

Ateliers doctoraux INED 2018-19

PRESENTATIONS IN L^AT_EX

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Outline

The BEAMER class

The Preamble

The Main Document

Conclusion

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Presentations: why \LaTeX ?

- ▶ tidy and professional presentations
- ▶ easy to make with BEAMER class and standard \LaTeX commands
- ▶ appearance defined by several **themes**, styles and options
 - ▶ 28 themes and 17 colors
 - ▶ <https://hartwork.org/beamer-theme-matrix/>
- ▶ support for **overlays** and dynamic effects
- ▶ output is a PDF-file: avoid problems at conferences due to different PowerPoint versions
- ▶ creation of presentation, handouts and articles from the same source

Presentations in \LaTeX

- ▶ same rules and commands of other \LaTeX documents (articles, books, reports)

- ▶ main structure is divided into **Preamble**:

```
\documentclass[...]{beamer}  
\usepackage[english]{babel}  
...
```

- ▶ and **Main Part**:

```
\begin{document}  
...  
\end{document}
```

- ▶ user guide: <https://github.com/josephwright/beamer>
 - ▶ “only” 247 pages

Your first L^AT_EX slide

Example

```
\documentclass{beamer}  
\usetheme{Copenhagen}  
\begin{document}  
  
\begin{frame}  
Here is my first slide in \LaTeX  
\end{frame}  
  
\end{document}
```

Your first \LaTeX slide: outcome

Here is my first slide in \LaTeX

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Document class

```
\documentclass[...]{beamer}
```

- ▶ Font Size: 8pt, 9pt, 10pt, 11pt, 12pt, 14pt, 17pt, 20pt
- ▶ automatically loads other \LaTeX packages: xcolor, amsmath, amsthm, calc, geometry, hyperref
- ▶ can create **handouts** without overlays

```
\documentclass[handout]{beamer}  
\usepackage{pgfpages}  
\mode<handout>\pgfpagesuselayout{2 on 1}[a4paper]}
```

- ▶ you can print as **article**

```
\documentclass[]{article}  
\usepackage{beamerarticle}
```

Title page

- ▶ this is where you define title, authors, institutions, ...

```
\title[Short Title]{Long Title}
\subtitle{Subtitle}
\author[Short Authors]{
Author1\inst{1} \and Author2\inst{2}}
\institute[Short Uni]{
\inst{1}%
Department A1 \\
University XX
\and
\inst{2}%
Department A2 \\
University YY}
\date[] {Conference or Date}
```

- ▶ short versions of title, authors, ... used in headline or footline

Title page

Example

```
\documentclass{beamer}
\usetheme{Copenhagen}
\title[Short Title]{My first presentation in \LaTeX}
\subtitle[Learning the \texttt{BEAMER} class]
\author[Author1, Author2]{
  Author1\inst{1} \and Author2\inst{2}}
\institute[Universities XX and YY]{
  \inst{1}%
  Department A1 \\
  University XX \and
  \inst{2}%
  Department A2 \\
  University YY}
\date[] {Conference - Date}

\begin{document}
\begin{frame}[plain]    % this is your TITLE PAGE
\titlepage
\end{frame}

\begin{frame}
Here is my first slide in \LaTeX
\end{frame}
\end{document}
```

Title page: outcome

My first presentation in \LaTeX

Learning the BEAMER class

Author1¹ Author2²

¹Department A1
University XX

²Department A2
University YY

Conference - Date

Logo, navigation bar, transparency

- ▶ To insert a logo at the upper right corner of your slides

```
\addtobeamertemplate{frametitle}{}{  
\begin{textblock*}{100mm}(.7\textwidth,-2cm)  
\includegraphics[scale=0.12]{Logo}  
\end{textblock*}  
}
```

- ▶ it is tidier not to show the navigation bar

```
\beamertemplatenavigationsymbolsempty
```

- ▶ if you prefer partially visible overlays

```
\setbeamercovered{transparent}
```

