| Estreture de Detes y Algeritmes 1 |
|---|
| Jema 3 - Aboles |
| True Set < T > Anbel Sarbores GENERALES (N-000) Anbel Sarbores BINARSONS Anbel Sarbores BINARSONS Anbel Sarbores BINARSONS Anbel Sarbores CADBNAPOS (ROUSISBANDOS -D AVL < T > |
| T=K+V |
| Jole Bose |
| ED lined (O(N)) - Order Olatogn) South VALEDO |
| Solución: Arbel Binous + Orden O (leg n) |
| ABB-Arbel Bironio de Bisqued |
| < O > |
| |
| Un moje es une colección de peres |
| B C D CAMENO |
| Definición de órbel |
| T: {N {The (Truelight)} |
| AB belencealer o equilibrate: Arles que défieren en 1 midel (1-0=+110-2=-2) |
| DEGENERADO ARBOL DEGENERADO |

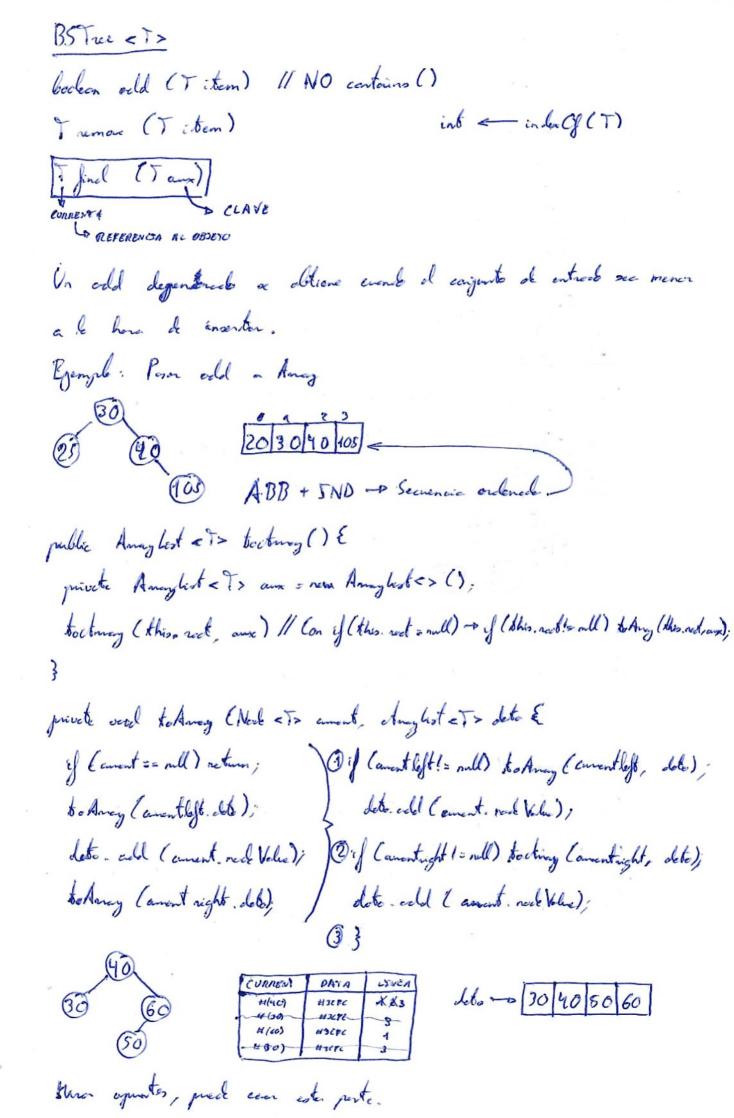
Implementación AB Close Nucle = T> { Class arbel Binario < T> { Nock = T> nect; T nook Value; Node <To ing; Nock = T> der; (lose Por « K, V» (Pagnete auxiliar) 7=K+V public class Par = K, V> E 1 implements comparable = Par < K, Vas E peres son ignet, a ons k la son private K Key; I donde ignel al valor private V Volve; public Por < K, V > (K Key, V Value) { this. Key = Key; this . value = Value; public K geb Key () { } public V get Voles () { } public V set Value (V Value) { }

