

## 21-R-KM-ZA-10 Solution

**Question:** Collar  $C$  slides along rod  $AB$ , and is pinned to the end of rod  $CD$  that is rotating at an angular velocity of  $\omega_{CD} = 6\hat{k} \text{ rad/s}$ . If we know that  $d_1 = 0.5 \text{ m}$ ,  $d_2 = 2 \text{ m}$ , and  $\phi = 30 \text{ degrees}$ , find the angular velocity of rod  $CD$ , and the relative velocity of collar  $C$ .

**Solution:** As the collar is pinned to rod  $CD$ , we can write the velocity equation for the rod  $CD$ . We can also write the relative velocity equation for point  $C$  with respect to  $A$ . The rotating frame in this case rotates with rod  $AB$ , and has its origin at point  $A$ . In this instant, the rotating frame has the same orientation as the fixed frame.

$$v_C = v_D + \omega_{CD} \times r_{C/D}$$

$$v_C = v_A + \Omega_A \times r_{C/A} + (v_{C/A})_{xyz}$$

We can equate the two velocity equations and solve for the two unknowns,  $\Omega_{AB}$ , and  $(v_{C/A})_{xyz}$ . We assume

that the rod  $AB$  rotates in the  $-\hat{k}$  direction. The collar  $C$  remains on the  $x$ -axis of the rotating frame, and in this instant the rotating and fixed frames have the same orientation so we can write it with an  $x$ -component only.

$$6\hat{k} \times 2(-\sin\phi\hat{i} + \cos\phi\hat{j}) = -\Omega_{AB}\hat{k} \times 0.5\hat{i} + (v_{C/A})_{xyz}\hat{i}$$

$$-12\sin\phi\hat{j} - 12\cos\phi\hat{i} = -0.5\Omega_{AB}\hat{j} + (v_{C/A})_{xyz}\hat{i}$$

Equating  $\hat{i}$  and  $\hat{j}$  components allows us to solve.

$$(v_{C/A})_{xyz} = -6\sqrt{3}\hat{i} \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Omega_{AB} = -12\hat{k} \text{ rad/s}$$