European Doctoral School of Demography 2018-19

Presentations in LaTeX

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Odense, 30-31 January 2019



Outline

The BEAMER class

The Preamble

The Main Document

Conclusion



Presentations: why LATEX?

- tidy and professional presentations
- ▶ easy to make with BEAMER class and standard LATEX commands
- appearance defined by several themes, styles and options
 - 28 themes and 17 colors
 - https://hartwork.org/beamer-theme-matrix/
- support for overlays and dynamic effects
- output is a PDF-file: avoid problems at conferences due to different PowerPoint versions
- creation of presentation, handouts and articles from the same source



Presentations in LATEX

- same rules and commands of other LATEX documents (articles, books, reports)
- main structure is divided into Preamble:

```
\documentclass[...]{beamer}
\usepackage[english]{babel}
...
```

and Main Part:

```
\begin{document}
...
\end{document}
```

user guide: https://github.com/josephwright/beamer"only" 247 pages



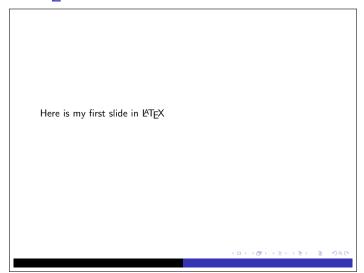
Your first LATEX slide

```
Example
\documentclass{beamer}
\usetheme{Copenhagen}
\begin{document}

\begin{frame}
Here is my first slide in \LaTeX
\end{frame}
\end{document}
```



Your first LATEX slide: outcome





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Document class

\documentclass[...] {beamer}

- ► Font Size: 8pt, 9pt, 10pt, 11pt, 12pt, 14pt, 17pt, 20pt
- automatically loads other LATEX packages: xcolor, amsmath, amsthm, calc, geometry, hyperref
- can create handouts without overlays

```
\documentclass[handout]{beamer}
\usepackage{pgfpages}
\mode<handout>{\pgfpagesuselayout{2 on 1}[a4paper]}
```

you can print as article

```
\documentclass[]{article}
\usepackage{beamerarticle}
```



Title page

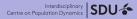
▶ this is where you define title, authors, institutions, ...

```
\title[Short Title]{Long Title}
\subtitle{Subtitle}
\author[Short Authors]{
Author1\inst{1} \and Author2\inst{2}}
\institute[Short Uni]{
\inst{1}%
Department A1 \\
University XX
\and
\inst{2}%
Department A2 \\
University YY}
\date[]{Conference or Date}
```

▶ short versions of title, authors, ... used in headline or footline

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Title page

```
\documentclass{beamer}
\usetheme{Copenhagen}
\title[Short Title]{My first presentation in \LaTeX}
\subtitle{Learning the \texttt{BEAMER} class}
\author[Author1, Author2]{
Author1\inst{1} \and Author2\inst{2}}
\institute[Universities XX and YY]{
\inst{1}%
Department A1 \\
University XX \and
\inst{2}%
Department A2 \\
University YY}
\date[]{Conference - Date}
\begin{document}
\begin{frame}[plain] % this is your TITLE PAGE
\titlepage
\end{frame}
\begin{frame}
Here is my first slide in \LaTeX
\end{frame}
\end{document}
```



Title page: outcome

My first presentation in LATEX Learning the BEAMER class

Author1¹ Author2²

¹Department A1 University XX

²Department A2 University YY

Conference - Date



Logo, navigation bar, transparency

► To insert a logo at the upper right corner of your slides

```
\addtobeamertemplate{frametitle}{}{
\begin{textblock*}{100mm}(.7\textwidth,-2cm)
\includegraphics[scale=0.12]{Logo}
\end{textblock*}
}
```

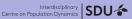
it is tidier not to show the navigation bar

