

# Lecture #13

# Architecture Guide Update &

# Kotlin Multiplatform Mobile

Mobile Applications 2022-2023

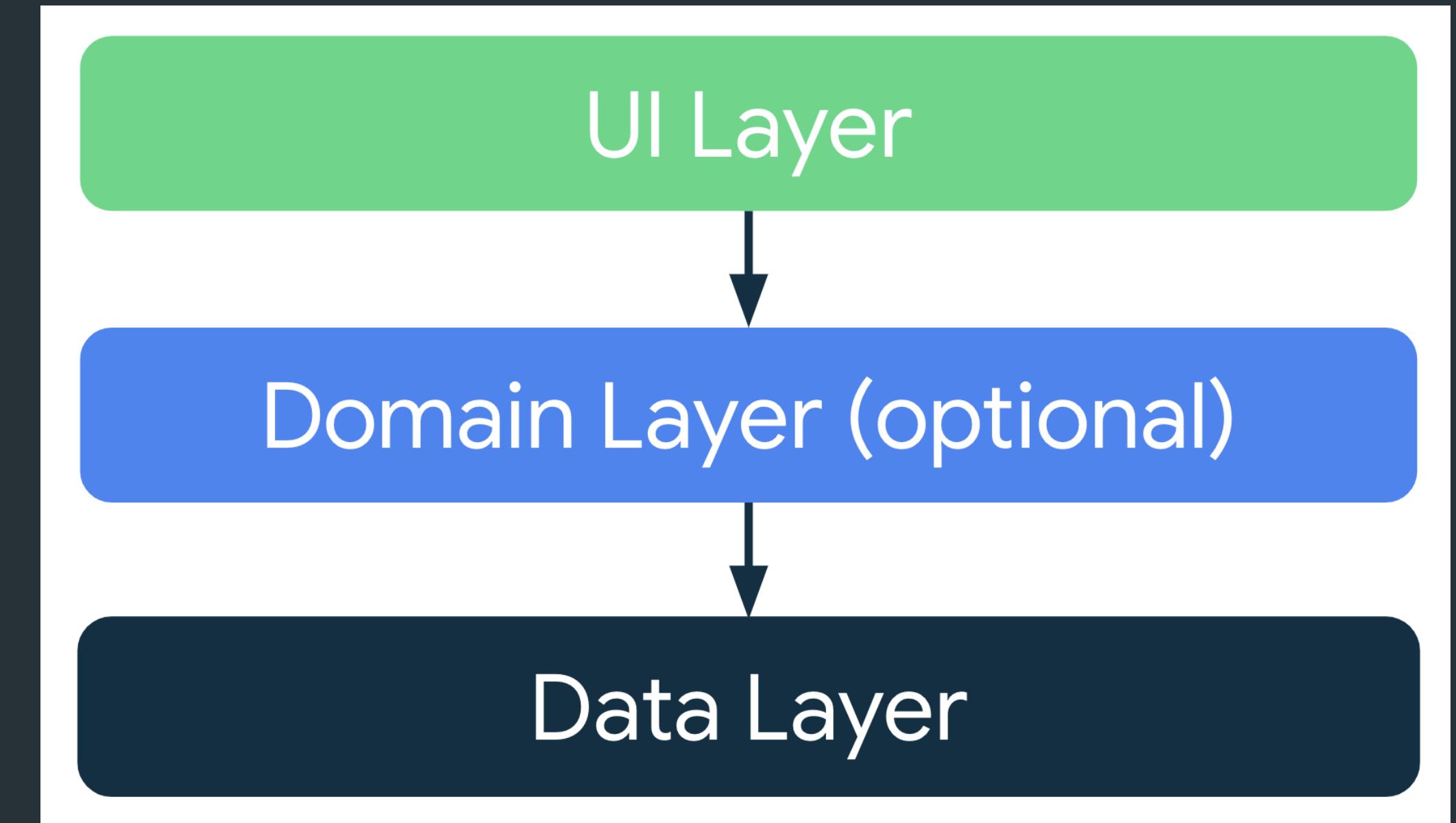
# App Architecture

- Scale
- Quality
- Robustness
- Easier to test



# Layers

- UI - Display data on the screen.
- Data - Business logic.
- Domain - Reuse interactions.



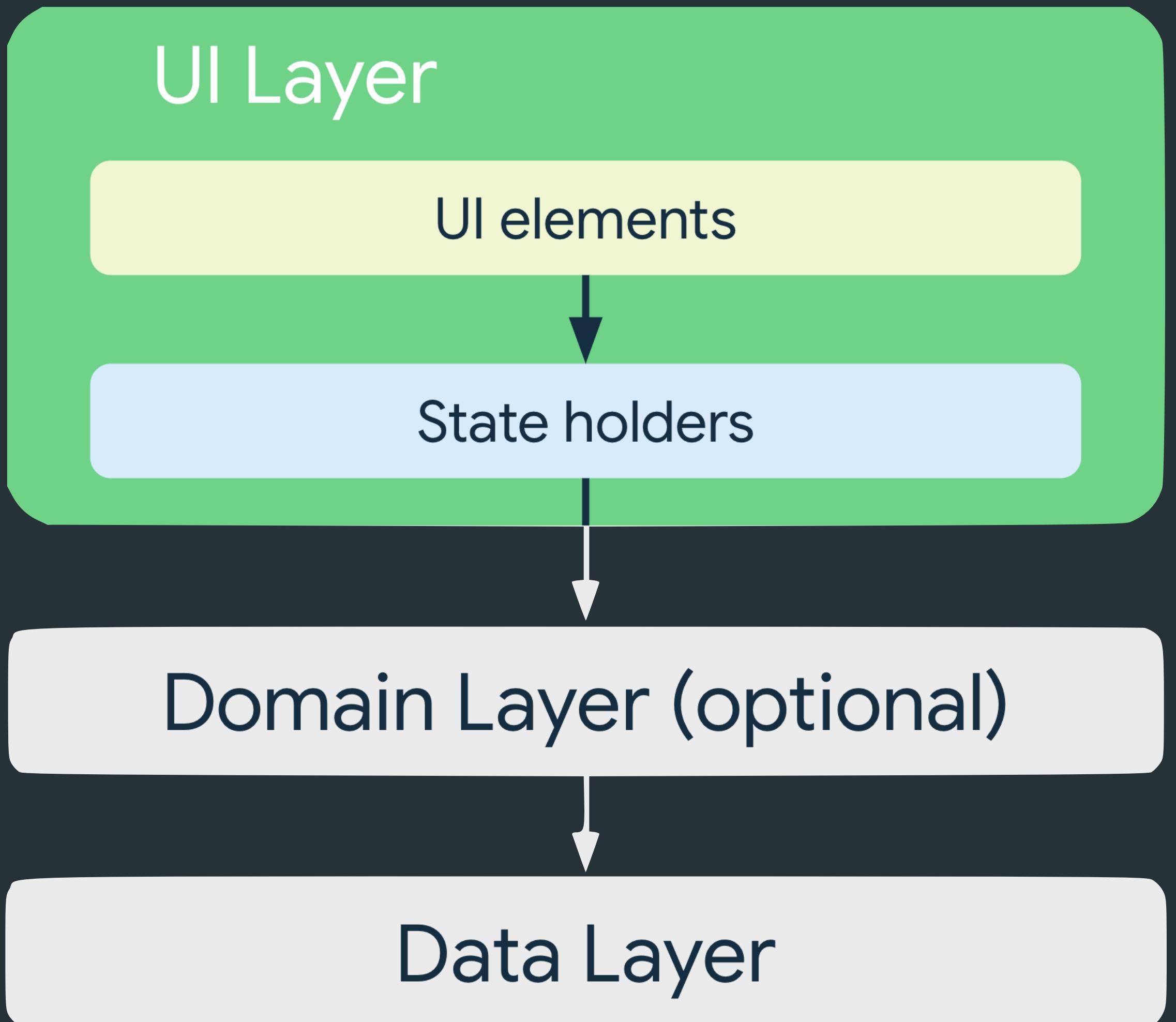
# Overview

- Separation of concerns.
- Drive UI from data (persistent) models.
  - Users don't lose data.
  - App will work even on bad connections or offline.



# UI Layer

- UI elements that render the data - Views or Compose functions.
- State holders
  - Hold data.
  - Expose to the UI
  - Handle logic.



