

## 21-R-VIB-SS-53

A  $m=2000\text{kg}$  car is driving on a road with bumps of wavelength  $\lambda=2\text{m}$ . The car's suspension system effectively have a spring constant of  $k=15\text{kN/m}$  and damping coefficient of  $20\text{kNs/m}$ . At what speed will the car feel the most vibrations?

### Solution

The car feels the greatest vibrations when it experiences resonance. We want  $\omega_{\text{driving}} = \omega_{\text{system}}$ .  $\omega_{\text{system}}$  is the frequency of damped oscillations.

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{\text{natural}} &= \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \\ &= 7.071 \quad [\text{rad/s}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\zeta &= \frac{c}{2m\omega_{\text{natural}}} \\ &= 0.530 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_{\text{damped}} &= \omega_{\text{natural}} \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2} \\ &= 5.99 \quad [\text{rad/s}] \end{aligned}$$

We can use the period of the oscillation to find the speed of the car.

$$\begin{aligned}\tau &= \frac{2\pi}{\omega_{\text{damped}}} \\ &= 1.048 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}v &= \frac{\lambda}{\tau} \\ &= 1.91 \quad [\text{m/s}] \end{aligned}$$