

# **Pattern Language Assembly Guide**

*How Workshop Outputs Become Collective Knowledge*

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# Assembling the Pattern Language of Place

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## How Workshop Outputs Become Collective Knowledge

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Erdpuls Müllrose — Living Laboratory & Makerspace Garden

**Version:** 1.2

**Date:** February 2026

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## Changelog

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Version	Date	Changes
1.2	February 2026	BNE compliance update: Pedagogical Framework section added (4A-Pathway, Three-Stream Pedagogy, target group roles, SDGs); pattern card template updated with sustainability dimensions, Gestaltungskompetenzen, and SDG fields; Part 5 BNE section expanded to full 7-area criterion mapping with minimum requirements statements; BNE framing callouts added throughout Parts 1–6; proxemic architecture section strengthened.
1.1	February 2026	Institution name updated; license footer added; version updated for OER publication
1.0	October 2025	Initial release

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## Why This Document Exists

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The Pattern Discovery Toolkit describes the *theory* of pattern languages. The twenty living experience guides describe *how to run workshops* that generate observations. This document bridges the gap: it explains how the facilitator takes the accumulated outputs of a full year of programming — pattern cards, field sheets, GPS tracks, maps, token records, photographs, memory recordings, quality evaluations — and assembles them into a living, place-specific pattern language.

A pattern language is not a database. It is a web of named relationships, connected across scales, that describes how a specific place works — ecologically, socially, culturally, economically. It is authored collectively by everyone who has participated: children who saw a transition adults missed, elders who remembered a stream that no longer exists, artists who drew a sound-map of the valley, Polish neighbours who mapped the same glacial landscape from the other side of the border. The facilitator is the weaver. This document is the loom.

## Pedagogical Framework and BNE Orientation

This document is part of the Erdpuls OER Collection and is designed for full compliance with the *Qualitätskatalog für außerschulische Anbieterinnen und Anbieter von Bildung für nachhaltige Entwicklung (BNE) im Land Brandenburg* (MLUK Brandenburg, April 2023). The assembly process described here is itself an educational process governed by the same pedagogical principles that structure the workshops it synthesises.

### BNE Quality Areas Addressed

The pattern language assembly process addresses all seven quality areas of the Brandenburg BNE catalog. All minimum requirements are met.

Area	Title	Status
1	Goals and Target Groups	[OK] All criteria met
2	Approach	[OK] All criteria met
3	Methods	[OK] Minimum requirements met; 7/8 sub-criteria (3.1) fully met
4	Gestaltungskompetenz	[OK] All 12 sub-competencies developed
5	Quality Development	[OK] Minimum requirements met; synthesis IS the quality development mechanism
6	Facilitator Qualification	[OK] Minimum requirements met
7	Organisational Conditions	[OK] Minimum requirements met

The complete criterion-by-criterion mapping is in Part Five.

## The 4A-Pathway in the Synthesis Context

Every educational sequence at Erdpuls follows the 4A-Pathway (Awareness -> Acknowledgment -> Attitude -> Action). The January synthesis ritual is an educational sequence for its participants — typically facilitators, Quality Ambassadors, and returning participants from across the year — and follows the same arc:

Stage	In the Synthesis Ritual
<b>Awareness</b>	Day 1 morning material encounter: participants walk the tables in silence, reading materials before analyzing. Noticing what is <i>there</i> , without yet interpreting it.
<b>Acknowledgment</b>	Identifying recurring observations: recognizing that what appeared separately across four target groups and three seasons is a <i>real relationship</i> — that this place actually works this way.
<b>Attitude</b>	Day 2 morning critical review: asking whether proposed patterns are genuinely recurring resolutions of tensions, or single-observation events. This is the values question applied to knowledge: what deserves to be called a pattern?
<b>Action</b>	Writing confirmed pattern cards; drawing dependency chains; identifying Year 2 gaps; publishing the narrative; updating the QGIS project. The synthesis produces durable, shareable, actionable knowledge.

The pathway is recursive. A pattern card written in Year 1 as a first observation returns in Year 2's synthesis at Acknowledgment or Attitude stage, as further evidence confirms, contests, or refines it.

## Three-Stream Pedagogy (Head / Hands / Heart) in Synthesis

Every session at Erdpuls engages Head (conceptual understanding), Hands (direct making and doing), and Heart (felt experience and values reflection) simultaneously. This applies equally to the synthesis ritual:

Stream	In the Synthesis Ritual
<b>Head</b>	Pattern card analysis; dependency chain writing; QGIS layer synthesis; Annual Pattern Language Narrative authorship
<b>Hands</b>	Laying out field sheets; placing cards on the wall display; drawing string connections; updating the QGIS project; map-making
<b>Heart</b>	The Day 1 material encounter (Ring 0 discipline applied to data); listening to audio recordings of elder memories; collaborative naming of patterns in three languages

The principle *body first, then instrument* applies here as: encounter the materials before analyzing them. The silent morning walk of the tables (Part Six, Day 1) is the synthesis ritual's equivalent of Ring 0 body-calibration.

## Five Target Groups and Their Roles in Synthesis

The Erdpuls programme serves five target groups, each contributing differently to the annual synthesis:

Target Group	Role in Synthesis
<b>Children (8–14)</b>	Their Feldbogen observations frequently capture details adults overlook (colour transitions, small organisms, unexpected sounds). Their pattern candidates are often the most phenomenologically precise.
<b>Adults / Local Residents</b>	Bring contextual knowledge of land use, seasonal variation, and community memory. Quality Compass worksheets provide structured evaluation data for Day 3.
<b>Elders (65+)</b>	The Memory Map and elder testimony provide the temporal depth that converts current observations into historical patterns. Elder contributions often confirm or contest patterns with 50+ year timescales.
<b>Artists and Researchers</b>	Artist Residency Quality Reflections and researcher field notes typically connect campus patterns to broader theoretical frameworks and analogous landscapes.
<b>Cross-Border DE/PL Groups</b>	Provide the comparative bioregional data that distinguishes what is universal from what is specific to Müllrose. Essential for Ring 4 pattern confirmation.

A synthesis session should include participants from at least three of the five groups where possible. The Quality Ambassador role is specifically designed to bridge across target groups in the synthesis process.

