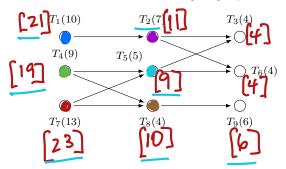
Worksheet 16 (Scheduling 1): Critical Path Algorithm

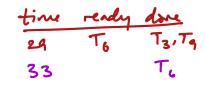
Group Names:

Solutions

1. Consider the following digraph:



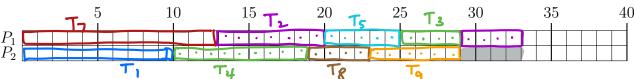
time	ready	done
0	T7 T1 T4	
10	፲ _ሬ ፕ _ኒ ፕ <u>ኃ</u> ፕሬ	T1 T7
19	TRTS	Tφ
20	Ts	T2
23	<u></u>	TO
25	13T6	



- (a) Use the backflow algorithm to label each vertex in the digraph.
- (b) Construct a priority list using the Critical Path algorithm.

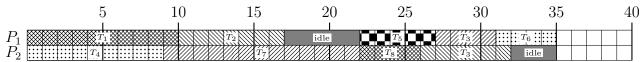
T7, T, T4, T2, T8, T5, T9, T3, T6

(c) Construct a schedule that corresponds to the priority list you just found.

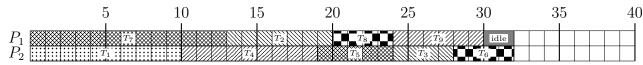


(d) The schedules that you found on the previous worksheet are shown below:

Priority List $T_1, T_2, T_3, T_4, T_5, T_6, T_7, T_8, T_9$



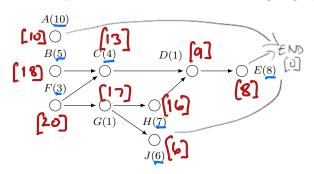
Priority list from the Decreasing Time Algorithm: $T_7, T_1, T_4, T_2, T_9, T_5, T_3, T_6, T_8$



(e) How does the Critical Path schedule compare to the other schedules you found?

It is longer than decreasing time but shorter than the first one.

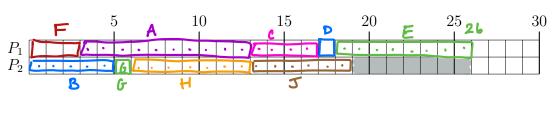
2. Typically the Critical Path algorithm produces a very good schedule, but it may or may not be optimal. Consider the following digraph:



- (a) Label the graph using the backflow algorithm.
- (b) Construct the priority list corresponding to the critical path algorithm.

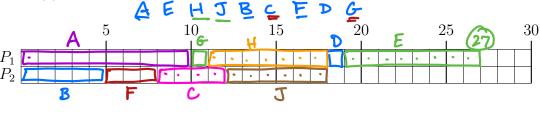
(c) Construct the priority list corresponding to the decreasing time algorithm.

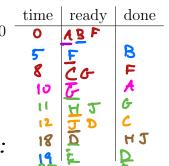
(d) Construct the schedule using the critical path priority list.



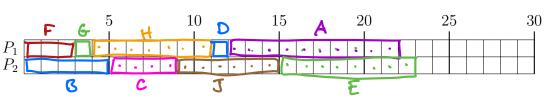
$_{ m time}$	ready	done
0 3 5 6 13 17 18 19 26	F& A G C T C C T C C C T C C C C C C C C C C	FBG H CATIL

(e) Construct the schedule using the decreasing time priority list.





(f) Construct the schedule you get using the critical path algorithm, except put task the end of the priority list. FBGCHJDAE



How long would it take one processes? 45

Explain why the schedule in (f) mut be optimal for 2 powers. Splitting the total timear equally as possible between 2 powers. $\frac{45}{2} = 22.5$ So 23 must be the best we can do.