Ejemple; Par < Integer, Anaglist < Intege >> per = now Par <> (3, mll); * Amerikat a Siteger > ax; Syoo (Par) -> 3, mill> (per. set Value (non Amazbist es ()); par get Velis Came = non Amaghet ex !!), per get Value () and (3); anx . add (3); agoo (pa) -> 3 < [3]> per set Volve (mill) j new new pypo (per) -> 3, Emill> (2) aux - dir 3) set Value (come) 200 (aux)-0 [3] Anaylist & Pa < String, Amaylist & Integer >>> andres = now Amaylist => (); T= Por < String, Amaghist < Integers //100. M int per = index of (T); 11 Buscamos a "Pipe" int pos = our Pares. index Of (new Por <> ("Pepe", null); Il Utilizenes get a find ("Pege") an Pour get (for) get Value () and (0); Amaybet < Integers

Hace método odd: public void add (String number, Integer notes) { int por = on Pores. index Of (new Por <> (nombe, mill); if (per == -1) { andores. add (new Por <> (nambe, new Array last <> ()); pos = onlares. 22e ()-1; unPares. get (per. get Value (). odd (note); Dilago de la estructura Anaglist & Par & String, Anaglist & Integer >>> anderes = new Amaglist &> (); 27, 28, 29,30, 40()45

Merer hoja adjunter 1

| obildes Binerios |
|--|
| ¿ Cónso inserte? En onchura dos Costa O (log (n)) |
| ¿ Como elimino? |
| à Como Bosco? O(n) |
| AB + Onder Total |
| ABB |
| No x exister elementes. |
| ¿ Come inserte? + 34, + 200, + 130, + 193 Se inserten como loga. |
| < 30 > (Es d'alture logaritories? |
| 20 35 log (8) = 3 |
| 34>30 × 35 × 34 × (130) (193) No es logaritarica, hay ni et 3 mobbe |
| ¿ Como bisco? |
| Seguines mismo criterio que per insertere |
| ¿ Como climino? |
| Eliminonsos 193 |
| Coso 1: Tengo hijo - 17 El abelo se une con el meto |
| Core 2. 2 hijes - s Sustituye per el mener et les mayors y etermes le clim |
| Coro 3. No tengo higoron Me le cayo |



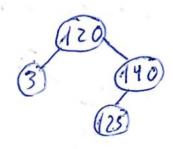
private String display Tree (Noch & To current, int level) {
String would = ",

D if (amentaight! = mll) actum wall += eligibly Tree (coventright, level (+1));
for (int := 0; i = level; i++) { nealt += "-";}

(2) if (amentleft! = mill) neturn result + = disprby Tree (current left, lavel (+1));
section result;

3}

| curent | level | result | linea |
|--------|-------|---------------|-------|
| # 120 | 6 | 3 7 | 1 |
| # 140 | 1 | 140 | 1 |
| # 125 | 2 | 125 | 3 |
| H 120 | 0 | * 140,12" | 2 |
| # 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| # 120 | 0 | 140, 125, 120 | 3 |
| | | 8 | |



Colecciones de peres libro - > { (pelbe Preciencia)} Telentificale Conjunto Por Cless libr { private String libro Jd; private BSTree < Par < String, Integes palabas treg; public void odd (Strong public) { Por < String, Integer > coment = polibers Freq . find (now Por => (polibra, mill); if (ament = and) { polities trey add (new Por => (politie, 1) } ela { ement. set Velie (conent. get Velie ()+1); } BStree < Per < String, Intege >> polebies. Trag ; STRING SNIEGER RBEL MARIA (ABEL, 20) MAZAN 203 50 BAGRENS