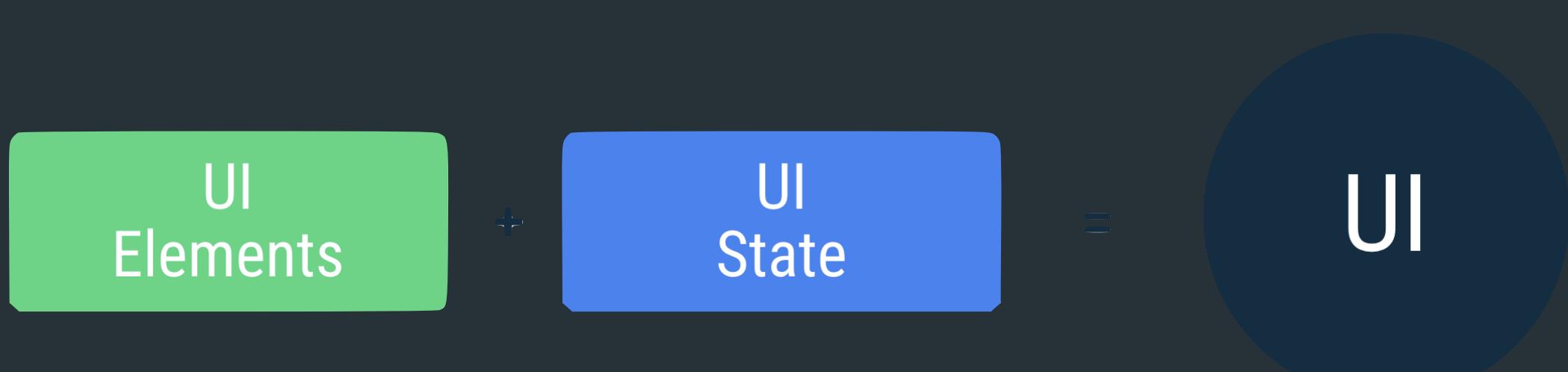
# UI Layer



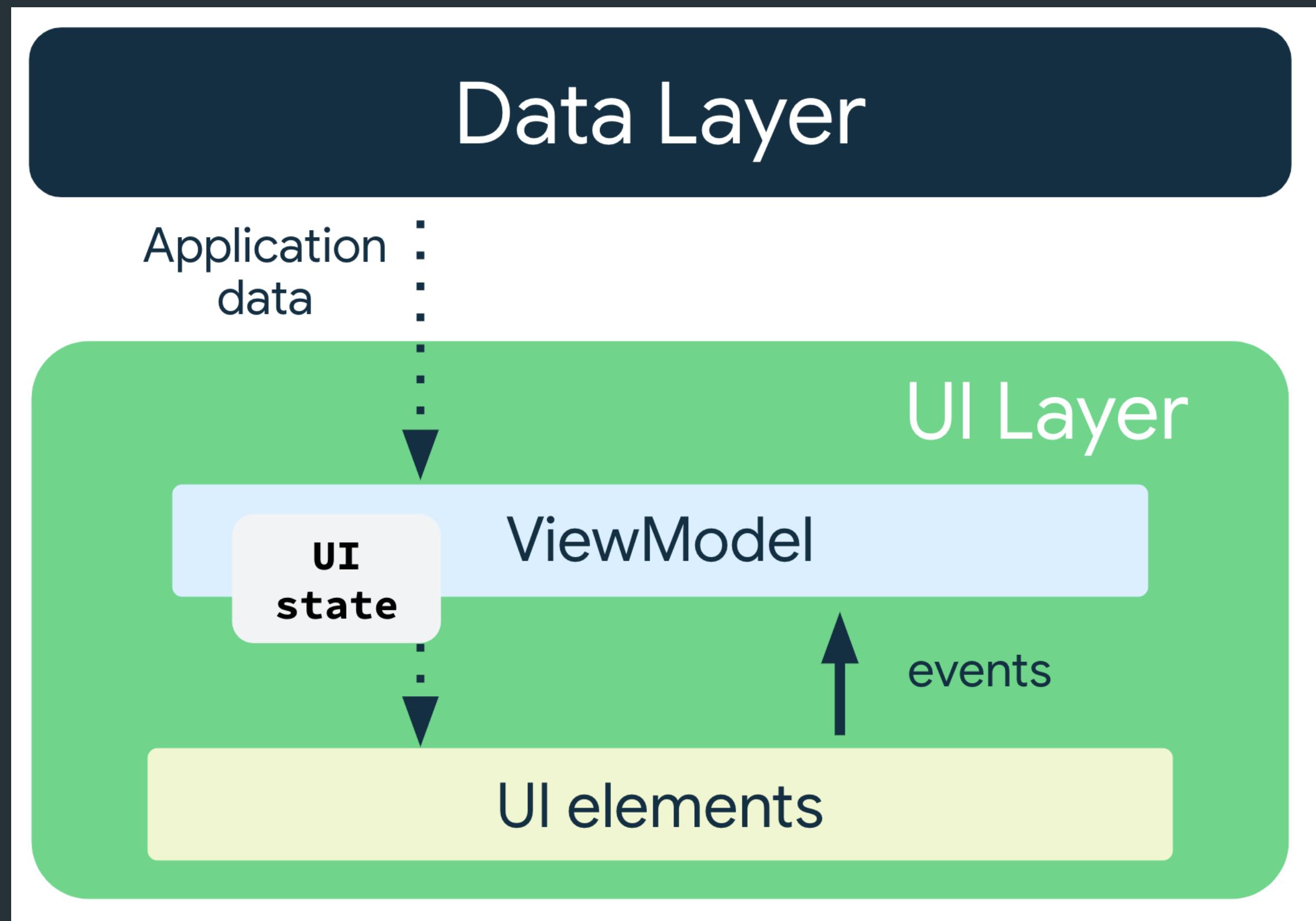
# Define UI state

```
data class NewsUiState(  
    val isSignedIn: Boolean = false,  
    val isPremium: Boolean = false,  
    val newsItems: List<NewsItemUiState> = listOf(),  
    val userMessages: List<Message> = listOf()  
)
```

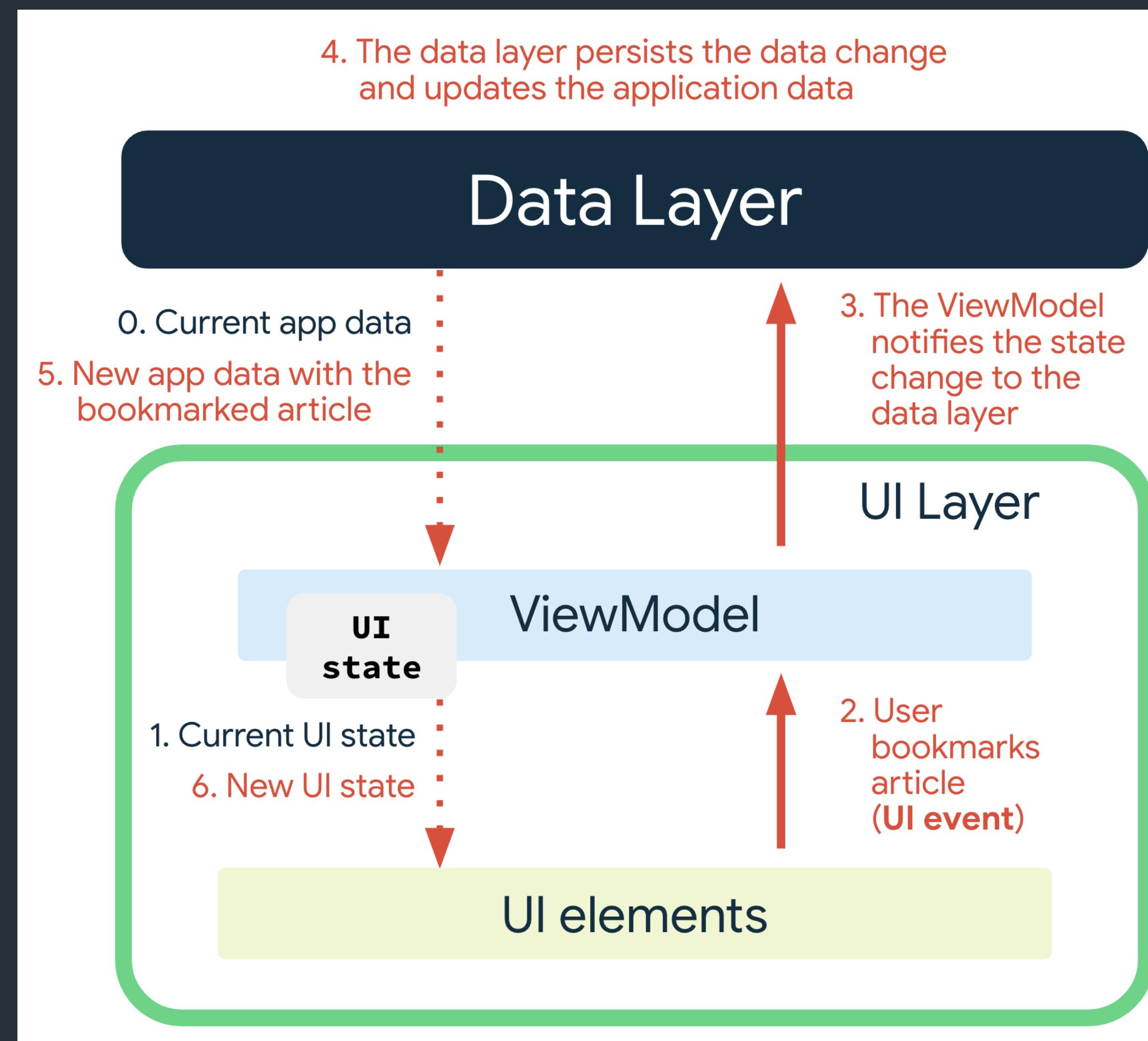
```
data class NewsItemUiState(  
    val title: String,  
    val body: String,  
    val bookmarked: Boolean = false,  
    ...  
)
```



# Define UI state

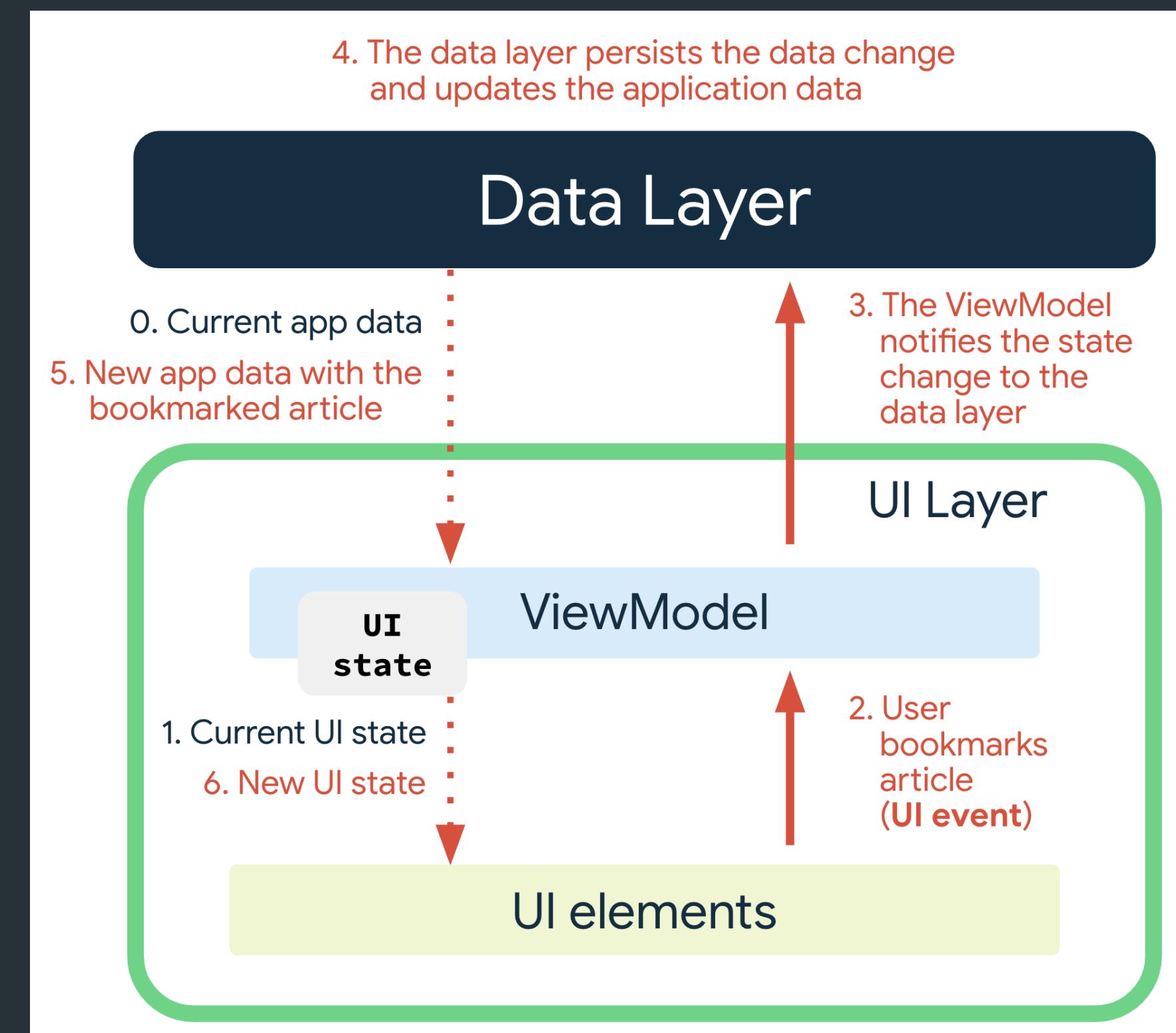


# Unidirectional Data Flow



# Why use UDF?

- Data consistency - Single source of truth.
- Testability - Isolated state, testable independent of the UI.
- Maintainability - Mutations follow a well-defined pattern.



# Expose UI state

```
class NewsViewModel(...) : ViewModel() {  
  
    private val _uiState = MutableStateFlow(NewsUiState())  
    val uiState: StateFlow<NewsUiState> = _uiState.asStateFlow()
```

...

