 tCanEvents Struct Reference

Structure with CAN event callback functions.

#include <candriver.h>

#### **Data Fields**

void(\* MsgTxed )(tCanMsg const \*msg)

Event function that should be called when a message was transmitted.

void(\* MsgRxed )(tCanMsg const \*msg)

Event function that should be called when a message was received.

## 6.6.1 Detailed Description

Structure with CAN event callback functions.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· candriver.h

## 6.7 tCanInterface Struct Reference

CAN interface type.

```
#include <candriver.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

void(\* Init )(tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initialization of the CAN interface.

void(\* Terminate )(void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

bool(\* Connect )(void)

Connects the CAN interface to the CAN bus.

void(\* Disconnect )(void)

Disconnects the CAN interface from the CAN bus.

bool(\* Transmit )(tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a CAN message for transmission.

bool(\* IsBusError )(void)

Check if a bus off and/or bus heavy situation occurred.

void(\* RegisterEvents )(tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions.

## 6.7.1 Detailed Description

CAN interface type.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

candriver.h

## 6.8 tCanMsg Struct Reference

Layout of a CAN message. Note that CAN\_MSG\_EXT\_ID\_MASK can be used to configure the CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended.

```
#include <candriver.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- · uint32 t id
- uint8\_t dlc
- uint8\_t data [CAN\_MSG\_MAX\_LEN]

## 6.8.1 Detailed Description

Layout of a CAN message. Note that CAN\_MSG\_EXT\_ID\_MASK can be used to configure the CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended.

#### 6.8.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.8.2.1 data

```
uint8_t data[CAN_MSG_MAX_LEN]
```

Array with CAN message data.

Referenced by CanUsbLibReceiveCallback(), CanUsbTransmit(), IxxatVciReceptionThread(), IxxatVciTransmit(), LeafLightReceptionThread(), LeafLightTransmit(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbTransmit(), SocketCan  $\leftarrow$  Transmit(), VectorXIReceptionThread(), VectorXITransmit(), XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), and XcpTpCan  $\leftarrow$  SendPacket().

#### 6.8.2.2 dlc

uint8\_t dlc

CAN message data length code.

Referenced by CanUsbLibReceiveCallback(), CanUsbTransmit(), IxxatVciReceptionThread(), IxxatVciTransmit(), LeafLightReceptionThread(), LeafLightTransmit(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbTransmit(), SocketCan  $\leftarrow$  Transmit(), VectorXIReceptionThread(), VectorXITransmit(), XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), and XcpTpCan  $\leftarrow$  SendPacket().

#### 6.8.2.3 id

uint32\_t id

CAN message identifier.

Referenced by CanUsbLibReceiveCallback(), CanUsbTransmit(), IxxatVciReceptionThread(), IxxatVciTransmit(), LeafLightReceptionThread(), LeafLightTransmit(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbTransmit(), SocketCan  $\leftarrow$  Transmit(), VectorXIReceptionThread(), VectorXITransmit(), XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), and XcpTpCan  $\leftarrow$  SendPacket().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· candriver.h

## 6.9 tCanSettings Struct Reference

Type to group of CAN interface related settings. The device name specifies the name of the CAN interface device. For some CAN interfaces this is don't care, but for other absolutely necessar, for example Linux SocketCAN. The channel specifies the channel on the CAN interface, in case it has multiple CAN channels. The baudrate specifies the communication speed on the CAN network. The code and mask values configure the message reception acceptance filter. A mask bit value of 0 means don't care. The code part of the filter determines what bit values to match in the received message identifier. Example 1: Receive all CAN identifiers .code = 0x00000000 .mask = 0x000000000 Example 2: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit or 29-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x1fffffff Example 3: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff Example 4: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (29-bit) .code = 0x80000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff.

#include <candriver.h>

## **Data Fields**

- char const \* devicename
- uint32\_t channel
- tCanBaudrate baudrate
- uint32 t code
- · uint32 t mask

## 6.9.1 Detailed Description

Type to group of CAN interface related settings. The device name specifies the name of the CAN interface device. For some CAN interfaces this is don't care, but for other absolutely necessar, for example Linux SocketCAN. The channel specifies the channel on the CAN interface, in case it has multiple CAN channels. The baudrate specifies the communication speed on the CAN network. The code and mask values configure the message reception acceptance filter. A mask bit value of 0 means don't care. The code part of the filter determines what bit values to match in the received message identifier. Example 1: Receive all CAN identifiers .code = 0x00000000 .mask = 0x00000000 Example 2: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit or 29-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x1fffffff Example 4: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (29-bit) .code = 0x80000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff.

#### 6.9.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.9.2.1 baudrate

tCanBaudrate baudrate

Communication speed.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), CanUsbOpenChannel(), CanUsbTerminate(), IxxatVciConvertBaudrate(), IxxatVc

#### 6.9.2.2 channel

uint32\_t channel

Zero based CAN channel index.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), CanUsbTerminate(), IxxatVciConnect(), IxxatVciInit(), IxxatVciTerminate(), LeafLight [Init(), LeafLightTerminate(), PCanUsbConnect(), PCanUsbDisconnect(), PCanUsbInit(), PCanUsbIsBusError(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbTerminate(), PCanUsbTransmit(), SocketCanInit(), SocketCanTerminate(), VectorXIConnect(), VectorXIInit(), VectorXITerminate(), and XcpTpCanInit().

#### 6.9.2.3 code

uint32\_t code

Code of the reception acceptance filter.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), CanUsbOpenChannel(), CanUsbTerminate(), IxxatVciConnect(), IxxatVciInit(), Ixxat VciTerminate(), LeafLightConnect(), LeafLightInit(), LeafLightTerminate(), PCanUsbConnect(), PCanUsbInit(), PCanUsbTerminate(), SocketCanConnect(), SocketCanInit(), SocketCanTerminate(), VectorXIConnect(), Vector XIInit(), VectorXITerminate(), and XcpTpCanInit().

#### 6.9.2.4 devicename

```
char const* devicename
```

CAN interface device name (pcanusb, vcan0).

Referenced by CanInit(), CanUsbInit(), CanUsbTerminate(), IxxatVciInit(), IxxatVciTerminate(), LeafLightInit(), LeafLightInit(), PCanUsbInit(), PCanUsbTerminate(), SocketCanConnect(), SocketCanInit(), SocketCanLinit(), VectorXIInit(), VectorXIIrerminate(), and XcpTpCanInit().

#### 6.9.2.5 mask

```
uint32_t mask
```

Mask of the reception acceptance filter.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), CanUsbOpenChannel(), CanUsbTerminate(), IxxatVciConnect(), IxxatVciInit(), IxxatVciInit(), IxxatVciTerminate(), LeafLightConnect(), LeafLightInit(), LeafLightTerminate(), PCanUsbConnect(), PCanUsbInit(), PCanUsbTerminate(), SocketCanConnect(), SocketCanInit(), SocketCanTerminate(), VectorXIConnect(), VectorXIInit(), VectorXITerminate(), and XcpTpCanInit().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· candriver.h

### 6.10 tFirmwareParser Struct Reference

Firmware file parser.

```
#include <firmware.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- bool(\* LoadFromFile )(char const \*firmwareFile, uint32\_t addressOffset)
   Extract the firmware segments from the firmware file and add them as nodes to the linked list.
- bool(\* SaveToFile )(char const \*firmwareFile)

Write all the firmware segments from the linked list to the specified firmware file.

## 6.10.1 Detailed Description

Firmware file parser.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· firmware.h

## 6.11 tFirmwareSegment Struct Reference

Groups information together of a firmware segment, such that it can be used as a node in a linked list.

```
#include <firmware.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

· uint32\_t base

Start memory address of the segment.

· uint32 t length

Number of data bytes in the segment.

uint8\_t \* data

Pointer to array with the segment's data bytes.

struct t\_firmware\_segment \* prev

Pointer to the previous node, or NULL if it is the first one.

• struct t\_firmware\_segment \* next

Pointer to the next node, or NULL if it is the last one.

## 6.11.1 Detailed Description

Groups information together of a firmware segment, such that it can be used as a node in a linked list.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· firmware.h

#### 6.12 tSessionProtocol Struct Reference

Session communication protocol interface.

```
#include <session.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

void(\* Init )(void const \*settings)

Initializes the protocol module.

void(\* Terminate )(void)

Terminates the protocol module.

bool(\* Start )(void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

void(\* Stop )(void)

Stops the firmware update. This is where the bootloader starts the user program on the target if a valid one is present. After this the connection with the target is severed.

bool(\* ClearMemory )(uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

• bool(\* WriteData )(uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

bool(\* ReadData )(uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t \*data)

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

## 6.12.1 Detailed Description

Session communication protocol interface.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· session.h

## 6.13 tSocketCanThreadCtrl Struct Reference

Groups data for thread control.

#### **Data Fields**

- · bool terminate
- · bool terminated

## 6.13.1 Detailed Description

Groups data for thread control.

#### 6.13.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.13.2.1 terminate

bool terminate

flag to request thread termination.

 $Referenced \ by \ Socket Can Event Thread (), \ Socket Can Start Event Thread (), \ and \ Socket Can Stop Event Thread ().$ 

#### 6.13.2.2 terminated

bool terminated

handshake flag.

Referenced by SocketCanEventThread(), SocketCanStartEventThread(), and SocketCanStopEventThread().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

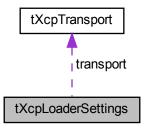
· socketcan.c

## 6.14 tXcpLoaderSettings Struct Reference

XCP protocol specific settings.

#include <xcploader.h>

Collaboration diagram for tXcpLoaderSettings:



## **Data Fields**

uint16\_t timeoutT1

Command response timeout in milliseconds.

uint16\_t timeoutT3

Start programming timeout in milliseconds.

uint16\_t timeoutT4

Erase memory timeout in milliseconds.

uint16\_t timeoutT5

Program memory and reset timeout in milliseconds.

uint16\_t timeoutT6

Connect response timeout in milliseconds.

uint16\_t timeoutT7

Busy wait timer timeout in milliseconds.

• uint8\_t connectMode

Connection mode used in the XCP connect command.

char const \* seedKeyFile

Seed/key algorithm library filename.

tXcpTransport const \* transport

Pointer to the transport layer to use during protocol communications.

void const \* transportSettings

Pointer to the settings for the transport layer.

## 6.14.1 Detailed Description

XCP protocol specific settings.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

xcploader.h

## 6.15 tXcpTpCanSettings Struct Reference

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for CAN.

```
#include <xcptpcan.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- char const \* device
- uint32\_t channel
- uint32\_t baudrate
- uint32\_t transmitId
- uint32\_t receiveld
- bool useExtended

## 6.15.1 Detailed Description

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for CAN.

#### 6.15.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.15.2.1 baudrate

uint32\_t baudrate

Communication speed in bits/sec.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

#### 6.15.2.2 channel

uint32\_t channel

Channel on the device to use.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

#### 6.15.2.3 device

char const\* device

Device name such as can0, peak\_pcanusb, etc.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

#### 6.15.2.4 receiveld

uint32\_t receiveId

Receive CAN identifier.

Referenced by XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), XcpTpCanInit(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

#### 6.15.2.5 transmitld

uint32\_t transmitId

Transmit CAN identifier.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit(), XcpTpCanSendPacket(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

#### 6.15.2.6 useExtended

bool useExtended

Boolean to configure 29-bit CAN identifiers.

Referenced by XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), XcpTpCanInit(), XcpTpCanSendPacket(), and XcpTpCan—Terminate().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcptpcan.h

## 6.16 tXcpTpNetSettings Struct Reference

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for TCP/IP.

#include <xcptpnet.h>

## **Data Fields**

- · char const \* address
- uint16\_t port

## 6.16.1 Detailed Description

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for TCP/IP.

### 6.16.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.16.2.1 address

```
char const* address
```

Target IP-address or hostname on the network.

Referenced by XcpTpNetConnect(), XcpTpNetInit(), and XcpTpNetTerminate().

#### 6.16.2.2 port

uint16\_t port

TCP port to use.

Referenced by XcpTpNetConnect(), XcpTpNetInit(), and XcpTpNetTerminate().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcptpnet.h

## 6.17 tXcpTpUartSettings Struct Reference

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for UART.

```
#include <xcptpuart.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- char const \* portname
- uint32\_t baudrate

## 6.17.1 Detailed Description

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for UART.

#### 6.17.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.17.2.1 baudrate

uint32\_t baudrate

Communication speed in bits/sec.

Referenced by XcpTpUartConnect(), XcpTpUartInit(), and XcpTpUartTerminate().

#### 6.17.2.2 portname

```
char const* portname
```

Interface port name, i.e. /dev/ttyUSB0.

Referenced by XcpTpUartConnect(), XcpTpUartInit(), and XcpTpUartTerminate().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcptpuart.h

## 6.18 tXcpTransport Struct Reference

XCP transport layer.

```
#include <xcploader.h>
```

## **Data Fields**

void(\* Init )(void const \*settings)

Initialization of the XCP transport layer.

void(\* Terminate )(void)

Termination the XCP transport layer.

bool(\* Connect )(void)

Connects the XCP transport layer.

void(\* Disconnect )(void)

Disconnects the XCP transport layer.

 bool(\* SendPacket )(tXcpTransportPacket const \*txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket \*rxPacket, uint16\_t timeout)

Sends an XCP packet and waits for the response to come back.

### 6.18.1 Detailed Description

XCP transport layer.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcploader.h

## 6.19 tXcpTransportPacket Struct Reference

XCP transport layer packet type.

```
#include <xcploader.h>
```

#### **Data Fields**

- uint8\_t data [XCPLOADER\_PACKET\_SIZE\_MAX]
- uint8 t len

#### 6.19.1 Detailed Description

XCP transport layer packet type.

#### 6.19.2 Field Documentation

#### 6.19.2.1 data

```
uint8_t data[XCPLOADER_PACKET_SIZE_MAX]
```

Packet data.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax(), Xcp $\leftarrow$ LoaderSendCmdProgramReset(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart(), XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta(), Xcp $\leftarrow$ LoaderSendCmdUnlock(), XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload(), XcpTpCanSendPacket(), XcpTpNetSendPacket(), Xcp $\leftarrow$ TpUartSendPacket(), and XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

#### 6.19.2.2 len

uint8\_t len

Packet length.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax(), Xcp $\leftarrow$ LoaderSendCmdProgramReset(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart(), XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta(), Xcp $\leftarrow$ LoaderSendCmdUnlock(), XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload(), XcpTpCanSendPacket(), XcpTpNetSendPacket(), Xcp $\leftarrow$ TpUartSendPacket(), and XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

xcploader.h

# **Chapter 7**

# **File Documentation**

## 7.1 candriver.c File Reference

Generic CAN driver source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "pcanusb.h"
#include "leaflight.h"
#include "canusb.h"
#include "xldriver.h"
#include "vcidriver.h"
```

Include dependency graph for candriver.c:



## **Functions**

void CanInit (tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initializes the CAN module. Typically called once at program startup.

void CanTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN module. Typically called once at program cleanup.

bool CanConnect (void)

Connects the CAN module.

void CanDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN module.

bool CanIsConnected (void)

Obtains the connection state of the CAN module.

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bool CanTransmit (tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

• bool CanlsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

void CanRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN module.

#### **Variables**

• static tCanInterface const \* canIfPtr

Pointer to the CAN interface that is linked.

· static bool canConnected

Flag to store the connection status.

## 7.1.1 Detailed Description

Generic CAN driver source file.

#### 7.1.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.1.2.1 CanConnect()

```
bool CanConnect (
     void )
```

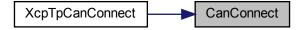
Connects the CAN module.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.1.2.2 CanInit()

Initializes the CAN module. Typically called once at program startup.

#### **Parameters**

settings	Pointer to the CAN module settings.
----------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.1.2.3 CanIsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

## Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



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#### 7.1.2.4 CanIsConnected()

Obtains the connection state of the CAN module.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

#### 7.1.2.5 CanRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN module.

#### **Parameters**

*events* Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.1.2.6 CanTransmit()

```
bool CanTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~\textit{msg}~)}
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

### **Parameters**

msg | Pointer to CAN message structure.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket().

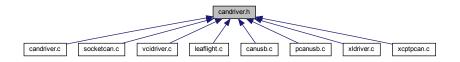
Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.2 candriver.h File Reference

Generic CAN driver header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Data Structures**

struct tCanMsg

Layout of a CAN message. Note that CAN\_MSG\_EXT\_ID\_MASK can be used to configure the CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended.

struct tCanSettings

Type to group of CAN interface related settings. The device name specifies the name of the CAN interface device. For some CAN interfaces this is don't care, but for other absolutely necessar, for example Linux SocketCAN. The channel specifies the channel on the CAN interface, in case it has multiple CAN channels. The baudrate specifies the communication speed on the CAN network. The code and mask values configure the message reception acceptance filter. A mask bit value of 0 means don't care. The code part of the filter determines what bit values to match in the received message identifier. Example 1: Receive all CAN identifiers .code = 0x00000000 .mask = 0x00000000 Example 2: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit or 29-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x1ffffff Example 3: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff Example 4: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (29-bit) .code = 0x80000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff.

struct tCanEvents

Structure with CAN event callback functions.

· struct tCanInterface

CAN interface type.

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#### **Macros**

• #define CAN\_MSG\_MAX\_LEN (8u)

Maximum number of data bytes in a CAN message.

#define CAN MSG EXT ID MASK (0x80000000u)

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum tCanBaudrate {
        CAN_BR10K = 0 , CAN_BR20K = 1 , CAN_BR50K = 2 , CAN_BR100K = 3 ,
        CAN_BR125K = 4 , CAN_BR250K = 5 , CAN_BR500K = 6 , CAN_BR800K = 7 ,
        CAN_BR1M = 8 }
```

Enumeration of the supported baudrates.

#### **Functions**

• void CanInit (tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initializes the CAN module. Typically called once at program startup.

void CanTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN module. Typically called once at program cleanup.

bool CanConnect (void)

Connects the CAN module.

void CanDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN module.

bool CanIsConnected (void)

Obtains the connection state of the CAN module.

bool CanTransmit (tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

• bool CanlsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

void CanRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN module.

### 7.2.1 Detailed Description

Generic CAN driver header file.

#### 7.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

### 7.2.2.1 CAN\_MSG\_EXT\_ID\_MASK

```
#define CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK (0x8000000u)
```

Bit mask that configures a CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended as opposed to 11-bit standard. Whenever this bit is set in the CAN identifier field of tCanMsg, then the CAN identifier is configured for 29-bit CAN extended.

## 7.2.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 7.2.3.1 tCanBaudrate

enum tCanBaudrate

Enumeration of the supported baudrates.

#### Enumerator

CAN_BR10K	10 kbits/sec
CAN_BR20K	20 kbits/sec
CAN_BR50K	50 kbits/sec
CAN_BR100K	100 kbits/sec
CAN_BR125K	125 kbits/sec
CAN_BR250K	250 kbits/sec
CAN_BR500K	500 kbits/sec
CAN_BR800K	800 kbits/sec
CAN_BR1M	1 Mbits/sec

## 7.2.4 Function Documentation

## 7.2.4.1 CanConnect()

```
bool CanConnect (
     void )
```

Connects the CAN module.

### Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanConnect().

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Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.2.4.2 CanInit()

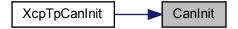
Initializes the CAN module. Typically called once at program startup.

#### **Parameters**

	settings	Pointer to the CAN module settings.	l
--	----------	-------------------------------------	---

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.2.4.3 CanIsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

#### Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 7.2.4.4 CanIsConnected()

```
bool CanIsConnected ( \mbox{void} \mbox{ )}
```

Obtains the connection state of the CAN module.

#### Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

## 7.2.4.5 CanRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN module.

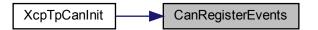
#### **Parameters**

events Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit().

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Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.2.4.6 CanTransmit()

```
bool CanTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg\ const\ *\ msg\ )}
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

#### **Parameters**

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



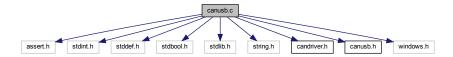
## 7.3 canusb.c File Reference

Lawicel CANUSB interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
```

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "canusb.h"

#include <windows.h>
#include "lawicel_can.h"
Include dependency graph for canusb.c:
```



#### **Functions**

static void CanUsbInit (tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

static void CanUsbTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool CanUsbConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

static void CanUsbDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool CanUsbTransmit (tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool CanUsbIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

• static void CanUsbRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static bool CanUsbOpenChannel (void)

Opens the CAN channel. Note that the opening of the CAN channel takes a long time in the Lawicel CANUSB API, therefore this is not done in CanUsbConnect() for this CAN interface.

static bool CanUsbCloseChannel (void)

Closes the CAN channel. Note that the closing of the CAN channel takes a long time in the Lawicel CANUSB API, therefore this is not done in CanUsbDisconnect() for this CAN interface.

• static void CanUsbLibLoadDll (void)

Loads the Lawicel CANUSBDRV DLL and initializes the API function pointers.

static void CanUsbLibUnloadDII (void)

Unloads the Lawicel CANUSBDRV DLL and resets the API function pointers.

• static void \_\_stdcall CanUsbLibReceiveCallback (CANMsg const \*pMsg)

Callback function that gets called by the Lawicel CANUSB API each time a CAN message was received.

• static CANHANDLE CanUsbLibFuncOpen (LPCSTR szID, LPCSTR szBitrate, uint32\_t acceptance\_code, uint32\_t acceptance\_mask, uint32\_t flags)

Open a channel to a physical CAN interface.

static int32\_t CanUsbLibFuncClose (CANHANDLE h)

Close channel with handle h.

• static int32\_t CanUsbLibFuncWrite (CANHANDLE h, CANMsg \*msg)

Write message to channel with handle h.

static int32\_t CanUsbLibFuncStatus (CANHANDLE h)

Get Adapter status for channel with handle h.

• static int32 t CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack (CANHANDLE h, LPFNDLL RECEIVE CALLBACK fn)

With this method one can define a function that will receive all incoming messages.

tCanInterface const \* CanUsbGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

## **Variables**

· static const tCanInterface canUsbInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Lawicel CANUSB specifics.

static tCanSettings canUsbSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents \* canUsbEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static uint32\_t canUsbEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the canUsbEventsList list.

static HINSTANCE canUsbDllHandle

Handle to the Lawicel CANUSB dynamic link library.

static CANHANDLE canUsbCanHandle

Handle to the CAN channel.

static tCanUsbLibFuncOpen canUsbLibFuncOpenPtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb\_Open function.

• static tCanUsbLibFuncClose canUsbLibFuncClosePtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb\_Close function.

static tCanUsbLibFuncWrite canUsbLibFuncWritePtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb\_Write function.

· static tCanUsbLibFuncStatus canUsbLibFuncStatusPtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb\_Status function.

static tCanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack canUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBackPtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb\_setReceiveCallBack function.

## 7.3.1 Detailed Description

Lawicel CANUSB interface source file.

## 7.3.2 Function Documentation

## 7.3.2.1 CanUsbCloseChannel()

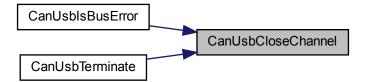
Closes the CAN channel. Note that the closing of the CAN channel takes a long time in the Lawicel CANUSB API, therefore this is not done in CanUsbDisconnect() for this CAN interface.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbIsBusError(), and CanUsbTerminate().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.3.2.2 CanUsbConnect()

Connects the CAN interface.

#### Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

## 7.3.2.3 CanUsbGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.3.2.4 CanUsbInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

**Parameters** 

settings Pointer to the CAN interface settings.

## 7.3.2.5 CanUsbIsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

7.3 canusb.c File Reference 59

## 7.3.2.6 CanUsbLibFuncClose()

Close channel with handle h.

#### **Parameters**

```
h Handle to the opened device.
```

#### Returns

```
> 0 if successful, ERROR_CANUSB_xxx (<= 0) otherwise.
```

Referenced by CanUsbCloseChannel().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.3.2.7 CanUsbLibFuncOpen()

Open a channel to a physical CAN interface.

#### **Parameters**

szID	Serial number for adapter or NULL to open the first found.
szBitrate	"10", "20", "50", "100", "250", "500", "800" or "1000" (kbps) or as a btr pair. btr0:btr1 pair
	ex. "0x03:0x1c" can be used to set a custom baudrate.
acceptance_code	Set to CANUSB_ACCEPTANCE_CODE_ALL to get all messages or another code to filter
	messages.
acceptance_mask	Set to CANUSB_ACCEPTANCE_MASK_ALL to get all messages or another code to filter
	messages.
flags	Optional flags CANUSB_FLAG_xxx.

#### Returns

Handle to device if open was successful or zero on failure.

Referenced by CanUsbOpenChannel().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.3.2.8 CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack()

```
static int32_t CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack ( {\tt CANHANDLE}\ h, {\tt LPFNDLL\_RECEIVE\_CALLBACK}\ fn\ )\ [static]
```

With this method one can define a function that will receive all incoming messages.

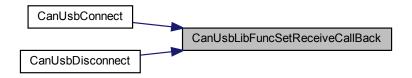
## **Parameters**

h	Handle to the opened device.
fn	Pointer to the callback function to set. NULL removes it again.

## Returns

> 0 if successful, ERROR\_CANUSB\_xxx (<= 0) otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbConnect(), and CanUsbDisconnect().



## 7.3.2.9 CanUsbLibFuncStatus()

Get Adapter status for channel with handle h.

## **Parameters**

```
h Handle to the opened device.
```

## Returns

CANSTATUS\_xxx if status info is set, 0 otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbIsBusError().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.3.2.10 CanUsbLibFuncWrite()

```
static int32_t CanUsbLibFuncWrite ( {\tt CANHANDLE}\ h, {\tt CANMsg}\ *\ msg\ ) \quad [static]
```

Write message to channel with handle h.

#### **Parameters**

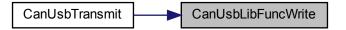
h	Handle to the opened device.
msg	CAN message to send.

### Returns

> 0 if successful, ERROR\_CANUSB\_xxx (<= 0) otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbTransmit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.3.2.11 CanUsbLibReceiveCallback()

Callback function that gets called by the Lawicel CANUSB API each time a CAN message was received.

#### **Parameters**

pMsg Pointer to the received CAN message.

Referenced by CanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.3.2.12 CanUsbOpenChannel()

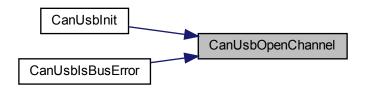
Opens the CAN channel. Note that the opening of the CAN channel takes a long time in the Lawicel CANUSB API, therefore this is not done in CanUsbConnect() for this CAN interface.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), and CanUsbIsBusError().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.3.2.13 CanUsbRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

## Parameters

*events* Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

#### 7.3.2.14 CanUsbTransmit()

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

## **Parameters**

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

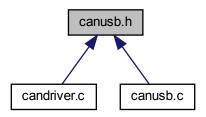
## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.4 canusb.h File Reference

Lawicel CANUSB interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

tCanInterface const \* CanUsbGetInterface (void)
 Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

## 7.4.1 Detailed Description

Lawicel CANUSB interface header file.

## 7.4.2 Function Documentation

## 7.4.2.1 CanUsbGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().



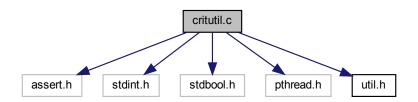
7.5 critutil.c File Reference 65

## 7.5 critutil.c File Reference

Critical section utility source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/critutil.c:



## **Functions**

· void UtilCriticalSectionInit (void)

Initializes the critical section module. Should be called before the Enter/Exit functions are used. It is okay to call this initialization multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionTerminate (void)

Terminates the critical section module. Should be called once critical sections are no longer needed. Typically called from another module's termination function that also initialized it. It is okay to call this termination multiple times from different modules.

· void UtilCriticalSectionEnter (void)

Enters a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

• void UtilCriticalSectionExit (void)

Leaves a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

## **Variables**

• static volatile bool criticalSectionInitialized = false

Flag to determine if the critical section object was already initialized.

• static volatile pthread\_mutex\_t mtxCritSect

Critical section object.

## 7.5.1 Detailed Description

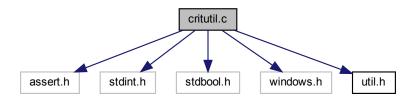
Critical section utility source file.

## 7.6 critutil.c File Reference

Critical section utility source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/critutil.c:



## **Functions**

· void UtilCriticalSectionInit (void)

Initializes the critical section module. Should be called before the Enter/Exit functions are used. It is okay to call this initialization multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionTerminate (void)

Terminates the critical section module. Should be called once critical sections are no longer needed. Typically called from another module's termination function that also initialized it. It is okay to call this termination multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionEnter (void)

Enters a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

• void UtilCriticalSectionExit (void)

Leaves a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

## **Variables**

• static volatile bool criticalSectionInitialized = false

Flag to determine if the critical section object was already initialized.

· static CRITICAL SECTION criticalSection

Critical section object.

## 7.6.1 Detailed Description

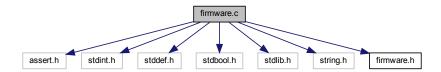
Critical section utility source file.

## 7.7 firmware.c File Reference

Firmware data module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "firmware.h"
```

Include dependency graph for firmware.c:



## **Functions**

• static void FirmwareCreateSegment (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t const \*data)

Creates and adds a new segment to the linked list. It allocates memory for the segment data and copies the data to it.

• static void FirmwareDeleteSegment (tFirmwareSegment const \*segment)

Deletes the specified segment from the linked list and handles the release of the segment's allocated memory.

static void FirmwareTrimSegment (tFirmwareSegment const \*segment, uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Removes the specified data range (address to address + len) from the segment. If if overlaps the entire segment, the segment will be deleted. Otherwise, the segment will be trimmed and, if needed, split into multiple segments.

static void FirmwareSortSegments (void)

Helper function to sort the segments in the linked list in order of ascending base address. It uses a bubble sort algorithm.

• static void FirmwareMergeSegments (void)

Helper function to merge the segments in the linked list. When the firmware data in two adjacent segments also holds an adjacent range, then the firmware data from both segments are combined into one new one. Note that this function only works properly if the segments are already ordered. For this reasonse, the segments are explicitly sorted at the start.

static uint32\_t FirmwareGetFirstAddress (void)

Helper function to obtain the first memory address of the firmware data that is present in the linked list with segments.

static uint32\_t FirmwareGetLastAddress (void)

Helper function to obtain the last memory address of the firmware data that is present in the linked list with segments.

void FirmwareInit (tFirmwareParser const \*parser)

Initializes the module.

void FirmwareTerminate (void)

Terminates the module.

bool FirmwareLoadFromFile (char const \*firmwareFile, uint32\_t addressOffset)

Uses the linked parser to load the firmware data from the specified file into the linked list of segments.

bool FirmwareSaveToFile (char const \*firmwareFile)

Uses the linked parser to save the dat stored in the segments of the linked list to the specified file.

uint32\_t FirmwareGetSegmentCount (void)

Obtains the total number of segments in the linked list with firmware data.

tFirmwareSegment \* FirmwareGetSegment (uint32\_t segmentIdx)

Obtains the segment as the specified index from the linked list with firmware data.

• bool FirmwareAddData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t const \*data)

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

bool FirmwareRemoveData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary. Note that it is safe to assume in this function that the segments are already ordered in the linked list by ascending base memory address.

void FirmwareClearData (void)

Clears all data and segments that are currently present in the linked list.

## **Variables**

static tFirmwareParser const \* parserPtr

Pointer to the firmware parser that is linked.

static tFirmwareSegment \* segmentList

Linked list with firmware segments.

## 7.7.1 Detailed Description

Firmware data module source file.

## 7.7.2 Function Documentation

## 7.7.2.1 FirmwareAddData()

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

#### **Parameters**

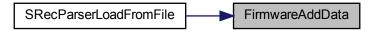
address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to add.
data	Pointer to array with data bytes that should be added.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserLoadFromFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.7.2.2 FirmwareCreateSegment()

Creates and adds a new segment to the linked list. It allocates memory for the segment data and copies the data to it.

### **Parameters**

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to add to the new segment.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data for the segment.

Referenced by FirmwareAddData(), and FirmwareTrimSegment().



#### 7.7.2.3 FirmwareDeleteSegment()

Deletes the specified segment from the linked list and handles the release of the segment's allocated memory.

#### **Parameters**

```
segment Pointer to the segment.
```

Referenced by FirmwareMergeSegments(), FirmwareRemoveData(), and FirmwareTrimSegment().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.7.2.4 FirmwareGetFirstAddress()

Helper function to obtain the first memory address of the firmware data that is present in the linked list with segments.

### Returns

The first memory address.

Referenced by FirmwareRemoveData().



## 7.7.2.5 FirmwareGetLastAddress()

Helper function to obtain the last memory address of the firmware data that is present in the linked list with segments.

#### Returns

The last memory address.

Referenced by FirmwareRemoveData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.7.2.6 FirmwareGetSegment()

Obtains the segment as the specified index from the linked list with firmware data.

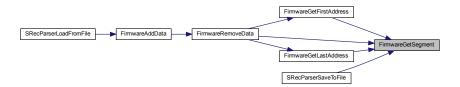
## **Parameters**

segmentldx	The segment index. It should be a value greater or equal to zero and smaller than the value
	returned by FirmwareGetSegmentCount.

## Returns

The segment if successful, NULL otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ FirmwareGetFirstAddress(),\ FirmwareGetLastAddress(),\ FirmwareRemoveData(),\ and\ SRec \leftarrow ParserSaveToFile().$ 



#### 7.7.2.7 FirmwareGetSegmentCount()

Obtains the total number of segments in the linked list with firmware data.

Returns

Total number of segments.

Referenced by FirmwareGetLastAddress(), FirmwareGetSegment(), FirmwareMergeSegments(), FirmwareGetSegments(), RemoveData(), FirmwareSortSegments(), and SRecParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.7.2.8 FirmwareInit()

Initializes the module.

**Parameters** 

parser The firmware file parser to link. It is okay to specify NULL if no file parser is needed.

## 7.7.2.9 FirmwareLoadFromFile()

Uses the linked parser to load the firmware data from the specified file into the linked list of segments.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to load.
addressOffset	Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.7.2.10 FirmwareRemoveData()

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary. Note that it is safe to assume in this function that the segments are already ordered in the linked list by ascending base memory address.

#### **Parameters**

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to remove.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by FirmwareAddData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.7.2.11 FirmwareSaveToFile()

Uses the linked parser to save the dat stored in the segments of the linked list to the specified file.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to write to.
--------------	--

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.7.2.12 FirmwareTrimSegment()

Removes the specified data range (address to address + len) from the segment. If if overlaps the entire segment, the segment will be deleted. Otherwise, the segment will be trimmed and, if needed, split into multiple segments.

#### **Parameters**

	segment	Pointer to the segment to trim.
ĺ	address	Start address of the data that should be removed.
ĺ	len	Total number of data bytes that should be removed.

Referenced by FirmwareRemoveData().

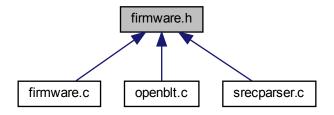
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.8 firmware.h File Reference

Firmware data module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Data Structures**

· struct tFirmwareSegment

Groups information together of a firmware segment, such that it can be used as a node in a linked list.

· struct tFirmwareParser

Firmware file parser.

## **Functions**

void FirmwareInit (tFirmwareParser const \*parser)

Initializes the module.

void FirmwareTerminate (void)

Terminates the module.

• bool FirmwareLoadFromFile (char const \*firmwareFile, uint32 t addressOffset)

Uses the linked parser to load the firmware data from the specified file into the linked list of segments.

• bool FirmwareSaveToFile (char const \*firmwareFile)

Uses the linked parser to save the dat stored in the segments of the linked list to the specified file.

uint32\_t FirmwareGetSegmentCount (void)

Obtains the total number of segments in the linked list with firmware data.

tFirmwareSegment \* FirmwareGetSegment (uint32\_t segmentIdx)

Obtains the segment as the specified index from the linked list with firmware data.

bool FirmwareAddData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

• bool FirmwareRemoveData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary. Note that it is safe to assume in this function that the segments are already ordered in the linked list by ascending base memory address.

void FirmwareClearData (void)

Clears all data and segments that are currently present in the linked list.

## 7.8.1 Detailed Description

Firmware data module header file.

## 7.8.2 Function Documentation

## 7.8.2.1 FirmwareAddData()

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

#### **Parameters**

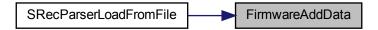
ado	dress	Base address of the firmware data.
len		Number of bytes to add.
dat	a	Pointer to array with data bytes that should be added.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserLoadFromFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.8.2.2 FirmwareGetSegment()

Obtains the segment as the specified index from the linked list with firmware data.

#### **Parameters**

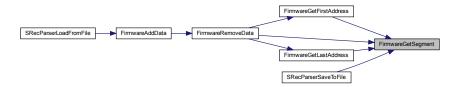
segmentldx	The segment index. It should be a value greater or equal to zero and smaller than the value	1
	returned by FirmwareGetSegmentCount.	

#### Returns

The segment if successful, NULL otherwise.

Referenced by FirmwareGetFirstAddress(), FirmwareGetLastAddress(), FirmwareRemoveData(), and SRec ParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.8.2.3 FirmwareGetSegmentCount()

Obtains the total number of segments in the linked list with firmware data.

#### Returns

Total number of segments.

Referenced by FirmwareGetLastAddress(), FirmwareGetSegment(), FirmwareMergeSegments(), FirmwareGetSegments(), RemoveData(), FirmwareSortSegments(), and SRecParserSaveToFile().



# 7.8.2.4 FirmwareInit()

Initializes the module.

#### **Parameters**

parser	The firmware file parser to link. It is okay to specify NULL if no file parser is needed.
10000	

## 7.8.2.5 FirmwareLoadFromFile()

Uses the linked parser to load the firmware data from the specified file into the linked list of segments.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile Filename of the firmware file to load.		Filename of the firmware file to load.
	addressOffset	Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.8.2.6 FirmwareRemoveData()

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary. Note that it is safe to assume in this function that the segments are already ordered in the linked list by ascending base memory address.

#### **Parameters**

	address	Base address of the firmware data.
ſ	len	Number of bytes to remove.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by FirmwareAddData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.8.2.7 FirmwareSaveToFile()

Uses the linked parser to save the dat stored in the segments of the linked list to the specified file.