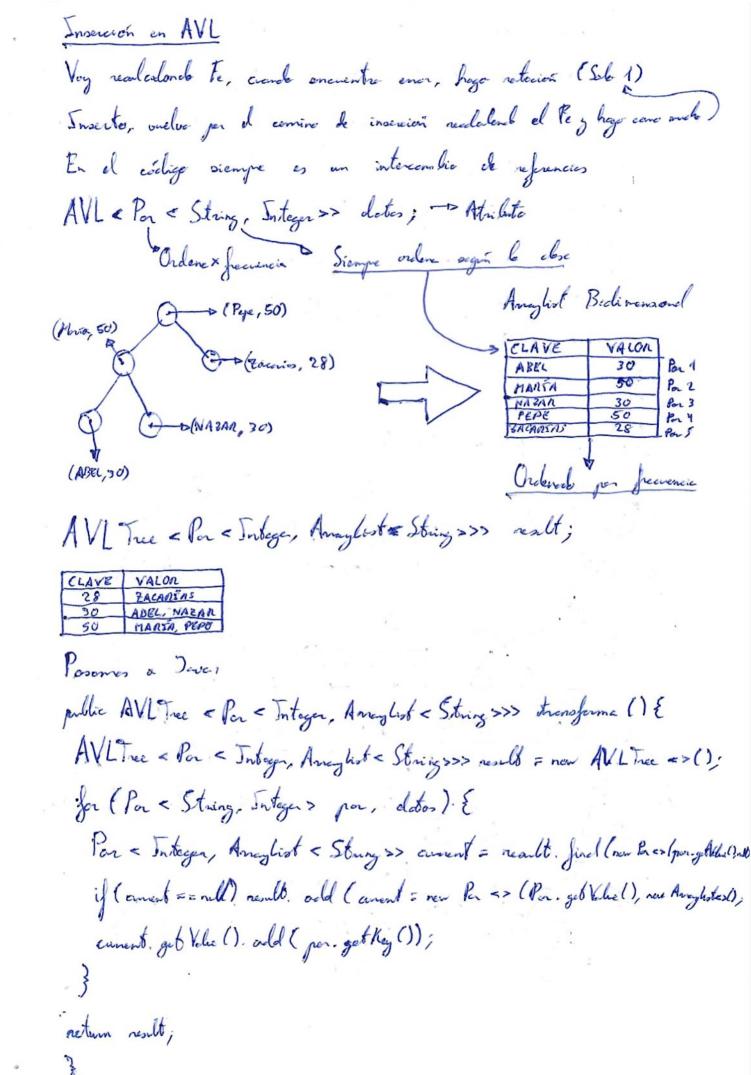
BS Tree < Por = Intege Anaplist = Strong >>>

Analisas de ABBB ARBOL BYNARTO DE BUSQUEDA BÁSTCO Aleaterisdad E E con 5 elements E= {3, 8, 2, 1, 0, 4} Coso 1 Coro 2 E= {5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0} E={0,1,2,3,4,5} Con 3 No, es ABBEq @* ABB Equilibries Factor de ognidibre (Fz) Fe (N) = h (N=) - h (No) Whe T, Fe (N) & {0,-1,1} - S le cample - ABBEquilibed o

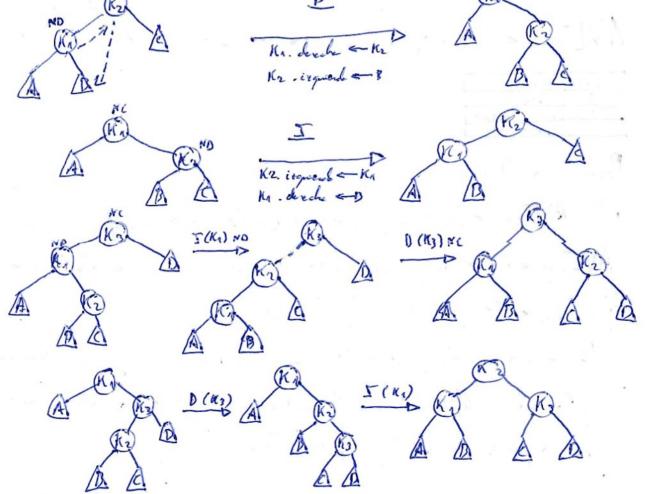
bien equilibrank.

