UBC-DYN-18-007

$$\alpha_{A} = \overline{\alpha}_{0} + \overline{\alpha}_{X} \Gamma_{A}$$

$$V = const$$

$$V = \omega \Gamma$$

$$V = \omega \Gamma$$

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{d\theta} = \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \omega$$

$$V = const$$
 $\overrightarrow{a}_A = \overrightarrow{a}_0 + \overrightarrow{a}_1 \times \overrightarrow{\Gamma}_{A/0} - \omega^2 \overrightarrow{\Gamma}_{A/0}$

$$V = \omega \Gamma$$
 $\omega = \frac{V}{\Gamma}$

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{d\theta} = \frac{b}{2\pi} \qquad \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \omega \qquad \frac{d\omega}{dt} = \alpha$$

$$\frac{d\omega}{dt} = \alpha$$

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = 0 = \frac{dw}{dt} \cdot r + w \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} \qquad w = \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

$$0 = \alpha \cdot r + \frac{d\theta}{dt} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$0 = \alpha \cdot r + \frac{d\theta^2}{d^2t} \cdot \frac{dr}{d\theta}$$

$$0 = \alpha \cdot r + \omega^2 \frac{b}{2\pi}$$

$$\alpha \cdot \Gamma = -\frac{\omega^2 b}{211}$$

$$\alpha = -\frac{\omega^2 b}{2\pi r} = -\frac{v^2}{r^2} \frac{b}{2\pi r}$$
$$= -v^2 b$$

$$= -\frac{V^2}{V^3} \frac{b}{2\pi}$$

$$= -\frac{(0.64)^2}{1m^3} \frac{(0.001)}{2\pi}$$

(helpins student)

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{dv}{dt} \cdot \frac{1}{r} - v \cdot \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = -\frac{wr}{r^2} \frac{dr}{dt}$$

$$= -\frac{w}{r} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dw}{dt} = -\frac{w^2}{r} \cdot \frac{dr}{d\theta}$$

$$= -\frac{w^2}{r} \cdot \frac{b}{2\pi}$$

$$= -\frac{v^2}{r^2} \cdot \frac{b}{2\pi}$$

$$= -\frac{v^2}{r^2} \cdot \frac{b}{2\pi}$$