}

```
class NewsViewModel(...) : ViewModel() {  
  
    var uiState by mutableStateOf(NewsUiState())  
        private set  
  
    ...
```

}

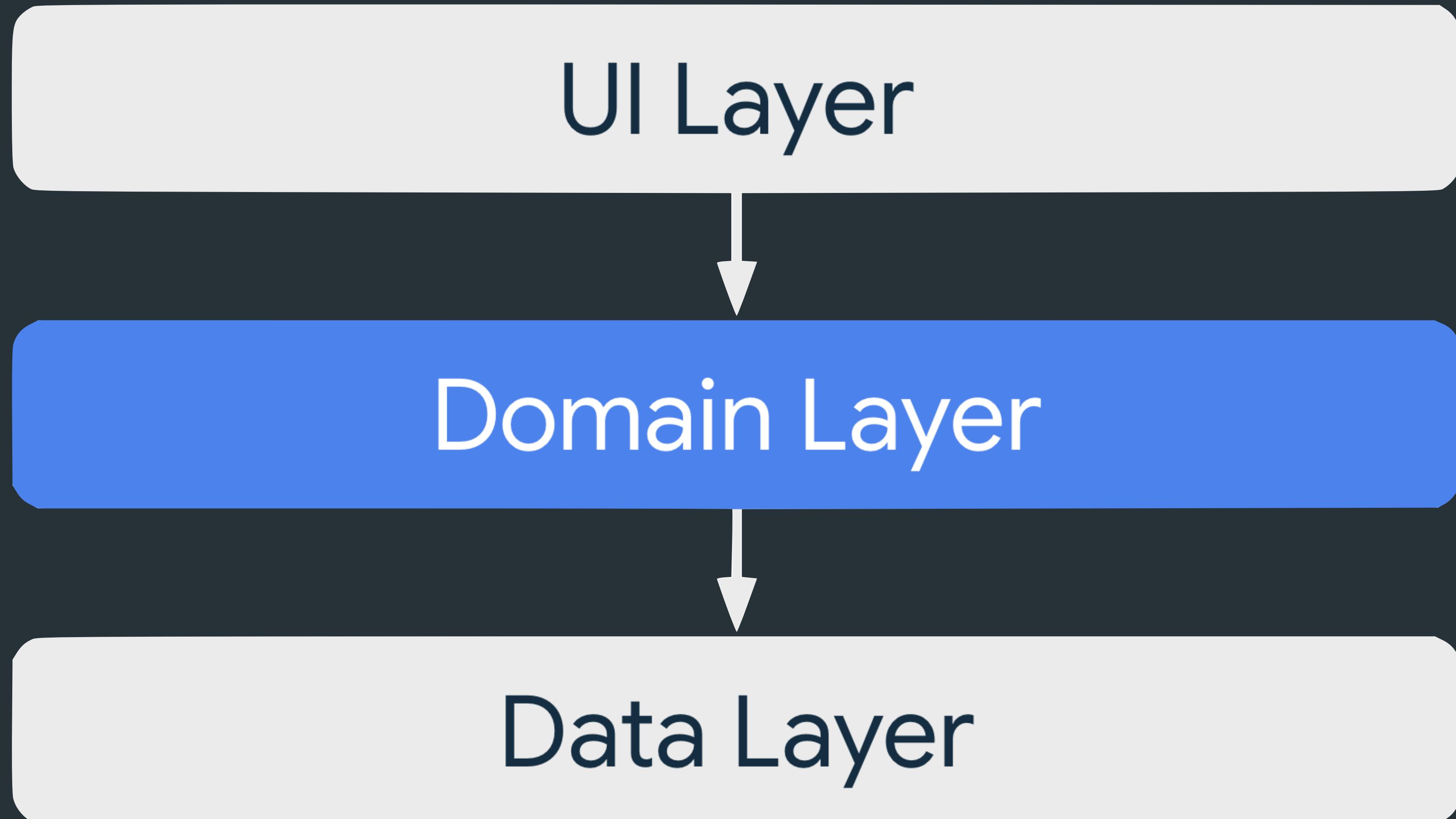
# Consume UI state

```
class NewsActivity : AppCompatActivity() {  
  
    private val viewModel: NewsViewModel by viewModels()  
  
    override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {  
        ...  
  
        lifecycleScope.launch {  
            repeatOnLifecycle(Lifecycle.State.STARTED) {  
                viewModel.uiState.collect {  
                    // Update UI elements  
                    @Composable  
                    fun LatestNewsScreen(  
                        viewModel: NewsViewModel = viewModel()  
                    ) {  
                        // Show UI elements based on the viewModel.uiState  
                    }  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# Show in-progress operations

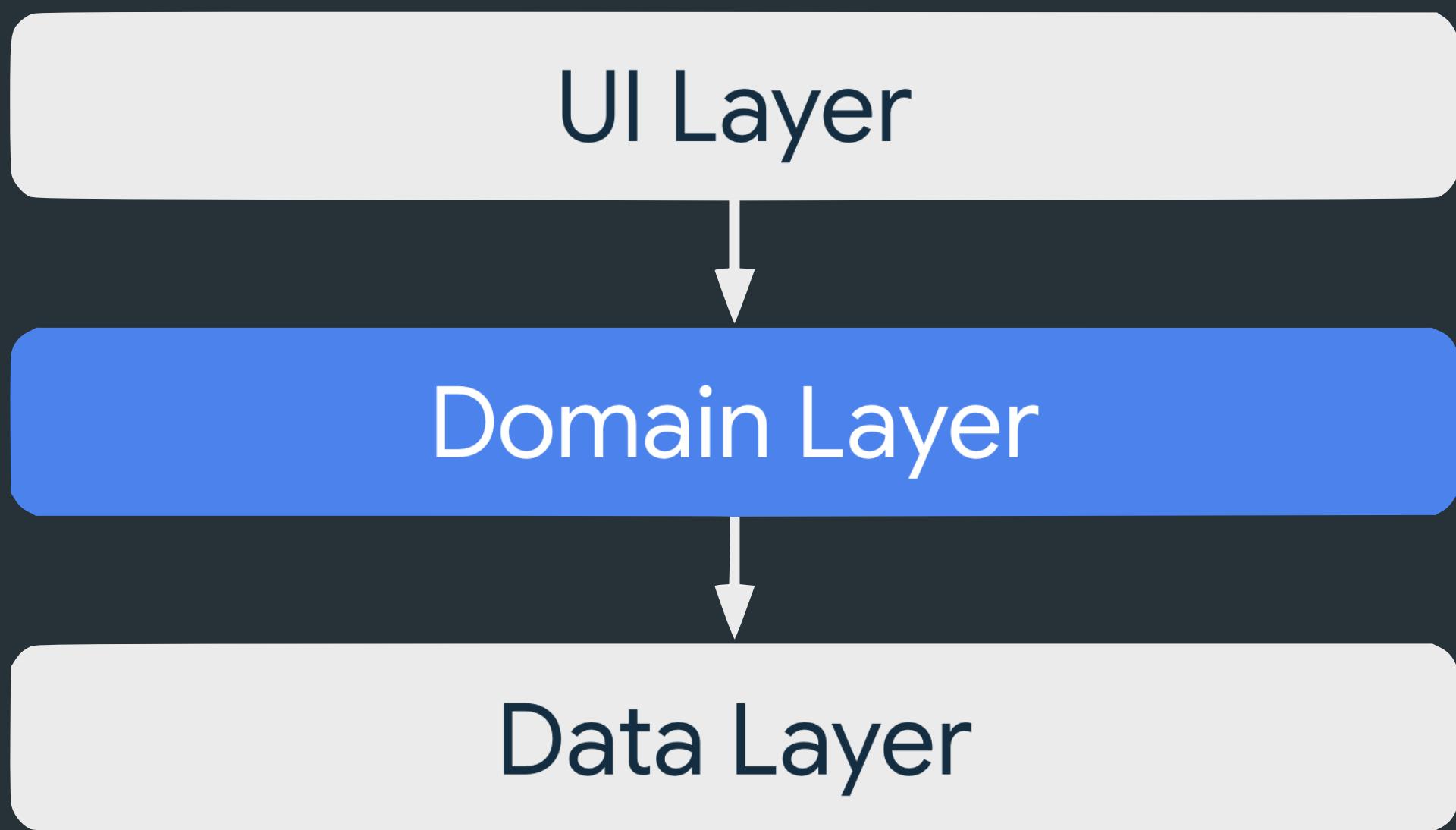
```
data class NewsUiState(  
    val isFetchingArticles: Boolean = false,  
    ...  
)
```

# Domain Layer

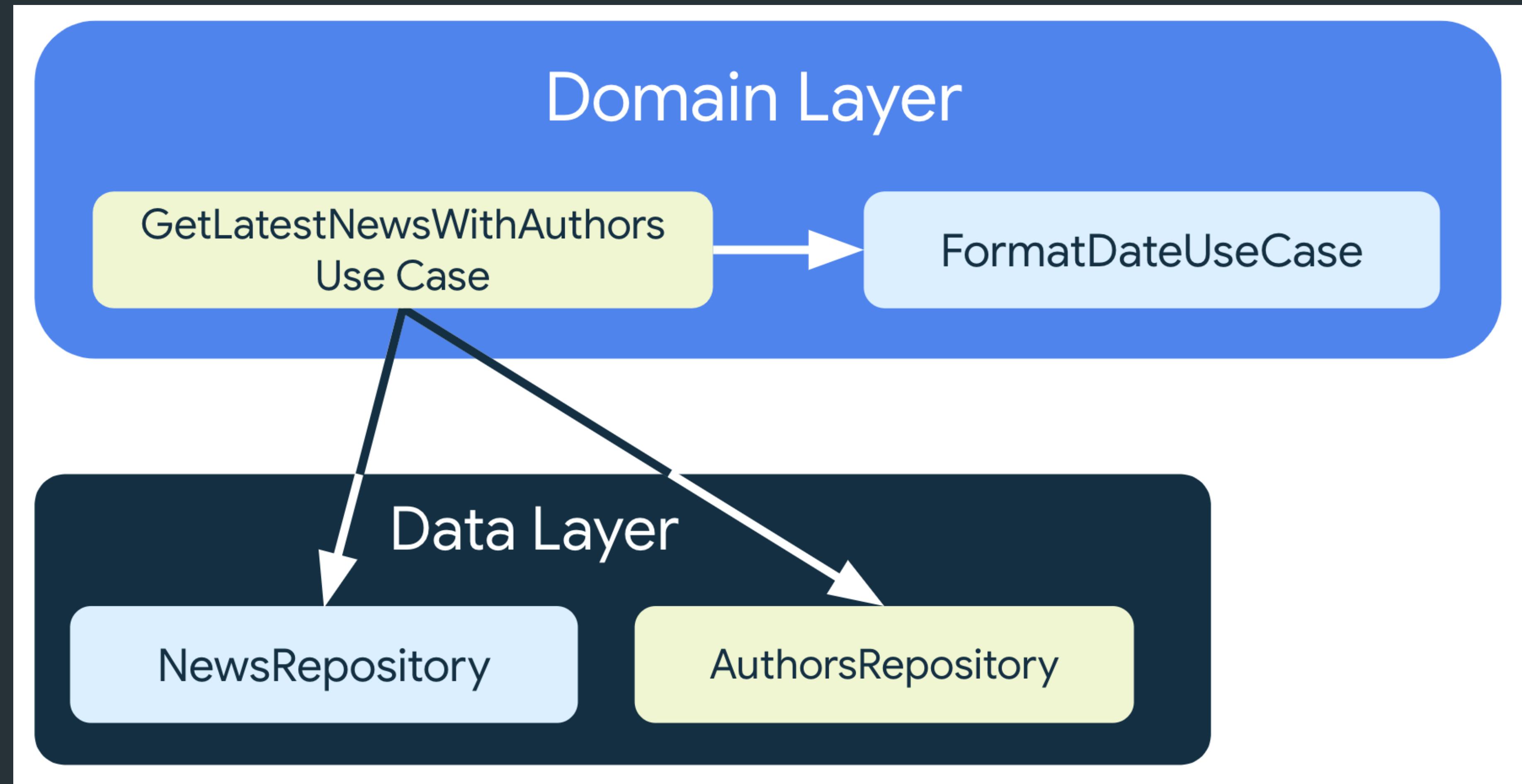


# Domain Layer

- Avoids code duplication.
- Improves readability.
- Improves testability.
- Split responsibilities.



# Domain Layer



# Usage