Frame numbers

- ▶ `\setbeamertemplate{footline}[frame number]`
- ▶ or custom your own specification, for example:

```
\setbeamertemplate{footline}{  
  \leavevmode  
  \hbox{  
    \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=.5\paperwidth,ht=2.25ex,dp=1ex,center]  
      {author in head/foot}%\usebeamerfont{author in head/foot}\insertshortauthor  
    \end{beamercolorbox}%  
    \begin{beamercolorbox}[wd=.5\paperwidth,ht=2.25ex,dp=1ex,center]  
      {title in head/foot}%  
    \usebeamerfont{title in head/foot}\insertshorttitle~~~~\insertframenum  
    \end{beamercolorbox}  
  }  
}
```

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Frames

- ▶ a presentation consists of a series of frames
- ▶ each frame may consist of several slides/overlays
- ▶ a frame is like one “page” of the presentation

```
\begin{frame}[...]{Title}{Subtitle} .. \end{frame}
```

Options:

- ▶ `plain`: no headline, footline, sidebars
- ▶ `squeeze`: squeeze all vertical spaces (this slide)
- ▶ `shrink=0..100`: shrink everything by n percent
- ▶ `b`, `c` or `t`: vertically align at bottom, center or top
- ▶ `label= ...`: for reusing frame with `\againframe`

Structure

- ▶ use the standard `\section{}` and `\subsection{}` commands between frames
- ▶ they are hyperlinked, and they generally appear on sidebars or headline
- ▶ they appear in the `\tableofcontents`, but I discourage its use (in short presentations) \Rightarrow it's a loss of important time!!
- ▶ do not use too many (4 sections are enough for short presentations)

Example

Here I have defined four sections, visible in the headline

Lists

- ▶ lists are very useful: `\begin{itemize} .. \end{itemize}`
or `\begin{enumerate} .. \end{enumerate}`
- ▶ use multiple times!!
- ▶ set space between bullets with `\usepackage{setspace}` and
`\begin{itemize} \setlength\itemsep{1em} ...`
- ▶ can easily create sub-lists by nesting one in another
`\begin{itemize} .. \begin{itemize} .. \end{itemize}`
`.. \end{itemize}`
 - ▶ like here (itemize)
 1. and here (enumerate)
- ▶ personalize appearance in Preamble:


```
\setbeamertemplate{itemize item}{...}
\setbeamertemplate{itemize subitem}{...}
\setbeamertemplate{enumerate item}{...}
```

Frames & lists

Example

```
\begin{frame}
\frametitle{The Research Questions}
Our main research questions are:
\bigskip
\begin{itemize}
\setlength\itemsep{1em}
\item is there any relationship between xx and yy?
\begin{itemize}
\item even controlling for zz?
\end{itemize}
\item if so, has the relationship changed over time?
\end{itemize}
\end{frame}
```

Frames & lists: outcome

The Research Questions

Our main research questions are:

- is there any relationship between xx and yy ?
 - even controlling for zz ?
- if so, has the relationship changed over time?

Changing font size

If you need to change the font size within a slide:

- ▶ `\tiny` is the smallest font
- ▶ `\scriptsize` is still very small
- ▶ `\small` is a small font
- ▶ `\normalsize` is the standard font
- ▶ `\large` increases your font
- ▶ `\Large` is a large font
- ▶ `\Huge` is just huge!

Block, alertblock & exampleblock

Block

Could be useful to highlight something

Alert block

Not really different from a block (can be used to contrast)

Example

Could be useful to show an example

- ▶ personalize appearance in Preamble:
`\setbeamertheme{blocks}[rounded][shadow=true]`

Overlays

Creating overlays

1. using overlay specifications

Example

```
\begin{itemize}  
\item<1-> from first layer on  
\item<3> only in the 3. layer  
\item<2,4-> in the 2., 4. and all further layers  
\end{itemize}
```

- ▶ from first layer on

Overlays

Creating overlays

1. using overlay specifications

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Overlays

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- ▶ from first layer on
- ▶ only in the 3. layer

Overlays

Creating overlays

1. using overlay specifications

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- ▶ in the 2., 4. and all further layers

Overlays

Creating overlays

2. using the `\pause` command

Example

The command ‘`\pause`’ allows to construct simple overlays

The command “`\pause`”

