

Finance Section 4: Introduction to Loan Calculation

Goal: Think about loan calculations intuitively.

1. (Basic Example:) Suppose you take out a loan for \$10,000 with an annual interest rate of 5% compounded annually and you are going to make payments annually.
 - (a) What is the *minimum* annual payment that ensures you will eventually pay off the loan? (Round your answer to the nearest dollar.)
 - (b) Suppose you decided to have annual payments of \$600, how much do you owe at the end of one year? (So one year of interest added and one year of payments subtracted.)
 - (c) How much do you owe at the end of the second year? The third year?
 - (d) Use a spreadsheet to determine how long it will take to pay off the loan. (Use a spreadsheet to do this! Be thoughtful about how you set this up so you can change the parameters!)
 - (e) How much did the loan cost you? How much was interest?
 - (f) What happens if you increase your annual payments to \$800?

2. (Compounded Monthly Example:) Suppose you take out a loan for \$10,000 with an annual interest rate of 5% compounded **monthly** and you are going to make payments monthly.
- (a) What is the *minimum* annual payment that ensures you will eventually pay off the loan? (Round your answer to the nearest dollar.)

- (b) If you make a \$200 payment each month, how many **years** will it take to pay off the loan and how much did you pay in total?

- (c) If you make a \$299.71 payment each month, how many **years** will it take to pay off the loan?

NOTE: We will show you how to compute the payment value in 2c!