\beamertemplatenavigationsymbolsempty

▶ if you prefer partially visible overlays

\setbeamercovered{transparent}





Frame numbers

- \setbeamertemplate{footline}[frame number]
- or custom your own specification, for example:

```
\setbeamertemplate{footline}{
\leavemode
\hhox{
\begin{beamercolorbox}{wd=.5\paperwidth,ht=2.25ex,dp=1ex,center}
{author in head/foot}\%\usebeamerfont{author in head/foot}\\insertshortauthor \end{beamercolorbox}\%
\begin{beamercolorbox}{wd=.5\paperwidth,ht=2.25ex,dp=1ex,center}
{title in head/foot}\%
\usebeamerfont{title in head/foot}\\insertshorttitle^---\insertframenumber \end{beamercolorbox}
}
\]
```



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Frames

- a presentation consists of a series of frames
- each frame may consist of several slides/overlays
- ▶ a frame is like one "page" of the presentation

```
\label{lem:lemma} $$\left[\ldots\right]$ Title $$ \left[Subtitle\right] \ldots \end{frame} $$
```

Options:

- plain: no headline, footline, sidebars
- squeeze: squeeze all vertical spaces (this slide)
- shrink=0..100: shrink everything by n percent
- ▶ b, c or t: vertically align at bottom, center or top
- ▶ label= ...: for reusing frame with \againframe

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Structure

- use the standard \section{} and \subsection{}
 commands between frames
- they are hyperlinked, and they generally appear on sidebars or headline
- ▶ they appear in the \tableofcontents, but I discourage its use (in short presentations) ⇒ it's a loss of important time!!
- do not use too many (4 sections are enough for short presentations)

Example

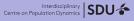
Here I have defined four sections, visible in the headline

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Lists

- blists are very useful: \begin{itemize} .. \end{itemize}
 or \begin{enumerate} .. \end{enumerate}
- use multiple times!!
- set space between bullets with \usepackage{setspace} and \begin{itemize} \setlength\itemsep{1em} ...
- can easily create sub-lists by nesting one in another
 \begin{itemize} .. \begin{itemize} .. \end{itemize}
 .. \end{itemize}
 - ▶ like here (itemize)
 - and here (enumerate)
- personalize appearance in Preamble:
 \setbeamertemplate{itemize item}{...}
 \setbeamertemplate{itemize subitem}{...}
 \setbeamertemplate{enumerate item}{...}





Frames & lists

\end{itemize} \end{frame}

```
Example
\begin{frame}
\frametitle{The Research Questions}
Our main research questions are:
\bigskip
\begin{itemize}
\setlength\itemsep{1em}
\item is there any relationship between xx and yy?
\begin{itemize}
\item even controlling for zz?
\end{itemize}
```

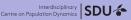
\item if so, has the relationship changed over time?



Frames & lists: outcome

The Research Questions Our main research questions are: • is there any relationship between xx and yy? · even controlling for zz? • if so, has the relationship changed over time? Author1 Author2 Short Title





Changing font size

If you need to change the font size within a slide:

- \tiny is the smallest font
- \scriptsize is still very small
- ▶ \small is a small font
- \normalsize is the standard font
- ▶ \large increases your font
- Large is a large font
- Huge is just huge!



Block, alertblock & exampleblock

Block

Could be useful to highlight something

Alert block

Not really different from a block (can be used to contrast)

Example

Could be useful to show an example

personalize appearance in Preamble:
 \setbeamertemplate{blocks}[rounded][shadow=true]

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Creating overlays

1. using overlay specifications

Example

```
\begin{itemize}
\item<1-> from first layer on
\item<3> only in the 3. layer
\item<2,4-> in the 2., 4. and all further layers
\end{itemize}
```

from first layer on



Creating overlays

1. using overlay specifications

```
\begin{itemize}
\item<1-> from first layer on
\item<3> only in the 3. layer
\item<2,4-> in the 2., 4. and all further layers
\end{itemize}
```

- from first layer on
- in the 2., 4. and all further layers



Creating overlays

1. using overlay specifications

```
\begin{itemize}
\item<1-> from first layer on
\item<3> only in the 3. layer
\item<2,4-> in the 2., 4. and all further layers
\end{itemize}
```