```
class FormatDateUseCase(userRepository: UserRepository) {  
  
    private val formatter = SimpleDateFormat(  
        userRepository.getPreferredDateFormat(),  
        userRepository.getPreferredLocale()  
    )  
  
    operator fun invoke(date: Date): String {  
        return formatter.format(date)  
    }  
}
```

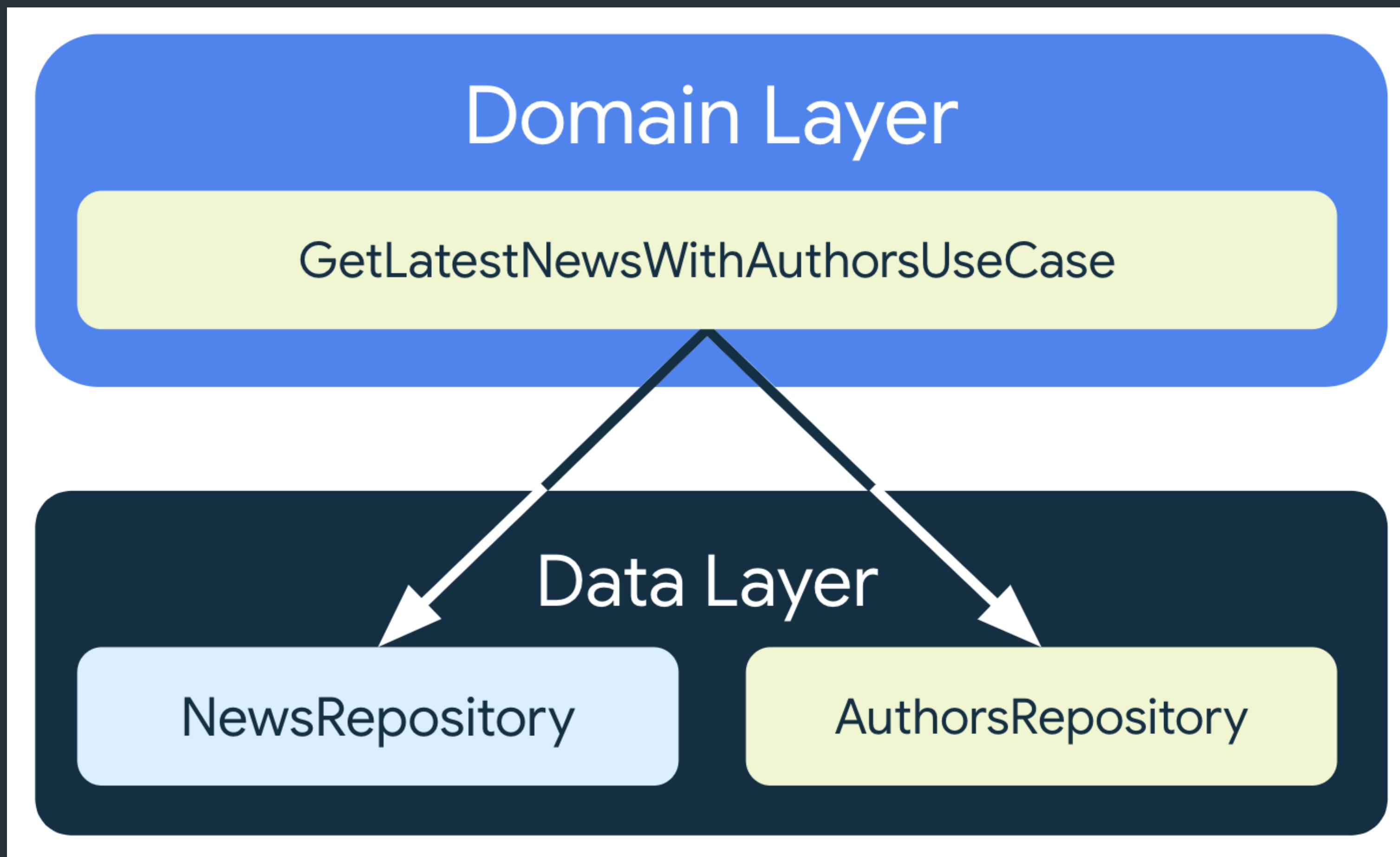
# Usage

```
class MyViewModel(formatDateUseCase: FormatDateUseCase) : ViewModel() {  
    init {  
        val today = Calendar.getInstance()  
        val todaysDate = formatDateUseCase(today)  
        /* ... */  
    }  
}
```

# Threading

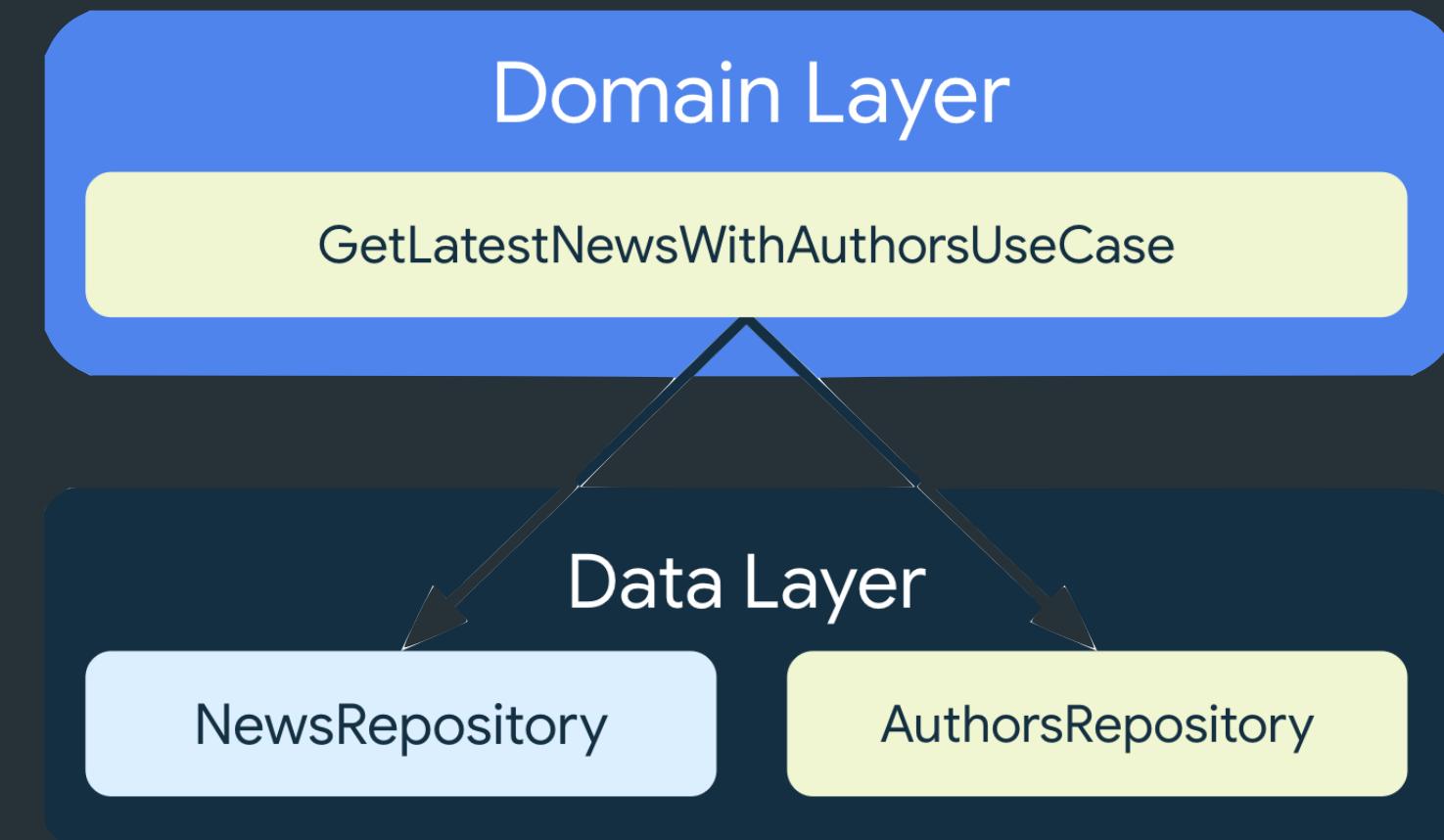
```
class MyUseCase(  
    private val defaultDispatcher: CoroutineDispatcher = Dispatchers.Default  
) {  
  
    suspend operator fun invoke(...) = withContext(defaultDispatcher) {  
        // Long-running blocking operations happen on a background thread.  
    }  
}
```

# Combine repositories

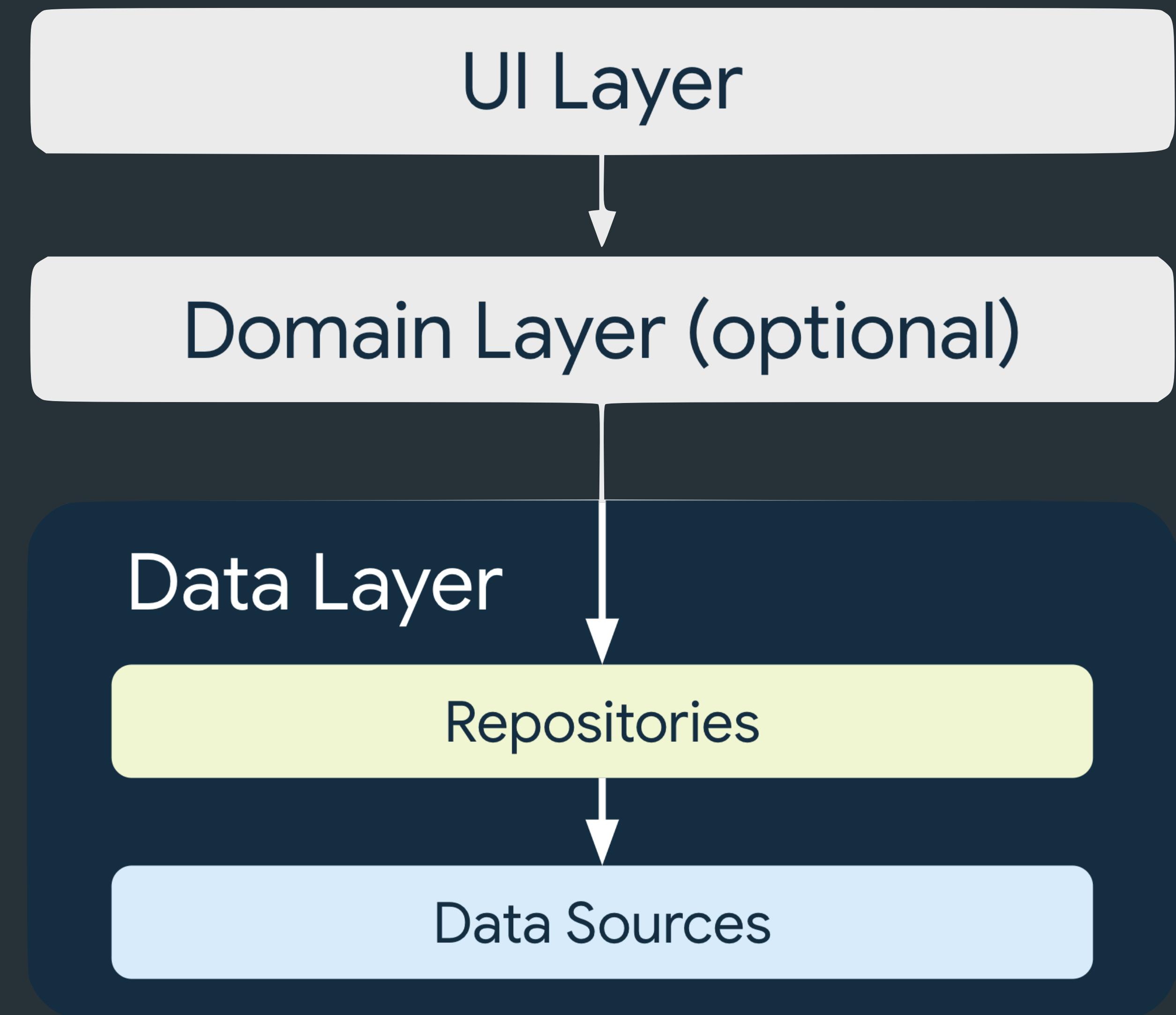


# Combine repositories