Overlays

Creating overlays

2. using the `\pause` command

Example

The command `'\pause` allows to construct simple overlays

The command `"\pause` allows to construct simple overlays

Overlays

Creating overlays

3. using the `\uncover` command

Example

Here you can decide

```
\uncover<2>{what and when to uncover}
```

Here you can decide

Overlays

Creating overlays

3. using the `\uncover` command

Example

Here you can decide

```
\uncover<2>{what and when to uncover}
```

Here you can decide what and when to uncover

Overlays

- ▶ several commands, lists, blocks and images allow an **overlay** specification

Overlays

- ▶ several commands, lists, blocks and images allow an **overlay** specification

```
\begin{block}<2-4>{Overlay block}
\begin{itemize}
\item<2-3> Appears only on the second
\textbf<3>{and third} layer
\item<4> \only<4> {only in the last slide}
\end{itemize}
\end{block}
```

Overlay block

- ▶ Appears only on the second and third layer

Overlays

- ▶ several commands, lists, blocks and images allow an **overlay** specification

```
\begin{block}<2-4>{Overlay block}
\begin{itemize}
\item<2-3> Appears only on the second
\textbf{and third} layer
\item<4> \only<4> {only in the last slide}
\end{itemize}
\end{block}
```

Overlay block

- ▶ Appears only on the second **and third** layer

Overlays

- ▶ several commands, lists, blocks and images allow an **overlay** specification

```
\begin{block}<2-4>{Overlay block}
\begin{itemize}
\item<2-3> Appears only on the second
\textbf<3>{and third} layer
\item<4> \only<4> {only in the last slide}
\end{itemize}
\end{block}
```

Overlay block

- ▶ only in the last slide

Formulas - option I

```
\begin{equation}
y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \epsilon, \epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)
\end{equation}
```

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \epsilon, \epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2) \quad (1)$$

Formulas - option II

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x ,
that is:

$\$$
 $\$$

$$y = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 x^2$$

$\$$
 $\$$

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x , that is:

$$y = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 x^2$$

Formulas: colors

[Go back](#)

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x ,
that is:

$\$$ $\$$

$$y = \{\textcolor{red}{\alpha}_0\} + \{\textcolor{blue}{\alpha}_1\}x + \{\textcolor{green}{\alpha}_2\}x^2$$

$\$$ $\$$

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x , that is:

$$y = \textcolor{red}{\alpha}_0 + \textcolor{blue}{\alpha}_1 x + \alpha_2 x^2$$

Formulas: colors

[Go back](#)

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x , that is:

$\$$

$$y = \{\color{red}\alpha_0\} + \{\color{blue}\alpha_1\}x + \{\color{green}\alpha_2\}x^2$$

$\$$

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x , that is:

$$y = \alpha_0 + \color{blue}\alpha_1 x + \color{green}\alpha_2 x^2$$

Images

```
\begin{center}  
% if file in the same folder of your .tex file  
\includegraphics[scale=.7]{ined_logo.pdf}  
% if file in folder different from your .tex file  
\includegraphics[scale=.7]{FolderName/ined_logo.pdf}  
\end{center}
```



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Images: animation

[Go back](#)

BEAMER supports animation images: `\animategraphics`

Images: animation

```
\animategraphics[<options>]{frame rate}{  
file}{first}{last}
```

- ▶ Preamble: `\usepackage{animate}`
- ▶ need to create a multipage PDF file (next frame)
- ▶ Options:
 - ▶ `autoplay`: start animation after the page has opened
 - ▶ `loop`: animation restarts immediately after the end
 - ▶ `palindrome`: animation plays forwards and backwards
 - ▶ `step`: step through animation by mouse-click
 - ▶ `controls`: shows control buttons below the animation widget
- ▶ make sure to open file with Adobe Acrobat Reader (or the animation will fail)!!