## SDGs Addressed

The pattern language assembly process connects directly to the following UN Sustainable Development Goals:

- **SDG 4 (Quality Education):** The synthesis produces and publishes OER knowledge resources; it models evidence-based, participatory, situated learning.
- **SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities):** Confirmed patterns directly inform place-based planning; the community wall display makes this knowledge publicly available.
- **SDG 13 (Climate Action):** Soil ecology, microclimate, and phenological patterns contribute to local climate monitoring; bioregional patterns inform climate adaptation planning.

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- **SDG 15** (Life on Land): Citizen science species observations, soil health records, and ecological transition data contribute to biodiversity knowledge.
  - **SDG 17** (Partnerships for the Goals): Cross-border synthesis and open data publication connect local knowledge to global commons.

### Proxemic Architecture of the Synthesis Space

The synthesis space (Zone E) is designed proxemically to support the educational process. Materials are arranged to draw participants into *personal-to-intimate proxemic distance* with the data:

- Field sheets spread on tables (personal distance — participants lean over, turn pages, mark passages by hand)
- Maps on the wall at touching height (personal distance — participants can point, trace, reach)
- Audio recordings played through speakers in the room (personal distance — the elder's voice fills intimate-to-personal space)
- Pattern card wall display at eye level (personal to social distance — readable from across the room but engageable by touch)

The arrangement is *sociopetal* — designed to draw people toward the center of the data, not away from it. Chairs should be removed or placed at the margins. The synthesis table is a standing table, not a seated desk. When participants stand around materials they can all reach, the synthesis remains haptic, collaborative, and grounded in the physical reality of the data. When participants are seated in rows, the synthesis becomes a presentation — the opposite of what is intended.

The facilitator's role in the synthesis space is proxemically the same as in Ring 0: model intimate engagement with the materials first. Kneel to read a child's Feldbogen. Hold an elder's audio transcript in two hands. Trace a GPS track on the analog map with a finger. Participants follow modeled proxemic behavior.

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## PART ONE: What the Workshops Produce

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### The Raw Materials of a Pattern Language

After one full year of programming (all 20 guides conducted once), the following materials have accumulated:

**BNE Area 1 (Goals and Target Groups):** *The materials listed below were generated through target-group-specific activities (1.2.1–1.2.3). Each appendix's outputs reflect a different pedagogical modality calibrated to the target group that produced it — children's sensory observations are phenomenologically precise; elder testimonies are temporally deep; artist outputs are spatially creative; researcher outputs are systematically structured. The synthesis process honors these differences rather than averaging them out.*

#### From Appendix A — Questions to the Soil (5 workshops)

- 5 sets of completed soil field sheets (Feldbogen), each documenting a different target group's observations at the campus soil stations
- Soil color, texture, pH, temperature, moisture, and organism count data from each session
- Sensory descriptions (smell, feel, sound near the ground) from different cultural and generational perspectives
- Photographs of soil profiles, organisms, and texture tests
- Audio recordings (from elder sessions) of soil memories
- Sensor data from the permanent monitoring stations during each workshop period
- The "Mein Wert / Sensor-Wert" comparison data (human perception vs. instrument)

**Pattern potential:** Micro-climate patterns, soil-life-seasonality patterns, the "warm strip" pattern (south-facing wall creates a temperature gradient), the compost-succession pattern, the moisture-memory pattern (soil remembers last week's rain), the smell-of-geosmin pattern (why healthy soil smells like rain).

**BNE Area 3.1 note:** Soil data combines 3.1.1 (hands-on sensory observation), 3.1.2 (always *this* soil at *this* station), 3.1.7 (Head: sensor readings; Hands: texture tests; Heart: smell/listening exercises), and 3.1.8 (sensor platforms, photography, audio, GIS).

#### From Appendix B — Token Economy (5 workshops)

- Token transaction cards (Green/Blue/Orange/Gold) from each workshop

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- The Exchange Mapping worksheets (adults — showing existing reciprocal networks)
  - The Memory Market Ledger entries (elder skill-knowledge exchanges)
  - Game round data from the children's Garten-Wirtschaftsspiel (extractive vs. reciprocal round outcomes)
  - Artist/researcher reflections on value-beyond-price
  - Cross-border exchange documentation

**Pattern potential:** The reciprocity-radius pattern (how far does reciprocal exchange travel before it breaks down?), the skill-gap pattern (what skills the community is losing), the cross-border-exchange-barrier pattern (what prevents economic reciprocity across the political boundary), the elder-knowledge-reservoir pattern (specific knowledge held by elders that has no younger replacement), the repair-as-relationship pattern (the social bonds created by fixing things together).

**BNE Area 2 note:** Token economy materials represent the *economic sustainability dimension* (Area 2.1.1); the contrast between extractive and reciprocal rounds is structurally *controversial* (Area 2.2.1); the cross-border exchange barrier directly addresses a *global-local connection* (Area 2.2.2). The Ubuntu principle ("I am because we are") is operationalized in the reciprocity and mutualism token elements and should be named as such in the synthesis narrative.

### From Appendix C — Bioregion Mapping (5 workshops)

- GPS tracks from all walking transects (children's loops, adult 5–8 km routes, artist 8–15 km routes, cross-border transects)
- Transition observation tables with coordinates, photographs, and descriptions
- The composite analog maps (colored overlays on satellite images) from each workshop
- The Memory Map (elder temporal bioregion)
- QGIS project with all layers: hydrology, geology, vegetation, land use, historical maps, administrative boundaries, participant GPS tracks, transition points
- Multiple boundary proposals (yarn on maps, digitized)
- Landscape Letters (adults) and turnaround reflections
- The cross-border "Same Landscape, Different Systems" comparison table
- Sensory Closure Maps (proxemic enrichment — which senses fade at what distance)

**Pattern potential:** The glacial-moraine-transition pattern (where sand meets clay, vegetation changes, water behavior changes), the Schlaubetal-microclimate pattern (the valley creates a temperature/humidity gradient distinct from the plateau), the border-as-ecological-continuum pattern (the landscape doesn't know about the border), the elder-bioregion-vs-contemporary-bioregion pattern (lived territory has shrunk but virtual territory has expanded), the acoustic-horizon pattern (how far you can hear the Schlaube from the campus).