```
class GetLatestNewsWithAuthorsUseCase(  
    private val newsRepository: NewsRepository,  
    private val authorsRepository: AuthorsRepository,  
    private val defaultDispatcher: CoroutineDispatcher = Dispatchers.Default  
) {  
    suspend operator fun invoke(): List<ArticleWithAuthor> =  
        withContext(defaultDispatcher) {  
            val news = newsRepository.fetchLatestNews()  
            val result: MutableList<ArticleWithAuthor> = mutableListOf()  
            // This is not parallelized, the use case is linearly slow.  
            for (article in news) {  
                // The repository exposes suspend functions  
                val author = authorsRepository.getAuthor(article.authorId)  
                result.add(ArticleWithAuthor(article, author))  
            }  
            result  
        }  
}
```

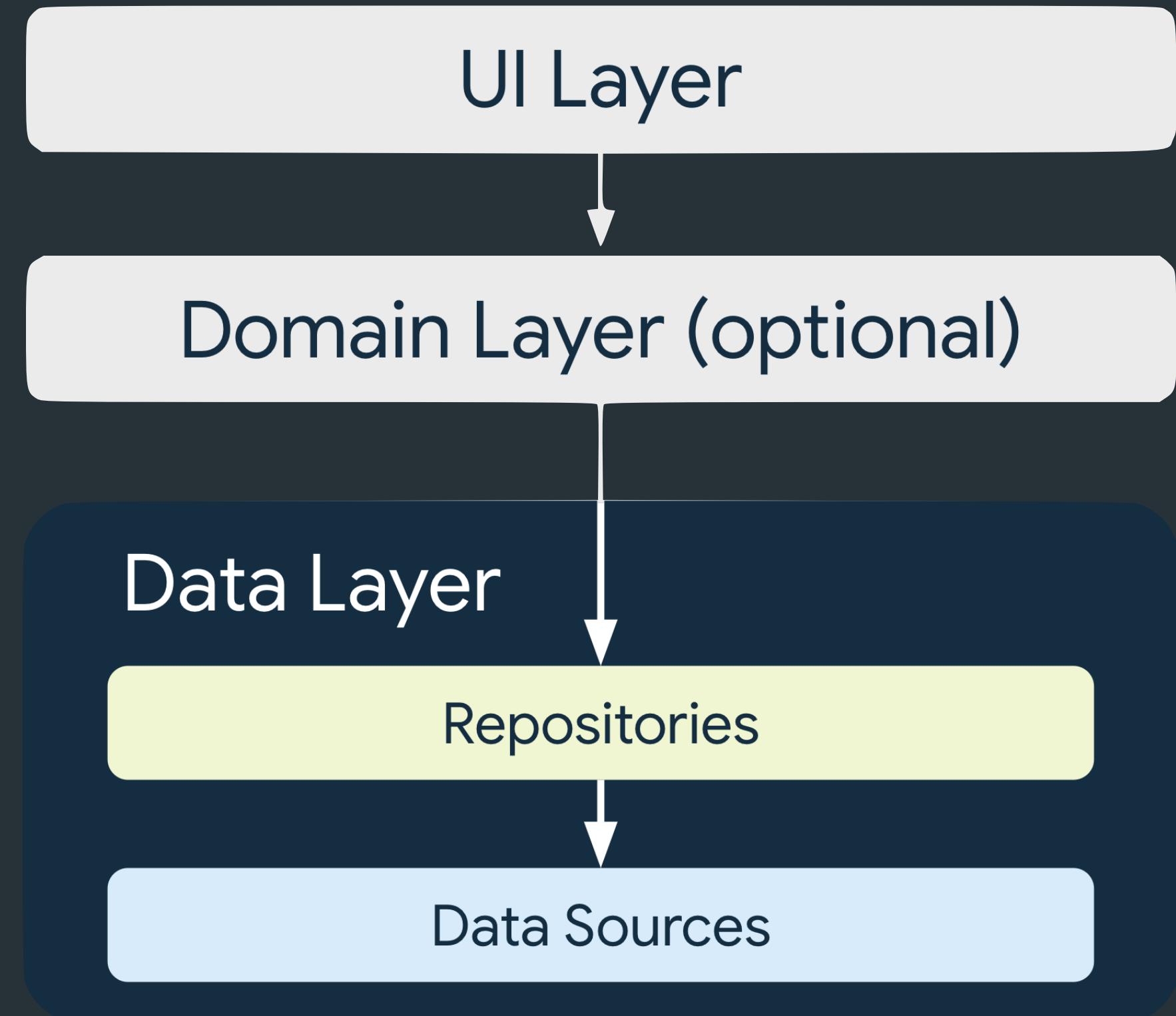


# Data Layer



# Data Layer

- Exposing data.
- Centralizing data changes.
- Resolving conflicts.
- Abstracting sources of data.
- Combining business logic.

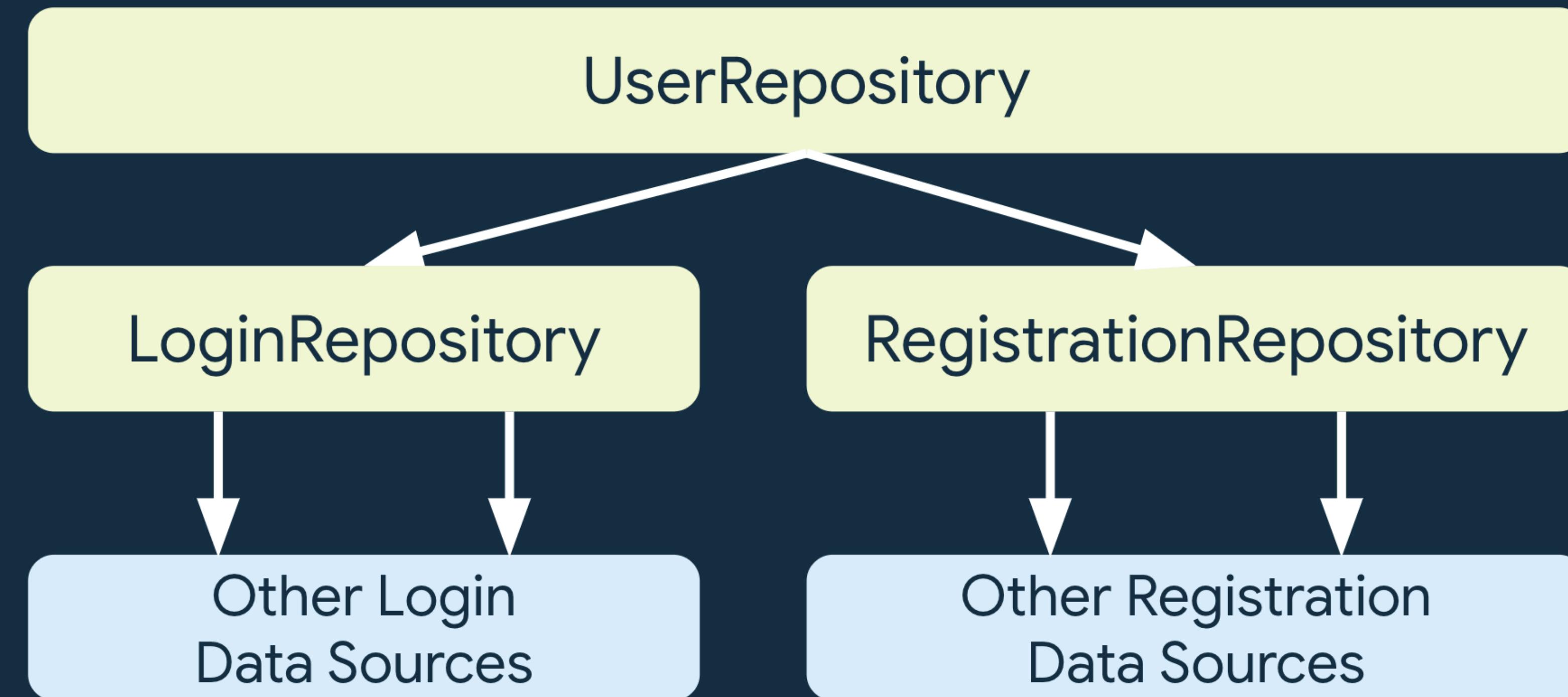


# Expose APIs

```
class ExampleRepository(  
    private val exampleRemoteDataSource: ExampleRemoteDataSource, // network  
    private val exampleLocalDataSource: ExampleLocalDataSource // database  
) {  
  
    val data: Flow<Example> = ...  
  
    suspend fun modifyData(example: Example) { ... }  
}
```

# Multiple levels of repositories

Data Layer



# Represent Business Models

```
data class ArticleApiModel(  
    val id: Long,  
    val title: String,  
    val content: String,  
    val publicationDate: Date,  
    val modifications: Array<ArticleApiModel>,  
    val comments: Array<CommentApiModel>,  
    val lastModificationDate: Date,  
    val authorId: Long,  
    val authorName: String,  
    val authorDateOfBirth: Date,  
    val readTimeMin: Int  
)
```

# Represent Business Models

- Saves app memory usage.
- Adapts external data types to used data types.
- Provides better separation of concerns.

# Create the Repository

```
// NewsRepository is consumed from other layers of the hierarchy.  
class NewsRepository(  
    private val newsRemoteDataSource: NewsRemoteDataSource  
) {  
    suspend fun fetchLatestNews(): List<ArticleHeadline> =  
        newsRemoteDataSource.fetchLatestNews()  
}
```

# Cache the Result

```
class NewsRepository(  
    private val newsRemoteDataSource: NewsRemoteDataSource  
) {  
    // Mutex to make writes to cached values thread-safe.  
    private val latestNewsMutex = Mutex()  
    // Cache of the latest news got from the network.  
    private var latestNews: List<ArticleHeadline> = emptyList()  
    suspend fun getLatestNews(refresh: Boolean = false): List<ArticleHeadline> {  
        if (refresh || latestNews.isEmpty()) {  
            val networkResult = newsRemoteDataSource.fetchLatestNews()  
            // Thread-safe write to latestNews  
            latestNewsMutex.withLock {  
                this.latestNews = networkResult  
            }  
        }  
        return latestNewsMutex.withLock { this.latestNews }  
    }  
}
```

```
class NewsRepository(
    private val newsRemoteDataSource: NewsRemoteDataSource,
    private val externalScope: CoroutineScope
) {
    /* ... */

    suspend fun getLatestNews(refresh: Boolean = false): List<ArticleHeadline> {
        return if (refresh) {
            externalScope.async {
                newsRemoteDataSource.fetchLatestNews().also { networkResult ->
                    // Thread-safe write to latestNews.
                    latestNewsMutex.withLock {
                        latestNews = networkResult
                    }
                }
            }.await()
        } else {
            return latestNewsMutex.withLock { this.latestNews }
        }
    }
}
```

# Schedule Tasks

```
class RefreshLatestNewsWorker(  
    private val newsRepository: NewsRepository,  
    context: Context,  
    params: WorkerParameters  
) : CoroutineWorker(context, params) {  
  
