



A wooden plank supports a force F and a moment M as shown above. If the plank can be divided into 3 equal sections of length d_1 , simplify the loading into a single force and identify the location on the plank, x , where the equivalent force acts on (distance from A). Find the magnitude of the equivalent force and the smallest positive angle, θ , between the plank and the equivalent force.

$$\vec{F}_E = \vec{F}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_E = F$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{3} \right)$$

$$M_A = d_1 \frac{4}{5} F + M = x \cdot \frac{4}{5} F_E$$

$$\rightarrow x = \frac{d_1 \frac{4}{5} F + M}{\frac{4}{5} F_E}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = d_1 + \frac{5M}{4F_E}$$