Math 251: Mid 2 Prep

Recitation Week 12

1. Sketch a graph that satisfies all of the conditions:

domain
$$f = (-\infty, \infty)$$
,
 $f(3) = -1$, $f'(3) = 0$
 $f'(x) < 0$ when $x < 3$, $f'(x) > 0$ when $x > 3$,
 $f''(x) < 0$ when $x < 0$, $f''(x) > 0$ when $x > 0$
 $\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = 4$

2. Evaluate the following limits.

(a)
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin(x^2)}{x^2}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x\to 0^+} \sqrt{x} \ln(x)$$

3. A function and its first and second derivatives are given below.

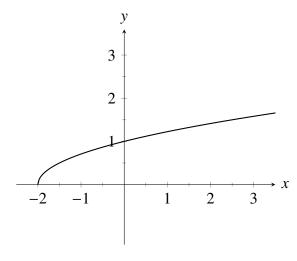
$$f(x) = x^{5/3} - 5x^{2/3},$$
 $f'(x) = \frac{5x - 10}{3x^{1/3}},$ $f''(x) = \frac{10x + 10}{9x^{4/3}}$

(a) Identify any critical points of f(x).

(b) Find the intervals of increase and decrease, and identify the locations of any local maximum or minimum values.

(c) Find the intervals of concavity and the x-values of any inflection points.

4. The graph of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x}{2} + 1}$ is shown.



(a) Let G(x) be the square of the distance from the origin to a point on the graph of y = f(x). Write an expression for G(x).

(b) Use the expression for G(x) to find the closest point on the graph y = f(x) to the origin.

(c) Show your result by adding a point, with coordinates, to the graph.

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- 5. A ship passes a lighthouse at 3:30pm, sailing to the east at 5 mph, while another ship sailing due south at 6 mph passes the same point half an hour later. How fast will the distance between the ships be increasing at 5:30pm?
- 6. Use differentials to estimate the amount of paint needed to apply a coat of paint 0.1 cm thick to a hemispherical dome with radius 10 m. Give your final answer with proper units. (Note the volume of a sphere is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.)
- 7. Find the linearization of $f(x) = e^x$ at a = 0 and use it to estimate $e^{0.1}$.
- 8. Solve the initial value problem. If the velocity of an object is given by $v(t) = e^t + t$, find the position of the object assuming that the initial position of the object is 0. (That is, s(0) = 0.)
- 9. Evaluate the indefinite integral below. Give the most complete answer. $\int (5 \sec^2(x) + \frac{1}{x^5}) dx$.
- 10. Estimate the area under the curve $f(x) = x^3$ and above the *x*-axis on the interval [0,2] using 4 rectangles and right-hand endpoints. (i.e. Find R_4 .)
- 11. Determine the absolute maximum and absolute minimum of $f(t) = \frac{\sqrt{t}}{1+t^2}$ on the interval [0,2].