#### **Parameters**

	firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to write to.	l
--	--------------	--	---

#### Returns

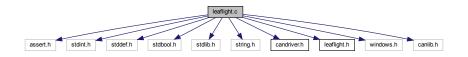
True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.9 leaflight.c File Reference

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "leaflight.h"
#include <windows.h>
#include "canlib.h"
```

Include dependency graph for leaflight.c:



#### **Functions**

static void LeafLightInit (tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

static void LeafLightTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool LeafLightConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

static void LeafLightDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

• static bool LeafLightTransmit (tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool LeafLightIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

static void LeafLightRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static DWORD WINAPI LeafLightReceptionThread (LPVOID pv)

CAN message reception thread.

static void LeafLightLibLoadDll (void)

Loads the Kvaser CANLIB DLL and initializes the API function pointers.

static void LeafLightLibUnloadDII (void)

Unloads the Kvaser CANLIB DLL and resets the API function pointers.

static void LeafLightLibFuncInitializeLibrary (void)

This function must be called before any other functions is used. It will initialize the driver.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncUnloadLibrary (void)

Frees allocated memory, unload the DLLs canlib32.dll has loaded and de-initializes data structures.

static CanHandle LeafLightLibFuncOpenChannel (int32\_t channel, int32\_t flags)

Opens a CAN channel and returns a handle which is used in subsequent calls.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams (const CanHandle hnd, int32\_t freq, uint32\_t tseg1, uint32\_t tseg2, uint32\_t sjw, uint32\_t noSamp, uint32\_t syncmode)

This function sets the nominal bus timing parameters for the specified CAN controller. The library provides default values for tseg1, tseg2, sjw and noSamp when freq is specified to one of the pre-defined constants, canBITRATE\_xxx for classic CAN and canFD\_BITRATE\_xxx for CAN FD.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl (const CanHandle hnd, const uint32\_t drivertype)

This function sets the driver type for a CAN controller. This corresponds loosely to the bus output control register in the CAN controller, hence the name of this function. CANLIB does not allow for direct manipulation of the bus output control register; instead, symbolic constants are used to select the desired driver type.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter (const CanHandle hnd, uint32\_t code, uint32\_t mask, int32\_t is\_extended)

This routine sets the message acceptance filters on a CAN channel.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncloCtl (const CanHandle hnd, uint32\_t func, void \*buf, uint32\_t buflen)

This API call performs several different functions; these are described below. The functions are handle-specific unless otherwise noted; this means that they affect only the handle you pass to canloCtl(), whereas other open handles will remain unaffected. The contents of buf after the call is dependent on the function code you specified.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncBusOn (const CanHandle hnd)

Takes the specified channel on-bus.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncWrite (const CanHandle hnd, int32\_t id, void \*msg, uint32\_t dlc, uint32\_t flag)

This function sends a CAN message. The call returns immediately after queuing the message to the driver.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncRead (const CanHandle hnd, int32\_t \*id, void \*msg, uint32\_t \*dlc, uint32

 \_t \*flag, uint32\_t \*time)

Reads a message from the receive buffer. If no message is available, the function returns immediately with return code canERR NOMSG.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncReadStatus (const CanHandle hnd, uint32\_t \*const flags)

Returns the status for the specified circuit. flags points to a longword which receives a combination of the canSTAT—
\_xxx flags.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncBusOff (const CanHandle hnd)

Takes the specified channel off-bus.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncClose (const CanHandle hnd)

Closes the channel associated with the handle. If no other threads are using the CAN circuit, it is taken off bus. The handle can not be used for further references to the channel, so any variable containing it should be zeroed.

tCanInterface const \* LeafLightGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

#### **Variables**

static const tCanInterface leafLightInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Kvaser Leaf Light v2 specifics.

static tCanSettings leafLightSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents \* leafLightEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

· static uint32 t leafLightEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the leafLightEventsList list.

· static HINSTANCE leafLightDllHandle

Handle to the Kvaser CANLIB dynamic link library.

static CanHandle leafLightCanHandle

Handle to the CAN channel.

static CanHandle leafLightRxCanHandle

Handle to the CAN channel for usage in the CAN reception thread.

static tLeafLightLibFuncInitializeLibrary leafLightLibFuncInitializeLibraryPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canInitializeLibrary function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncUnloadLibrary leafLightLibFuncUnloadLibraryPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canUnloadLibrary function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncOpenChannel leafLightLibFuncOpenChannelPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canOpenChannel function.

• static tLeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams leafLightLibFuncSetBusParamsPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canSetBusParams function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl leafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControlPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canSetBusOutputControl function.

• static tLeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter leafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilterPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canSetAcceptanceFilter function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncloCtl leafLightLibFuncloCtlPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canloCtl function.

• static tLeafLightLibFuncBusOn leafLightLibFuncBusOnPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canBusOn function.

• static tLeafLightLibFuncWrite leafLightLibFuncWritePtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canWrite function.

• static tLeafLightLibFuncRead leafLightLibFuncReadPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canRead function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncReadStatus leafLightLibFuncReadStatusPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canReadStatus function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncBusOff leafLightLibFuncBusOffPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canBusOff function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncClose leafLightLibFuncClosePtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canClose function.

• static HANDLE leafLightTerminateEvent

Handle for the event to terminate the reception thread.

• static HANDLE leafLightCanEvent

Handle for a CAN related event.

static HANDLE leafLightRxThreadHandle

Handle for the CAN reception thread.

## 7.9.1 Detailed Description

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface source file.

# 7.9.2 Function Documentation

### 7.9.2.1 LeafLightConnect()

Connects the CAN interface.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

## 7.9.2.2 LeafLightGetInterface()

```
tCanInterface const* LeafLightGetInterface (
void )
```

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().



## 7.9.2.3 LeafLightInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

**Parameters** 

settings Pointer to the CAN interface settings.

## 7.9.2.4 LeafLightIsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

## 7.9.2.5 LeafLightLibFuncBusOff()

Takes the specified channel off-bus.

**Parameters** 

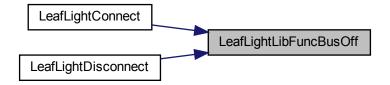
hnd A handle to an open circuit.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect(), and LeafLightDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.6 LeafLightLibFuncBusOn()

Takes the specified channel on-bus.

## **Parameters**

hnd	An open handle to a CAN channel.
-----	----------------------------------

### Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().



## 7.9.2.7 LeafLightLibFuncClose()

Closes the channel associated with the handle. If no other threads are using the CAN circuit, it is taken off bus. The handle can not be used for further references to the channel, so any variable containing it should be zeroed.

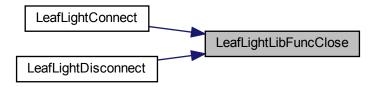
#### **Parameters**

## Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect(), and LeafLightDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.8 LeafLightLibFuncloCtl()

This API call performs several different functions; these are described below. The functions are handle-specific unless otherwise noted; this means that they affect only the handle you pass to canloCtl(), whereas other open handles will remain unaffected. The contents of buf after the call is dependent on the function code you specified.

### **Parameters**

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
func	A canIOCTL_xxx function code.
buf	Pointer to a buffer containing function-dependent data; or a NULL pointer for certain function codes. The buffer can be used for both input and output depending on the function code. See canIOCTL_xxx.
buflen	The length of the buffer.

## Returns

canOK if successful, canERR xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.9 LeafLightLibFuncOpenChannel()

Opens a CAN channel and returns a handle which is used in subsequent calls.

#### **Parameters**

channel	The number of the channel. Channel numbering is hardware dependent.
flags	A combination of canOPEN_xxx flags.

#### Returns

Handle (positive) to the channel if successful, canERR\_xxx (negative) otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().



## 7.9.2.10 LeafLightLibFuncRead()

Reads a message from the receive buffer. If no message is available, the function returns immediately with return code canERR\_NOMSG.

#### **Parameters**

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
id	Pointer to a buffer which receives the CAN identifier. This buffer will only get the identifier. To determine whether this identifier was standard (11-bit) or extended (29-bit), and/or whether it was remote or not, or if it was an error frame, examine the contents of the flag argument.
msg	Pointer to the buffer which receives the message data. This buffer must be large enough (i.e. 8 bytes.) Only the message data is copied; the rest of the buffer is left as-is.
dlc	Pointer to a buffer which receives the message length.
flag	Pointer to a buffer which receives the message flags, which is a combination of the canMSG_xxx and canMSGERR_xxx values.
time	Pointer to a buffer which receives the message time stamp.

## Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightReceptionThread().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.11 LeafLightLibFuncReadStatus()

Returns the status for the specified circuit. flags points to a longword which receives a combination of the can← STAT\_xxx flags.

## **Parameters**

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
flags	Pointer to a DWORD which receives the status flags; this is a combination of any of the canSTAT_xxx.

#### Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightIsBusError().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.12 LeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter()

This routine sets the message acceptance filters on a CAN channel.

## **Parameters**

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
code	The acceptance code to set.
mask	The acceptance mask to set
is_extended	Select 29-bit CAN identifiers.

## Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.13 LeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl()

This function sets the driver type for a CAN controller. This corresponds loosely to the bus output control register in the CAN controller, hence the name of this function. CANLIB does not allow for direct manipulation of the bus output control register; instead, symbolic constants are used to select the desired driver type.

#### **Parameters**

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
drivertype	Can driver type (canDRIVER_xxx).

### Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.9.2.14 LeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams()

This function sets the nominal bus timing parameters for the specified CAN controller. The library provides default values for tseg1, tseg2, sjw and noSamp when freq is specified to one of the pre-defined constants, canBITRATE ← \_xxx for classic CAN and canFD\_BITRATE\_xxx for CAN FD.

#### **Parameters**

hnd	An open handle to a CAN controller.
freq	Bit rate (measured in bits per second); or one of the predefined constants (canBITRATE_xxx for classic CAN and canFD_BITRATE_xxx for CAN FD).
tseg1	Time segment 1, that is, the number of quanta from (but not including) the Sync Segment to the sampling point.
tseg2	Time segment 2, that is, the number of quanta from the sampling point to the end of the bit.
sjw	The Synchronization Jump Width.
noSamp	The number of sampling points; can be 1 or 3.
syncmode	Unsupported and ignored.

#### Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.15 LeafLightLibFuncUnloadLibrary()

Frees allocated memory, unload the DLLs canlib32.dll has loaded and de-initializes data structures.

#### Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightTerminate().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.16 LeafLightLibFuncWrite()

This function sends a CAN message. The call returns immediately after queuing the message to the driver.

#### **Parameters**

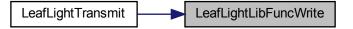
hnd	A handle to an open CAN circuit.
id	The identifier of the CAN message to send.
msg	A pointer to the message data, or NULL.
dlc	The length of the message in bytes.
flag	A combination of message flags, canMSG_xxx (including canFDMSG_xxx if the CAN FD protocol is enabled). Use this parameter to send extended (29-bit) frames and/or remote frames. Use canMSG_EXT and/or canMSG_RTR for this purpose.

#### Returns

canOK if successful, canERR\_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightTransmit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.17 LeafLightReceptionThread()

CAN message reception thread.

#### **Parameters**

pv Pointer to thread parameters.

### Returns

Thread exit code.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.9.2.18 LeafLightRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

#### **Parameters**

events	Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.
--------	---

### 7.9.2.19 LeafLightTransmit()

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

#### **Parameters**

msg	Pointer to CAN message structure.
-----	-----------------------------------

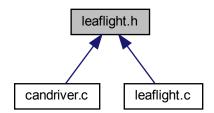
#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.10 leaflight.h File Reference

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

• tCanInterface const \* LeafLightGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

## 7.10.1 Detailed Description

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface header file.

### 7.10.2 Function Documentation

## 7.10.2.1 LeafLightGetInterface()

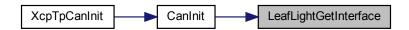
Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.11 netaccess.c File Reference

TCP/IP network access source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include "netaccess.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/netaccess.c:



### **Macros**

• #define NETACCESS\_INVALID\_SOCKET (-1)

Constant value that indicates that the network socket is invalid.

## **Functions**

· void NetAccessInit (void)

Initializes the network access module.

void NetAccessTerminate (void)

Terminates the network access module.

• bool NetAccessConnect (char const \*address, uint16\_t port)

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

• void NetAccessDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessSend (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t length)

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessReceive (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t \*length, uint32\_t timeout)

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

#### **Variables**

· static int netAccessSocket

The socket that is used as an endpoint for the TCP/IP network communication.

# 7.11.1 Detailed Description

TCP/IP network access source file.

### 7.11.2 Function Documentation

## 7.11.2.1 NetAccessConnect()

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

### **Parameters**

address	The address of the server. This can be a hostname (such as mydomain.com) or an IP address (such as 127.0.0.1).
port	The port number on the server to connect to.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.11.2.2 NetAccessReceive()

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array to store the received data.
length	Holds the max number of bytes that can be stored into the byte array. This function also overwrites this value with the number of bytes that were actually received.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the data reception.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.11.2.3 NetAccessSend()

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

## **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array with data to send.
length	Number of bytes to send.

#### Returns

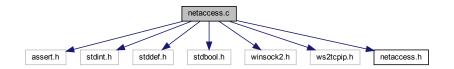
True if successful, false otherwise.

### 7.12 netaccess.c File Reference

TCP/IP network access source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <winsock2.h>
#include <ws2tcpip.h>
#include "netaccess.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/netaccess.c:



### **Functions**

· void NetAccessInit (void)

Initializes the network access module.

void NetAccessTerminate (void)

Terminates the network access module.

bool NetAccessConnect (char const \*address, uint16\_t port)

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

void NetAccessDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessSend (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t length)

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessReceive (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t \*length, uint32\_t timeout)

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

## **Variables**

· static bool winsockInitialized

Boolean flag to keep track if the Winsock library is initialized.

static SOCKET netAccessSocket

The socket that is used as an endpoint for the TCP/IP network communication.

## 7.12.1 Detailed Description

TCP/IP network access source file.

## 7.12.2 Function Documentation

## 7.12.2.1 NetAccessConnect()

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

#### **Parameters**

address	The address of the server. This can be a hostname (such as mydomain.com) or an IP address (such as 127.0.0.1).
port	The port number on the server to connect to.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.12.2.2 NetAccessReceive()

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

### **Parameters**

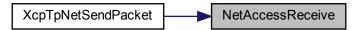
data	Pointer to byte array to store the received data.
length	Holds the max number of bytes that can be stored into the byte array. This function also overwrites this value with the number of bytes that were actually received.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the data reception.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.12.2.3 NetAccessSend()

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

#### **Parameters**

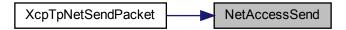
data	Pointer to byte array with data to sen	
length	Number of bytes to send.	

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetSendPacket().

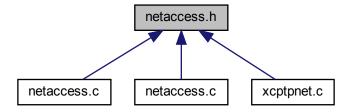
Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.13 netaccess.h File Reference

TCP/IP network access header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

· void NetAccessInit (void)

Initializes the network access module.

void NetAccessTerminate (void)

Terminates the network access module.

bool NetAccessConnect (char const \*address, uint16\_t port)

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

· void NetAccessDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessSend (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t length)

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessReceive (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t \*length, uint32\_t timeout)

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

## 7.13.1 Detailed Description

TCP/IP network access header file.

## 7.13.2 Function Documentation

## 7.13.2.1 NetAccessConnect()

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

#### **Parameters**

address	The address of the server. This can be a hostname (such as mydomain.com) or an IP address (such as 127.0.0.1).
port	The port number on the server to connect to.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.13.2.2 NetAccessReceive()

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array to store the received data.
length	Holds the max number of bytes that can be stored into the byte array. This function also overwrites this value with the number of bytes that were actually received.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the data reception.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.13.2.3 NetAccessSend()

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

#### **Parameters**

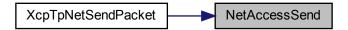
data	Pointer to byte array with data to send.
length	Number of bytes to send.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ XcpTpNetSendPacket().$ 

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.14 openblt.c File Reference

OpenBLT host library source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "openblt.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "firmware.h"
#include "srecparser.h"
#include "srecparser.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpuart.h"
#include "xcptpuart.h"
#include "xcptpusb.h"
#include "xcptpusb.h"
#include "xcptpusb.h"
```

Include dependency graph for openblt.c:



### **Macros**

• #define BLT\_VERSION\_NUMBER (10309u)

The version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example be 10512.

#define BLT\_VERSION\_STRING "1.03.09"

The version number of the library as a null-terminated string.

### **Functions**

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltVersionGetNumber (void)

Obtains the version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example return 10512.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT char const \* BltVersionGetString (void)

Obtains the version number of the library as a null-terminated string. Version 1.05.12 would for example return "1.05.12".

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltSessionInit (uint32\_t sessionType, void const \*sessionSettings, uint32\_← t transportType, void const \*transportSettings)

Initializes the firmware update session for a specific communication protocol and transport layer. This function is typically called once at the start of the firmware update.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltSessionTerminate (void)

Terminates the firmware update session. This function is typically called once at the end of the firmware update.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is were the library attempts to activate and connect with the bootloader running on the target, through the transport layer that was specified during the session's initialization.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltSessionStop (void)

Stops the firmware update session. This is there the library disconnects the transport layer as well.

· LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionClearMemory (uint32 t address, uint32 t len)

Requests the target to erase the specified range of memory on the target. Note that the target automatically aligns this to the erasable memory block sizes. This typically results in more memory being erased than the range that was specified here. Refer to the target implementation for details.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltSessionWriteData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Requests the target to program the specified data to memory. Note that it is the responsibility of the application to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionReadData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t \*data)

Requests the target to upload the specified range from memory and store its contents in the specified data buffer.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltFirmwareInit (uint32 t parserType)

Initializes the firmware data module for a specified firmware file parser.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltFirmwareTerminate (void)

Terminates the firmware data module. Typically called at the end of the program when the firmware data module is no longer needed.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltFirmwareLoadFromFile (char const \*firmwareFile, uint32\_t address← Offset)

Loads firmware data from the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltFirmwareSaveToFile (char const \*firmwareFile)

Writes firmware data to the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount (void)

Obtains the number of firmware data segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint8\_t \* BltFirmwareGetSegment (uint32\_t idx, uint32\_t \*address, uint32\_t \*len)

Obtains the contents of the firmware data segment that was specified by the index parameter.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltFirmwareAddData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltFirmwareRemoveData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltFirmwareClearData (void)

Clears all data and segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint16 t BltUtilCrc16Calculate (uint8 t const \*data, uint32 t len)

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltUtilCrc32Calculate (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t len)

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltUtilTimeDelayMs (uint16\_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

- LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*key)

  Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.
- LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*key)

  Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

#### **Variables**

char const bltVersionString [] = BLT\_VERSION\_STRING
 Constant null-terminated string with the version number of the library.

## 7.14.1 Detailed Description

OpenBLT host library source file.

#### 7.14.2 Function Documentation

### 7.14.2.1 BltFirmwareAddData()

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

#### **Parameters**

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to add.
data	Pointer to array with data bytes that should be added.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.14.2.2 BltFirmwareGetSegment()

Obtains the contents of the firmware data segment that was specified by the index parameter.

#### **Parameters**

idx	The segment index. It should be a value greater or equal to zero and smaller than the value returned by BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount.
address	Pointer to where the segment's base address will be written to.
len	Pointer to where the segment's length will be written to.

#### Returns

Pointer to the segment data if successful, NULL otherwise.

### 7.14.2.3 BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount()

```
\label{libopenblt} \mbox{LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint } \mbox{32\_t BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount (} \\ \mbox{void )}
```

Obtains the number of firmware data segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

## Returns

The total number of segments.

#### 7.14.2.4 BltFirmwareInit()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltFirmwareInit ( uint32_t parserType )
```

Initializes the firmware data module for a specified firmware file parser.

### **Parameters**

parserType	The firmware file parser to use in this module. It should be a BLT_FIRMWARE_PARSER_xxx value.

### 7.14.2.5 BltFirmwareLoadFromFile()

Loads firmware data from the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to load.
addressOffset	Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file. This is
	typically only useful when loading firmware data from a binary formatted firmware file.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.14.2.6 BltFirmwareRemoveData()

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary.

### **Parameters**

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to remove.

### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.14.2.7 BltFirmwareSaveToFile()

Writes firmware data to the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

#### **Parameters**

	firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to write to.	1
--	--------------	--	---

### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.14.2.8 BltSessionClearMemory()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltSessionClearMemory ( uint32_t address, uint32_t len )
```

Requests the target to erase the specified range of memory on the target. Note that the target automatically aligns this to the erasable memory block sizes. This typically results in more memory being erased than the range that was specified here. Refer to the target implementation for details.

#### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.14.2.9 BltSessionInit()

Initializes the firmware update session for a specific communication protocol and transport layer. This function is typically called once at the start of the firmware update.

#### **Parameters**

sessionType	The communication protocol to use for this session. It should be a BLT_SESSION_xxx value.
sessionSettings	Pointer to a structure with communication protocol specific settings.
transportType	The transport layer to use for the specified communication protocol. It should be a BLT_TRANSPORT_xxx value.
transportSettings	Pointer to a structure with transport layer specific settings.

#### 7.14.2.10 BltSessionReadData()

Requests the target to upload the specified range from memory and store its contents in the specified data buffer.

#### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the read operation.
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.14.2.11 BltSessionStart()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltSessionStart ( void )
```

Starts the firmware update session. This is were the library attempts to activate and connect with the bootloader running on the target, through the transport layer that was specified during the session's initialization.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

#### 7.14.2.12 BltSessionWriteData()

Requests the target to program the specified data to memory. Note that it is the responsibility of the application to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

#### **Parameters**

	address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
	len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
ĺ	data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

## 7.14.2.13 BltUtilCrc16Calculate()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint16_t BltUtilCrc16Calculate ( uint8_t const * data, uint32_t len )
```

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data.

#### **Parameters**

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC16 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

### Returns

The 16-bit CRC value.

## 7.14.2.14 BltUtilCrc32Calculate()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilCrc32Calculate ( uint8_t const * data, uint32_t len )
```

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data.

### **Parameters**

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC32 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

### Returns

The 32-bit CRC value.

### 7.14.2.15 BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to decrypt. The decrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to decrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256
	minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit decryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.14.2.16 BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to encrypt. The encrypted bytes are stored in the same array.	
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to encrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256	
	minimal block size.	
key	The 256-bit encryption key as a array of 32 bytes.	

## Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.14.2.17 BltUtilTimeDelayMs()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltUtilTimeDelayMs ( uint16_t delay )
```

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

#### **Parameters**

delay Delay time in milliseconds.

### 7.14.2.18 BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime()

Get the system time in milliseconds.

#### Returns

Time in milliseconds.

## 7.14.2.19 BltVersionGetNumber()

```
\label{libopenblt} \begin{tabular}{ll} LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT & uint32\_t & BltVersionGetNumber \ ( \\ & void & ) \end{tabular}
```

Obtains the version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example return 10512.

### Returns

Library version number as an integer.

### 7.14.2.20 BltVersionGetString()

```
\label{libopenblt} \begin{tabular}{ll} LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT & char const* & BltVersionGetString & ( \\ & void & ) \end{tabular}
```

Obtains the version number of the library as a null-terminated string. Version 1.05.12 would for example return "1.05.12".

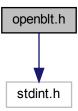
## Returns

Library version number as a null-terminated string.

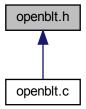
# 7.15 openblt.h File Reference

OpenBLT host library header file.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for openblt.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Data Structures**

- struct tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10
  - Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 session settings.
- struct tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Rs232

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 RS232 transport layer settings. The portName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the filename of the tty-device, such as "/dev/tty0". On Windows based systems it should be the name of the COM-port, such as "COM1".

• struct tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can

struct tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Net

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 NET transport layer settings. The address field can be set to either the IP address or the hostname, such as "192.168.178.23" or "mymicro.mydomain.com". The port should be set to the TCP port number that the bootloader target listens on.

### **Macros**

#define BLT RESULT OK (0u)

Function return value for when everything went okay.

#define BLT RESULT ERROR GENERIC (1u)

Function return value for when a generic error occured.

#define BLT SESSION XCP V10 ((uint32 t)0u)

XCP protocol version 1.0. XCP is a universal measurement and calibration communication protocol. It contains functionality for reading, programming, and erasing (non-volatile) memory making it a good fit for bootloader purposes.

• #define BLT\_TRANSPORT\_XCP\_V10\_RS232 ((uint32\_t)0u)

Transport layer for the XCP v1.0 protocol that uses RS-232 serial communication for data exchange.

• #define BLT\_TRANSPORT\_XCP\_V10\_CAN ((uint32\_t)1u)

Transport layer for the XCP v1.0 protocol that uses Controller Area Network (CAN) for data exchange.

#define BLT\_TRANSPORT\_XCP\_V10\_USB ((uint32\_t)2u)

Transport layer for the XCP v1.0 protocol that uses USB Bulk for data exchange.

#define BLT\_TRANSPORT\_XCP\_V10\_NET ((uint32\_t)3u)

Transport layer for the XCP v1.0 protocol that uses TCP/IP for data exchange.

• #define BLT\_FIRMWARE\_PARSER\_SRECORD ((uint32\_t)0u)

The S-record parser enables writing and reading firmware data to and from file formatted as Motorola S-record. This is a widely known file format and pretty much all microcontroller compiler toolchains included functionality to output or convert the firmware's data as an S-record.

## **Functions**

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltVersionGetNumber (void)

Obtains the version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example return 10512.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT char const \* BltVersionGetString (void)

Obtains the version number of the library as a null-terminated string. Version 1.05.12 would for example return "1.05.12".

 LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltSessionInit (uint32\_t sessionType, void const \*sessionSettings, uint32\_← t transportType, void const \*transportSettings)

Initializes the firmware update session for a specific communication protocol and transport layer. This function is typically called once at the start of the firmware update.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltSessionTerminate (void)

Terminates the firmware update session. This function is typically called once at the end of the firmware update.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is were the library attempts to activate and connect with the bootloader running on the target, through the transport layer that was specified during the session's initialization.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltSessionStop (void)

Stops the firmware update session. This is there the library disconnects the transport layer as well.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltSessionClearMemory (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Requests the target to erase the specified range of memory on the target. Note that the target automatically aligns this to the erasable memory block sizes. This typically results in more memory being erased than the range that was specified here. Refer to the target implementation for details.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltSessionWriteData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Requests the target to program the specified data to memory. Note that it is the responsibility of the application to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionReadData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t \*data)

Requests the target to upload the specified range from memory and store its contents in the specified data buffer.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltFirmwareInit (uint32\_t parserType)

Initializes the firmware data module for a specified firmware file parser.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltFirmwareTerminate (void)

Terminates the firmware data module. Typically called at the end of the program when the firmware data module is no longer needed.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltFirmwareLoadFromFile (char const \*firmwareFile, uint32\_t address

 Offset)

Loads firmware data from the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltFirmwareSaveToFile (char const \*firmwareFile)

Writes firmware data to the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount (void)

Obtains the number of firmware data segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint8 t \* BltFirmwareGetSegment (uint32 t idx, uint32 t \*address, uint32 t \*len)

Obtains the contents of the firmware data segment that was specified by the index parameter.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltFirmwareAddData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltFirmwareRemoveData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len)

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltFirmwareClearData (void)

Clears all data and segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint16\_t BltUtilCrc16Calculate (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t len)

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data.

• LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltUtilCrc32Calculate (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t len)

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT void BltUtilTimeDelayMs (uint16\_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint32\_t BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*key)

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt (uint8 t \*data, uint32 t len, uint8 t const \*key)

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

### 7.15.1 Detailed Description

OpenBLT host library header file.

#### 7.15.2 Function Documentation

### 7.15.2.1 BltFirmwareAddData()

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

#### **Parameters**

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to add.
data	Pointer to array with data bytes that should be added.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.15.2.2 BltFirmwareGetSegment()

Obtains the contents of the firmware data segment that was specified by the index parameter.

## **Parameters**

idx	The segment index. It should be a value greater or equal to zero and smaller than the value reture BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount.	
address	Pointer to where the segment's base address will be written to.	
len	Pointer to where the segment's length will be written to.	

## Returns

Pointer to the segment data if successful, NULL otherwise.

### 7.15.2.3 BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount()

```
\label{libopenblt} \begin{tabular}{ll} LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT & uint 32\_t & BltFirmware GetSegment Count & void & voi
```

Obtains the number of firmware data segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

#### Returns

The total number of segments.

## 7.15.2.4 BltFirmwareInit()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltFirmwareInit ( uint32_t parserType )
```

Initializes the firmware data module for a specified firmware file parser.

#### **Parameters**

parserType	The firmware file parser to use in this module. It should be a BLT_FIRMWARE_PARSER_xxx value.

### 7.15.2.5 BltFirmwareLoadFromFile()

Loads firmware data from the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to load.
addressOffset	Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file. This is
	typically only useful when loading firmware data from a binary formatted firmware file.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.15.2.6 BltFirmwareRemoveData()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareRemoveData ( uint32_t address, uint32_t len )
```

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary.

#### **Parameters**

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to remove.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.15.2.7 BltFirmwareSaveToFile()

Writes firmware data to the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to write to.
--------------	--

### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.15.2.8 BltSessionClearMemory()

Requests the target to erase the specified range of memory on the target. Note that the target automatically aligns this to the erasable memory block sizes. This typically results in more memory being erased than the range that was specified here. Refer to the target implementation for details.

### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

## Returns

BLT RESULT OK if successful, BLT RESULT ERROR xxx otherwise.

### 7.15.2.9 BltSessionInit()

Initializes the firmware update session for a specific communication protocol and transport layer. This function is typically called once at the start of the firmware update.

#### **Parameters**

sessionType	The communication protocol to use for this session. It should be a BLT_SESSION_xxx
	value.
sessionSettings	Pointer to a structure with communication protocol specific settings.
transportType	The transport layer to use for the specified communication protocol. It should be a BLT_TRANSPORT_xxx value.
transportSettings	Pointer to a structure with transport layer specific settings.

### 7.15.2.10 BltSessionReadData()

Requests the target to upload the specified range from memory and store its contents in the specified data buffer.

#### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the read operation.
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.

### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

# 7.15.2.11 BltSessionStart()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltSessionStart ( void )
```

Starts the firmware update session. This is were the library attempts to activate and connect with the bootloader running on the target, through the transport layer that was specified during the session's initialization.

#### Returns

 ${\tt BLT\_RESULT\_OK} \ if \ {\tt successful}, \ {\tt BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx} \ otherwise.$ 

## 7.15.2.12 BltSessionWriteData()

Requests the target to program the specified data to memory. Note that it is the responsibility of the application to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

#### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.15.2.13 BltUtilCrc16Calculate()

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data.

## Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC16 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

### Returns

The 16-bit CRC value.

### 7.15.2.14 BltUtilCrc32Calculate()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilCrc32Calculate ( uint8_t const * data, uint32_t len )
```

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data.

#### **Parameters**

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC32 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

#### Returns

The 32-bit CRC value.

## 7.15.2.15 BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to decrypt. The decrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to decrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256
	minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit decryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.15.2.16 BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to encrypt. The encrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to encrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256
	minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit encryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

#### Returns

BLT\_RESULT\_OK if successful, BLT\_RESULT\_ERROR\_xxx otherwise.

### 7.15.2.17 BltUtilTimeDelayMs()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltUtilTimeDelayMs ( \label{eq:bltDelayMs} \mbox{ uint16\_t } \mbox{ } delay \mbox{ )}
```

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

#### **Parameters**

## 7.15.2.18 BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime (
```

Get the system time in milliseconds.

### Returns

Time in milliseconds.

### 7.15.2.19 BltVersionGetNumber()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltVersionGetNumber ( void )
```

Obtains the version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example return 10512.

### Returns

Library version number as an integer.

### 7.15.2.20 BltVersionGetString()

```
\label{libopenblt} \begin{tabular}{ll} LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT & char const* BltVersionGetString ( \\ & void & ) \end{tabular}
```

Obtains the version number of the library as a null-terminated string. Version 1.05.12 would for example return "1.05.12".

#### Returns

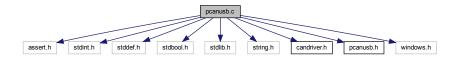
Library version number as a null-terminated string.

# 7.16 pcanusb.c File Reference

Peak PCAN-USB interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "pcanusb.h"
#include <windows.h>
#include "PCANBasic.h"
```

Include dependency graph for pcanusb.c:



### **Macros**

• #define PCANUSB\_BUSOFF\_AUTORECOVERY\_ENABLE (0u)

Configurable to enabled/disable the automatic CAN bus off recovery feature. Testing shows that it is better to leave this disabled. If no connection with the target can be made, the PCAN-USB automatically re-initialized anyway.

## **Functions**

static void PCanUsbInit (tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

static void PCanUsbTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool PCanUsbConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

static void PCanUsbDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool PCanUsbTransmit (tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

• static bool PCanUsbIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

• static void PCanUsbRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static DWORD WINAPI PCanUsbReceptionThread (LPVOID pv)

CAN message reception thread.

static void PCanUsbLibLoadDII (void)

Loads the PCAN-Basic DLL and initializes the API function pointers.

static void PCanUsbLibUnloadDII (void)

Unloads the PCAN-Basic DLL and resets the API function pointers.

static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncInitialize (TPCANHandle Channel, TPCANBaudrate Btr0Btr1, TP-CANType HwType, DWORD IOPort, WORD Interrupt)

Initializes a PCAN Channel.

static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize (TPCANHandle Channel)

Uninitializes a PCAN Channel.

• static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus (TPCANHandle Channel)

Gets the current BUS status of a PCAN Channel.

 static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncSetValue (TPCANHandle Channel, TPCANParameter Parameter, void \*Buffer, DWORD BufferLength)

Sets a configuration or information value within a PCAN Channel.

 static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncRead (TPCANHandle Channel, TPCANMsg \*MessageBuffer, TPCAN-Timestamp \*TimestampBuffer)

Reads a CAN message from the receive queue of a PCAN Channel.

• static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncWrite (TPCANHandle Channel, TPCANMsg \*MessageBuffer)

Transmits a CAN message.

 static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages (TPCANHandle Channel, DWORD FromID, DWORD ToID, TPCANMode Mode)

Configures the reception filter.

tCanInterface const \* PCanUsbGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

#### **Variables**

static const tCanInterface pCanUsbInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Peak PCAN-USB specifics.

static const TPCANHandle pCanUsbChannelLookup []

PCAN-USB channel handle lookup table. The pCanUsbSettings.channel value can be used as the index.

· static tCanSettings pCanUsbSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents \* pCanUsbEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static uint32\_t pCanUsbEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the pCanUsbEventsList list.

static HINSTANCE pCanUsbDllHandle

Handle to the PCAN-Basic dynamic link library.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncInitialize pCanUsbLibFuncInitializePtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic Initialize function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize pCanUsbLibFuncUninitializePtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic Uninitialize function.

• static tPCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus pCanUsbLibFuncGetStatusPtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic GetStatus function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncSetValue pCanUsbLibFuncSetValuePtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic SetValue function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncRead pCanUsbLibFuncReadPtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic Read function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncWrite pCanUsbLibFuncWritePtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic Write function.

• static tPCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages pCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessagesPtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic FilterMessages function.

• static HANDLE pCanUsbTerminateEvent

Handle for the event to terminate the reception thread.

static HANDLE pCanUsbCanEvent

Handle for a CAN related event.

static HANDLE pCanUsbRxThreadHandle

Handle for the CAN reception thread.

# 7.16.1 Detailed Description

Peak PCAN-USB interface source file.

## 7.16.2 Function Documentation

### 7.16.2.1 PCanUsbConnect()

Connects the CAN interface.

### Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

## 7.16.2.2 PCanUsbGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.16.2.3 PCanUsbInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

**Parameters** 

settings	Pointer to the CAN interface settings.
----------	--

## 7.16.2.4 PCanUsblsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

## 7.16.2.5 PCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages()

Configures the reception filter.

#### **Parameters**

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
FromID	The lowest CAN ID wanted to be received.
ToID	The highest CAN ID wanted to be received.
Mode	The type of the filter being set.

#### Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN\_ERROR\_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.16.2.6 PCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus()

Gets the current BUS status of a PCAN Channel.

#### **Parameters**

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.

## Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN\_ERROR\_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbIsBusError().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.16.2.7 PCanUsbLibFuncInitialize()

Initializes a PCAN Channel.

### **Parameters**

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
Btr0Btr1	The speed for the communication (BTR0BTR1 code).
НwТуре	The type of the Non-Plug-and-Play hardware and its operation mode.
IOPort	The I/O address for the parallel port of the Non-Plug-and-Play hardware.
Interrupt	The Interrupt number of the parallel port of the Non-Plug- and-Play hardware.

## Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN\_ERROR\_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.16.2.8 PCanUsbLibFuncRead()

Reads a CAN message from the receive queue of a PCAN Channel.

### **Parameters**

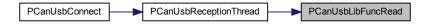
Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
MessageBuffer	A TPCANMsg buffer to store the CAN message.
TimestampBuffer	A TPCANTimestamp buffer to get the reception time of the message.

#### Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN\_ERROR\_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbReceptionThread().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.16.2.9 PCanUsbLibFuncSetValue()

Sets a configuration or information value within a PCAN Channel.

## **Parameters**

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
Parameter	The code of the value to be set .
Buffer	The buffer containing the value to be set.
BufferLength	The length in bytes of the given buffer.

### Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN\_ERROR\_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.16.2.10 PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize()

```
static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize ( {\tt TPCANHandle}\ {\it Channel}\ )\ [{\tt static}]
```

Uninitializes a PCAN Channel.

## **Parameters**

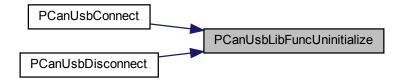
Channel The handle of a l	PCAN Channel.
---------------------------	---------------

## Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN\_ERROR\_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect(), and PCanUsbDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.16.2.11 PCanUsbLibFuncWrite()

Transmits a CAN message.

## **Parameters**

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
MessageBuffer	A TPCANMsg buffer containing the CAN message to be sent.

#### Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN\_ERROR\_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbTransmit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.16.2.12 PCanUsbReceptionThread()

```
static DWORD WINAPI PCanUsbReceptionThread ( {\tt LPVOID}\ pv\ ) \quad [{\tt static}]
```

CAN message reception thread.

## **Parameters**

pv Pointer to thread parameters.

#### Returns

Thread exit code.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.16.2.13 PCanUsbRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

#### **Parameters**

*events* Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

### 7.16.2.14 PCanUsbTransmit()

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

## **Parameters**

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

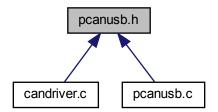
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.17 pcanusb.h File Reference

Peak PCAN-USB interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

• tCanInterface const \* PCanUsbGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

# 7.17.1 Detailed Description

Peak PCAN-USB interface header file.

## 7.17.2 Function Documentation

### 7.17.2.1 PCanUsbGetInterface()

```
tCanInterface const* PCanUsbGetInterface (
void )
```

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.18 serialport.c File Reference

Serial port source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include "serialport.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/serialport.c:



## **Macros**

#define SERIALPORT\_INVALID\_HANDLE (-1)
 Invalid serial port device handle.

## **Functions**

void SerialPortInit (void)

Initializes the serial port module.

void SerialPortTerminate (void)

Terminates the serial port module.

• bool SerialPortOpen (char const \*portname, tSerialPortBaudrate baudrate)

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

void SerialPortClose (void)

Closes the connection with the serial port.