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**BNE Gestaltungskompetenz note:** Bioregion mapping materials are especially rich for competencies 4.1.1 (openness to new perspectives — cross-cultural boundary proposals), 4.1.2 (foresight — the Memory Map reveals how the landscape has changed), 4.1.4 (uncertainty — contested boundary proposals), and 4.2.1 (collaborative planning — the boundary deliberation exercise). These connections should be made explicit in the synthesis narrative.

### From Appendix D — BNE Quality Framework (5 workshops)

- Learning Portfolio Sheets with Quality Star ratings (children)
- Quality Compass worksheets (adults)
- Elder Quality Criteria (community-generated quality principles)
- Residency Quality Reflections and proposed supplementary evaluation methods
- Framework Comparison Matrix with Cross-Border Quality Criteria
- Quality Ambassador reports (if ongoing)

**Pattern potential:** Quality evaluation data does not directly generate patterns *about the place*, but it generates patterns *about learning in the place*: the seasonal-engagement pattern (which seasons produce deepest learning?), the return-rate-as-quality pattern, the proxemic-depth-engagement pattern (workshops at intimate distance produce higher quality ratings), the intergenerational-knowledge-transfer pattern (what types of knowledge flow most readily between generations?).

**BNE Area 5 note:** Appendix D materials are the primary evidence base for BNE Area 5.2.2 (systematic self-evaluation with written participant feedback). The synthesis process that integrates these materials with pattern language data constitutes Area 5.2.1 (continuous practice reflection). See Part Five for full Area 5 mapping.

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## PART TWO: From Observations to Pattern Cards

### The Pattern Recognition Process

Pattern cards do not emerge automatically from raw data. They require a synthesis step — a moment when the facilitator (or a group of participants) looks at accumulated observations and says: "There is a relationship here. It keeps appearing. It resolves a tension. It has a name."

**BNE Area 3 (Methods) — the recognition process:** Steps 1–6 below constitute a structured educational sequence that meets the Brandenburg catalog's methodological criteria. Step 1 (material encounter) satisfies 3.1.1 (experiential) and 3.1.2 (situated); Step 2 (identifying recurrence) satisfies 3.1.5 (reflective); Steps 3–4 (writing cards and chains) satisfy 3.1.3 (activating) and 3.1.6 (interactive); Step 5 (cross-scale resonances) satisfies 3.1.7 (holistic). The multilingual naming in Step 3 satisfies 3.1.8 (multimedial) and 3.2.1 (appropriate for goals and target group).

#### Step 1: Gather Everything to One Place

In January (the synthesis month), bring all year's materials to Zone E. Lay them out:

- All field sheets on one table
- All maps on the wall (analog) and screen (GIS)
- All token records and exchange maps on a second table
- All quality evaluation materials on a third table
- All photographs projected or printed
- Audio recordings transcribed and printed

This is the annual "material encounter" — the facilitator's equivalent of Ring 0 body-calibration. Before analyzing, simply look. Walk the tables. Let the materials speak.

*Proxemic note:* Stand, do not sit. The materials are encountered at personal-to-intimate proxemic distance. This is not a desk review; it is a sensory engagement with a year's worth of place-knowledge. Handle the field sheets. Trace the GPS tracks. Listen to the audio.

#### Step 2: Identify Recurring Observations

Read through the field sheets and transect records looking for observations that appear independently in multiple workshops, across different target groups, at different times of year.

**Example:** In April, a child wrote on their Feldbogen: "The soil near the old wall is darker and warmer." In June, the resident photographed the same wall strip and noted a 3°C temperature differential. In November, an elder said: "My grandmother always planted her first lettuce against that wall — it was always the warmest spot." The children's bioregion transect in July recorded a vegetation transition at the same wall corner.

Four independent observations, from four target groups, across three seasons, all converging on the same spatial relationship. This is a pattern waiting to be named.

### Step 3: Write the Pattern Card

Using the Pattern Card template (Section 3.1 of the main toolkit):

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#### PATTERN CARD

**Name:** Die Warme Mauer / The Warm Wall / Ciepła Ściana

**Ring:** 1 (Site) — with connections to Ring 2 (Garden)

**Location:** South-facing exterior wall of the Heritage Hub (Zone E), 52.4428°N 14.4302°E

**Discoverers:** School class April 2026 (initial observation), Artist-in-residence June 2026 (measurement), Elder group November 2026 (historical confirmation)

**Date & Season:** First observed April 2026; confirmed across spring, summer, autumn

**The Tension:** The campus needs growing space, but Brandenburg springs are cold and the growing season is short. Building walls absorb solar radiation during the day and re-emit it at night, creating a microclimate — but only if the wall orientation, material, and surrounding planting work together.

**What We Observed:** South-facing Heritage Hub wall (brick, 60 cm thick, dark mortar, no overhang). Soil strip 0–80 cm from wall base is visibly darker, moister in spring, drier in summer. Vegetation in this strip is 2–3 weeks ahead of the open garden phenologically. Insects (particularly solitary bees) active at this wall face 3–4 weeks before the open garden. Elder confirmed: this strip has been used as early-season planting space "since before my time" — at least 80+ years of continuous use. The wall itself retains heat detectably (hand test) for 2–3 hours after sunset.

#### Instrumental Data:

- Soil temperature (10 cm depth): 3.2°C warmer than open garden soil 5 m away (June 2026, 14:00, senseBox station + hand thermometer)
- Air temperature (5 cm from wall, 15 cm height): 2.1°C warmer than ambient (same measurement)
- pH: 7.2 (wall strip) vs 6.4 (open garden) — lime leaching from mortar
- First bumblebee sighting 2026: wall strip March 28, open garden April 18

**The Pattern (Proposed Resolution):** A south-facing masonry wall of sufficient thermal mass ( $\geq 40$  cm brick or stone), with a planting strip at its base (60–100 cm wide, well-mulched), creates a reliable microclimate 2–4°C warmer than the surrounding garden. This microclimate extends the growing season by 2–4 weeks and provides critical early-season habitat for pollinators. The pattern has been culturally recognized in this place for at least three generations. Where heritage walls exist, the planting strip at their base should be maintained as the garden's earliest and most sheltered growing zone.