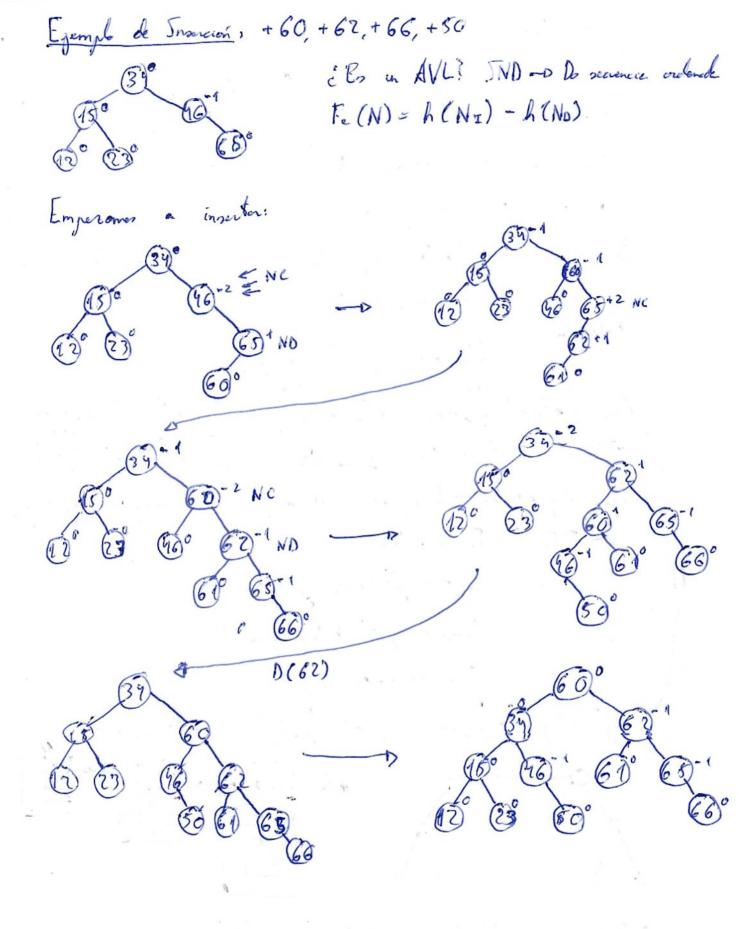
Arbolos BB com labrados · AVL = Extensión de ABBB · Reginegre (RN) -> JCP _ TREE MAPER, V. . AA AVL ABB que anode une operación de Equilibrech en Inserción y Eleminoción Noteciones (Simples ED)

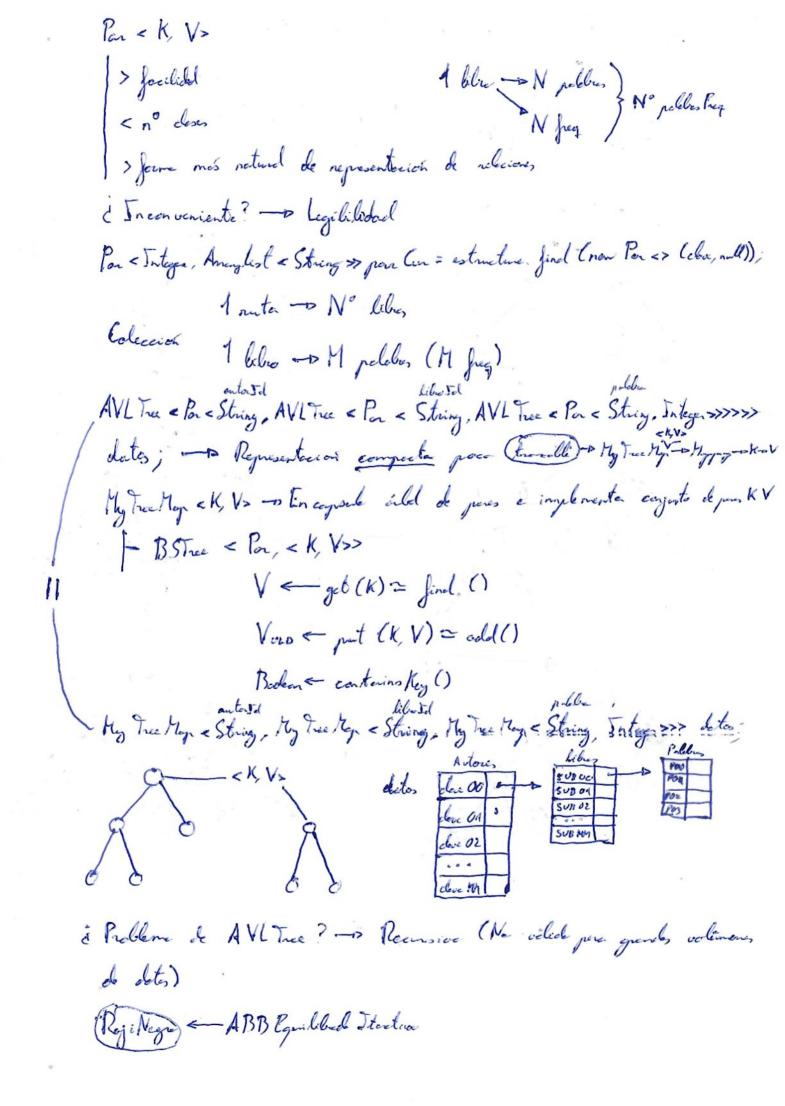
Noteciones (Dobles ED) Epemples : E={0, 1, 2} E = {2, 1, 0} E = {0, 2,1} E = { 2, 0, 1}