    override suspend fun doWork(): Result = try {  
        newsRepository.refreshLatestNews()  
        Result.success()  
    } catch (error: Throwable) {  
        Result.failure()  
    }  
}
```

# Schedule Tasks

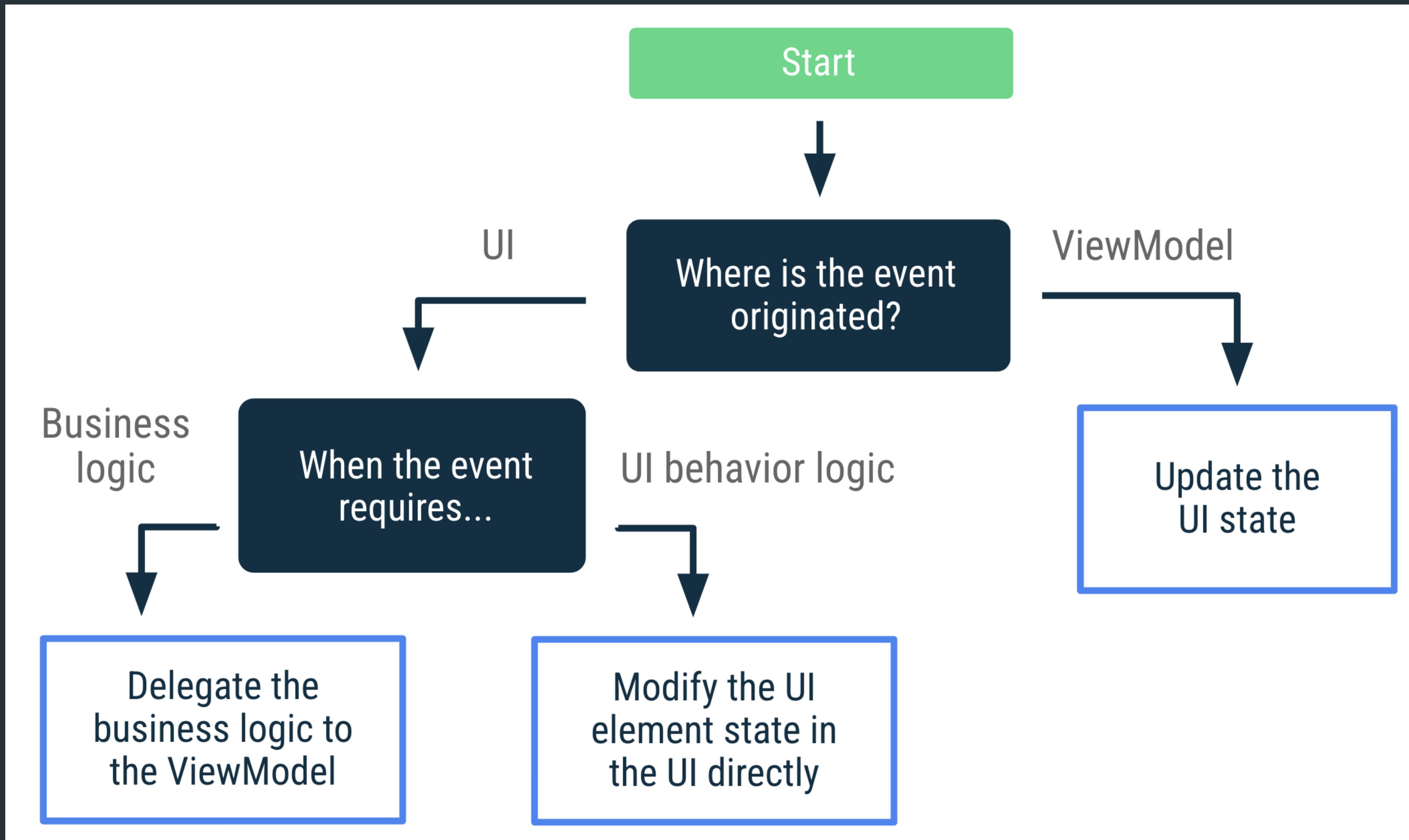
```
private const val REFRESH_RATE_HOURS = 4L
private const val FETCH_LATEST_NEWS_TASK = "FetchLatestNewsTask"
private const val TAG_FETCH_LATEST_NEWS = "FetchLatestNewsTaskTag"

class NewsTasksDataSource(
    private val workManager: WorkManager
) {
    fun fetchNewsPeriodically() {
        val fetchNewsRequest = PeriodicWorkRequestBuilder<RefreshLatestNewsWorker>(
            REFRESH_RATE_HOURS, TimeUnit.HOURS
        ).setConstraints(
            Constraints.Builder()
                .setRequiredNetworkType(NetworkType.TEMPORARILY_UNMETERED)
                .setRequiresCharging(true)
                .build()
        )
        addTag(TAG_FETCH_LATEST_NEWS)

        workManager.enqueueUniquePeriodicWork(
            FETCH_LATEST_NEWS_TASK,
            ExistingPeriodicWorkPolicy.KEEP,
            fetchNewsRequest.build()
        )
    }

    fun cancelFetchingNewsPeriodically() {
        workManager.cancelAllWorkByTag(TAG_FETCH_LATEST_NEWS)
    }
}
```

# Handling UI Events



# Handling UI Events

```
@Composable
fun LatestNewsScreen(viewModel: LatestNewsViewModel = viewModel()) {

    class LatestNewsActivity : AppCompatActivity() {

        private lateinit var binding: ActivityLatestNewsBinding
        private val viewModel: LatestNewsViewModel by viewModels()

        override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
            /* ... */

            // The expand details event is processed by the UI that
            // modifies a View's internal state.
            binding.expandButton.setOnClickListener {
                binding.expandedSection.visibility = View.VISIBLE
            }

            // The refresh event is processed by the ViewModel that is in charge
            // of the business logic.
            binding.refreshButton.setOnClickListener {
                viewModel.refreshNews()
            }
        }
    }

    @Composable
    fun ColumnScope.LatestNewsContent(expanded: MutableState) {
        Column {
            Text("Some text")
            if (expanded) {
                Text("More details")
            }
        }
        Button(
            onClick = { expanded.value = !expanded.value })
    }
}

// The refresh event is processed by the ViewModel that is in charge
// of the UI's business logic.
Button(onClick = { viewModel.refreshNews() }) {
    Text("Refresh data")
}
}
```

# User events in RecyclerViews

```
class LatestNewsViewModel(  
    private val formatDateUseCase: FormatDateUseCase,  
    private val repository: NewsRepository  
)  
  
val newsListUiItems = repository.latestNews.map { news ->  
    NewsItemUiState(  
        title = news.title,  
        body = news.body,  
        bookmarked = news.bookmarked,  
        publicationDate = formatDateUseCase(news.publicationDate),  
        // Business logic is passed as a lambda function that the  
        // UI calls on click events.  
        onBookmark = {  
            repository.addBookmark(news.id)  
        }  
    )  
}  
}
```



**Warning:** It's bad practice to pass the ViewModel into the RecyclerView adapter because that tightly couples the adapter with the ViewModel class.

# Consuming events and trigger state updates

```
// Models the UI state for the Latest news screen.  
data class LatestNewsUiState(  
    val news: List<News> = emptyList(),  
    val isLoading: Boolean = false,  
    val userMessage: String? = null  
)
```

# Consuming events and trigger state updates

```
// Models the UI state for the Latest news screen.  
data class LatestNewsUiState(  
    val news: List<News> = emptyList(),  
    val isLoading: Boolean = false,  
    val userMessage: String? = null  
)
```

```
class LatestNewsViewModel(/* ... */) : ViewModel() {  
  
    var uiState by mutableStateOf(LatestNewsUiState())  
        private set  
  
    fun refreshNews() {  
        viewModelScope.launch {  
            // If there isn't internet connection, show a new message on the screen.  
            if (!internetConnection()) {  
                uiState = uiState.copy(userMessage = "No Internet connection")  
            }  
            // Do something else.  
        }  
    }  
  
    fun userMessageShown() {  
        uiState = uiState.copy(userMessage = null)  
    }  
}
```

# Consuming events and trigger state updates

```
@Composable
fun LatestNewsScreen(
    snackbarHostState: SnackbarHostState,
    viewModel: LatestNewsViewModel = viewModel(),
) {
    // Rest of the UI content.

    // If there are user messages to show on the screen,
    // show it and notify the ViewModel.
    viewModel.uiState.userMessage?.let { userMessage ->
        LaunchedEffect(userMessage) {
            snackbarHostState.showSnackbar(userMessage)
            // Once the message is displayed and dismissed, notify the ViewModel.
            viewModel.userMessageShown()
        }
    }
}
```

# Navigation Events

```
@Composable
fun NewsApp() {
    val navController = rememberNavController()
    NavHost(navController = navController, startDestination = "latestNews") {
        composable("latestNews") {
            MyScreen(
                // The navigation event is processed by calling the NavController
                // navigate function that mutates its internal state.
                onProfileClick = { navController.navigate("profile") }
            )
        }
        /* ... */
    }
}
```