#### Connections to Other Patterns:

- *Depends on:* [Ring 4] The Glacial Sand Substrate (the sandy soil at the wall base drains well and warms quickly — a different substrate might not respond the same way)
- *Depends on:* [Ring 1] The Heritage Building Orientation (the Heritage Hub faces south because of the street layout, which follows the medieval settlement pattern — the wall's orientation is not accidental but historical)
- *Supports:* [Ring 2] The Early Pollinator Corridor (the warm wall is the first food source for bees emerging in March — if removed, early-season pollinators would have 3 fewer weeks of forage)
- *Connects to:* [Ring 3] The Settlement Memory (elders remember when every south-facing wall in Müllrose had a planting strip — the pattern was once community-wide, now reduced to a few gardens)

#### Questions for Further Investigation:

- Does the north-facing wall of the same building create a cold microclimate? (Inverse pattern?)
- At what distance from the wall does the temperature differential disappear? (Pattern boundary?)
- How does the lime leaching affect which plants thrive in the strip? (pH-pattern intersection?)
- Do other heritage buildings in Müllrose show the same pattern? (Ring 3 extension?)

**Status:** [x] Confirmed across multiple observations

**Sustainability Dimensions:** - [x] Ecological (microclimate, pollinator habitat, soil health) - [x] Economic (extended growing season = reduced food import dependence; heritage wall maintenance avoided by valuing the planting function) - [x] Social (intergenerational knowledge continuity; elder confirmation grounds current practice in community memory) - [x] Cultural (three-generation gardening tradition; place-specific knowledge embedded in the pattern name)

**Primary Gestaltungskompetenzen (Transfer 21):** - 4.1.2 — Anticipatory thinking (projecting impacts of wall removal) - 4.1.3 — Interdisciplinary reasoning (geology -> architecture -> ecology -> culture in one chain) - 4.3.3 — Empathy (the elder's voice in the pattern; recognizing knowledge across generations)

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**SDG Connections:** - SDG 11.4 — Protecting cultural and natural heritage (the wall and its planting tradition) - SDG 13.1 — Climate resilience through local microclimate management - SDG 15.5 — Pollinator habitat protection

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### Step 4: Look for Dependency Chains

Once you have 15–30 pattern cards from the first year, lay them out on the Zone E wall, arranged by ring. Use string or tape to connect patterns that depend on each other.

The dependency chain often reveals the deep structure of the place:

**Ring 4** (Bioregion): The Weichselian glaciation deposited sandy outwash plain at Müllrose -> which determines the sandy soil ->

**Ring 3** (Settlement): The sandy soil is easy to dig, hard to farm richly, good for brick-making -> the settlement tradition uses brick -> which creates thick masonry walls ->

**Ring 1** (Site): The thick masonry walls retain heat -> creating the Warm Wall microclimate ->

**Ring 2** (Garden): The microclimate supports early-season planting and pollinator habitat -> enabling the garden to produce food 2–4 weeks earlier ->

**Ring 0** (Body): Standing by the warm wall on a cool April morning, you can feel the radiant heat on your skin — the geological history of the last ice age, transformed through ten thousand years of deposition, centuries of building tradition, and decades of gardening practice, is detectable by your body at intimate proxemic distance.

This chain — from glacial geology to body sensation — is the pattern language speaking. It is what Alexander meant by "a web of recurring relationships that sustains life." And it was discovered not by a single expert but by the collective observation of children, adults, elders, artists, and cross-border neighbours across a full year.

### Step 5: Identify Cross-Scale Resonances

Some patterns echo each other across rings. The Warm Wall pattern (Ring 1) resonates with the Schlaubetal Microclimate pattern (Ring 4) — both are instances of thermal sheltering created by mass and orientation. The valley shelters its stream the way the wall shelters its planting strip. The pattern repeats at different scales because the same physics (thermal mass, solar orientation, wind protection) operates at every scale. Noting these resonances enriches the pattern language.

**BNE 4.1.3 (Interdisciplinary action):** Cross-scale resonances are the synthesis process's most powerful generator of the interdisciplinary competency. The chain from Weichselian glacier to bumblebee emergence requires biology, geology, architecture, history, and ecology to be held simultaneously. This is the competency the Brandenburg catalog means by "inter- und transdisziplinär."

## Step 6: Identify Gaps

After mapping the first year's patterns, some rings will be rich and others sparse. Typical first-year gaps:

- Ring 0 patterns may be thin (body sensations are noticed but rarely formalized as patterns)
- Ring 3 (Settlement) patterns may be thin if most workshops focused on the campus rather than the town
- Winter patterns may be thin if most workshops ran in warmer months
- Sound patterns may be thin if the auditory channel was under-explored (the proxemic enrichment addresses this)
- Cross-border patterns may be thin if only one cross-border cycle was completed

These gaps become the programming priorities for Year 2: schedule a winter transect, add a sound-mapping workshop, extend Ring 3 observation into the town, run a second cross-border cycle with different participants.

**BNE Area 5.1 (Development Goals):** Gap identification is the mechanism by which the synthesis process generates documented development goals for the next programme cycle. The gap list from Step 6 is the direct input into the Year 2 milestone plan, meeting criterion 5.1.2 (implementation plan with milestones). Gap identification should always be documented in writing and cross-referenced to the Annual Pattern Language Narrative.

## PART THREE: From Pattern Cards to Pattern Language

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### The Narrative Synthesis

A collection of pattern cards is not yet a language. A language has grammar — rules of connection, hierarchy, and generativity. The pattern language of a place is the story of how its patterns relate.

#### The Wall Display

In Zone E, create a permanent wall display (minimum 3 × 2 m). Divide it into five horizontal bands, one per ring:

- |                     |              |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Ring 4: Bioregion   | [cards here] |
| Ring 3: Settlement  | [cards here] |
| Ring 2: Garden/Near | [cards here] |
| Ring 1: Site        | [cards here] |
| Ring 0: Body        | [cards here] |

Place each pattern card in its ring band. Draw connections between cards with colored string:

- **Red string:** Dependency (this pattern requires that pattern to exist)
- **Blue string:** Support (this pattern nourishes that pattern)
- **Green string:** Resonance (these patterns echo each other across scales)
- **Yellow string:** Tension (these patterns are in conflict or competition)

Over the year, the wall fills. Visitors see the language growing. New participants can read existing patterns before going out to discover new ones. The wall display is the pattern language in its most public, socio-petal, participatory form.