Animations using R

In R

```
rm(list=ls(all=TRUE))  
n <- 10  
setwd("your presentation directory")  
pdf("AnimFig.pdf")  
for (i in 1:n){  
  plot(1:i,1:i,pch=1:i,col=1:i,cex=2.5,xlab="",  
    ylab="",xlim=c(1,n),ylim=c(1,n))  
}  
dev.off()
```

In \LaTeX

```
\animategraphics[controls,autoplay,loop,scale=0.4]{3}  
{AnimFig}{0}{10}
```

Animations using R: outcome

Tables

You may need to show tables in your presentation:

Example

```
\begin{frame}
\begin{table}[]
\begin{tabular}{l|rr}
\textbf{City} & \textit{Population} & 
\textit{Density} \\ \hline
Odense      & 178210 & 590/km$^2$ \\
Copenhagen & 777218 & 4400/km$^2$
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
\end{frame}
```

Tables: outcome

City	<i>Population</i>	<i>Density</i>
Odense	178210	590/km ²
Copenhagen	777218	4400/km ²

Tables with booktabs

Example

```
\usepackage{booktabs,colortbl}
\definecolor{my-green}{RGB}{0,128,0}
...
\begin{frame}
\begin{table}
\centering
\caption{Tennis players and their achievements}
\begin{tabular}{lrrrr}
\toprule
\multicolumn{1}{c}{Player} & \multicolumn{1}{c}{Grand Slam} & & & \\
\multicolumn{1}{c}{Year-End} & \multicolumn{1}{c}{Total} & \& \& \& \\
\midrule
\rowcolor{my-green} Federer & 20 & 6 & 99 & \\
Nadal & 17 & 0 & 80 & \\
Djokovic & 15 & 5 & 73 & \\
\bottomrule
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
\end{frame}
```

Tables with booktabs: outcome

Table: Tennis players and their achievements

Player	Grand Slam	Year-End	Total
Federer	20	6	99
Nadal	17	0	80
Djokovic	15	5	73

Columns

```
\begin{columns} .. \end{columns}
```

You can create columns of custom size

Example

```
\begin{columns}  
\begin{column}[c]{5cm}  
You can include lists,  
images, blocks, formulas,  
etc..  
\end{column}  
\begin{column}[c]{0.25\linewidth}  
You can have as many as you want  
\end{column}  
\end{columns}
```

You can
include lists,
images, blocks,
formulas, etc..

You can have as
many as you
want

Hyperlinks

- ▶ insert `\hypertarget{Anim}{}` into a frame or `\hypertarget<2>{CFor2}{}` to target the second layer of a frame
- ▶ then add hyperlinks to jump to the targets:

Hyperlinks

- ▶ insert `\hypertarget{Anim}{}` into a frame or `\hypertarget<2>{CFor2}{}` to target the second layer of a frame
- ▶ then add hyperlinks to jump to the targets:
 - ▶ `\hyperlink{Anim}`
`{\beamergotobutton{go to Animation Figure}}`

▶ go to Animation Figure

Hyperlinks

- ▶ insert `\hypertarget{Anim}{}` into a frame or `\hypertarget<2>{CFor2}{}` to target the second layer of a frame
- ▶ then add hyperlinks to jump to the targets:
 - ▶ `\hyperlink{CFor2}`
`{\beamergotobutton{go to Color Formula 2}}`

▶ go to Color Formula 2

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Suggestions for short conference presentations

- ▶ use short sentences and not too much text
- ▶ no need for Table of Contents: it's always the same, you lose important time
- ▶ use itemize a lot
- ▶ images better than tables
- ▶ use short and informative frame titles (do not repeat section headings)
- ▶ do not read the slides word-for-word
- ▶ **practice** (with time!) your talk beforehand...
 - ▶ ... and then practice again 😊

References & inspirations for this class

- ▶ Giancarlo Camarda slides “Introduction to \LaTeX ”
<https://sites.google.com/site/carlogiovannicamarda/teaching/latex>
- ▶ Meik Hellmund slides “The Beamer class for \LaTeX ”
<http://www.math.uni-leipzig.de/~hellmund/latex.html>
- ▶ Joseph Wright user guide “The BEAMER class”
<https://github.com/josephwright/beamer>

You can find these slides and template presentation files to use at:
<https://github.com/ubasellini/LaTeXpresentations>

For questions, comments or bugs: ugofilippo.basellini@ined.fr