Veo 3 is now available in the Gemini API!

Learn more (https://developers.googleblog.com/en/veo-3-now-available-gemini-api/)

Live API capabilities guide

Preview: The Live API is in preview.

This is a comprehensive guide that covers capabilities and configurations available with the Live API. See <u>Get started with Live API</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live) page for a overview and sample code for common use cases.

Before you begin

- Familiarize yourself with core concepts: If you haven't already done so, read the <u>Get started with Live API</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live) page first. This will introduce you to the fundamental principles of the Live API, how it works, and the distinction between the <u>different models</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live#audio-generation) and their corresponding audio generation methods (<u>native audio</u> (#native-audio-output) or half-cascade).
- Try the Live API in AI Studio: You may find it useful to try the Live API in <u>Google AI Studio</u> (https://aistudio.google.com/app/live) before you start building. To use the Live API in Google AI Studio, select **Stream**.

Establishing a connection

The following example shows how to create a connection with an API key:

<u>PythonJavaScript</u> (#javascript) (#python)

import asyncio
from google import genai

```
client = genai.Client()

model = "gemini-live-2.5-flash-preview"
config = {"response_modalities": ["TEXT"]}

async def main():
    async with client.aio.live.connect(model=model, config=config) as sessi
        print("Session started")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    asyncio.run(main())
```

Note: You can only set <u>one modality</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live#response-modalities) in the **response_modalities** field. This means that you can configure the model to respond with either text or audio, but not both in the same session.

Interaction modalities

The following sections provide examples and supporting context for the different input and output modalities available in Live API.

Sending and receiving text

Here's how you can send and receive text:

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
    (#python)

import asyncio
    from google import genai

client = genai.Client()
    model = "gemini-live-2.5-flash-preview"

config = {"response_modalities": ["TEXT"]}
```

Incremental content updates

Use incremental updates to send text input, establish session context, or restore session context. For short contexts you can send turn-by-turn interactions to represent the exact sequence of events:

For longer contexts it's recommended to provide a single message summary to free up the context window for subsequent interactions. See <u>Session Resumption</u>

(/gemini-api/docs/live-session#session-resumption) for another method for loading session context.

Sending and receiving audio

The most common audio example, **audio-to-audio**, is covered in the <u>Getting started</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live#audio-to-audio) guide.

Here's an **audio-to-text** example that reads a WAV file, sends it in the correct format and receives text output:

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
   (#python)
  # Test file: https://storage.googleapis.com/generativeai-downloads/data/160
  # Install helpers for converting files: pip install librosa soundfile
  import asyncio
  import io
  from pathlib import Path
  from google import genai
  from google.genai import types
  import soundfile as sf
  import librosa
  client = genai.Client()
  model = "gemini-live-2.5-flash-preview"
  config = {"response_modalities": ["TEXT"]}
  async def main():
      async with client.aio.live.connect(model=model, config=config) as sessi
          buffer = io.BytesIO()
          y, sr = librosa.load("sample.wav", sr=16000)
          sf.write(buffer, y, sr, format='RAW', subtype='PCM_16')
          buffer.seek(0)
          audio_bytes = buffer.read()
          # If already in correct format, you can use this:
          # audio_bytes = Path("sample.pcm").read_bytes()
          await session.send_realtime_input(
               audio=types.Blob(data=audio_bytes, mime_type="audio/pcm;rate=16")
           )
          async for response in session.receive():
               if response.text is not None:
                   print(response.text)
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    asyncio.run(main())
```

And here is a **text-to-audio** example. You can receive audio by setting **AUDIO** as response modality. This example saves the received data as WAV file:

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
   (#python)
  import asyncio
  import wave
  from google import genai
  client = genai.Client()
  model = "gemini-live-2.5-flash-preview"
  config = {"response_modalities": ["AUDIO"]}
  async def main():
      async with client.aio.live.connect(model=model, config=config) as sessi
          wf = wave.open("audio.wav", "wb")
          wf.setnchannels(1)
          wf.setsampwidth(2)
          wf.setframerate(24000)
          message = "Hello how are you?"
           await session.send_client_content(
               turns={"role": "user", "parts": [{"text": message}]}, turn_comp
           )
           async for response in session.receive():
               if response.data is not None:
                   wf.writeframes(response.data)
               # Un-comment this code to print audio data info
               # if response.server_content.model_turn is not None:
                      print(response.server_content.model_turn.parts[0].inline
          wf.close()
  if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
asyncio.run(main())
```

Audio formats

Audio data in the Live API is always raw, little-endian, 16-bit PCM. Audio output always uses a sample rate of 24kHz. Input audio is natively 16kHz, but the Live API will resample if needed so any sample rate can be sent. To convey the sample rate of input audio, set the MIME type of each audio-containing Blob (/api/caching#Blob) to a value like audio/pcm; rate=16000.

Audio transcriptions

You can enable transcription of the model's audio output by sending output_audio_transcription in the setup config. The transcription language is inferred from the model's response.

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
   (#python)
  import asyncio
  from google import genai
  from google.genai import types
  client = genai.Client()
  model = "gemini-live-2.5-flash-preview"
  config = {"response_modalities": ["AUDIO"],
           "output_audio_transcription": {}
  }
  async def main():
      async with client.aio.live.connect(model=model, config=config) as sessi
          message = "Hello? Gemini are you there?"
           await session.send_client_content(
               turns={"role": "user", "parts": [{"text": message}]}, turn_comp
           async for response in session.receive():
               if response.server_content.model_turn:
                   print("Model turn:", response.server_content.model_turn)
```

You can enable transcription of the audio input by sending input_audio_transcription in setup config.

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
   (#python)
  import asyncio
  from pathlib import Path
  from google import genai
  from google.genai import types
  client = genai.Client()
  model = "gemini-live-2.5-flash-preview"
  config = {
       "response_modalities": ["TEXT"],
       "input_audio_transcription": {},
  }
  async def main():
      async with client.aio.live.connect(model=model, config=config) as sessi
           audio_data = Path("16000.pcm").read_bytes()
           await session.send_realtime_input(
               audio=types.Blob(data=audio_data, mime_type='audio/pcm;rate=160
           )
           async for msg in session.receive():
               if msg.server_content.input_transcription:
                   print('Transcript:', msg.server_content.input_transcription
  if __name__ == "__main__":
      asyncio.run(main())
```

Stream audio and video

To see an example of how to use the Live API in a streaming audio and video format, run the "Live API - Get Started" file in the cookbooks repository:

View on Colab

(https://colab.research.google.com/github/google-gemini/cookbook/blob/main/quickstarts/Get_started_LiveAPI.py)

Change voice and language

The Live API models each support a different set of voices. Half-cascade supports Puck, Charon, Kore, Fenrir, Aoede, Leda, Orus, and Zephyr. Native audio supports a much longer list (identical to the TTS model list (/gemini-api/docs/speech-generation#voices)). You can listen to all the voices in AI Studio (https://aistudio.google.com/app/live).

To specify a voice, set the voice name within the speechConfig object as part of the session configuration:

Note: If you're using the **generateContent** API, the set of available voices is slightly different. See the <u>audio</u> generation guide (/gemini-api/docs/audio-generation#voices) for **generateContent** audio generation voices.

The Live API supports <u>multiple languages</u> (#supported-languages).

To change the language, set the language code within the speechConfig object as part of the session configuration:

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
    (#python)

config = {
        "response_modalities": ["AUDIO"],
        "speech_config": {
            "language_code": "de-DE"
        }
}
```

Note: <u>Native audio output</u> (#native-audio-output) models automatically choose the appropriate language and don't support explicitly setting the language code.

Native audio capabilities

The following capabilities are only available with native audio. You can learn more about native audio in <u>Choose a model and audio generation</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live#audio-generation).

Note: Native audio models currently have limited tool use support. See <u>Overview of supported tools</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live-tools#tools-overview) for details.

How to use native audio output

To use native audio output, configure one of the <u>native audio models</u> (/qemini-api/docs/models#qemini-2.5-flash-native-audio) and set <u>response_modalities</u> to AUDIO.

See Send and receive audio (/gemini-api/docs/live#audio-to-audio) for a full example.

