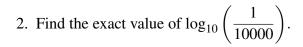
Name (printed legibly):

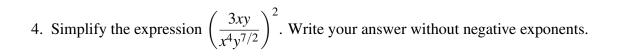
**Directions:** The quiz contains 20 problems, and each problem is worth one point. Place your answer in the blank provided to the right. For graphing questions, a set of axes are provided. **Calculators are not allowed.** 

For this quiz only, no partial credit will be given.

1. Evaluate  $8^{-2/3}$ . You should have no exponents in your final answer.



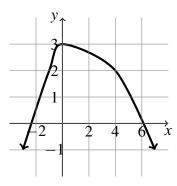
3. Find the exact value of  $cos(2\pi/3)$ .



5. Write an equation in slope-intercept form (that is, in the form y = mx + b) for the line that passes through the points (-2,7) and (3,-9).

6. Expand and simplify  $(4x+2)^2 - 8(x-1)$ .

7. Use the graph of f(x) below to estimate the value(s) of x such that f(x) = 2.



8. For the function  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$ , find the expression f(12+h) - f(12). Simplify your answer and write your answer as a single fraction.

9. Given the piecewise defined function below, determine the value(s) of x such that f(x) = -27.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 5 & x < 0 \\ x^3 & x \ge 0 \end{cases}.$$

\_\_\_\_

10. Solve for *x* in the equation  $x^2 - 2x = 8$ .

\_\_\_\_

11. Solve for *x* exactly in the equation  $e^{2-5x} = \frac{1}{3}$ .

12. Find all solutions to the equation  $2\cos(\theta) = 1$  in the interval  $[0, 2\pi]$ .

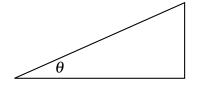
13. A table of values for the function f(x) is given below. Use the table to determine  $f^{-1}(5)$ .

x	-5	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35
f(x)	40	33	18	10	-4	6	5	-2	-1/2

14. Solve the inequality  $9 - x^2 \le 0$ . Give your answer in interval notation.

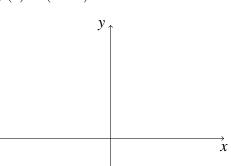
15. Determine the domain of  $f(x) = \ln(x-4)$ . Give your answer in interval notation.

16. In the triangle below,  $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{5}$ . Determine  $\cos \theta$ .

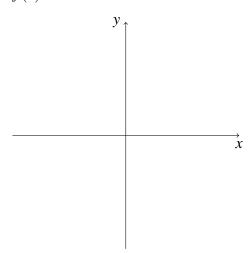


Sketch graphs of the following functions. Label the x- and y-intercepts, if they exist. Draw in any asymptotes using dashed lines, and write the equation of the asymptote, if it exists.

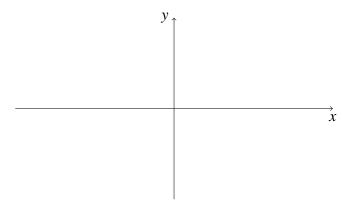
17. 
$$f(x) = (x+1)^3$$



18. 
$$f(x) = 1 + e^x$$



19.  $y = \cos(x)$  on the interval  $[-2\pi, 2\pi]$ 



20. Given the graph of f(x) below, draw the graph of -2f(x).