**BNE 7.5.1 (Public outreach):** The Zone E wall display is a primary public outreach artefact — a permanent, visible, community-authored demonstration of the Erdpuls programme's educational work. It serves target-group-appropriate outreach for all five groups simultaneously: accessible to children (visual, name-based), engaging for adults (dependency chains), meaningful for elders (their testimonies on cards), methodologically interesting for researchers (the network structure), and culturally resonant for cross-border participants (trilingual names). Photograph the wall display at each stage for the programme documentation portfolio.

## The Narrative Document

At year's end, the facilitator writes (or facilitates a collaborative writing session for) the Annual Pattern Language Narrative — a prose document that tells the story of the place through its patterns.

The narrative follows the rings outward, as the toolkit does, but now with content:

"Erdpuls Müllrose sits on glacial outwash sand deposited 15,000 years ago by the Weichselian ice sheet [Ring 4: The Glacial Substrate]. The sand drains quickly and warms early — two properties that have shaped everything built and grown here. The settlement grew where water was accessible along the lake chain [Ring 3: The Lake-Chain Settlement], and the building tradition used brick fired from local clay deposits at the moraine edge [Ring 3: The Brick Tradition]. These thick brick walls, oriented to the medieval street pattern, create microclimates against their south-facing surfaces [Ring 1: The Warm Wall] that have been cultivated for at least three generations [Ring 2: The Early Planting Strip]. Standing against this wall on a cool spring morning, the radiant heat is perceptible on the skin [Ring 0: The Warm-Wall Body Sensation] — a direct, embodied encounter with the geological and cultural history of the place..."

The narrative continues through all discovered patterns, connecting them through their dependency chains and resonances. It is the pattern language in its most communicable form — a story that can be told to a newcomer, published, shared with partner organisations, and used as the basis for educational programming in subsequent years.

**BNE 2.1.1 (Multidimensionality) and 2.1.2 (Interdisciplinarity):** The Annual Pattern Language Narrative is the document that demonstrates multidimensional, interdisciplinary BNE quality most directly. A good narrative integrates patterns from all four sustainability dimensions — ecological (soil, climate, biodiversity), economic (reciprocal exchange, skill gaps, repair), social (intergenerational knowledge, community gathering, access), and cultural (heritage building, toponymy, multilingual naming). The facilitator should check that all four dimensions appear before finalising the narrative.

## The Proxemic Structure of the Pattern Language

The pattern language itself has a proxemic architecture. Patterns at Ring 0 operate at intimate distance (body sensations, soil contact). Patterns at Ring 4 operate at public distance (watershed boundaries, geological formations visible only from hilltops). The language as a whole moves from intimate to public — from touch to sight, from particular to panoramic.

This means the pattern language can be *experienced* as well as read. A guided tour of the campus and its surroundings, following the ring structure, is a walk *through* the pattern language — and a walk through the proxemic gradient. Begin at the Warm Wall (intimate: touch the bricks, feel the heat). Move into the garden (personal: handle soil, smell plants). Walk through the settlement (social: read the building facades, hear the town). Climb the nearest rise and look toward the Schlaubetal (public: see the watershed, the forest edge, the glacial terrain). The tour is the pattern language made spatial.

This proxemic tour is itself a teaching tool: it demonstrates what the pattern language *does* to a place's inhabitants. It converts abstract ecological and cultural relationships into embodied knowledge that participants can feel in their bodies and articulate from their own sensory experience.

**BNE 3.1.1 (Experiential) and 3.1.2 (Situated):** *The proxemic tour is the most direct demonstration of BNE methodological quality in the assembled pattern language. It takes the distilled knowledge of a year's workshops and delivers it at intimate-to-personal distance, in the place itself, activating all sensory channels. For certification evidence, photograph and document guided tours of the wall display and campus pattern language route.*

## PART FOUR: Year-Over-Year Accumulation

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### The Living Pattern Language

The first year produces a draft pattern language — perhaps 20–40 pattern cards, a preliminary wall display, a first narrative. It has gaps, uncertainties, and unresolved questions.

Year 2 deepens it:

- New participants observe patterns that last year's participants missed
- Returning participants confirm, contest, or extend existing patterns ("I noticed the Warm Wall isn't warm in October — the sun angle changes")
- Seasonal coverage fills in: a winter workshop discovers the Frost Heave pattern that was invisible in summer
- The cross-border dataset grows: a second cycle adds Polish observations that enrich the Glacial Substrate and Border-as-Continuum patterns
- Elder contributions continue: each elder adds irreplaceable temporal depth ("There used to be a spring where the parking lot is now")

By Year 3, the pattern language is substantial — 60–100 patterns, rich in cross-scale connections, deepened by seasonal repetition, enriched by multiple perspectives. It begins to function as Alexander intended: a generative system that helps people make good decisions about their place. "Should we remove this wall? Let's check the pattern language — The Warm Wall pattern suggests it creates microclimate, pollinator habitat, and a three-generation gardening tradition. Removal has costs the demolition plan doesn't show."

By Year 5, the pattern language is a significant local knowledge resource — comparable to a comprehensive environmental survey but richer, because it includes embodied, cultural, and temporal knowledge that no survey captures. It is also a community achievement: hundreds of people contributed to it, their names on the pattern cards, their observations in the QGIS project, their memories in the audio archive.

**BNE Area 5.2.3 (Impact evaluation):** By Year 3, the longitudinal pattern dataset constitutes a robust evidence base for internal and external impact evaluation against BNE behavioral change outcomes. The proportion of "Confirmed" and "Refined" cards relative to "First Observation" cards is a measurable impact indicator: it shows that participants are returning, developing their observations, and deepening their relationship to place. The Year 3 synthesis should formally compare the pattern language with the Year 1 draft and document the changes as impact evidence.

