

* Domain.yml → The domain file is a directory of everything your assistant knows

Responses — These are the things assistant can say to users.

Intents → these are the categories of things users say
(these are the classes for multiclass classifications)

Slots — These are the variables remembered over the course of a conversation.
(similar to fstring in python)

Entities — These are the pieces of info extracted from incoming text

Forms & actions — These add application logic and extend what your assistant can do.

* Data

- The text data used to pretrain any models or features you are using (e.g. language models, word embedding, etc).

- User generated text

- Patterns of conversation

e.g. customer support logs (Assuming data

collection and reuse is covered in your privacy policy).

- User conversation with your assistant

Data folder contains three files.

1) stories.yml 2) rules.yml 3) nlu.yml

1) Stories — training data to teach your assistant what it should do next.

2) Rules — a way to describe short pieces of conversations that always go the same way.

3) nlu — non training

Intents → intents are classes for multiclass classification

Why fewer intents?

* Entities → Entities are structured pieces of information inside of a user message.

An entity can be any important detail your assistant could use later in conversation
e.g. Numbers, Dates, Country names, product names, etc.

Training data for entity extraction should be included in nlu.yml file.

e.g.

nlu:

- intent: inform

examples: |

- My account Number is [12345677](acc-N₁)

square bracket — entity

parenthesis — labels for entities.

- There are three ways entities can be extracted in Rasa.

① Using Pre-built models:

- Duckling for extracting numbers, dates, url, email address.

eg. entity: number
value: 500

component:

DucklingHttpExtractor

Spacy: for extracting names, product names, location etc.

e.g.

entity: location

value: Canada

component:

SpacyEntityExtractor

I am looking for a flight to Canada location
that is under \$500 Number

② Using Regex:

For entities that match a specific pattern
(e.g. phone numbers, postcodes, etc.)

My account number is 123456789012
regex: $\backslash d\{10,12\}$

nu:

nu:

- regex: account number

examples: 1

- $\backslash d\{10,12\}$

- intent: inform

examples: 1

- My account number is 123456789012 (account number)

③ Using machine learning.

- For extracting custom entities

Rasa Custom Actions:-

What do we want to virtual assistants to do?

- Pick up what the user wants from assistant
- Respond appropriately.
 - Send back appropriate message.
 - Send an email
 - make a calendar appointment.
 - check info from an API

from typing import Any, Text, Dict, List

from rasa_sdk import Action, Tracker

from rasa_sdk.executor import CollectionDispatcher

class ActionHelloWorld(Action):

def name(self) -> Text:

return "action_name"

def run(self, dispatcher: CollectionDispatcher,

tracker: Tracker

domain: Dict[Text, Any]) ->

List[Dict[Text, Any]]:

print("Custom code goes here")

return []

CollectionDispatcher → Send messages back to user.

Tracker → To fetch the relevant information

- e.g. - Intent
- Entities
- Conversation state
- Slots

domain → info from domain.yml file