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
    (#python)

model = "gemini-2.5-flash-preview-native-audio-dialog"
    config = types.LiveConnectConfig(response_modalities=["AUDIO"])

async with client.aio.live.connect(model=model, config=config) as session:
```

Send audio input and receive audio

Affective dialog

This feature lets Gemini adapt its response style to the input expression and tone.

To use affective dialog, set the api version to v1alpha and set enable_affective_dialog to true in the setup message:

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
    (#python)

client = genai.Client(http_options={"api_version": "v1alpha"})

config = types.LiveConnectConfig(
    response_modalities=["AUDIO"],
    enable_affective_dialog=True
)
```

Note that affective dialog is currently only supported by the native audio output models.

Proactive audio

When this feature is enabled, Gemini can proactively decide not to respond if the content is not relevant.

To use it, set the api version to v1alpha and configure the proactivity field in the setup message and set proactive_audio to true:

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
    (#python)

client = genai.Client(http_options={"api_version": "v1alpha"})

config = types.LiveConnectConfig(
    response_modalities=["AUDIO"],
    proactivity={'proactive_audio': True}
```

)

Note that proactive audio is currently only supported by the native audio output models.

Native audio output with thinking

Native audio output supports <u>thinking capabilities</u> (/gemini-api/docs/thinking), available via a separate model gemini-2.5-flash-exp-native-audio-thinking-dialog.

See <u>Send and receive audio</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live#audio-to-audio) for a full example.

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
    (#python)

model = "gemini-2.5-flash-exp-native-audio-thinking-dialog"
    config = types.LiveConnectConfig(response_modalities=["AUDIO"])

async with client.aio.live.connect(model=model, config=config) as session:
    # Send audio input and receive audio
```

Voice Activity Detection (VAD)

Voice Activity Detection (VAD) allows the model to recognize when a person is speaking. This is essential for creating natural conversations, as it allows a user to interrupt the model at any time.

When VAD detects an interruption, the ongoing generation is canceled and discarded. Only the information already sent to the client is retained in the session history. The server then sends a BidiGenerateContentServerContent (/api/live#bidigeneratecontentservercontent) message to report the interruption.

The Gemini server then discards any pending function calls and sends a BidiGenerateContentServerContent message with the IDs of the canceled calls.

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript) (#python)
```

```
async for response in session.receive():
   if response.server_content.interrupted is True:
     # The generation was interrupted

# If realtime playback is implemented in your application,
     # you should stop playing audio and clear queued playback here.
```

Automatic VAD

By default, the model automatically performs VAD on a continuous audio input stream. VAD can be configured with the realtimeInputConfig.automaticActivityDetection (/api/live#RealtimeInputConfig.AutomaticActivityDetection) field of the setup configuration (/api/live#BidiGenerateContentSetup).

When the audio stream is paused for more than a second (for example, because the user switched off the microphone), an audioStreamEnd

(/api/live#BidiGenerateContentRealtimeInput.FIELDS.bool.BidiGenerateContentRealtimeInput.audio_stream _end)

event should be sent to flush any cached audio. The client can resume sending audio data at any time.

With send_realtime_input, the API will respond to audio automatically based on VAD. While send_client_content adds messages to the model context in order, send_realtime_input is optimized for responsiveness at the expense of deterministic ordering.

Automatic VAD configuration

For more control over the VAD activity, you can configure the following parameters. See <u>API</u> reference (/api/live#automaticactivitydetection) for more info.

}

Disable automatic VAD

Alternatively, the automatic VAD can be disabled by setting

realtimeInputConfig.automaticActivityDetection.disabled to true in the setup message. In this configuration the client is responsible for detecting user speech and sending activityStart

 $(/api/live\#BidiGenerateContentRealtimeInput.FIELDS.BidiGenerateContentRealtimeInput.ActivityStart.BidiGenerateContentRealtimeInput.activity_start)$

and <u>activityEnd</u>

(/api/live#BidiGenerateContentRealtimeInput.FIELDS.BidiGenerateContentRealtimeInput.ActivityEnd.BidiGenerateContentRealtimeInput.activity_end)

messages at the appropriate times. An audioStreamEnd isn't sent in this configuration. Instead, any interruption of the stream is marked by an activityEnd message.

Token count

You can find the total number of consumed tokens in the <u>usageMetadata</u> (/api/live#usagemetadata) field of the returned server message.

Media resolution

You can specify the media resolution for the input media by setting the mediaResolution field as part of the session configuration:

```
PythonJavaScript (#javascript)
    (#python)

from google.genai import types

config = {
    "response_modalities": ["AUDIO"],
    "media_resolution": types.MediaResolution.MEDIA_RESOLUTION_LOW,
}
```

Limitations

Consider the following limitations of the Live API when you plan your project.

Response modalities

You can only set one response modality (TEXT or AUDIO) per session in the session configuration. Setting both results in a config error message. This means that you can configure the model to respond with either text or audio, but not both in the same session.

Client authentication

The Live API only provides server-to-server authentication by default. If you're implementing your Live API application using a <u>client-to-server approach</u>

(/gemini-api/docs/live#implementation-approach), you need to use <u>ephemeral tokens</u> (/gemini-api/docs/ephemeral-tokens) to mitigate security risks.

Session duration

Audio-only sessions are limited to 15 minutes, and audio plus video sessions are limited to 2 minutes. However, you can configure different <u>session management techniques</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live-session) for unlimited extensions on session duration.

Context window

A session has a context window limit of:

- 128k tokens for <u>native audio output</u> (#native-audio-output) models
- 32k tokens for other Live API models

Supported languages

Live API supports the following languages.

Note: <u>Native audio output</u> (#native-audio-output) models automatically choose the appropriate language and don't support explicitly setting the language code.

Language	BCP-47 Code	Language	BCP-47 Code
German (Germany)	de-DE	English (Australia)*	en-AU
English (UK)*	en-GB	English (India)	en-IN
English (US)	en-US	Spanish (US)	es-US
French (France)	fr-FR	Hindi (India)	hi-IN
Portuguese (Brazil)	pt-BR	Arabic (Generic)	ar-XA
Spanish (Spain)*	es-ES	French (Canada)*	fr-CA
Indonesian (Indonesia)	id-ID	Italian (Italy)	it-IT
Japanese (Japan)	ja-JP	Turkish (Turkey)	tr-TR
Vietnamese (Vietnam)	vi-VN	Bengali (India)	bn-IN
Gujarati (India)*	gu-IN	Kannada (India)*	kn-IN
Marathi (India)	mr-IN	Malayalam (India)*	ml-IN
Tamil (India)	ta-IN	Telugu (India)	te-IN
Dutch (Netherlands)	nl-NL	Korean (South Korea)	ko-KR
Mandarin Chinese (China)*	cmn-CN	Polish (Poland)	pl-PL
Russian (Russia)	ru-RU	Thai (Thailand)	th-TH

Languages marked with an asterisk (*) are not available for <u>Native audio</u> (#native-audio-output).

What's next

- Read the <u>Tool Use</u> (/gemini-api/docs/live-tools) and <u>Session Management</u>
 (/gemini-api/docs/live-session) guides for essential information on using the Live API effectively.
- Try the Live API in Google AI Studio (https://aistudio.google.com/app/live).
- For more info about the Live API models, see <u>Gemini 2.0 Flash Live</u>
 (/gemini-api/docs/models#live-api) and <u>Gemini 2.5 Flash Native Audio</u>
 (/gemini-api/docs/models#gemini-2.5-flash-native-audio) on the Models page.
- Try more examples in the <u>Live API cookbook</u>
 (https://colab.research.google.com/github/googlegemini/cookbook/blob/main/quickstarts/Get_started_LiveAPI.ipynb)
 , the <u>Live API Tools cookbook</u>
 (https://colab.research.google.com/github/googlegemini/cookbook/blob/main/quickstarts/Get_started_LiveAPI_tools.ipynb)
 , and the <u>Live API Get Started script</u>
 (https://colab.research.google.com/github/googlegemini/cookbook/blob/main/quickstarts/Get_started_LiveAPI.py)

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