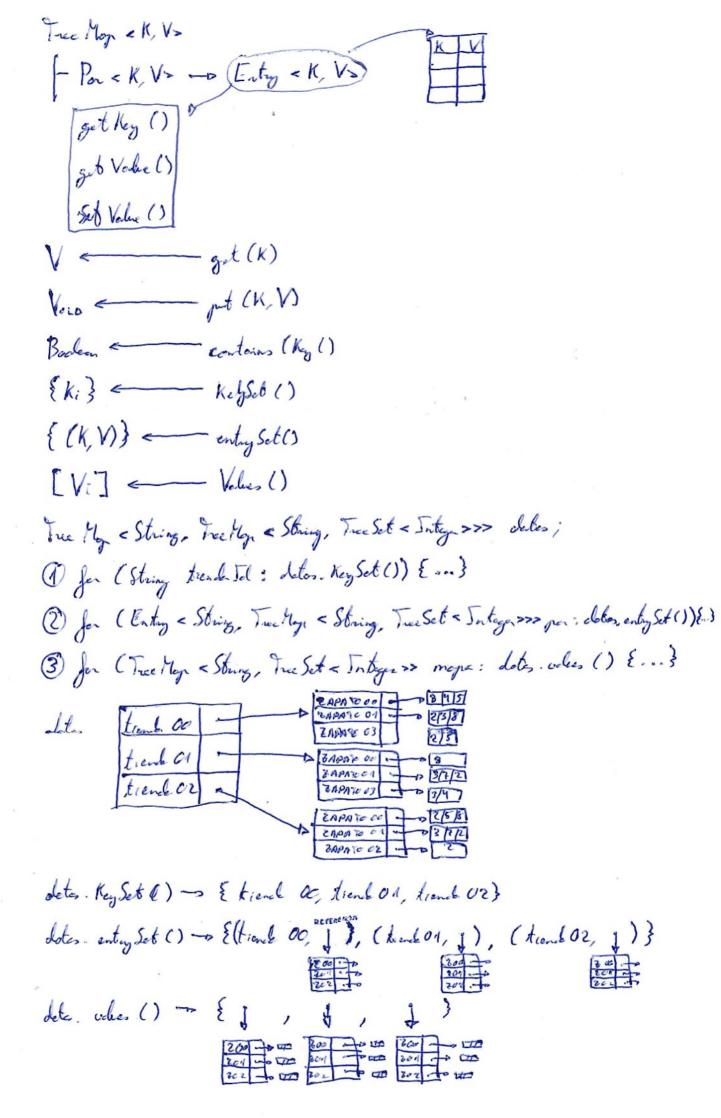


Si la hours con Amoglist en ver de AVL Tree seva: public obraylist & Per & Integer, Amerylist & String >>> transforme () & Arraylist = Por < Integer, Arraylist < String >> result = nen Arraylist <> (); for (Por = String, Integer > por, later) { int per a result. index Of (now Por es Epon. get Value(), rull) if (per == -1) { nesult. odel (per);} result. get (pes). get Valu (pes. get Value); result. cold(); Rotación (Operación atémica)









