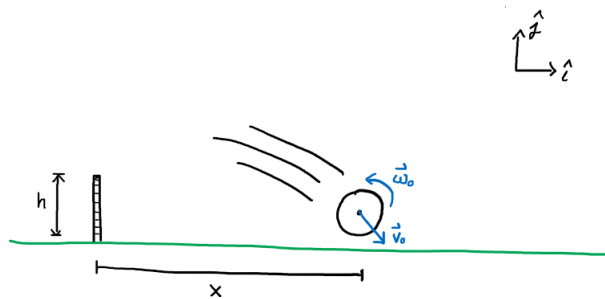
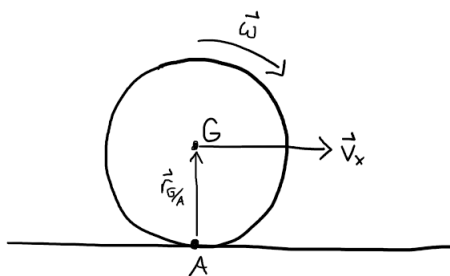


## 22-R-IM-TW-39



A ping pong ball (radius 2 cm and mass 2.7 g) hits the table with a horizontal velocity of  $\vec{v}_x = 1\hat{i}$  m/s and a vertical velocity of  $\vec{v}_y = -0.5\hat{j}$  m/s. If the coefficient of restitution between the ball and the table is  $e = 0.8$ , what spin,  $\vec{\omega}$ , must the ball have before impact in order for it to bounce straight up? (Assume that no slipping occurs and use  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ )

**Solution:**



$$I_G = mk^2 = (0.0027)(0.01625)^2 = 7.13 \times 10^{-7} [\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2]$$

$$(H_A)_0 = (H_A)_f$$

$$I_G \vec{\omega}_0 + m \vec{r}_{G/A} \times \vec{v}_{x,0} = I_G \vec{\omega}_f + m \vec{r}_{G/A} \times \vec{v}_{x,f}$$

Because the ball bounces straight up,  $\vec{v}_{x,f} = \vec{0}$

And since there is no slipping,  $v_{x,f} = \omega_f r \Rightarrow \omega_f = 0$

$$(I_G \omega_0 - m v_{x,0} r) \hat{k} = \vec{0}$$

$$I_G \omega = m v_{x,0} r$$

$$\omega = \frac{m v_{x,0} r}{I_G}$$

$$\vec{\omega} = \frac{m v_{x,0} r}{I_G} \hat{k} = \frac{(0.0027)(1)(0.02)}{7.13 \times 10^{-7}} \hat{k} = 72.7 \hat{k} [\text{rad/s}]$$