• bool SerialPortWrite (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t length)

Writes data to the serial port.

bool SerialPortRead (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t length)

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

### **Variables**

static int32\_t portHandle

Serial port handle.

• static const speed\_t baudrateLookup []

Lookup table for converting this module's generic baudrate value to a value supported by the low level interface.

# 7.18.1 Detailed Description

Serial port source file.

## 7.18.2 Function Documentation

## 7.18.2.1 SerialPortOpen()

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

### **Parameters**

portname	The name of the serial port to open, i.e. /dev/ttyUSB0.
baudrate	The desired communication speed.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.18.2.2 SerialPortRead()

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

## **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array to store read data.
length	Number of bytes to read.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.18.2.3 SerialPortWrite()

Writes data to the serial port.

## **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes to write.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

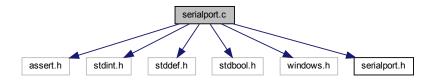


# 7.19 serialport.c File Reference

Serial port source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "serialport.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/serialport.c:



### **Macros**

- #define UART\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE (1024u)
- #define UART\_RX\_BUFFER\_SIZE (1024u)

### **Functions**

static uint32\_t SerialConvertBaudrate (tSerialPortBaudrate baudrate)

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

void SerialPortInit (void)

Initializes the serial port module.

void SerialPortTerminate (void)

Terminates the serial port module.

• bool SerialPortOpen (char const \*portname, tSerialPortBaudrate baudrate)

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

void SerialPortClose (void)

Closes the connection with the serial port.

• bool SerialPortWrite (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t length)

Writes data to the serial port.

bool SerialPortRead (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t length)

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

## **Variables**

• static HANDLE hUart

Serial port handle.

# 7.19.1 Detailed Description

Serial port source file.

## 7.19.2 Macro Definition Documentation

# 7.19.2.1 UART\_RX\_BUFFER\_SIZE

```
#define UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE (1024u)
reception buffer size
```

## 7.19.2.2 UART\_TX\_BUFFER\_SIZE

```
#define UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE (1024u)
```

transmission buffer size

## 7.19.3 Function Documentation

## 7.19.3.1 SerialConvertBaudrate()

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

## **Parameters**

baudrate	The desired communication speed.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SerialPortOpen().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.19.3.2 SerialPortOpen()

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

## Parameters

portname	The name of the serial port to open, i.e. COM4.
baudrate	The desired communication speed.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.19.3.3 SerialPortRead()

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

## **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array to store read data.
length	Number of bytes to read.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.19.3.4 SerialPortWrite()

Writes data to the serial port.

### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes to write.

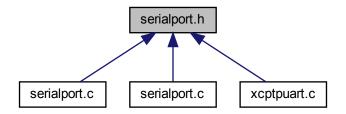
### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.20 serialport.h File Reference

Serial port header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Enumerations**

```
    enum tSerialPortBaudrate {
        SERIALPORT_BR9600 = 0 , SERIALPORT_BR19200 = 1 , SERIALPORT_BR38400 = 2 , SERIALPORT_BR57600
        = 3 ,
        SERIALPORT_BR115200 = 4 }
```

Enumeration of the supported baudrates.

## **Functions**

void SerialPortInit (void)

Initializes the serial port module.

void SerialPortTerminate (void)

Terminates the serial port module.

• bool SerialPortOpen (char const \*portname, tSerialPortBaudrate baudrate)

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

void SerialPortClose (void)

Closes the connection with the serial port.

• bool SerialPortWrite (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t length)

Writes data to the serial port.

bool SerialPortRead (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t length)

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

# 7.20.1 Detailed Description

Serial port header file.

# 7.20.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 7.20.2.1 tSerialPortBaudrate

enum tSerialPortBaudrate

Enumeration of the supported baudrates.

### Enumerator

SERIALPORT_BR9600	9600 bits/sec
SERIALPORT_BR19200	19200 bits/sec
SERIALPORT_BR38400	38400 bits/sec
SERIALPORT_BR57600	57600 bits/sec
SERIALPORT_BR115200	115200 bits/sec

## 7.20.3 Function Documentation

## 7.20.3.1 SerialPortOpen()

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

## **Parameters**

portname	The name of the serial port to open, i.e. /dev/ttyUSB0.
baudrate	The desired communication speed.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

### **Parameters**

portname	The name of the serial port to open, i.e. COM4.
baudrate	The desired communication speed.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.20.3.2 SerialPortRead()

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

## **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array to store read data.
length	Number of bytes to read.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.20.3.3 SerialPortWrite()

Writes data to the serial port.

## **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes to write.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

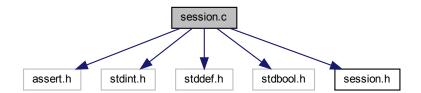


## 7.21 session.c File Reference

Communication session module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "session.h"
```

Include dependency graph for session.c:



## **Functions**

- void SessionInit (tSessionProtocol const \*protocol, void const \*protocolSettings)
  - Initializes the communication session module for the specified protocol.
- void SessionTerminate (void)
  - Terminates the communication session module.
- bool SessionStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

void SessionStop (void)

Stops the firmware update. This is where the bootloader starts the user program on the target if a valid one is present. After this the connection with the target is severed.

• bool SessionClearMemory (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

bool SessionWriteData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

bool SessionReadData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t \*data)

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

## **Variables**

static tSessionProtocol const \* protocolPtr
 Pointer to the communication protocol that is linked.

# 7.21.1 Detailed Description

Communication session module source file.

### 7.21.2 Function Documentation

## 7.21.2.1 SessionClearMemory()

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

### 7.21.2.2 SessionInit()

Initializes the communication session module for the specified protocol.

## **Parameters**

protocol	The session protocol module to link.
protocolSettings	Pointer to structure with protocol specific settings.

### 7.21.2.3 SessionReadData()

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the read operation.
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.21.2.4 SessionStart()

```
bool SessionStart (
     void )
```

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.21.2.5 SessionWriteData()

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

#### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

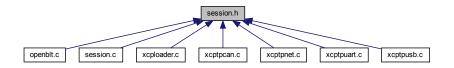
#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.22 session.h File Reference

Communication session module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Data Structures**

struct tSessionProtocol

Session communication protocol interface.

## **Functions**

void SessionInit (tSessionProtocol const \*protocol, void const \*protocolSettings)

Initializes the communication session module for the specified protocol.

void SessionTerminate (void)

Terminates the communication session module.

bool SessionStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

void SessionStop (void)

Stops the firmware update. This is where the bootloader starts the user program on the target if a valid one is present. After this the connection with the target is severed.

• bool SessionClearMemory (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

• bool SessionWriteData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

bool SessionReadData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t \*data)

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

# 7.22.1 Detailed Description

Communication session module header file.

## 7.22.2 Function Documentation

# 7.22.2.1 SessionClearMemory()

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

#### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.22.2.2 SessionInit()

Initializes the communication session module for the specified protocol.

## **Parameters**

protocol	The session protocol module to link.
protocolSettings	Pointer to structure with protocol specific settings.

### 7.22.2.3 SessionReadData()

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

#### **Parameters**

address	address The starting memory address for the read operation.	
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.	
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.	

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.22.2.4 SessionStart()

```
bool SessionStart (
     void )
```

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.22.2.5 SessionWriteData()

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

## **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

#### Generated by Doxygen

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.23 socketcan.c File Reference

Linux SocketCAN interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <net/if.h>
#include <linux/can.h>
#include <linux/can/raw.h>
#include <linux/can/error.h>
#include "util.h"
#include "candriver.h"
#include "socketcan.h"
Include dependency graph for socketcan.c:
```



### **Data Structures**

· struct tSocketCanThreadCtrl

Groups data for thread control.

## **Functions**

static void SocketCanInit (tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initializes the CAN interface. Note that this module assumes that the CAN device was already properly configured and brought online on the Linux system. Terminal command "ip addr" can be used to verify this.

static void SocketCanTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool SocketCanConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface. Note that the channel and baudrate settings are ignored for the SocketCAN, because these are expected to be configured when the CAN device was brought online on the Linux system.

static void SocketCanDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool SocketCanTransmit (tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool SocketCanlsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

static void SocketCanRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static bool SocketCanStartEventThread (void)

Starts the event thread.

static void SocketCanStopEventThread (void)

Stops the event thread. It sets the termination request and then waits for the termination handshake.

static void \* SocketCanEventThread (void \*param)

Event thread that handles the asynchronous reception of data from the CAN interface.

tCanInterface const \* SocketCanGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

### **Variables**

static const tCanInterface socketCanInterface

CAN interface structure filled with SocketCAN specifics.

· static tCanSettings socketCanSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static volatile tCanEvents \* socketCanEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static volatile uint32\_t socketCanEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the socketCanEventsList list.

static volatile bool socketCanErrorDetected

Flag to set in the event thread when either a bus off or bus heavy situation.

static volatile tSocketCanThreadCtrl eventThreadCtrl

Event thread control.

· static pthread\_t eventThreadId

The ID of the event thread.

· static volatile int32\_t canSocket

CAN raw socket.

## 7.23.1 Detailed Description

Linux SocketCAN interface source file.

# 7.23.2 Function Documentation

### 7.23.2.1 SocketCanConnect()

Connects the CAN interface. Note that the channel and baudrate settings are ignored for the SocketCAN, because these are expected to be configured when the CAN device was brought online on the Linux system.

## Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

### 7.23.2.2 SocketCanEventThread()

Event thread that handles the asynchronous reception of data from the CAN interface.

#### **Parameters**

arg Pointer to thread parameters.

### Returns

Thread return value. Not used in this case, so always set to NULL.

Referenced by SocketCanStartEventThread().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.23.2.3 SocketCanGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.23.2.4 SocketCanInit()

Initializes the CAN interface. Note that this module assumes that the CAN device was already properly configured and brought online on the Linux system. Terminal command "ip addr" can be used to verify this.

#### **Parameters**

settings	Pointer to the CAN interface settings.
----------	--

## 7.23.2.5 SocketCanlsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

### 7.23.2.6 SocketCanRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

### **Parameters**

events I	Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.	1
----------	---	---

## 7.23.2.7 SocketCanStartEventThread()

Starts the event thread.

Returns

True if the thread was successfully started, false otherwise.

Referenced by SocketCanConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.23.2.8 SocketCanStopEventThread()

Stops the event thread. It sets the termination request and then waits for the termination handshake.

Returns

None.

Referenced by SocketCanDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.23.2.9 SocketCanTransmit()

```
static bool SocketCanTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~msg~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

## **Parameters**

msg	Pointer to CAN message structure.
-----	-----------------------------------

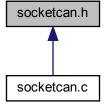
## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.24 socketcan.h File Reference

Linux SocketCAN interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

tCanInterface const \* SocketCanGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

# 7.24.1 Detailed Description

Linux SocketCAN interface header file.

## 7.24.2 Function Documentation

### 7.24.2.1 SocketCanGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

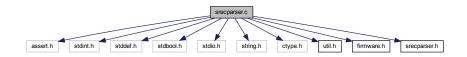


# 7.25 srecparser.c File Reference

Motorola S-record file parser source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include "util.h"
#include "firmware.h"
#include "srecparser.h"
```

Include dependency graph for srecparser.c:



### **Enumerations**

```
    enum tSRecParserLineType {
        SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S0 , SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S1 , SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S2 ,
        SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S3 ,
        SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S7 , SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S8 , SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S9 ,
        SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_UNSUPPORTED }
```

Enumeration for the different supported S-record line types.

#### **Functions**

static bool SRecParserLoadFromFile (char const \*firmwareFile, uint32\_t addressOffset)

Parses the specified firmware file to extract firmware data and adds this data to the firmware data that is currently managed by the firmware data module.

static bool SRecParserVerifyFile (char const \*firmwareFile)

Parses the specified firmware file to verify that the file is a valid S-record file.

• static bool SRecParserSaveToFile (char const \*firmwareFile)

Writes firmware data to the specified file in the correct file format.

static bool SRecParserExtractLineData (char const \*line, uint32\_t \*address, uint32\_t \*len, uint8\_t \*data)

Checks if the specified S-record line is of the type that contains program data. If it does, then the program data and base address are extracted and stored at the function parameter pointers.

static tSRecParserLineType SRecParserGetLineType (char const \*line)

Inspects a line from a Motorola S-Record file to determine its type.

• static bool SRecParserVerifyChecksum (char const \*line)

Inspects an S1, S2 or S3 line from a Motorola S-Record file to determine if the checksum at the end is corrrect.

• static bool SRecParserConstructLine (char \*line, tSRecParserLineType lineType, uint32\_t address, uint8\_t const \*data, uint8\_t dataLen)

Creates a NUL terminated S-record line, given the specified line type, address and data bytes. The checksum at the end of the line is also calculated and added.

static uint8\_t SRecParserHexStringToByte (char const \*hexstring)

Helper function to convert a sequence of 2 characters that represent a hexadecimal value to the actual byte value. Example: SRecParserHexStringToByte("2f") --> returns 47.

tFirmwareParser const \* SRecParserGetParser (void)

Obtains a pointer to the parser structure, so that it can be linked to the firmware data module.

### **Variables**

static const tFirmwareParser srecParser

File parser structure filled with Motorola S-record parsing specifics.

## 7.25.1 Detailed Description

Motorola S-record file parser source file.

### 7.25.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 7.25.2.1 tSRecParserLineType

enum tSRecParserLineType

Enumeration for the different supported S-record line types.

### Enumerator

SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S0	Header record.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S1	16-bit address data record.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S2	24-bit address data record.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S3	32-bit address data record.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S7	32-bit address termination.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S8	24-bit address termination.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S9	16-bit address termination.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_UNSUPPORTED	Unsupported line.

## 7.25.3 Function Documentation

## 7.25.3.1 SRecParserConstructLine()

Creates a NUL terminated S-record line, given the specified line type, address and data bytes. The checksum at the end of the line is also calculated and added.

## **Parameters**

line	Pointer to character array where the string will be stored.
lineType	The type of S-record line to construct.
address	The address to embed into the line after the byte count.
data	Point to byte array with data bytes to add to the line.
dataLen	The number of data bytes present in the data-array.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.25.3.2 SRecParserExtractLineData()

Checks if the specified S-record line is of the type that contains program data. If it does, then the program data and base address are extracted and stored at the function parameter pointers.

### **Parameters**

line	Pointer to the line from an S-record file.
address	Pointer where the start address of the program data is stored.
len	Pointer for storing the number of extracted program data bytes.
data	Pointer to byte array where the extracted program data bytes are stored.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserLoadFromFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.25.3.3 SRecParserGetLineType()

Inspects a line from a Motorola S-Record file to determine its type.

## **Parameters**

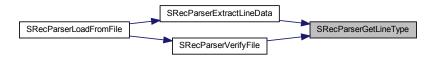
```
line A line from the S-Record.
```

### Returns

The S-Record line type.

Referenced by SRecParserExtractLineData(), and SRecParserVerifyFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.25.3.4 SRecParserGetParser()

Obtains a pointer to the parser structure, so that it can be linked to the firmware data module.

### Returns

Pointer to firmware parser structure.

## 7.25.3.5 SRecParserHexStringToByte()

Helper function to convert a sequence of 2 characters that represent a hexadecimal value to the actual byte value. Example: SRecParserHexStringToByte("2f") --> returns 47.

#### **Parameters**

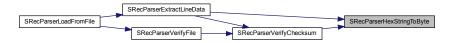
h	exstring	String beginning with 2 characters that represent a hexa- decimal value.	]
---	----------	--	---

### Returns

The resulting byte value.

Referenced by SRecParserExtractLineData(), and SRecParserVerifyChecksum().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.25.3.6 SRecParserLoadFromFile()

Parses the specified firmware file to extract firmware data and adds this data to the firmware data that is currently managed by the firmware data module.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to load.
addressOffset	Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

### 7.25.3.7 SRecParserSaveToFile()

Writes firmware data to the specified file in the correct file format.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to write to.
--------------	--

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.25.3.8 SRecParserVerifyChecksum()

Inspects an S1, S2 or S3 line from a Motorola S-Record file to determine if the checksum at the end is corrrect.

#### **Parameters**

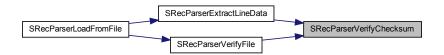
```
line An S1, S2 or S3 line from the S-Record.
```

#### Returns

True if the checksum is correct, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserExtractLineData(), and SRecParserVerifyFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.25.3.9 SRecParserVerifyFile()

Parses the specified firmware file to verify that the file is a valid S-record file.

#### **Parameters**

firmwareFile F	ilename of the firmware file to verify.
----------------	---

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserLoadFromFile().

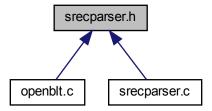
Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.26 srecparser.h File Reference

Motorola S-record file parser header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Functions**

• tFirmwareParser const \* SRecParserGetParser (void)

Obtains a pointer to the parser structure, so that it can be linked to the firmware data module.

# 7.26.1 Detailed Description

Motorola S-record file parser header file.

### 7.26.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.26.2.1 SRecParserGetParser()

Obtains a pointer to the parser structure, so that it can be linked to the firmware data module.

Returns

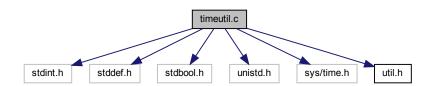
Pointer to firmware parser structure.

# 7.27 timeutil.c File Reference

Time utility source file.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/timeutil.c:



# **Functions**

uint32\_t UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

void UtilTimeDelayMs (uint16\_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

# 7.27.1 Detailed Description

Time utility source file.

# 7.27.2 Function Documentation

# 7.27.2.1 UtilTimeDelayMs()

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

#### **Parameters**

delay	Delay time in milliseconds.
-------	-----------------------------

Referenced by SocketCanStopEventThread().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.27.2.2 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs()

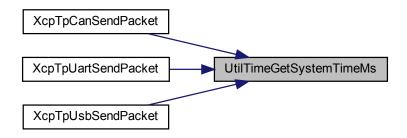
Get the system time in milliseconds.

### Returns

Time in milliseconds.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket(), XcpTpUartSendPacket(), and XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

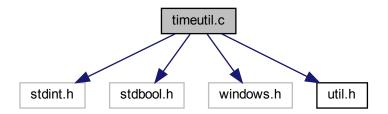


# 7.28 timeutil.c File Reference

Time utility source file.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/timeutil.c:



# **Functions**

uint32\_t UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

void UtilTimeDelayMs (uint16\_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

# 7.28.1 Detailed Description

Time utility source file.

# 7.28.2 Function Documentation

# 7.28.2.1 UtilTimeDelayMs()

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

#### **Parameters**

delay	Delay time in milliseconds.
-------	-----------------------------

#### Returns

none.

### 7.28.2.2 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} uint 32\_t & Util Time Get System Time Ms & ( \\ void & ) \end{tabular}
```

Get the system time in milliseconds.

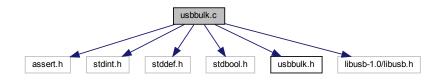
#### Returns

Time in milliseconds.

# 7.29 usbbulk.c File Reference

# USB bulk driver source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "usbbulk.h"
#include #include #include for linux/usbbulk.c:
```



### **Macros**

• #define USBBULK READ DATA BUFFER SIZE (64u)

Size of the internal endpoint read buffer. This should be the same as the size of the buffer size of the endpoint on the USB device itself.

#### **Functions**

· void UsbBulkInit (void)

Initializes the USB bulk driver.

void UsbBulkTerminate (void)

Terminates the USB bulk driver.

bool UsbBulkOpen (void)

Opens the connection with the USB device.

void UsbBulkClose (void)

Closes the connection with the USB device.

• bool UsbBulkWrite (uint8\_t const \*data, uint16\_t length)

Writes data to the USB device.