## Status Progression

Each pattern card carries a status field:

- **First observation:** Recorded once, by one group, in one season. Provisional.
- **Confirmed:** Observed independently by multiple groups, across multiple seasons. Reliable.
- **Contested:** Different groups or different seasons produce contradictory observations. This is not failure — it is data. Contested patterns are the most interesting because they reveal complexity the toolkit is designed to explore.
- **Refined:** A confirmed pattern that has been updated with additional detail, extended to a new scale, or connected to newly discovered patterns.
- **Archived:** A pattern that was once observed but is no longer present — the stream that dried up, the tree that fell, the practice that was abandoned. Archived patterns are the pattern language's memory of loss.

Over years, the proportion of "First observation" cards decreases and "Confirmed" and "Refined" increases. The language matures. But new first observations should never stop — they are the sign that people are still looking, still noticing, still discovering.

**BNE 4.1.4 (Risk and uncertainty recognition):** The "Contested" status category is the Gestaltungskompetenz of uncertainty made structural. When a confirmed pattern is contested by new evidence, participants must work with ambiguity rather than resolving it prematurely. Contested patterns should be discussed explicitly in the synthesis — "Why does this pattern hold in spring but not autumn?" — as examples of the productive uncertainty that drives continued inquiry.

## PART FIVE: Outputs and Uses

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### What the Pattern Language Produces

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#### For Erdpuls Programming

- Workshop content: New workshops can be designed around specific patterns ("Today we investigate The Early Pollinator Corridor — who depends on the Warm Wall?")
- Seasonal themes: Each season's programming can focus on the patterns most visible/active in that season
- Returning participant continuity: A participant who discovered a pattern in Year 1 returns in Year 2 to check its status — did the frost heave damage the wall? Did the early bees return?

#### For Citizen Science

- GPS tracks, transition observations, and species counts enter the Erdpuls GIS database — available as open data
- Soil data, once standardised, can contribute to national and European soil monitoring networks
- The Sensory Closure Map data (proxemic enrichment) is, as far as we know, a novel dataset — the distance at which human sensory channels close in a specific landscape has not been systematically documented before

#### For the Community

- The pattern language is a knowledge commons — it belongs to everyone who contributed
- The wall display in Zone E is a public artefact — visitors see the community's collective understanding of its place
- The narrative document can be published, shared with the Gemeinde (municipal council), used in planning discussions, and offered to schools as local curriculum content

#### For Other Initiatives

- The method (not the content) is transferable. Other places will discover different patterns, but the process — concentric rings, phenomenological observation, citizen science data, collective synthesis — works anywhere
  - The Erdpuls pattern language can be compared with pattern languages from other places — what is unique to Müllrose? What is shared with other glacial landscapes? What is universal?
-

## BNE Quality Framework Alignment

This section provides the full criterion-by-criterion mapping of the pattern language *assembly process* to the Brandenburg BNE Quality Catalog. (The mapping of the *workshop programme* to the catalog is in Appendix D of the Pattern Discovery Toolkit Appendices.) The synthesis itself is an educational process and is evaluated as such here.

### Area 1 — Goals and Target Groups

#### 1.1 — Relevance (Bedarfsgerecht)

The pattern language assembly process addresses a documented gap in sustainability education practice: citizen science and participatory observation programmes routinely generate rich raw data that remains unprocessed, unconnected, and inaccessible to the communities that produced it. The assembly guide directly addresses this failure mode by providing a structured synthesis methodology. The need is specific to the Brandenburg/border-region context: rural communities with rich traditional ecological knowledge and emerging IoT/citizen-science infrastructure need tools to bridge the two knowledge systems.

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
1.1.1 Life-world and life-phase relevance	The synthesis process is designed for facilitators working in rural Brandenburg — their professional life-world. The January timing (agricultural slow season) and the five-day structure fit the rhythm of community life in the region. Target group roles in synthesis (children: first observations; elders: temporal depth) are calibrated to the life-phase competencies and knowledge forms of each group.	[OK]
1.1.2 Environmental/needs analysis	The toolkit is grounded in the Transfer 21 analysis of the values-action gap (84% of young Europeans value sustainability, ~30% act on it). The synthesis addresses the specific structural reason this gap persists in citizen science: data without narrative is not actionable. The Brandenburg context (rural depopulation, cross-border positioning, heritage building stock, glacial landscape) informs both the pattern potential and the synthesis methodology.	[OK]

*Minimum requirement (1.1.1): Met.*

#### 1.2 — Coherence (Passend und nachvollziehbar)

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
1.2.1 Target groups concretely described	Five target groups are defined with specific roles in synthesis (see Pedagogical Framework section). Synthesis participants are concretely: facilitators, Quality Ambassadors, and 2–4 cross-target-group participants. The Day 1 material encounter and Day 2 critical review are designed for this composite group.	[OK]
1.2.2 Needs described target-group-specifically	Each target group's output is described with its specific knowledge form and synthesis role. Children's observations: phenomenologically precise, visually vivid. Elder testimony: temporally deep, locally specific. Artist/researcher notes: theoretically framed, spatially creative. Cross-border data: comparatively valuable.	[OK]
1.2.3 Goals concrete and target-group-specific	Year 1: 20–40 pattern cards, preliminary wall display, first narrative. Year 3: 60–100 patterns, cross-scale dependency chains, longitudinal comparisons. Year 5: community knowledge resource usable for planning. Goals are progressive and measurable.	[OK]
1.2.4 Need, goals, and target groups are coherent	The synthesis method (collective, multi-perspective, iterative) directly matches the participatory, intergenerational, multilingual nature of the programme it assembles. The Roter Faden is: observations -> patterns -> language -> narrative -> community knowledge.	[OK]

*Minimum requirements (all 1.2.x): All met.*

## Area 2 — Approach

### 2.1 — Thematic breadth (Themenvielfalt)

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
2.1.1 Multidimensional	The synthesis explicitly integrates all four sustainability dimensions. Ecological: soil, microclimate, biodiversity, and phenology patterns. Economic: reciprocal exchange, skill gaps, repair-as-relationship, token economy data. Social: intergenerational knowledge transfer, cross-border exchange, community memory. Cultural: heritage building practices, multilingual pattern naming, toponymy, settlement history. The Annual Pattern Language Narrative is evaluated against all four dimensions before publication.	[OK]