```
@Composable
fun LatestNewsScreen(
    viewModel: LatestNewsViewModel = viewModel(),
    onProfileClick: () -> Unit
) {
    Column {
```

# Jetnews

DEMO

The screenshot shows the Jetnews mobile application interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with a red square icon, the text "jetnews", and a magnifying glass icon. Below the navigation bar, the text "Tories for you" is displayed. There are four thumbnail images: a woman wearing a yellow beanie, a city street at night with a large green tree in the background, a sunset over a hillside, and a close-up of a woman applying lipstick. Below these thumbnails, the first article is titled "Core Principles Behind CameraX Jetpack Library" by Oscar Wahltinez, published on Aug 29 · 5 min read. The second article is titled "Collections and sequences in Kotlin" by Florina Munt... · 5 min read. The third article is titled "Dagger in Kotlin: Gotchas and Optimizations" by Manuel Vivo · 4 min read. At the bottom of the screen, there is a "SEE ALL" button.

Tories for you

Core Principles Behind CameraX Jetpack Library

Oscar Wahltinez  
Aug 29 · 5 min read

Collections and sequences in Kotlin

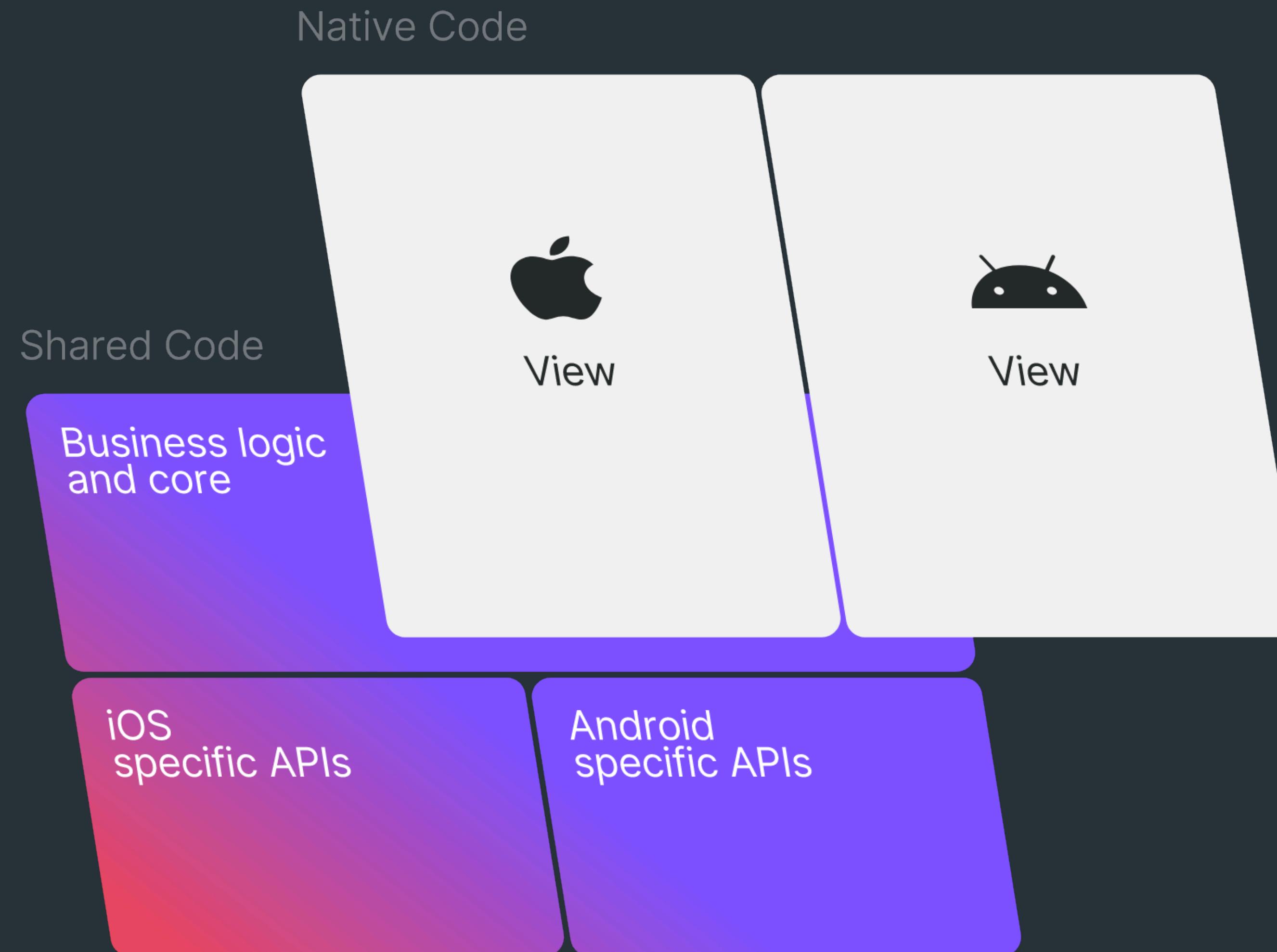
Florina Munt... · 5 min read

