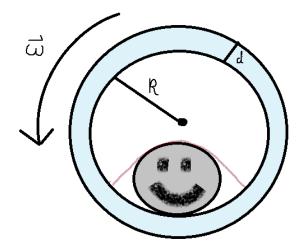
## 22-R-KIN-TW-8



Julie is taking her pet rock, Rocko, for a walk. Rocko is safely fastened to the side of a hollow cylinder with inner radius R=15 cm, thickness d=0.5 cm, and length 30 cm. If the cylinder has a density of  $\rho=100$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>, what is the moment of inertia of the ball-rock system about the center of the cylinder? Assume the rock is perfectly spherical with a mass of 1 kg and a radius of 3.75 cm.

## **Solution:**

$$\begin{split} I_{cylinder} &= \frac{1}{2} m r^2 \\ I_{cylinder} &= I_{outside} - I_{inside} \\ m_{inside} &= \rho V_{inside} = \rho \pi R^2 l = (100) \pi (0.15)^2 (0.3) = 2.12 \text{ [kg]} \\ m_{outside} &= \rho V_{outside} = \rho \pi (R+d)^2 l = (100) \pi (0.155)^2 (0.3) = 2.26 \text{ [kg]} \\ I_{cylinder} &= \frac{1}{2} (m_{out} r_{out}^2 - m_{in} r_{in}^2) = \frac{1}{2} ((2.26)(0.155)^2 - (2.12)(0.15)^2) = 0.0033 \text{ [kg} \cdot \text{m}^2] \\ I_{rock} &= I_G + m x^2 \\ x &= R - r = 0.15 - 0.0375 = 0.1125 \\ I_{rock} &= \frac{2}{5} m_{rock} r^2 + m_{rock} x^2 = \frac{2}{5} (1)(0.0375)^2 + (1)(0.1125)^2 = 0.0132 \text{ [kg} \cdot \text{m}^2] \\ I &= I_{ball} + I_{rock} = 0.0166 \text{ [kg} \cdot \text{m}^2] \end{split}$$