• bool UsbBulkRead (uint8 t \*data, uint16 t length, uint32 t timeout)

Reads data from the USB device.

### **Variables**

static const uint16 t openBltVendorld = 0x1D50

Vendor ID of the OpenBLT bootloader as assigned by the OpenMoko project.

static const uint16\_t openBltProductId = 0x60AC

Product ID of the OpenBLT bootloader as assigned by the OpenMoko project.

• static libusb context \* libUsbCtx

LibUsb context.

• static libusb device handle \* libUsbDevHandle

LibUsb device handle.

• static uint8 t readDataBuffer [USBBULK READ DATA BUFFER SIZE]

Internal endpoint read buffer. With LibUsb endpoint read operations should always be attempted with the size of the endpoint buffer on the USB device itself.

static uint8\_t readDataPending

Variable that holds the number of bytes that were read from the endpoint, but were not yet retrieved from this module via UsbBulkRead().

static uint8 t readDataCurrentReadIdx

Index into the endpoint read buffer (readDataBuffer[]) that point to the next byte value that should be read.

# 7.29.1 Detailed Description

USB bulk driver source file.

#### 7.29.2 Function Documentation

# 7.29.2.1 UsbBulkOpen()

Opens the connection with the USB device.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.29.2.2 UsbBulkRead()

Reads data from the USB device.

### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array where received data should be stored.
length	Number of bytes to read from the USB device.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the read operation.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.29.2.3 UsbBulkWrite()

Writes data to the USB device.

# **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes in the data array.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

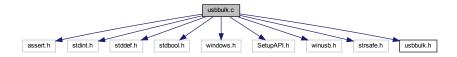


# 7.30 usbbulk.c File Reference

USB bulk driver source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include <SetupAPI.h>
#include <winusb.h>
#include <strsafe.h>
#include "usbbulk.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/usbbulk.c:



### **Data Structures**

struct tBulkUsbDev

Type for grouping together all USB bulk device related data.

#### **Macros**

• #define MAX DEVPATH LENGTH (128)

Max length of the device path.

#define INVALID\_PIPE\_ID (255)

Identifier value of an invalid USB PIPE.

# **Functions**

• static uint8\_t UblOpen (LPCGUID guid)

Opens and configures the connection with the USB bulk device.

• static void UblClose (void)

Closes the connection with the USB bulk device and frees all the related handles.

static uint8\_t UblTransmit (uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_t len)

Starts transmission of the data on the bulk OUT pipe. Because USB bulk transmissions are quick, this function does not use the overlapped functionality, which means the caller is blocked until the transmission completed.

• static uint8\_t UblReceive (uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_t len, uint32\_t timeout)

Starts the asynchronous reception of the data from the bulk IN pipe. This function makes use of the overlapped functionality, which means the calling thread is placed into sleep mode until the reception is complete.

void UsbBulkInit (void)

Initializes the USB bulk driver.

void UsbBulkTerminate (void)

Terminates the USB bulk driver.

bool UsbBulkOpen (void)

Opens the connection with the USB device.

void UsbBulkClose (void)

Closes the connection with the USB device.

• bool UsbBulkWrite (uint8\_t const \*data, uint16\_t length)

Writes data to the USB device.

• bool UsbBulkRead (uint8\_t \*data, uint16\_t length, uint32\_t timeout)

Reads data from the USB device.

• static HANDLE UblOpenDevice (LPCGUID InterfaceGuid)

Opens the USB device and obtains its handle, which is needed to obtain a handle to the WinUSB device.

• static BOOL UblGetDevicePath (LPCGUID InterfaceGuid, PCHAR DevicePath, size\_t BufLen)

Attempts to obtain the path to the WinUSB device, based on its GUID.

# 7.30.1 Detailed Description

USB bulk driver source file.

### 7.30.2 Function Documentation

### 7.30.2.1 UblGetDevicePath()

Attempts to obtain the path to the WinUSB device, based on its GUID.

#### **Parameters**

InterfaceGuid	InterfaceGuid GUID of the device (not its class though).
DevicePath	Pointer to where the path should be stored.
BufLen	Maximum length of the path.

#### Returns

TRUE if the device path was obtained, FALSE otherwise.

Referenced by UblOpenDevice().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.30.2.2 UblOpen()

Opens and configures the connection with the USB bulk device.

### **Parameters**

guid Pointer to GUID of the USB bulk device as found in the driver's INF-file.

#### Returns

UBL\_OKAY if successful, UBL\_ERROR otherwise.

Referenced by UsbBulkOpen().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.30.2.3 UblOpenDevice()

Opens the USB device and obtains its handle, which is needed to obtain a handle to the WinUSB device.

### **Parameters**

#### Returns

The handle to the USB device or NULL.

# 7.30.2.4 UblReceive()

Starts the asynchronous reception of the data from the bulk IN pipe. This function makes use of the overlapped functionality, which means the calling thread is placed into sleep mode until the reception is complete.

#### **Parameters**

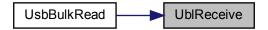
data	Pointer to byte array where the data will be stored.
len	Number of bytes to receive.
timeout	Max time in milliseconds for the read to complete.

#### Returns

UBL\_OKAY if all bytes were received, UBL\_TIMEOUT if a timeout occured, UBL\_ERROR otherwise.

Referenced by UsbBulkRead().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 7.30.2.5 UblTransmit()

Starts transmission of the data on the bulk OUT pipe. Because USB bulk transmissions are quick, this function does not use the overlapped functionality, which means the caller is blocked until the transmission completed.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array with transmit data.
len	Number of bytes to transmit.

#### Returns

UBL\_OKAY if successful, UBL\_ERROR otherwise.

Referenced by UsbBulkWrite().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.30.2.6 UsbBulkOpen()

Opens the connection with the USB device.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

### 7.30.2.7 UsbBulkRead()

Reads data from the USB device.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array where received data should be stored.
length	Number of bytes to read from the USB device.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the read operation.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.30.2.8 UsbBulkWrite()

Writes data to the USB device.

### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes in the data array.

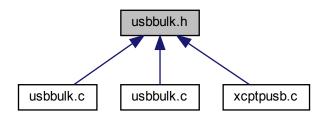
#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.31 usbbulk.h File Reference

USB bulk driver header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



### **Functions**

• void UsbBulkInit (void)

Initializes the USB bulk driver.

void UsbBulkTerminate (void)

Terminates the USB bulk driver.

bool UsbBulkOpen (void)

Opens the connection with the USB device.

void UsbBulkClose (void)

Closes the connection with the USB device.

bool UsbBulkWrite (uint8\_t const \*data, uint16\_t length)

Writes data to the USB device.

• bool UsbBulkRead (uint8 t \*data, uint16 t length, uint32 t timeout)

Reads data from the USB device.

# 7.31.1 Detailed Description

USB bulk driver header file.

#### 7.31.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.31.2.1 UsbBulkOpen()

Opens the connection with the USB device.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.31.2.2 UsbBulkRead()

Reads data from the USB device.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array where received data should be stored.
length	Number of bytes to read from the USB device.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the read operation.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.31.2.3 UsbBulkWrite()

Writes data to the USB device.

# **Parameters**

data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes in the data array.

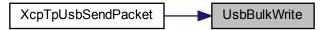
7.32 util.c File Reference 181

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

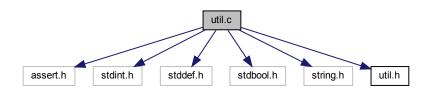


# 7.32 util.c File Reference

Utility module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "util.h"
#include "aes256.h"
```

Include dependency graph for util.c:



### **Functions**

- uint16\_t UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t len)
  - Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.
- uint32 t UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate (uint8 t const \*data, uint32 t len)
  - Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.
- bool UtilFileExtractFilename (char const \*fullFilename, char \*filenameBuffer)
  - Extracts the filename including extention from the specified full filename, which could possible include a path. The function can handle both the backslash and forward slash path delimiter, to make it crossplatform.
- bool UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*key)
  - Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.
- bool UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*key)
  - Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

### **Variables**

• static const uint16\_t utilChecksumCrc16Table [256]

Lookup table for calculating a 16-bit CRC checksum. It was generated using an initial value of 0 and a polynomial of 0x8005.

• static const uint32\_t utilChecksumCrc32Table [256]

Lookup table for calculating a 32-bit CRC checksum. It was generated using an initial value of 0 and a polynomial of 0x04C11DB7.

# 7.32.1 Detailed Description

Utility module source file.

#### 7.32.2 Function Documentation

### 7.32.2.1 UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate()

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

#### **Parameters**

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC16 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

#### Returns

The 16-bit CRC value.

### 7.32.2.2 UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate()

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

7.32 util.c File Reference 183

#### **Parameters**

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC32 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

#### Returns

The 32-bit CRC value.

### 7.32.2.3 UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to decrypt. The decrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to decrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256
	minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit decryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.32.2.4 UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to encrypt. The encrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to encrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256
	minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit encryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.32.2.5 UtilFileExtractFilename()

Extracts the filename including extention from the specified full filename, which could possible include a path. The function can handle both the backslash and forward slash path delimiter, to make it crossplatform.

#### **Parameters**

fullFilename	The filename with path possible included.	]
filenameBuffer	Pointer to the character array where the resulting filename should be stored.	]

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.33 util.h File Reference

Utility module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



7.33 util.h File Reference 185

#### **Functions**

uint16\_t UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t len)

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

• uint32\_t UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate (uint8\_t const \*data, uint32\_t len)

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

• bool UtilFileExtractFilename (char const \*fullFilename, char \*filenameBuffer)

Extracts the filename including extention from the specified full filename, which could possible include a path. The function can handle both the backslash and forward slash path delimiter, to make it crossplatform.

uint32 t UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

void UtilTimeDelayMs (uint16\_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

void UtilCriticalSectionInit (void)

Initializes the critical section module. Should be called before the Enter/Exit functions are used. It is okay to call this initialization multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionTerminate (void)

Terminates the critical section module. Should be called once critical sections are no longer needed. Typically called from another module's termination function that also initialized it. It is okay to call this termination multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionEnter (void)

Enters a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

void UtilCriticalSectionExit (void)

Leaves a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

bool UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*key)

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

bool UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt (uint8\_t \*data, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*key)

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

# 7.33.1 Detailed Description

Utility module header file.

#### 7.33.2 Function Documentation

### 7.33.2.1 UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate()

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

#### **Parameters**

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC16 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

### Returns

The 16-bit CRC value.

# 7.33.2.2 UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate()

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

#### **Parameters**

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC32 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

### Returns

The 32-bit CRC value.

# 7.33.2.3 UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

#### **Parameters**

data Pointer to the byte array with data to decrypt. The decrypted bytes are stored in the same array.		
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to decrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256	
	minimal block size.	
key	The 256-bit decryption key as a array of 32 bytes.	

7.33 util.h File Reference

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.33.2.4 UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

#### **Parameters**

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to encrypt. The encrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to encrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256 minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit encryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.33.2.5 UtilFileExtractFilename()

Extracts the filename including extention from the specified full filename, which could possible include a path. The function can handle both the backslash and forward slash path delimiter, to make it crossplatform.

### **Parameters**

fullFilename	The filename with path possible included.
filenameBuffer	Pointer to the character array where the resulting filename should be stored.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.33.2.6 UtilTimeDelayMs()

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

### **Parameters**

delay	Delay time in milliseconds.
delay	Delay time in milliseconds.

# Returns

none.

 $Referenced\ by\ Socket CanStop Event Thread ().$ 

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.33.2.7 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

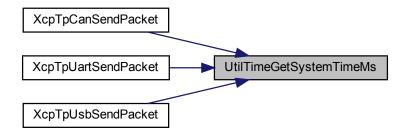
Get the system time in milliseconds.

#### Returns

Time in milliseconds.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket(), XcpTpUartSendPacket(), and XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

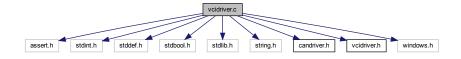


# 7.34 vcidriver.c File Reference

Ixxat VCI driver interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "vcidriver.h"
#include <windows.h>
#include "vcinpl.h"
```

Include dependency graph for vcidriver.c:



# **Functions**

static void IxxatVciInit (tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

• static void IxxatVciTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool IxxatVciConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

static void IxxatVciDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool IxxatVciTransmit (tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool IxxatVcilsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

static void IxxatVciRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static DWORD WINAPI IxxatVciReceptionThread (LPVOID pv)

CAN message reception thread.

• static bool IxxatVciConvertBaudrate (UINT8 \*bBtr0, UINT8 \*bBtr1)

Converts the baudrate enum value to the Ixxat API's BTR0 and BTR1 values.

static void IxxatVciLibLoadDll (void)

Loads the Ixxat VCI DLL and initializes the API function pointers.

· static void IxxatVciLibUnloadDII (void)

Unloads the Ixxat VCI DLL and resets the API function pointers.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceOpen (PHANDLE hEnum)

Opens the list of all fieldbus adapters registered with the VCI.

• static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceClose (HANDLE hEnum)

Closes the device list opened with the function vciEnumDeviceOpen.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceNext (HANDLE hEnum, PVCIDEVICEINFO pInfo)

Determines the description of a fieldbus adapter of the device list and increases the internal list index so that a subsequent call of the function supplies the description to the next adapter.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncVciDeviceOpen (REFVCIID rVciid, PHANDLE phDevice)

Opens the fieldbus adapter with the specified device ID.

• static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncVciDeviceClose (HANDLE hDevice)

Closes an opened fieldbus adapter.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlOpen (HANDLE hDevice, UINT32 dwCanNo, PHANDLE ph
 — CanCtl)

Opens the control unit of a CAN connection on a fieldbus adapter.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlReset (HANDLE hCanCtl)

Resets the controller hardware and resets the message filters of a CAN connection.

• static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlGetCaps (HANDLE hCanCtl, PCANCAPABILITIES pCanCaps)

Determines the features of a CAN connection.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlInitialize (HANDLE hCanCtl, UINT8 bMode, UINT8 bBtr0, UINT8 bBtr1)

Sets the operating mode and bit rate of a CAN connection.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlSetAccFilter (HANDLE hCanCtl, BOOL fExtend, UINT32 dw
 — Code, UINT32 dwMask)

Sets the 11- or 29-bit acceptance filter of a CAN connection.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlStart (HANDLE hCanCtl, BOOL fStart)

Starts or stops the controller of a CAN connection.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlClose (HANDLE hCanCtl)

Closes an opened CAN controller.

 static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelOpen (HANDLE hDevice, UINT32 dwCanNo, BOOL fExclusive, PHANDLE phCanChn)

Opens or creates a message channel for a CAN connection of a fieldbus adapter.

• static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelGetStatus (HANDLE hCanChn, PCANCHANSTATUS pStatus)

Determines the current status of a message channel as well as the current settings and the current status of the controller that is connected to the channel.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelInitialize (HANDLE hCanChn, UINT16 wRxFifoSize, UINT16 wRxThreshold, UINT16 wTxFifoSize, UINT16 wTxThreshold)

Initializes the receive and transmit buffers of a message channel.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelActivate (HANDLE hCanChn, BOOL fEnable)

Activates or deactivates a message channel.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelPostMessage (HANDLE hCanChn, PCANMSG pCanMsg)

Writes a CAN message in the transmit buffer of the specified message channel.

 static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelReadMessage (HANDLE hCanChn, UINT32 dwTimeout, PCANMSG pCanMsg)

Retrieves the next CAN message from the receive FIFO of the specified CAN channel. The function waits for a message to be received from the CAN bus.

static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelClose (HANDLE hCanChn)

Closes an opened message channel.

tCanInterface const \* IxxatVciGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

#### **Variables**

static const tCanInterface ixxatVciInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Ixxat VCI driver specifics.

static tCanSettings ixxatVciSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents \* ixxatVciEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static uint32\_t ixxatVciEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the pCanUsbEventsList list.

static HINSTANCE ixxatVciDIIHandle

Handle to the Ixxat VCI dynamic link library.

static HANDLE ixxatVciTerminateEvent

Handle for the event to terminate the reception thread.

static HANDLE ixxatVciRxThreadHandle

Handle for the CAN reception thread.

static HANDLE ixxatVciDeviceHandle

Handle for the Ixxat device.

static HANDLE ixxatCanControlHandle

Handle for the Ixxat control.

• static HANDLE ixxatCanChannelHandle

Handle for the Ixxat channel.

static PF vciEnumDeviceOpen ixxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceOpenPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat vciEnumDeviceOpen function.

static PF\_vciEnumDeviceClose ixxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceClosePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat vciEnumDeviceClose function.

static PF vciEnumDeviceNext ixxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceNextPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat vciEnumDeviceNext function.

static PF vciDeviceOpen ixxatVciLibFuncVciDeviceOpenPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat vciDeviceOpen function.

static PF\_vciDeviceClose ixxatVciLibFuncVciDeviceClosePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat vciDeviceClose function.

static PF canControlOpen ixxatVciLibFuncCanControlOpenPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canControlOpen function.

static PF\_canControlReset ixxatVciLibFuncCanControlResetPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canControlReset function.

static PF canControlGetCaps ixxatVciLibFuncCanControlGetCapsPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canControlGetCaps function.

static PF\_canControlInitialize ixxatVciLibFuncCanControlInitializePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canControlInitialize function.

static PF canControlSetAccFilter ixxatVciLibFuncCanControlSetAccFilterPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canControlSetAccFilter function.

static PF\_canControlStart ixxatVciLibFuncCanControlStartPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canControlStart function.

static PF\_canControlClose ixxatVciLibFuncCanControlClosePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canControlClose function.

static PF\_canChannelOpen ixxatVciLibFuncCanChannelOpenPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canChannelOpen function.

static PF canChannelGetStatus ixxatVciLibFuncCanChannelGetStatusPtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canChannelGetStatus function.

• static PF\_canChannelInitialize ixxatVciLibFuncCanChannelInitializePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canChannelInitialize function.

• static PF canChannelActivate ixxatVciLibFuncCanChannelActivatePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canChannelActivate function.

static PF\_canChannelPostMessage ixxatVciLibFuncCanChannelPostMessagePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canChannelPostMessage function.

static PF canChannelReadMessage ixxatVciLibFuncCanChannelReadMessagePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canChannelReadMessage function.

static PF canChannelClose ixxatVciLibFuncCanChannelClosePtr

Function pointer to the Ixxat canChannelClose function.

### 7.34.1 Detailed Description

Ixxat VCI driver interface source file.

#### 7.34.2 Function Documentation

### 7.34.2.1 IxxatVciConnect()

Connects the CAN interface.

#### Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

#### 7.34.2.2 IxxatVciConvertBaudrate()

Converts the baudrate enum value to the Ixxat API's BTR0 and BTR1 values.

#### **Parameters**

bBtr0	Storage for the BTR0 setting.
bBtr1	Storage for the BTR1 setting.

#### Returns

True if the baudrate could be converted, false otherwise.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.34.2.3 IxxatVciGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

#### Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.34.2.4 IxxatVciInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

#### **Parameters**

	settings	Pointer to the CAN interface settings.
--	----------	--

# 7.34.2.5 IxxatVcilsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

### Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

# 7.34.2.6 IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelActivate()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelActivate ( {\tt HANDLE}\ hCanChn, {\tt BOOL}\ fEnable\ )\ [static]
```

Activates or deactivates a message channel.

### **Parameters**

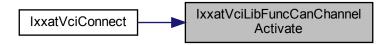
hCanChn	Handle of the opened message channel.
fEnable	With the value TRUE, the function activates the message flow between the CAN controller and the
	message channel, with the value FALSE the function deactivates the message flow.

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.34.2.7 IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelClose()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelClose ( {\tt HANDLE}\ hCanChn\ )\ [{\tt static}]
```

Closes an opened message channel.

