

21-R-KIN-ZA-23 Solution

Question: The paraboloid shown has a density of $\rho = 3x \text{ kg/m}^3$, and a length of $L = 1 \text{ m}$. The cross section is a circle, and the projection of the x-z axis follows the equation: $x = z^2$. A cone that has the same axis, and follows the equation $x^2 = y^2 + z^2$ is carved out from inside it. Find the radius of gyration k_x of the object.

Solution:

First, we can find the mass and moment of inertia of the cone and paraboloid using the general equations

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \int r^2 dm, \text{ and } dm = \rho dV.$$

$$\begin{aligned} r^2 &= y^2 + z^2 = x^2 \Rightarrow r = x \\ dm_{\text{cone}} &= \rho dV = 3x \pi r^2 dx = 3\pi x^3 dx \\ I_{\text{cone}} &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L r^2 dm = \frac{1}{2} 3\pi \int_0^L x^5 dx = \frac{1}{2} 3\pi \frac{1}{6} L^6 = 0.7854 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2 \\ dm_{\text{para}} &= \rho dV = 3x \pi r^2 dx = 3\pi x^2 \\ I_{\text{para}} &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^L r^2 dm = \frac{1}{2} 3\pi \int_0^L x^3 dx = \frac{3}{8} \pi L^4 = 1.1781 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Now, we can subtract the MOI of the cone from the paraboloid to find the total MOI about the x axis.

$$I_x = I_{\text{para}} - I_{\text{cone}} = 1.1781 - 0.7854 = 0.3927 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

We find total mass by subtracting the mass of the cone from the paraboloid as well. The mass can be found by integrating an infinitesimal amount of mass dm .

$$\begin{aligned} m_{\text{cone}} &= \int dm = \int_0^L 3\pi x^3 dx = \frac{3}{4} \pi L^4 \\ m_{\text{para}} &= \int dm = \int_0^L 3\pi x^2 dx = \pi L^3 \\ m_{\text{total}} &= \pi - \frac{3}{4} \pi = \pi/4 \end{aligned}$$

Using the equation $I = mk^2$ we can isolate k and solve.

$$k_x = \sqrt{\frac{I}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{0.3927}{\pi/4}} = 0.7071 \text{ m}$$