- from first layer on
- only in the 3. layer



Creating overlays

1. using overlay specifications

```
\begin{itemize}
\item<1-> from first layer on
\item<3> only in the 3. layer
\item<2,4-> in the 2., 4. and all further layers
\end{itemize}
```

- from first layer on
- in the 2., 4. and all further layers



Creating overlays

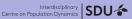
2. using the \pause command

Example

The command ''pause" \pause allows to construct simple overlays

The command "pause"





Creating overlays

2. using the \pause command

Example

The command ''pause" \pause allows to construct simple overlays

The command "pause" allows to construct simple overlays

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Creating overlays

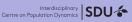
3. using the \uncover command

Example

Here you can decide \uncover<2>{what and when to uncover}

Here you can decide





Creating overlays

3. using the \uncover command

Example

Here you can decide \uncover<2>{what and when to uncover}

Here you can decide what and when to uncover



several commands, lists, blocks and images allow an overlay specification



 several commands, lists, blocks and images allow an overlay specification

```
\begin{block}<2-4>{Overlay block}
\begin{itemize}
\item<2-3> Appears only on the second
\textbf<3>{and third} layer
\item<4> \only<4> {only in the last slide}
\end{itemize}
\end{block}
```

Overlay block

Appears only on the second and third layer

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 several commands, lists, blocks and images allow an overlay specification

```
\begin{block}<2-4>{Overlay block}
\begin{itemize}
\item<2-3> Appears only on the second
\textbf<3>{and third} layer
\item<4> \only<4> {only in the last slide}
\end{itemize}
\end{block}
```

Overlay block

Appears only on the second and third layer

EDSD 2018-19 Basellini U. Presentations in LATEX 23



 several commands, lists, blocks and images allow an overlay specification

```
\begin{block}<2-4>{Overlay block}
\begin{itemize}
\item<2-3> Appears only on the second
\textbf<3>{and third} layer
\item<4> \only<4> {only in the last slide}
\end{itemize}
\end{block}
```

Overlay block

only in the last slide



Formulas - option I

```
\begin{equation}
y = \beta_0 + \beta_1x + \epsilon\,,\,\,
\epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0,\,\sigma^{2})\,.
\end{equation}
```

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \epsilon, \ \epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$$
 (1)



Formulas - option II

```
Suppose that $y$ follows a quadratic function of $x$,
that is:
$$
y = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1x + \alpha_2x^2
$$
```

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x, that is:

$$y = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 x^2$$



Formulas: colors

Go back

```
Suppose that $y$ follows a quadratic function of $x$,
that is:
$$
y = {\color<1>{red}\alpha_0} +
{\color<1-2>{blue}\alpha_1}x +
{\color<2>{green}\alpha_2}x^2
$$$
```

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x, that is:

$$y = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 x^2$$



Formulas: colors

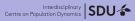
Go back

```
Suppose that $y$ follows a quadratic function of $x$,
that is:
$$
y = {\color<1>{red}\alpha_0} +
{\color<1-2>{blue}\alpha_1}x +
{\color<2>{green}\alpha_2}x^2
$$
```

Suppose that y follows a quadratic function of x, that is:

$$y = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x + \alpha_2 x^2$$



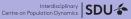


Images

```
\begin{center}
% if file in the same folder of your .tex file
\includegraphics[scale=.7]{EDSDLogo.pdf}
% if file in folder different from your .tex file
\includegraphics[scale=.7]{FolderName/EDSDLogo.pdf}
\end{center}
```







Images: animation

Go back

 ${\tt BEAMER} \ {\tt supports} \ {\tt animategraphics}$



Images: animation

```
\animategraphics[<options>]{frame rate}{
file}{first}{last}
```

- Preamble: \usepackage{animate}
- need to create a multipage PDF file (next frame)
- Options:
 - autoplay: start animation after the page has opened
 - ▶ loop: animation restarts immediately after the end
 - palindrome: animation plays forwards and backwards
 - step: step through animation by mouse-click
 - controls: shows control buttons below the animation widget
- make sure to open file with Adobe Acrobat Reader (or the animation will fail)!!



