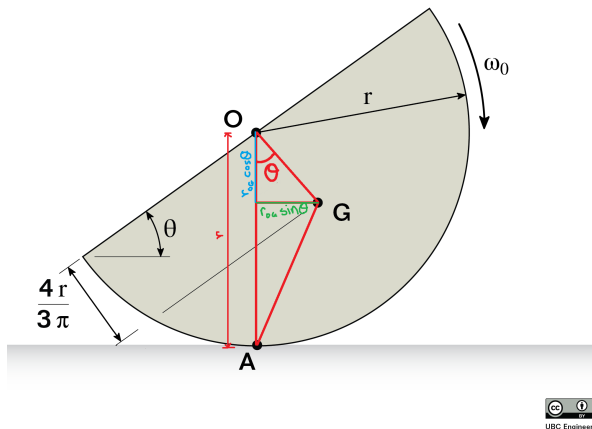


21-R-KIN-SS-50

A uniform half-cylinder of radius 1m and mass 2kg is held at an angle of $\theta = 60^\circ$ from a flat surface. Find the minimum coefficient of friction between the half-cylinder and the flat surface needed for the object to roll without slipping.

Soluton

$$\begin{aligned}
 I_O &= \frac{1}{2}mr^2 \\
 &= 1.0 \quad [\text{kg m}^2] \\
 I_A &= I_G + m(r_{AG})^2 \\
 &= I_O - m(r_{OG})^2 + m(r_{AG})^2 \\
 &= 2.151 \quad [\text{kg m}^2]
 \end{aligned}$$



To find the frictional force for a no slip case, we can assume it doesn't slip and that the ICZV is at A. Lets start with equations of motion about G.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Sigma F_x : \quad F_f &= ma_x \\
 F_f &= 2a_x
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Sigma F_y : \quad R - mg &= ma_y \\
 R - 2g &= 2a_y
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 r_{OG} &= \frac{4r}{3\pi} \\
 &= 0.4244 \quad [\text{m}] \\
 r_{AG} &= \sqrt{\left(\frac{4r}{3\pi} \sin \theta\right)^2 + \left(r - \frac{4r}{3\pi} \cos \theta\right)^2} \\
 &= 0.8693 \quad [\text{m}]
 \end{aligned}$$

Since point A is acting like a pin, we can take moments about A

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Sigma M_A : \quad -mg \cdot d_x &= I_A \alpha \\
 \Rightarrow \alpha &= -3.35 \quad [\text{rad/s}]
 \end{aligned}$$

At this point there are 4 unknowns (F_f, R, a_x, a_y) and 2 equations ($\Sigma F_x, \Sigma F_y$). The acceleration equation about point A will provide two more equations.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbf{a}_G &= \boldsymbol{\alpha} \times \mathbf{r}_{G/A} \\
 &= -3.35 \hat{\mathbf{k}} \times (0.3676 \hat{\mathbf{i}} + 0.7878 \hat{\mathbf{j}}) \\
 a_x \hat{\mathbf{i}} + a_y \hat{\mathbf{j}} &= 2.64 \hat{\mathbf{i}} - 1.23 \hat{\mathbf{j}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Equating the left and right hand side of each component,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Rightarrow F_f &= 5.28 \quad [\text{N}] \\
 \Rightarrow R &= 17.15 \quad [\text{N}]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mu &= \frac{F_f}{R} \\
 &= 0.31
 \end{aligned}$$