#### **Parameters**

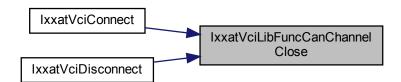
hCanChn	Handle of the message channel to be closed. The specified handle must come from a call of the
	function canChannelOpen.

# Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect(), and IxxatVciDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.34.2.8 IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelGetStatus()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelGetStatus ( {\tt HANDLE}\ hCanChn, {\tt PCANCHANSTATUS}\ pStatus\ )\ [static]
```

Determines the current status of a message channel as well as the current settings and the current status of the controller that is connected to the channel.

#### **Parameters**

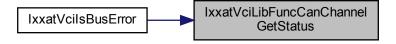
hCanChn	Handle of the opened message channel.
pStatus	Pointer to a structure of type CANCHANSTATUS. If run successfully, the function saves the current status of the channel and controller in the memory area specified here.

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciIsBusError().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.34.2.9 IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelInitialize()

Initializes the receive and transmit buffers of a message channel.

#### **Parameters**

hCanChn	Handle of the opened message channel.
wRxFifoSize	Size of the receive buffer in number of CAN messages.
wRxThreshold	Threshold value for the receive event. The event is triggered when the number of messages in the receive buffer reaches or exceeds the number specified here.
wTxFifoSize	Size of the transmit buffer in number of CAN messages.  Generated by Doxygen
wTxThreshold	Threshold value for the transmit event. The event is triggered when the number of free entries in the transmit buffer reaches or exceeds the number specified here.

### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.34.2.10 IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelOpen()

Opens or creates a message channel for a CAN connection of a fieldbus adapter.

#### **Parameters**

hDevice	Handle of the fieldbus adapter.
dwCanNo	Number of the CAN connection for which a message channel is to be opened. The value 0 selects the first connection, the value 1 the second connection and so on.
fExclusive	Defines whether the connection is used exclusively for the channel to be opened. If the value TRUE is specified here, the CAN connection is used exclusively for the new message channel. With the value FALSE, more than one message channel can be opened for the CAN connection.
phCanChn	Pointer to a variable of type HANDLE. If run successfully, the function returns the handle of the opened CAN message channel in this variable. In the event of an of an error, the variable is set to ZERO.

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.34.2.11 IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelPostMessage()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelPostMessage ( {\tt HANDLE}\ hCanChn, PCANMSG pCanMsg ) [static]
```

Writes a CAN message in the transmit buffer of the specified message channel.

### **Parameters**

hCanChn	Handle of the opened message channel.
pCanMsg	Pointer to an initialized structure of type CANMSG with the CAN message to be transmitted.

### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciTransmit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.34.2.12 IxxatVciLibFuncCanChannelReadMessage()

Retrieves the next CAN message from the receive FIFO of the specified CAN channel. The function waits for a message to be received from the CAN bus.

#### **Parameters**

hCanChn	Handle of the opened message channel.
dwTimeout	Maximum waiting time in milliseconds. The function returns to the caller with the error code VCI_E_TIMEOUT if no message is read or received within the specified time. With the value INFINITE (0xFFFFFFFF), the function waits until a message has been read.
pCanMsg	Pointer to a CANMSG structure where the function stores the retrieved CAN message. If this parameter is set to NULL, the function simply removes the next CAN message from the FIFO.

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful, VCI\_E\_RXQUEUE\_EMPTY if there currently is no CAN message available, VCI\_E 
\_\_TIMEOUT if the time-out interval elapsed without a new CAN message available. Another value indicates a generic error.

Referenced by IxxatVciReceptionThread().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.34.2.13 IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlClose()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlClose ( {\tt HANDLE}\ bCanCtl\ )\ [static]
```

Closes an opened CAN controller.

### **Parameters**

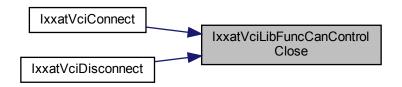
hCanCtl	Handle of the CAN controller to be closed. The specified handle must come from a call of the function
	canControlOpen.

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect(), and IxxatVciDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.14 IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlGetCaps()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlGetCaps ( {\tt HANDLE}\ hCanCtl, PCANCAPABILITIES pCanCaps ) [static]
```

Determines the features of a CAN connection.

#### **Parameters**

hCanCtl	Handle of the opened CAN controller.
pCanCaps	Pointer to a structure of type CANCAPABILITIES. If run successfully, the function saves the
	features of the CAN connection in the memory area specified here.

## Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().



### 7.34.2.15 IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlInitialize()

Sets the operating mode and bit rate of a CAN connection.

#### **Parameters**

hCanCtl	Handle of the opened CAN controller.	
bMode	Operating mode of the CAN controller.	
bBtr0	Value for the bus timing register 0 of the CAN controller. The value corresponds to the BTR0 register of the Philips SJA 1000 CAN controller with a cycle frequency of 16 MHz.	
bBtr1	Value for the bus timing register 1 of the CAN controller. The value corresponds to the BTR1 register of the Philips SJA 1000 CAN controller with a cycle frequency of 16 MHz.	

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.34.2.16 IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlOpen()

Opens the control unit of a CAN connection on a fieldbus adapter.

#### **Parameters**

hDevice	Handle of the fieldbus adapter.
dwCanNo	Number of the CAN connection of the control unit to be opened. The value 0 selects the first connection, the value 1 the second connection and so on.
phCanCtl	Pointer to a variable of type HANDLE. If run successfully, the function returns the handle of the opened CAN controller in this variable. In the event of an error, the variable is set to ZERO.

### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.17 IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlReset()

```
\label{eq:static_hamble} \begin{tabular}{ll} \tt STATIC HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlReset (\\ \tt HANDLE $hCanCtl$) & [static] \end{tabular}
```

Resets the controller hardware and resets the message filters of a CAN connection.

#### **Parameters**

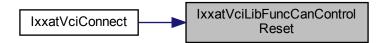
hCanCtl	Handle of the opened CAN controller.
---------	--------------------------------------

### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.18 IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlSetAccFilter()

Sets the 11- or 29-bit acceptance filter of a CAN connection.

#### **Parameters**

hCanCtl	Handle of the opened CAN controller.	
fExtend	Selection of the acceptance filter. The 11-bit acceptance filter is selected with the value FALSE and	
	the 29-bit acceptance filter with the value TRUE.	
dwCode	Bit sample of the identifier(s) to be accepted including RTR-bit.	
dwMask	Bit sample of the relevant bits in dwCode. If a bit has the value 0 in dwMask, the corresponding bit	
	in dwCode is not used for the comparison. If a bit has the value 1, it is relevant for the comparison.	

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().



## 7.34.2.19 IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlStart()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncCanControlStart ( {\tt HANDLE}\ hCanCtl, {\tt BOOL}\ fStart\ )\ [{\tt static}]
```

Starts or stops the controller of a CAN connection.

### **Parameters**

hCanCtl	Handle of the opened CAN controller.
fStart	The value TRUE starts and the value FALSE stops the CAN controller.

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.20 IxxatVciLibFuncVciDeviceClose()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncVciDeviceClose ( {\tt HANDLE}\ \ bDevice\ )\ \ [static]
```

Closes an opened fieldbus adapter.

#### **Parameters**

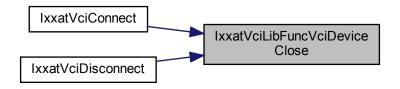
hDevice	Handle of the adapter to be closed. The specified handle must come from a call of one of the functions	
	vciEnumDeviceOpen or vciDeviceOpenDlg.	

## Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect(), and IxxatVciDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.21 IxxatVciLibFuncVciDeviceOpen()

Opens the fieldbus adapter with the specified device ID.

### **Parameters**

rVciid	Device ID of the adapter to be opened.
phDevice	Address of a variable of type HANDLE. If run successfully, the function returns the handle of the
	opened adapter in this variable. In the event of an error, the variable is set to ZERO.

## Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().



#### 7.34.2.22 IxxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceClose()

```
\mbox{static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceClose (} \\ \mbox{HANDLE $hEnum$ ) [static]}
```

Closes the device list opened with the function vciEnumDeviceOpen.

#### **Parameters**

hEnum	Handle of the device list to be closed.
-------	---

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.23 IxxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceNext()

```
static HRESULT IxxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceNext ( {\tt HANDLE~hEnum,} {\tt PVCIDEVICEINFO~pInfo~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Determines the description of a fieldbus adapter of the device list and increases the internal list index so that a subsequent call of the function supplies the description to the next adapter.

### **Parameters**

hEnum	Handle to the opened device list.	
pInfo	Address of a data structure of type VCIDEVICEINFO. If run successfully, the function saves information on the adapter in the memory area specified here.	

#### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful, VCI\_E\_NO\_MORE\_ITEMS if the list does not contain any more entries, otherwise an error occurred.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.24 IxxatVciLibFuncVciEnumDeviceOpen()

Opens the list of all fieldbus adapters registered with the VCI.

#### **Parameters**

hEnur	Address of a variable of type HANDLE. If run successfully, the function returns the handle of the
	opened device list in this variable. In the case of an error, the variable is set to ZERO.

### Returns

VCI\_OK if successful.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.25 IxxatVciReceptionThread()

CAN message reception thread.

#### **Parameters**

pv Pointer to thread parameters.

## Returns

Thread exit code.

Referenced by IxxatVciConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.34.2.26 IxxatVciRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

## **Parameters**

events Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

### 7.34.2.27 IxxatVciTransmit()

```
static bool IxxatVciTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~msg~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

### **Parameters**

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

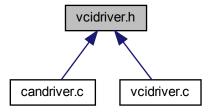
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.35 vcidriver.h File Reference

Ixxat VCI driver interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Functions**

• tCanInterface const \* IxxatVciGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

## 7.35.1 Detailed Description

Ixxat VCI driver interface header file.

## 7.35.2 Function Documentation

### 7.35.2.1 IxxatVciGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.36 xcploader.c File Reference

XCP Loader module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcpprotect.h"
```

Include dependency graph for xcploader.c:



#### **Macros**

- #define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_CONNECT (0xFFu)
- #define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_GET\_STATUS (0xFDu)
- #define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_GET\_SEED (0xF8u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD UNLOCK (0xF7u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD SET MTA (0xF6u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD UPLOAD (0xF5u)
- #define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM\_START (0xD2u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD PROGRAM CLEAR (0xD1u)
- #define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM (0xD0u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD PROGRAM RESET (0xCFu)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD PROGRAM MAX (0xC9u)
- #define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PID\_RES (0xFFu)
- #define XCPLOADER\_CONNECT\_RETRIES (5u)

Number of retries to connect to the XCP slave.

#### **Functions**

static void XcpLoaderInit (void const \*settings)

Initializes the protocol module.

static void XcpLoaderTerminate (void)

Terminates the protocol module.

static bool XcpLoaderStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

static void XcpLoaderStop (void)

Stops the firmware update. This is where the bootloader starts the user program on the target if a valid one is present. After this the connection with the target is severed.

static bool XcpLoaderClearMemory (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len)

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

static bool XcpLoaderWriteData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t const \*data)

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

• static bool XcpLoaderReadData (uint32\_t address, uint32\_t len, uint8\_t \*data)

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

• static void XcpLoaderSetOrderedLong (uint32\_t value, uint8\_t \*data)

Stores a 32-bit value into a byte buffer taking into account Intel or Motorola byte ordering.

static uint16\_t XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord (uint8\_t const \*data)

Obtains a 16-bit value from a byte buffer taking into account Intel or Motorola byte ordering.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect (void)

Sends the XCP Connect command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus (uint8\_t \*session, uint8\_t \*protectedResources, uint16\_t \*config←
 Id)

Sends the XCP Get Status command. Note that it is okay to specify a NULL value for the parameters if you are not interested in a particular one.

- static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed (uint8\_t resource, uint8\_t mode, uint8\_t \*seed, uint8\_t \*seedLen)
  - Sends the XCP Get Seed command.
- static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdUnlock (uint8\_t const \*key, uint8\_t keyLen, uint8\_t \*protectedResources)

Sends the XCP Unlock command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta (uint32\_t address)

Sends the XCP Set MTA command.

• static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload (uint8\_t \*data, uint8\_t length)

Sends the XCP UPLOAD command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart (void)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM START command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset (void)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM RESET command. Note that this command is a bit different as in it does not require a response.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram (uint8\_t length, uint8\_t const \*data)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax (uint8\_t const \*data)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM MAX command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear (uint32\_t length)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM CLEAR command.

tSessionProtocol const \* XcpLoaderGetProtocol (void)

Obtains a pointer to the protocol structure, so that it can be linked to the communication session module.

#### **Variables**

· static const tSessionProtocol xcpLoader

Protocol structure filled with XCP loader specifics.

static tXcpLoaderSettings xcpSettings

The settings that should be used by the XCP loader.

· static bool xcpConnected

Flag to keep track of the connection status.

• static bool xcpSlaveIsIntel

Store the byte ordering of the XCP slave.

static uint8 t xcpMaxCto

The max number of bytes in the command transmit object (master->slave).

static uint8\_t xcpMaxProgCto

The max number of bytes in the command transmit object (master->slave) during a programming session.

static uint16 t xcpMaxDto

The max number of bytes in the data transmit object (slave-> master).

### 7.36.1 Detailed Description

XCP Loader module source file.

### 7.36.2 Macro Definition Documentation

## 7.36.2.1 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_CONNECT

#define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_CONNECT (0xFFu)

XCP connect command code.

### 7.36.2.2 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_GET\_SEED

#define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_GET\_SEED (0xF8u)

XCP get seed command code.

### 7.36.2.3 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_GET\_STATUS

#define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_GET\_STATUS (0xFDu)

XCP get status command code.

### 7.36.2.4 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PID\_RES

#define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PID\_RES (0xFFu)

positive response

#### 7.36.2.5 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM

#define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM (0xD0u)

XCP program command code.

### 7.36.2.6 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM\_CLEAR

#define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM\_CLEAR (0xD1u)

XCP program clear command code.

## 7.36.2.7 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM\_MAX

#define XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM\_MAX (0xC9u)

XCP program max command code.

### 7.36.2.8 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM\_RESET

```
#define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_RESET (0xCFu)
```

XCP program reset command code.

## 7.36.2.9 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_PROGRAM\_START

```
#define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_START (0xD2u)
```

XCP program start command code.

## 7.36.2.10 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_SET\_MTA

```
#define XCPLOADER_CMD_SET_MTA (0xF6u)
```

XCP set mta command code.

## 7.36.2.11 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_UNLOCK

```
#define XCPLOADER_CMD_UNLOCK (0xF7u)
```

XCP unlock command code.

### 7.36.2.12 XCPLOADER\_CMD\_UPLOAD

```
#define XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD (0xF5u)
```

XCP upload command code.

## 7.36.3 Function Documentation

### 7.36.3.1 XcpLoaderClearMemory()

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

#### **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.36.3.2 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord()

Obtains a 16-bit value from a byte buffer taking into account Intel or Motorola byte ordering.

#### **Parameters**

ord value stored as bytes.
----------------------------

### Returns

The 16-bit value.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.36.3.3 XcpLoaderGetProtocol()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} tSession Protocol & const* XcpLoader Get Protocol & \\ void & ) \end{tabular}
```

Obtains a pointer to the protocol structure, so that it can be linked to the communication session module.

#### Returns

Pointer to protocol structure.

## 7.36.3.4 XcpLoaderInit()

Initializes the protocol module.

### **Parameters**

settings	Pointer to the structure with protocol settings.
----------	--

### 7.36.3.5 XcpLoaderReadData()

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

#### **Parameters**

address The starting memory address for the read operation.	
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.36.3.6 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect()

Sends the XCP Connect command.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.36.3.7 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed()

Sends the XCP Get Seed command.

### **Parameters**

resource The resource to unlock (XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_x	
mode	0 for the first part of the seed, 1 for the remaining part.
seed Pointer to byte array where the received seed is stored.	
seedLen	Length of the seed in bytes.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().



#### 7.36.3.8 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus()

Sends the XCP Get Status command. Note that it is okay to specify a NULL value for the parameters if you are not interested in a particular one.

### **Parameters**

session	Current session status.
protectedResources	Current resource protection status.
configld	Session configuration identifier.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.36.3.9 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram()

Sends the XCP PROGRAM command.

### **Parameters**

length	Number of bytes in the data array to program.
data	Array with data bytes to program.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStop(), and XcpLoaderWriteData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.36.3.10 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear()

Sends the XCP PROGRAM CLEAR command.

### **Parameters**

length	Number of elements to clear starting at the MTA address.
--------	--

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderClearMemory().



### 7.36.3.11 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax()

```
static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax ( \mbox{uint8\_t const } * \mbox{ } \mbox{data } \mbox{)} \mbox{ [static]}
```

Sends the XCP PROGRAM MAX command.

**Parameters** 

data Array with data bytes to program.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderWriteData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.36.3.12 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset()

Sends the XCP PROGRAM RESET command. Note that this command is a bit different as in it does not require a response.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStop().



## 7.36.3.13 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart()

Sends the XCP PROGRAM START command.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.36.3.14 XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta()

Sends the XCP Set MTA command.

## **Parameters**

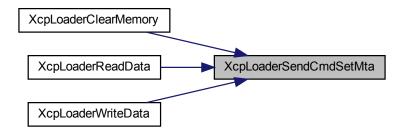
address New MTA address for the slave.

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderClearMemory(), XcpLoaderReadData(), and XcpLoaderWriteData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.36.3.15 XcpLoaderSendCmdUnlock()

Sends the XCP Unlock command.

#### **Parameters**

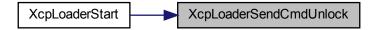
key	Pointer to a byte array containing the key.
keyLen	The length of the key in bytes.
protectedResources	Current resource protection status.

## Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.36.3.16 XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload()

Sends the XCP UPLOAD command.

#### **Parameters**

data	Destination data buffer.
length	Number of bytes to upload.

#### Returns

SB\_TRUE is successfull, SB\_FALSE otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderReadData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.36.3.17 XcpLoaderSetOrderedLong()

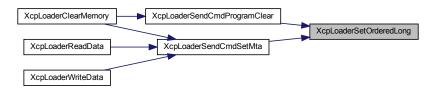
Stores a 32-bit value into a byte buffer taking into account Intel or Motorola byte ordering.

#### **Parameters**

value	The 32-bit value to store in the buffer.
data	Array to the buffer for storage.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear(), and XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.36.3.18 XcpLoaderStart()

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.36.3.19 XcpLoaderWriteData()

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

## **Parameters**

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

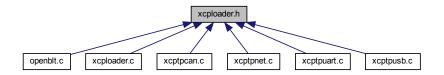
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.37 xcploader.h File Reference

XCP Loader module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Data Structures**

- struct tXcpTransportPacket
  - XCP transport layer packet type.
- struct tXcpTransport
  - XCP transport layer.
- · struct tXcpLoaderSettings

XCP protocol specific settings.

### **Macros**

• #define XCPLOADER\_PACKET\_SIZE\_MAX (255u)

Total number of bytes in a master<->slave data packet. It should be at least equal or larger than that configured on the slave.

#### **Functions**

tSessionProtocol const \* XcpLoaderGetProtocol (void)

Obtains a pointer to the protocol structure, so that it can be linked to the communication session module.

## 7.37.1 Detailed Description

XCP Loader module header file.

#### 7.37.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.37.2.1 XcpLoaderGetProtocol()

Obtains a pointer to the protocol structure, so that it can be linked to the communication session module.

