

Pterry the Pterodactyl spreads his wings such that he does not accelerate in any direction. If Pterry has a mass

of m and his wings experience wind forces of $\overrightarrow{T_A}$, $\overrightarrow{T_B}$, and $\overrightarrow{T_C}$, calculate the magnitudes of the wind forces. Let g = 9.81 N/kg.

$$\Sigma F_x = 0 : -T_A \cos \theta_1 + T_C \cos \theta_3 \cos \theta_4 = 0 \rightarrow T_A = T_C \cdot \frac{\cos \theta_3 \cos \theta_4}{\cos \theta_1}$$

$$\Sigma F_z = 0 : -T_B \cos \theta_2 + T_C \cos \theta_3 \sin \theta_4 = 0 \to T_B = T_C \cdot \frac{\cos \theta_3 \sin \theta_4}{\cos \theta_2}$$

 $\Sigma F_y = 0: T_A \sin \theta_1 + T_B \sin \theta_2 + T_C \sin \theta_3 - mg = 0 \rightarrow T_C (\cos \theta_3 \cos \theta_4 \tan \theta_1 + \cos \theta_3 \sin \theta_4 \tan \theta_2 + \sin \theta_3) = mg$

$$\Rightarrow T_C = \frac{mg}{\cos\theta_3\cos\theta_4\tan\theta_1 + \cos\theta_3\sin\theta_4\tan\theta_2 + \sin\theta_3}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_A = \frac{mg}{\sin \theta_1 + \tan \theta_4 \tan \theta_2 \cos \theta_1 + \frac{\tan \theta_3 \cos \theta_1}{\cos \theta_4}}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_B = \frac{mg}{\cot \theta_4 \tan \theta_1 \cos \theta_2 + \sin \theta_2 + \frac{\tan \theta_3 \cos \theta_2}{\sin \theta_4}}$$