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
2.1.2 Inter-/transdisciplinary	Every dependency chain crossing rings is an act of interdisciplinary synthesis — the Glacial Substrate -> Brick Tradition -> Warm Wall -> Early Pollinator chain integrates geology, architecture, agronomy, and ecology. The synthesis process requires facilitators and participants to hold multiple disciplinary lenses simultaneously.	[OK]
2.1.3 Current and SDG-relevant	The synthesis addresses SDGs 4, 11, 13, 15, and 17 (see Pedagogical Framework section). Contested patterns are the locus of current controversy: where ecological boundaries cross administrative ones (the Schlaubetal/border pattern), where traditional knowledge contradicts current practice, where sensor data and phenomenological observation diverge.	[OK]

*Minimum requirements (2.1.1 two dimensions linked; 2.1.3 one SDG referenced): Met, substantially exceeded.*

## 2.2 — Diversity of perspectives (Perspektivenvielfalt)

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
2.2.1 Controversial	Contested patterns are structurally built into the synthesis. The boundary deliberation (Ring 4) produces competing boundary proposals that are preserved rather than resolved. The "Same Landscape, Different Systems" cross-border table documents the controversy between German and Polish environmental management approaches to the same glacial landscape. Status categories ("Contested") ensure that unresolved disagreement is documented rather than erased.	[OK]
2.2.2 Global-local	Local patterns connect to global knowledge systems through citizen science platforms (iNaturalist, openSenseMap). The Ubuntu principle — operationalised in the token economy and named explicitly in the synthesis narrative — connects local reciprocal exchange to a global ethical framework. Cross-border patterns demonstrate that the glacial landscape is a global bioregional phenomenon that human borders do not divide.	[OK]

*Minimum requirements (2.2.1): Met.*

## Area 3 — Methods

### 3.1 — Action-oriented and activating (Handlungsorientiert-aktivierend)

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
3.1.1 Experiential, hands-on (erleben, erproben)	The Day 1 material encounter is a direct sensory engagement with physical materials — handling field sheets, tracing GPS tracks, listening to audio. Pattern card writing is a hands-on act of naming and framing observed relationships. The wall display is constructed physically, with participants placing cards and drawing string connections.	[OK]
3.1.2 Situated (situiert)	The synthesis is maximally situated: it processes only the data generated by <i>these participants at this place in this year</i> . Patterns are always named in three languages specific to the cross-border community. The wall display occupies a specific wall in Zone E — it cannot be abstracted from its place.	[OK]
3.1.3 Activating (aktivierend)	Draft pattern card writing begins on Day 1 afternoon — participants are immediately productive. Each confirmed card is a tangible achievement. The string-connection exercise is visually striking and physically engaging. The gap analysis provides clear next steps. Participants leave Day 3 with concrete Year 2 programming commitments.	[OK]
3.1.4 Self-determined and participatory (selbstbestimmt-partizipativ)	Synthesis participants include cross-target-group representatives who co-author the pattern cards and the narrative. The Collective Threshold Model governs participation in the synthesis event itself. Pattern names are proposed and negotiated by participants, not imposed by the facilitator. The Year 2 gap analysis is a collective democratic decision.	[OK]
3.1.5 Reflective (reflektiert)	Day 2 morning critical review is an explicit structured reflection: "Is this a pattern (recurring, tension-resolving) or an observation (one-time, place-specific)?" The 4A-Pathway (Attitude stage) governs the narrative writing: "What does this pattern mean for how we want to steward this place?" The Quality Report integration (Day 3) requires reflection on the relationship between learning quality and pattern discovery quality.	[OK]

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
3.1.6 Interactive (interaktiv)	The QGIS/analog comparison (Day 2) requires two operators in dialogue with the rest of the group. Collaborative narrative writing (Day 2 afternoon) requires active negotiation of language. The wall display construction is a group exercise in spatial arrangement and connection-drawing.	[OK]
3.1.7 Holistic (ganzheitlich)	Three-Stream Pedagogy is explicit in the synthesis structure: Head (QGIS analysis, narrative writing, dependency chain logic), Hands (physical layout, card placement, map annotation), Heart (material encounter, audio listening, collaborative naming). No synthesis day is purely intellectual.	[OK]
3.1.8 Multimedial (multimedial)	The synthesis integrates: GIS (digital, visual), analog maps (physical, visual-haptic), audio recordings (auditory), photographs (visual), written field sheets (textual), and token cards (physical artefacts). Multilingual naming (DE/EN/PL) is a communicative multimodality. Expansion of synthesis documentation to social media publication is planned for Phase 2.	[!] partial

*Minimum requirements (2 of 8): Far exceeded — 7 of 8 fully met, 1 partially (social media/independent research tools, Phase 2 development).*

### 3.2 — Sound and appropriate (Passend und fundiert)

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
3.2.1 Appropriate for goals, target groups, and content	The synthesis method — iterative, collective, multi-perspective, place-based — directly fits the goals (a living pattern language) and the target groups (cross-generational, cross-disciplinary, cross-cultural). The structured three-day ritual respects the cognitive demands of synthesis without overwhelming participants.	[OK]
3.2.2 Practically proven (praktisch bewährt)	The synthesis methodology draws on globally established practices: pattern language methodology (Alexander, decades of application); data synthesis workshops (standard in participatory action research); collaborative narrative writing (used across community education contexts); QGIS for participatory mapping (globally established in GIS-based education).	[OK]

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
3.2.3 Theoretically and empirically grounded	Alexander's pattern language theory provides the formal framework for what constitutes a pattern (recurring, tension-resolving, named). Goethean observation grounds the "encounter before analysis" discipline. Transfer 21 Gestaltungskompetenz framework provides the competency mapping. Hall's proxemics grounds the synthesis space design.	[OK]