Animations using R

```
In R.
rm(list=ls(all=TRUE))
n <- 10
setwd("your presentation directory")
pdf("AnimFig.pdf")
for (i in 1:n){
plot(1:i,1:i,pch=1:i,col=1:i,cex=2.5,xlab="",
ylab="",xlim=c(1,n),ylim=c(1,n))
dev.off()
```

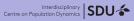
In LATEX

\animategraphics[controls,autoplay,loop,scale=0.4]{3} {AnimFig}{0}{10}



Animations using R: outcome





Tables

You may need to show tables in your presentation:

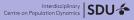
```
Example
\begin{frame}
\begin{table}[]
\begin{tabular}{1|rr}
\textbf{City} & \textit{Population} &
\textit{Density} \\
\hline
           & 178210 & 590/km$^2$ \\
Odense
Copenhagen & 777218 & 4400/km$^2$
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
\end{frame}
```



Tables: outcome

City	Population	Density
Odense	178210	590/km ²
Copenhagen	777218	$4400/km^2$





Tables with booktabs

Example

```
\usepackage{booktabs,colortbl}
\definecolor{my-green}{RGB}{0,128,0}
\begin{frame}
\begin{table}
\centering
\caption{Tennis players and their achievements}
\begin{tabular}{lrrr}
\toprule
\multicolumn{1}{c}{Player} & \multicolumn{1}{c}{Grand Slam} &
\multicolumn{1}{c}{Year-End} & \multicolumn{1}{c}{Total} \\
\midrule
\rowcolor{my-green} Federer & 20 & 6 & 99 \\
Nadal & 17 & 0 & 80 \\
Djokovic & 15 & 5 & 73 \\
\bottomrule
\end{tabular}
\end{table}
\end{frame}
```

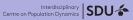


Tables with booktabs: outcome

Table: Tennis players and their achievements

Player	Grand Slam	Year-End	Total
Federer	20	6	99
Nadal	17	0	80
Djokovic	15	5	73





Columns

\begin{columns} .. \end{columns}

You can create columns of custom size

Example

```
\begin{columns}
\begin{column}[c]{5cm}
You can include lists,
images, blocks, formulas,
etc..
\end{column}
\begin{column}[c]{0.25\linewidth}
You can have as many as you want
\end{column}
\end{column}
\end{columns}
```

You can include lists, images, blocks, formulas, etc..

You can have as many as you want



Hyperlinks

- insert \hypertarget{Anim}{} into a frame or \hypertarget<2>{CFor2}{} to target the second layer of a frame
- then add hyperlinks to jump to the targets:



Hyperlinks

- insert \hypertarget{Anim}{} into a frame or \hypertarget<2>{CFor2}{} to target the second layer of a frame
- then add hyperlinks to jump to the targets:
 - hyperlink{Anim}
 {\beamergotobutton{go to Animation Figure}}

▶ go to Animation Figure



Hyperlinks

- insert \hypertarget{Anim}{} into a frame or \hypertarget<2>{CFor2}{} to target the second layer of a frame
- then add hyperlinks to jump to the targets:
 - hyperlink{CFor2}
 {\beamergotobutton{go to Color Formula 2}}

▶ go to Color Formula 2



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Suggestions for short conference presentations

- use short sentences and not too much text
- no need for Table of Contents: it's always the same, you lose important time
- use itemize a lot
- images better than tables
- use short and informative frame titles (do not repeat section headings)
- do not read the slides word-for-word
- practice (with time!) your talk beforehand...
 - ▶ ... and then practice again ☺



References & inspirations for this class

- ► Giancarlo Camarda slides "Introduction to LATEX" https://sites.google.com/site/carlogiovannicamarda/teaching/latex
- ▶ Meik Hellmund slides "The Beamer class for LATEX" http://www.math.uni-leipzig.de/~hellmund/latex.html
- Joseph Wright user guide "The BEAMER class" https://github.com/josephwright/beamer

For questions, comments or bugs: ugofilippo.basellini@ined.fr