Tree May & String, Tree May & String, Tree Set - Integer >>> dates = new Tree May <> (3); Tienkod Modelsod Talles Composter. seuse Osle 1)
eleter - Preferencia a un morphe tou men de la sevis Método add public void add (String trench Jol, String model Jol, Integer tolles) { Tree Map & String, Tree Set & Integer>> models cun = this dates get (tiende Jd); if (modeles Cun = = mill) { this dotes put (trende Id, modeles Com: new Tree Map ex (). Tree Set < Integer > tables Modelo = modelo Com. get (modelo 5d); if (talls todde = = null) { models Cin. put Cmodelo Id, tables Modelo = nen Tree Set <> (); for (Integer table: talks) { talles Models. add (table);

```
Métado gettiende
 public Tree Set = String > get Tiende (int tall) {
   Tree Set < String > result = new Tree Set <> ();
    for (Entry & String, Tree Map & String, Tree Set & Integross parlin: this detes Entry Set (1) {
     for (Tree Set & Integer > tobles Curs: per Curs. get Volve. Values ()) E
       if (! tables Com. contains (table)) continue;
        result add (palum . get Key ());
Métado get Madela
public TrueSet = String = get tradelo (int table) {
 Tree Set < Strings result = new Tree Set <> ();
 for (Tree May < String, Tree Et < Integer >> submapa: this. dates. when ()) {
   for (Entry & String, Tree Set < Integer>> per Cun: outmapa. entry Set () {
     if (! parlum. get Value (). contains (table)) continue,
    result. add (porlun. get Key ());
```

```
Métacle get Madeles
  public Tree Set & String > get Modeles (String trench 5d) {
    Tree Map < String, Tree Set & Integers > modeles Com = this. dates get (tiende Id);
    return modeles Cun == null? null: new Tree Set => (modeles Cun. Key Set ()) j
  Close Pruda
  privile AV LTree < Por < String, ctraylest < Integer >>> J'estructura Principal;
  private AVI Tee < Par < String, ctmay list < String >>> estructure Seamelona;
  public wiel date Dump () {
    " ostructure Principal - estructure Secundaries
  public ctnoy list < Pa, ( Integer >>) transform () {
    Il estructura Principal
  Tree May < K, V> -1> new ()
  Tree Set & Ts - new ()
  Tree Set = Amaghist = Lateger >> deles = new Tree Set &> (Comparator NPS)
Co 10 es posible
  Tree Set < To Colección (etmaylast < Integer»)
 public dess Grupe implements Consperable < Grupe > {
   private chargest a Totage > dates;
  compere (d)
```

| ¿ Cuento Diempo tordo en implementar el método transform ()? |
|--|
| public cless pueba E |
| private atmosphist = Par < String, TreeSet < Integer>>> dates Original; |
| private AVL Tree < Por, < String, Double >> clatos Dispositivo; |
| 1) Comentor le implementación (0,5 puntos) |
| En lenguage formal, sin cócligo. Mostra le idea de le que queromes hores. |
| 2) Dibye la estructura (0,5 juntes) AVIII. |
| dates Original pepe 12345 pepe 9 morie 1234 morie 4 |
| pelle 1914 pepe 3 Pepe 3 No x regitor closes, no bey nulls |
| |
| 3) Rellene el mátode (1 junto) - Plesta eficiencia y cosos de més |
| for (Por < String, Tree Set < Integer >> par: detos Original) { |
| int suma = 0; |
| for (Integra valor: par. get Velue ()) E |
| Dume te valer; |
| } |
| dates. Disposition, add (new Por <> (per, get Key (), some / per. get Value (). size ()) |
| } |
| |

```
4) Suponenos que se reprête la close Pepe
  for (Por < String, Tree Set < Integer >> por: dates Original) &
    int suma = 0,
    for (Integer oder; per. get Value () {
     suma t = valer j
    Par = String, Double > porlun = dates Disposition. find (non Par => (par. get Ky (1, mll));
    if (palm == null) {
      dates Dispositive add (non Par ex (par. get Key (), sme/par. get Wale (), size());
      per Com. set Volue (por Com. get Volue () + suma / por . get Volue (). site ()/2.0);
```