Returns

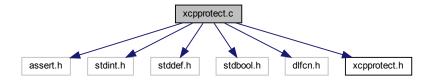
Pointer to protocol structure.

# 7.38 xcpprotect.c File Reference

XCP Protection module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <dlfcn.h>
#include "xcpprotect.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/xcpprotect.c:



#### **Functions**

void XcpProtectInit (char const \*seedKeyFile)

Initializes the XCP protection module.

void XcpProtectTerminate (void)

Terminates the XCP protection module.

bool XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed (uint8\_t resource, uint8\_t seedLen, uint8\_t const \*seedPtr, uint8\_t \*keyLenPtr, uint8\_t \*keyPtr)

Computes the key for the requested resource.

bool XcpProtectGetPrivileges (uint8 t \*resourcePtr)

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

#### **Variables**

• static void \* seedNKeyLibraryHandle

Handle to the dynamically loaded seed and key shared library. It can also be used as a flag to determine if the shared library was specified and success- fully loaded.

static tXcpProtectLibComputeKey xcpProtectLibComputeKey

Function pointer to the XCP ComputeKeyFromSeed shared library function.

static tXcpProtectLibGetPrivileges xcpProtectLibGetPrivileges

Function pointer to the XCP\_GetAvailablePrivileges shared library function.

## 7.38.1 Detailed Description

XCP Protection module source file.

### 7.38.2 Function Documentation

## 7.38.2.1 XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()

Computes the key for the requested resource.

#### **Parameters**

resource	resource for which the unlock key is requested
seedLen	length of the seed
seedPtr	pointer to the seed data
keyLenPtr	pointer where to store the key length
keyPtr	pointer where to store the key data

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().



## 7.38.2.2 XcpProtectGetPrivileges()

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

### **Parameters**

resourcePtr	pointer where to store the supported resources for the key computation.
-------------	---

#### Returns

XCP\_RESULT\_OK on success, otherwise XCP\_RESULT\_ERROR.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.38.2.3 XcpProtectInit()

Initializes the XCP protection module.

#### **Parameters**

seedKeyFile	Filename of the seed and key shared library that contains the following functions:
	XCP_ComputeKeyFromSeed()
	XCP_GetAvailablePrivileges()

Referenced by XcpLoaderInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

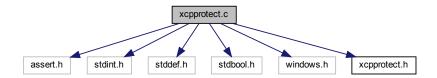


# 7.39 xcpprotect.c File Reference

XCP Protection module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "xcpprotect.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/xcpprotect.c:



#### **Functions**

- void XcpProtectInit (char const \*seedKeyFile)
  - Initializes the XCP protection module.
- void XcpProtectTerminate (void)
  - Terminates the XCP protection module.
- bool XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed (uint8\_t resource, uint8\_t seedLen, uint8\_t const \*seedPtr, uint8\_t \*keyLenPtr, uint8\_t \*keyPtr)
  - Computes the key for the requested resource.
- bool XcpProtectGetPrivileges (uint8\_t \*resourcePtr)

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

### **Variables**

- static HINSTANCE seedNKeyLibraryHandle
  - Handle to the dynamically loaded seed and key shared library. It can also be used as a flag to determine if the shared library was specified and success- fully loaded.
- static tXcpProtectLibComputeKey xcpProtectLibComputeKey
  - Function pointer to the XCP\_ComputeKeyFromSeed shared library function.
- static tXcpProtectLibGetPrivileges xcpProtectLibGetPrivileges
  - Function pointer to the XCP\_GetAvailablePrivileges shared library function.

## 7.39.1 Detailed Description

XCP Protection module source file.

### 7.39.2 Function Documentation

## 7.39.2.1 XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()

Computes the key for the requested resource.

#### **Parameters**

resource	resource for which the unlock key is requested
seedLen	length of the seed
seedPtr	pointer to the seed data
keyLenPtr	pointer where to store the key length
keyPtr	pointer where to store the key data

### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

## 7.39.2.2 XcpProtectGetPrivileges()

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

#### **Parameters**

#### Returns

XCP\_RESULT\_OK on success, otherwise XCP\_RESULT\_ERROR.

## 7.39.2.3 XcpProtectInit()

Initializes the XCP protection module.

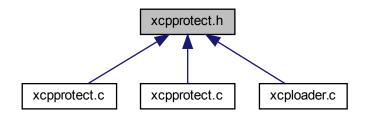
#### **Parameters**

dKeyFile Filename of the seed and key shared library that contains the following functions:
XCP_ComputeKeyFromSeed()
XCP_GetAvailablePrivileges()
XOP_GetAvailablePrivileges()

# 7.40 xcpprotect.h File Reference

XCP Protection module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



## **Macros**

- #define XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_PGM (0x10u)
- #define XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_STIM (0x08u)
- #define XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_DAQ (0x04u)
- #define XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_CALPAG (0x01u)

### **Functions**

void XcpProtectInit (char const \*seedKeyFile)

Initializes the XCP protection module.

void XcpProtectTerminate (void)

Terminates the XCP protection module.

bool XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed (uint8\_t resource, uint8\_t seedLen, uint8\_t const \*seedPtr, uint8\_t \*keyLenPtr, uint8\_t \*keyPtr)

Computes the key for the requested resource.

bool XcpProtectGetPrivileges (uint8\_t \*resourcePtr)

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

## 7.40.1 Detailed Description

XCP Protection module header file.

### 7.40.2 Macro Definition Documentation

### 7.40.2.1 XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_CALPAG

#define XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_CALPAG (0x01u)

CALibration and PAGing resource.

## 7.40.2.2 XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_DAQ

#define XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_DAQ (0x04u)

Data AcQuisition resource.

#### 7.40.2.3 XCPPROTECT RESOURCE PGM

#define XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_PGM (0x10u)

ProGraMing resource.

### 7.40.2.4 XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_STIM

#define XCPPROTECT\_RESOURCE\_STIM (0x08u)

data STIMulation resource.

## 7.40.3 Function Documentation

## 7.40.3.1 XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()

Computes the key for the requested resource.

#### **Parameters**

resource	resource for which the unlock key is requested
seedLen	length of the seed
seedPtr	pointer to the seed data
keyLenPtr	pointer where to store the key length
keyPtr	pointer where to store the key data

#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



### 7.40.3.2 XcpProtectGetPrivileges()

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

### **Parameters**

pinter where to store the supported resources for the key computation.
oir

### Returns

 ${\sf XCP\_RESULT\_OK} \ on \ success, \ otherwise \ {\sf XCP\_RESULT\_ERROR}.$ 

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



## 7.40.3.3 XcpProtectInit()

Initializes the XCP protection module.

## **Parameters**

seedKeyFile	Filename of the seed and key shared library that contains the following functions:
	XCP_ComputeKeyFromSeed()
	XCP_GetAvailablePrivileges()

Referenced by XcpLoaderInit().

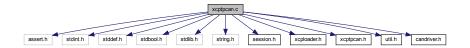


# 7.41 xcptpcan.c File Reference

XCP CAN transport layer source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for xcptpcan.c:



#### **Functions**

static void XcpTpCanInit (void const \*settings)

Initializes the transport layer.

static void XcpTpCanTerminate (void)

Terminates the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpCanConnect (void)

Connects to the transport layer.

static void XcpTpCanDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpCanSendPacket (tXcpTransportPacket const \*txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket \*rxPacket, uint16\_t timeout)

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

static void XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted (tCanMsg const \*msg)

CAN driver event callback function that gets called each time a CAN message was transmitted.

• static void XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived (tCanMsg const \*msg)

CAN driver event callback function that gets called each time a CAN message was received.

tXcpTransport const \* XcpTpCanGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

#### **Variables**

static const tXcpTransport canTransport

XCP transport layer structure filled with CAN specifics.

· static const tCanEvents canEvents

CAN driver event functions.

static tXcpTpCanSettings tpCanSettings

The settings to use in this transport layer.

static volatile bool tpCanResponseMessageReceived

Flag to indicate that a response packet was received via CAN. Made volatile because it is shared with an event callback function that could be called from a different thread.

static volatile tCanMsg tpCanResponseMessage

Buffer for storing the CAN message with response packet data. Made volatile because it is shared with an event callback function that could be called from a different thread.

# 7.41.1 Detailed Description

XCP CAN transport layer source file.

# 7.41.2 Function Documentation

# 7.41.2.1 XcpTpCanConnect()

Connects to the transport layer.

Returns

True is connected, false otherwise.

#### 7.41.2.2 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived()

```
static void XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~msg~)~[static]}
```

CAN driver event callback function that gets called each time a CAN message was received.

#### **Parameters**

msg Pointer to the received CAN message.

#### 7.41.2.3 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted()

```
\verb|static void XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted| (
```

```
tCanMsg const * msg ) [static]
```

CAN driver event callback function that gets called each time a CAN message was transmitted.

#### **Parameters**

```
msg Pointer to the transmitted CAN message.
```

# 7.41.2.4 XcpTpCanGetTransport()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} tXcpTransport & const* XcpTpCanGetTransport & \\ & void & ) \end{tabular}
```

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

#### Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

# 7.41.2.5 XcpTpCanInit()

Initializes the transport layer.

#### **Parameters**

settings	Pointer to settings structure.
----------	--------------------------------

#### Returns

None.

#### 7.41.2.6 XcpTpCanSendPacket()

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

#### **Parameters**

txPacket	Pointer to the packet to transmit.
rxPacket	Pointer where the received packet info is stored.
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds to wait for the reception of the response packet.

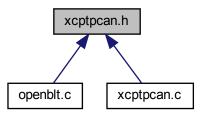
#### Returns

True is successful and a response packet was received, false otherwise.

# 7.42 xcptpcan.h File Reference

XCP CAN transport layer header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Data Structures**

struct tXcpTpCanSettings

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for CAN.

#### **Functions**

tXcpTransport const \* XcpTpCanGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

# 7.42.1 Detailed Description

XCP CAN transport layer header file.

#### 7.42.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.42.2.1 XcpTpCanGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

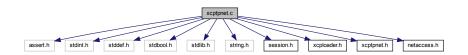
Pointer to transport layer structure.

# 7.43 xcptpnet.c File Reference

XCP TCP/IP transport layer source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpnet.h"
#include "netaccess.h"
```

Include dependency graph for xcptpnet.c:



# **Functions**

static void XcpTpNetInit (void const \*settings)

Initializes the transport layer.

static void XcpTpNetTerminate (void)

Terminates the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpNetConnect (void)

Connects to the transport layer.

static void XcpTpNetDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpNetSendPacket (tXcpTransportPacket const \*txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket \*rxPacket, uint16\_t timeout)

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

tXcpTransport const \* XcpTpNetGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

#### **Variables**

static const tXcpTransport netTransport

XCP transport layer structure filled with TCP/IP specifics.

static tXcpTpNetSettings tpNetSettings

The settings to use in this transport layer.

static uint32 t tpNetCroCounter

Command receive object (CRO) counter. This counter starts at 1 with each new connection and is sent with each command packet. The counter gets incremented for each command packet, allowing the server to determine the correct order for the received commands.

# 7.43.1 Detailed Description

XCP TCP/IP transport layer source file.

#### 7.43.2 Function Documentation

# 7.43.2.1 XcpTpNetConnect()

Connects to the transport layer.

Returns

True is connected, false otherwise.

#### 7.43.2.2 XcpTpNetGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

#### 7.43.2.3 XcpTpNetInit()

Initializes the transport layer.

#### **Parameters**

settings   Pointer to settings struc	ture.
--------------------------------------	-------

#### Returns

None.

#### 7.43.2.4 XcpTpNetSendPacket()

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

#### **Parameters**

txPacket	Pointer to the packet to transmit.
rxPacket	Pointer where the received packet info is stored.
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds to wait for the reception of the response packet.

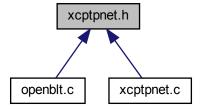
# Returns

True is successful and a response packet was received, false otherwise.

# 7.44 xcptpnet.h File Reference

XCP TCP/IP transport layer header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Data Structures**

struct tXcpTpNetSettings

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for TCP/IP.

#### **Functions**

tXcpTransport const \* XcpTpNetGetTransport (void)
 Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

# 7.44.1 Detailed Description

XCP TCP/IP transport layer header file.

#### 7.44.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.44.2.1 XcpTpNetGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

# 7.45 xcptpuart.c File Reference

XCP UART transport layer source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpuart.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "serialport.h"
Include dependency graph for xcptpuart.c:
```



#### **Functions**

static void XcpTpUartInit (void const \*settings)

Initializes the transport layer.

static void XcpTpUartTerminate (void)

Terminates the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpUartConnect (void)

Connects to the transport layer.

static void XcpTpUartDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpUartSendPacket (tXcpTransportPacket const \*txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket \*rxPacket, uint16\_t timeout)

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout

tXcpTransport const \* XcpTpUartGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

#### **Variables**

static const tXcpTransport uartTransport

XCP transport layer structure filled with UART specifics.

static tXcpTpUartSettings tpUartSettings

The settings to use in this transport layer.

# 7.45.1 Detailed Description

XCP UART transport layer source file.

#### 7.45.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.45.2.1 XcpTpUartConnect()

Connects to the transport layer.

#### Returns

True is connected, false otherwise.

#### 7.45.2.2 XcpTpUartGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

#### 7.45.2.3 XcpTpUartInit()

Initializes the transport layer.

#### **Parameters**

settings	Pointer to settings structure.
----------	--------------------------------

Returns

None.

#### 7.45.2.4 XcpTpUartSendPacket()

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

#### **Parameters**

txPacket	Pointer to the packet to transmit.
rxPacket	Pointer where the received packet info is stored.
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds to wait for the reception of the response packet.

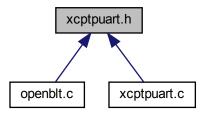
#### Returns

True is successful and a response packet was received, false otherwise.

# 7.46 xcptpuart.h File Reference

XCP UART transport layer header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Data Structures**

struct tXcpTpUartSettings

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for UART.

# **Functions**

tXcpTransport const \* XcpTpUartGetTransport (void)
 Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

# 7.46.1 Detailed Description

XCP UART transport layer header file.

# 7.46.2 Function Documentation

# 7.46.2.1 XcpTpUartGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

#### Returns

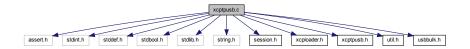
Pointer to transport layer structure.

# 7.47 xcptpusb.c File Reference

XCP USB transport layer source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpusb.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "usbbulk.h"
```

Include dependency graph for xcptpusb.c:



#### **Functions**

static void XcpTpUsbInit (void const \*settings)

Initializes the transport layer.

static void XcpTpUsbTerminate (void)

Terminates the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpUsbConnect (void)

Connects to the transport layer.

static void XcpTpUsbDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpUsbSendPacket (tXcpTransportPacket const \*txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket \*rxPacket, uint16\_t timeout)

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

tXcpTransport const \* XcpTpUsbGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

#### **Variables**

static const tXcpTransport usbTransport

XCP transport layer structure filled with USB specifics.

# 7.47.1 Detailed Description

XCP USB transport layer source file.

# 7.47.2 Function Documentation

# 7.47.2.1 XcpTpUsbConnect()

Connects to the transport layer.

Returns

True is connected, false otherwise.

# 7.47.2.2 XcpTpUsbGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

# 7.47.2.3 XcpTpUsbInit()

Initializes the transport layer.

**Parameters** 

settings Pointer to settings structure.

Returns

None.

#### 7.47.2.4 XcpTpUsbSendPacket()

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

#### **Parameters**

txPacket	Pointer to the packet to transmit.
rxPacket Pointer where the received packet info is stored.	
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds to wait for the reception of the response packet.

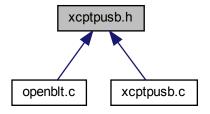
#### Returns

True is successful and a response packet was received, false otherwise.

# 7.48 xcptpusb.h File Reference

XCP USB transport layer header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



#### **Functions**

tXcpTransport const \* XcpTpUsbGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

# 7.48.1 Detailed Description

XCP USB transport layer header file.

#### 7.48.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.48.2.1 XcpTpUsbGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

#### Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

# 7.49 xldriver.c File Reference

Vector XL driver interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "xldriver.h"
#include <windows.h>
#include <vxlapi.h>
```

Include dependency graph for xldriver.c:



# **Macros**

#define VECTOR\_XL\_RX\_QUEUE\_SIZE (4096u)

Internal driver queue size in CAN events.

#### **Functions**

static void VectorXIInit (tCanSettings const \*settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

static void VectorXITerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool VectorXIConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

static void VectorXIDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool VectorXITransmit (tCanMsg const \*msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool VectorXIIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

static void VectorXIRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const \*events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static uint32\_t VectorXIConvertToRawBitrate (tCanBaudrate baudrate)

Converts the baudrate enumerated type value to a bitrate in bits/second.

static DWORD WINAPI VectorXIReceptionThread (LPVOID pv)

CAN event reception thread.

tCanInterface const \* VectorXIGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

#### **Variables**

• static const tCanInterface pVectorXIInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Vector XL driver specifics.

· static tCanSettings vectorXISettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents \* vectorXIEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static uint32\_t vectorXIEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the vectorXIEventsList list.

static XLportHandle vectorXIPortHandle

The handle to the CAN port needed for API functions.

static XLaccess vectorXLChannelMask

The mask for the configured CAN channel.

static bool vectorXIDriverOpened

Boolean flag to track if the driver was opened or not.

static bool vectorXIPortOpened

Boolean flag to track if the port was opened or not.

· static bool vectorXIChannelActivated

Boolean flag to track if the channel was activated or not.

static bool vectorXIBusErrorDetected

Boolean flag to detect if a CAN bus error state was detected.

static HANDLE vectorXITerminateEvent

Handle for the event to terminate the reception thread.

static HANDLE vectorXICanEvent

Handle for a CAN related event.

static HANDLE vectorXIRxThreadHandle

Handle for the CAN reception thread.

# 7.49.1 Detailed Description

Vector XL driver interface source file.

#### 7.49.2 Function Documentation

#### 7.49.2.1 VectorXIConnect()

Connects the CAN interface.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

# 7.49.2.2 VectorXIConvertToRawBitrate()

Converts the baudrate enumerated type value to a bitrate in bits/second.

#### **Parameters**

baudrate Baudrate enumarated type.

#### Returns

Bitrate in bits/second.

Referenced by VectorXIConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.49.2.3 VectorXIGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

# Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



# 7.49.2.4 VectorXIInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

#### **Parameters**

settings Pointer to the CAN interface settings.

# 7.49.2.5 VectorXIIsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

#### Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

# 7.49.2.6 VectorXIReceptionThread()

```
static DWORD WINAPI VectorXlReceptionThread (  \mbox{LPVOID} \ pv \ ) \ \ [\mbox{static}]
```

CAN event reception thread.

#### **Parameters**

pv Pointer to thread parameters.

#### Returns

Thread exit code.

Referenced by VectorXIConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



#### 7.49.2.7 VectorXIRegisterEvents()

```
static void VectorXlRegisterEvents ( {\tt tCanEvents} \ \ {\tt const} \ * \ events \ ) \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

#### **Parameters**

*events* Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

#### 7.49.2.8 VectorXITransmit()

```
static bool VectorXlTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~msg~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

#### **Parameters**

msg Pointer to CAN message struct	re.
-----------------------------------	-----

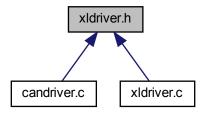
#### Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

# 7.50 xldriver.h File Reference

Vector XL driver interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



# **Functions**

tCanInterface const \* VectorXIGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

# 7.50.1 Detailed Description

Vector XL driver interface header file.

#### 7.50.2 Function Documentation

# 7.50.2.1 VectorXIGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



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