## 22-R-WE-JL-51

The crank to roll a car window up and down must be turned clockwise a total of 7 revolutions to completely open the window. You have decided that it requires too much work though, and instead built a motor to apply a clockwise moment  $M=0.4\,\theta^2+9~\mathrm{N\cdot m}$ .



You do a test run with it and it works perfectly! What is the total work  $U_M$  done on the crank?

## CEC Engineering

## Solution

The work of a couple moment  $U_M$  is found by integrating

$$U_M = \int_{\theta_0}^{\theta_f} M \, d\theta$$

So using  $\theta_0 = 0$  and  $\theta_f = 2\pi$  (7) = 14  $\pi$  [rad], we can integrate the applied moment M and solve for the work done.

$$U_M = \int_0^{14\,\pi} 0.4\,\theta^2 + 9\,d\theta$$

$$U_M = \frac{0.4}{3}\theta^3 + 9\theta \bigg|_0^{14\,\pi}$$

$$U_M = \frac{0.4}{3} (14\pi)^3 + 9(14\pi) = 11740 \text{ [J]}$$