Dagger in Kotlin: Gotchas and Optimizations

Manuel Vivo · 4 min read

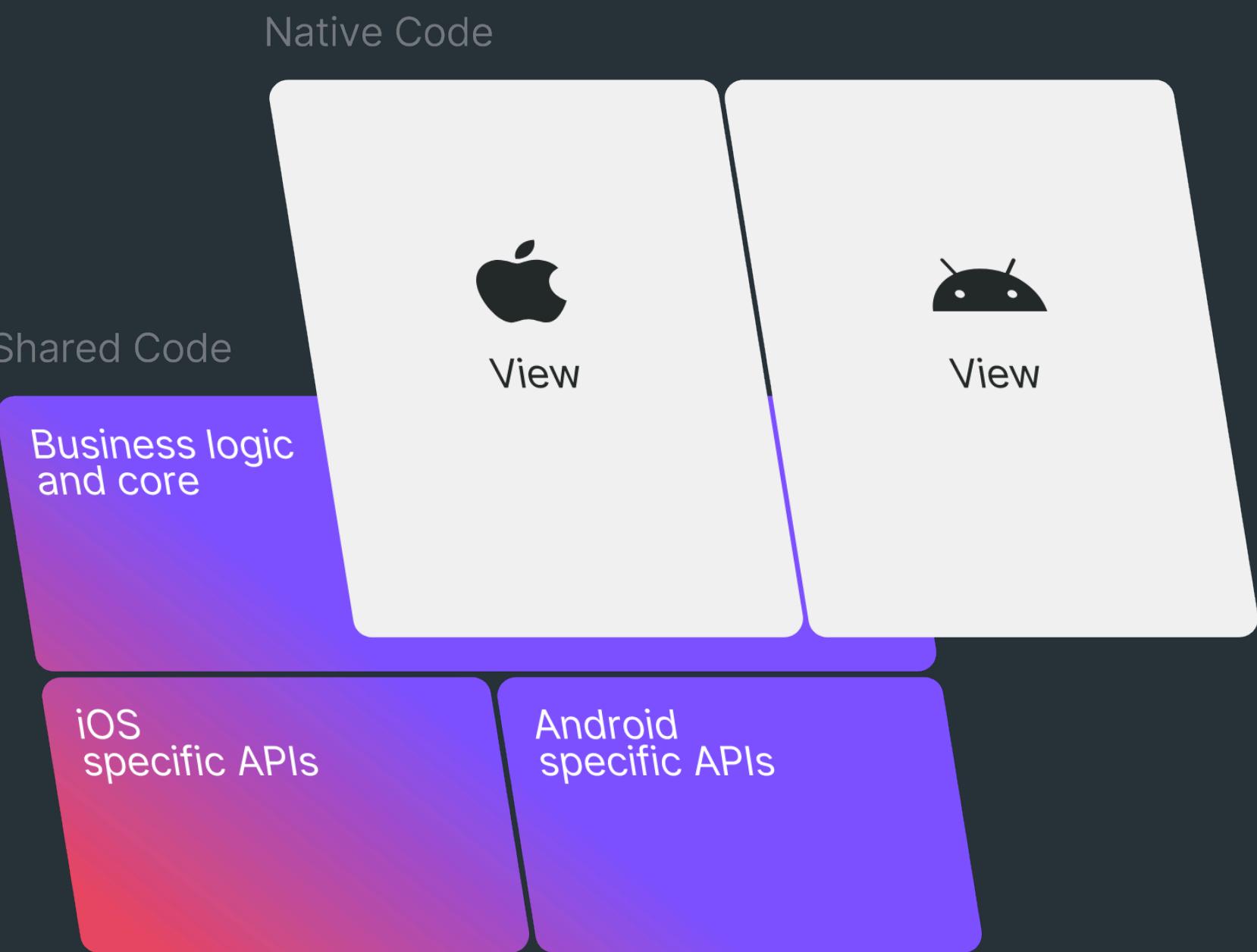
SEE ALL

# KMM



# Supported platforms

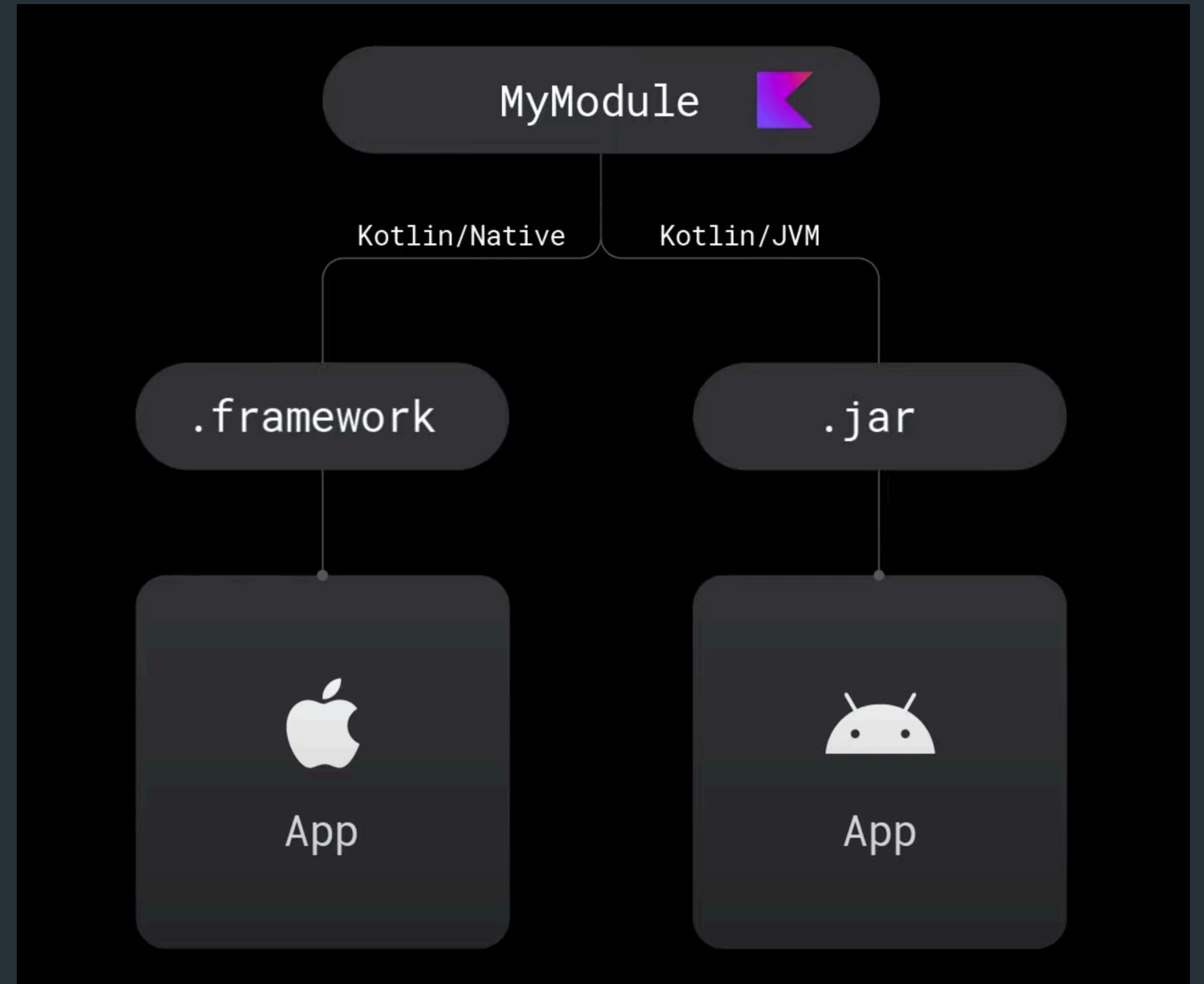
- Android applications and libraries.
- Android Native Development Kit (NDK).
- Apple iOS on ARM64 (>= iPhone 5s).
- Apple watchOs on ARM64 (>= Series 4).



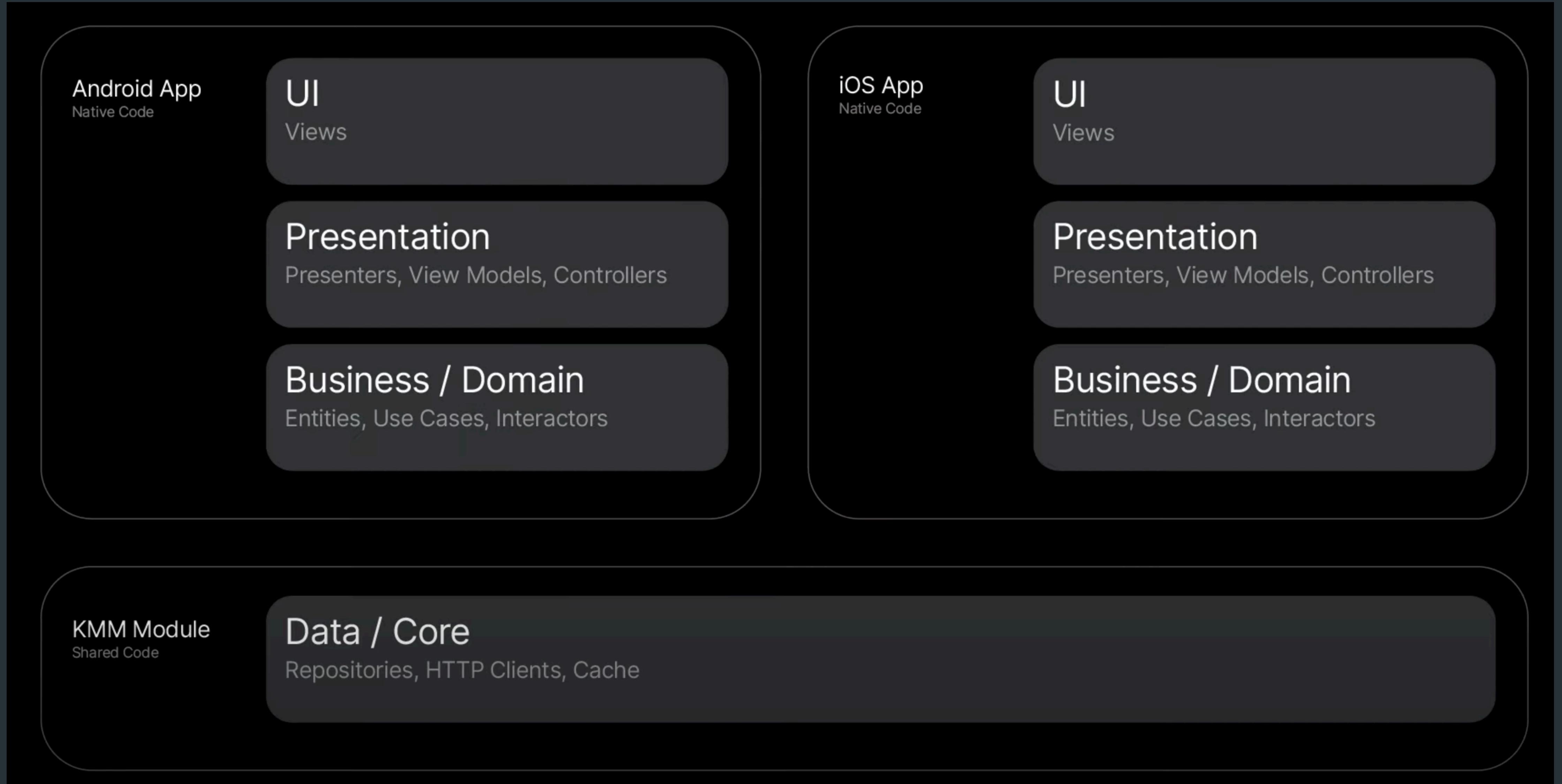
# KMP - Supported platforms

Target platform	Target preset
Kotlin/JVM	jvm
Kotlin/JS	js
Android applications and libraries	android
Android NDK	androidNativeArm32, androidNativeArm64, androidNativeX86, androidNativeX64
iOS	iosArm32, iosArm64, iosX64, iosSimulatorArm64
watchOS	watchosArm32, watchosArm64, watchosX86, watchosX64, watchosSimulatorArm64
tvOS	tvosArm64, tvosX64, tvosSimulatorArm64
macOS	macosX64, macosArm64
Linux	linuxArm64, linuxArm32Hfp, linuxMips32, linuxMipsel32, linuxX64
Windows	mingwX64, mingwX86
WebAssembly	wasm32

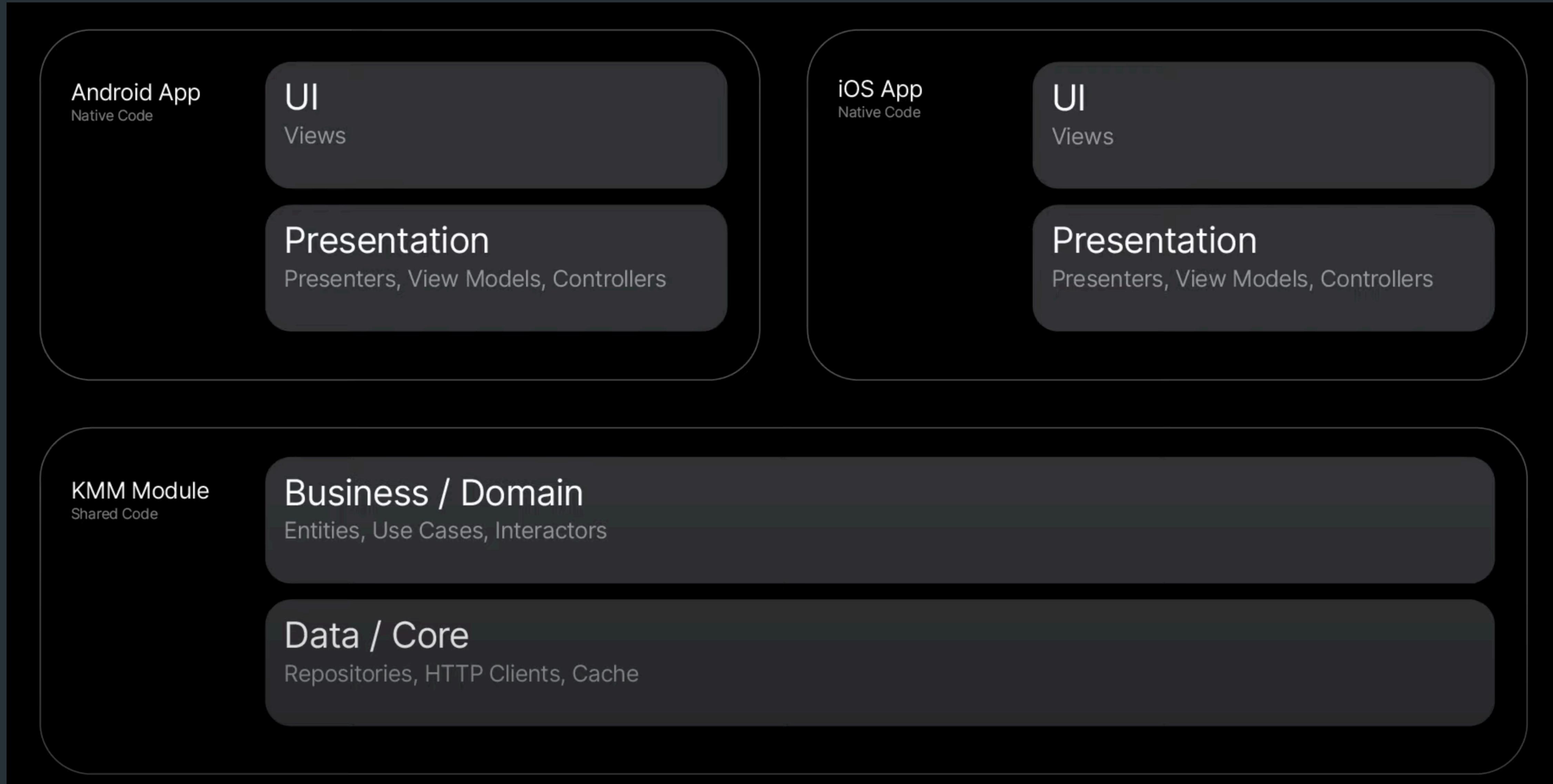
# Compilation



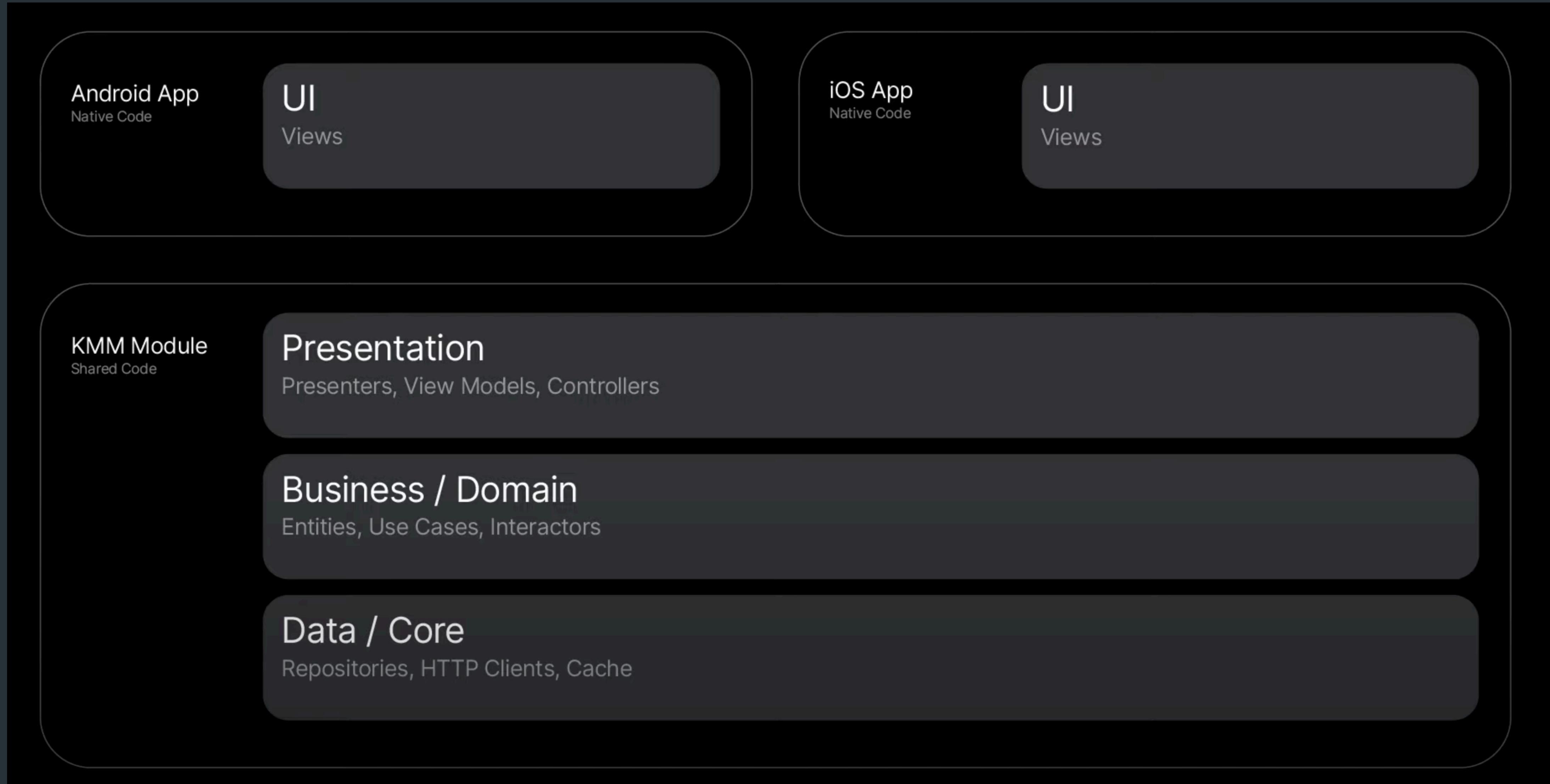
# Architecture



# Architecture

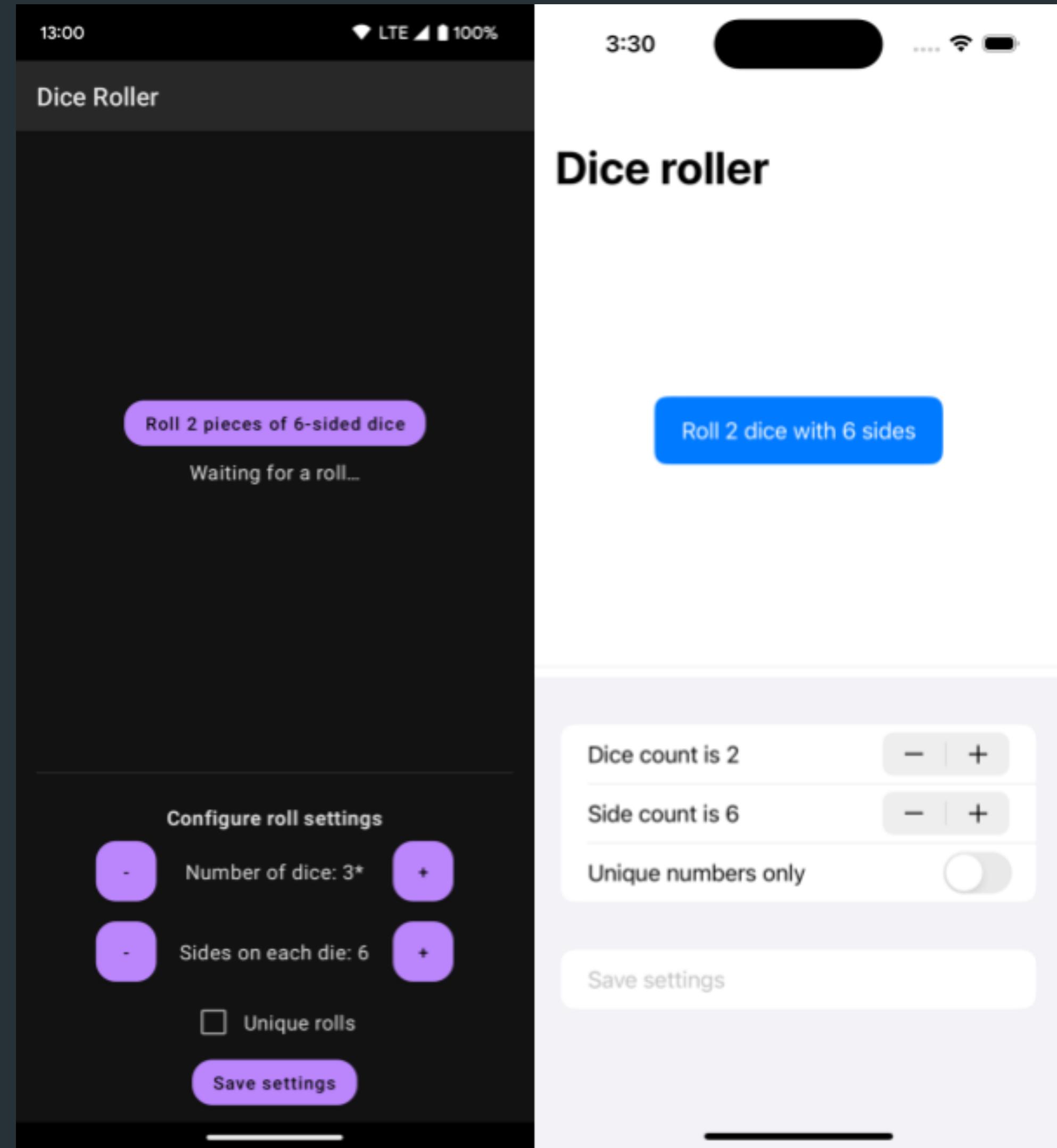


# Architecture



# DiceRoller

DEMO



# Lecture outcomes

- Learn about App Architecture.
- How to handle events.
- KMM/KMP.

