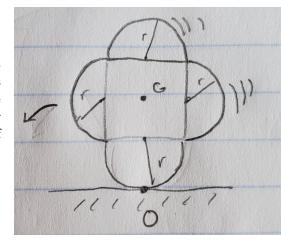
## 22-R-IM-JL-28

A toy is made of a square with 4 semi-circles of radius 14 cm attached. It has a mass of  $m=400~\mathrm{g}$  and a radius of gyration  $k=20~\mathrm{cm}$  about its center of mass G. If it rolls to the left without slipping and has 3 J of kinetic energy at this moment, find the linear momentum of the toy, the angular momentum about its center of mass G and its angular momentum about the point of contact with the ground O. The center of mass is directly above the point of contact with the ground.



## Solution

First calculating its mass moment of inertia about G and O, we have:

$$I_G = m k^2 = 0.016 \text{ [kg·m}^2\text{]}$$

$$I_O = I_G + m (2r)^2 = 0.04736 \text{ [kg·m}^2\text{]}$$

Next, since it is rolling without slipping point O is the IC and we can find the angular velocity:

$$T = \frac{1}{2}I_{IC}\omega^2 \implies \vec{\omega} = \sqrt{\frac{2T}{I_O}} = 11.26 \ \hat{k} \ [\mathrm{rad/s}]$$

Now calculating the toy's momentum:

$$\vec{L} = m \, \vec{v}_G = m (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{G/O}) = -0.3530 \, \hat{i} \, [\text{kg·m/s}]$$
 where  $\vec{r}_{G/O} = 2r = 0.28 \, \hat{j}$ 

$$\vec{H}_G = I_G \vec{\omega} = 0.1800 \ \hat{k} \ [\text{kg·m}^2/\text{s}]$$

$$\vec{H}_O = I_O \vec{\omega} = 0.5331 \ \hat{k} \ [\text{kg·m}^2/\text{s}]$$