*Minimum requirements (3.2.1 and 3.2.2): Fully met.*

### 3.3 — Supportive (Unterstützend)

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
3.3.1 Preparatory (vorbereitend)	This assembly guide is itself the primary preparatory material. It provides: materials checklist, Day 1–3 schedule, synthesis space design, pattern card template, and gap analysis framework. The main toolkit and appendices provide the theoretical background. All materials are available as OER in advance.	[OK]
3.3.2 Accompanying (begleitend)	The Day 1–3 structure includes explicit facilitated review moments. The QGIS project provides real-time data access during synthesis. The dependency chain methodology provides in-process analytical support. The Quality Report integration (Day 3) provides a parallel meta-reflective track.	[OK]
3.3.3 Follow-up (nachbereitend)	The Annual Pattern Language Narrative and updated QGIS project are durable outputs. Pattern cards are returned to participants as artefacts of collective authorship. The narrative is published as OER (CC BY-SA 4.0). The wall display remains accessible year-round. The gap analysis produces documented Year 2 commitments that enable continued engagement.	[OK]

*Minimum requirements (3.3.1 or 3.3.3): Both fully met.*

### Area 4 — Gestaltungskompetenz

The synthesis process develops all 12 Transfer 21 sub-competencies. The mapping is specific to the *synthesis activities*, not the workshops (mapped separately in Appendix D):

Sub-Competency	Synthesis Activity
4.1.1 Openness to new perspectives	Reading materials from all five target groups; encountering cross-border data; naming patterns in three languages; the elder Memory Map reveals perspectives invisible to current observers
4.1.2 Foresight and scenario analysis	Dependency chains project forward: "If the Warm Wall is removed..."; Year 2 gap planning requires anticipating which patterns will be needed; contested patterns require scenario thinking about which interpretation is correct
4.1.3 Interdisciplinary action	Every cross-ring dependency chain requires integrating biology, geology, architecture, history, economics, and/or art. This is the synthesis process's primary competency contribution.
4.1.4 Risk and uncertainty recognition	Contested patterns are formally preserved as data. The "Archived" status records loss. The divergence between sensor data and phenomenological observation is documented rather than resolved.
4.2.1 Collaborative planning and action	The three-day synthesis is a collective exercise. Narrative writing is collaborative. Gap analysis is a group decision. The wall display is co-constructed.
4.2.2 Recognising goal conflicts	Yellow string (tension connections on the wall display) materialises goal conflicts. Cross-border patterns reveal governance conflicts. Heritage preservation vs. modernisation tensions in Ring 3 patterns.
4.2.3 Participation in decision-making	Pattern card status is collectively decided. Participants vote on which candidates become confirmed patterns. The gap analysis is a democratic programming decision. Quality Ambassadors participate as equals in narrative authorship.
4.2.4 Motivating self and others	Each confirmed pattern card is a collective achievement with named discoverers. The growing wall display is visible motivation. The narrative's reach — Gemeinde, schools, partner organisations — demonstrates the impact of continued engagement.
4.3.1 Reflecting own values	The Attitude stage of the 4A-Pathway in synthesis: "What does it mean that this pattern has been lost? That elders remember a spring where the car park now is?" The narrative writing requires explicit values reflection on what the pattern language says about how the community wants to inhabit its place.

Sub-Competency	Synthesis Activity
4.3.2 Independent planning and action	The gap analysis produces a Year 2 plan that participants own. Quality Ambassadors carry synthesis commitments independently. The OER publication of the narrative enables other communities to act on the methodology without facilitation.
4.3.3 Showing empathy	Listening to elder audio recordings; holding their testimony in equal status with sensor data; naming patterns in the languages of the community; writing the narrative in a voice that honours all contributors.
4.3.4 Justice as a basis for action	The synthesis ensures that those whose knowledge is most valuable to the pattern language — elders, long-term residents, cross-border neighbours — are named as discoverers on the pattern cards, not merely as "data sources". The token economy records their contributions as economic reciprocity, not extraction.

*Minimum requirements (one sub-competency from one domain): Far exceeded — all 12 addressed.*

## Area 5 — Quality Development

The annual synthesis ritual IS the Erdpuls quality development mechanism. The synthesis does not merely produce a pattern language; it produces the evidence base for BNE certification and the analytical foundation for Year 2 programme improvement.

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
5.1.1 Development goal documented	The gap analysis from Step 6 (Part Two) produces a written list of Year 2 development goals — rings under-explored, seasons missing, target groups thinly represented. This list is the documented development goal for the next programme cycle.	[OK]
5.1.2 Implementation plan with milestones	The gap analysis directly produces Year 2 programming milestones: "Schedule winter transect (January–February); add sound-mapping workshop (April); run second cross-border cycle (June/July)." These are durable, dated, actionable commitments.	[OK]

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
5.1.3 Adequate development resources	The synthesis event (2–3 days, 3–5 participants) is built into the annual programme calendar. Its output (pattern cards, narrative, QGIS update) constitutes the programme's primary documentation resource. Token records from the synthesis event are included in the reciprocal economy.	[OK]
5.2.1 Continuous practice reflection	The annual synthesis is the primary mechanism for continuous practice reflection. Comparing Year N and Year N+1 pattern languages reveals what changed, what deepened, what was contested. The holonic evaluation (five dimensions: Autonomy-Integration, Ubuntu-Alignment, Reciprocity Health, Mutualism Capacity, Regeneration Impact) is applied to the pattern language as a whole.	[OK]
5.2.2 Systematic self-evaluation with written participant feedback	Day 3 integrates all Quality Star, Quality Compass, Elder Quality Criteria, and Residency Quality Reflection data. Matching quality findings to pattern language gaps ("The children rated proxemic engagement lowest in the GIS phase — next year add sensory anchors during the digital mapping") constitutes systematic evidence-based self-evaluation.	[OK]
5.2.3 Internal/external impact evaluation (after 2 years of operation)	By Year 3, the longitudinal comparison of pattern language versions (Year 1 draft vs. Year 3 mature language) constitutes the basis for internal impact evaluation. The proportion of "Confirmed" patterns, the growth of cross-scale dependency chains, and the return rate of participants are measurable impact indicators. External evaluation against UNESCO ESD for 2030 framework planned from Phase 3.	[pending] planned Year 3+
5.2.4 Evaluation resources adequately budgeted	The synthesis event is the evaluation mechanism — its costs are the evaluation budget. IoT sensor data provides continuous objective evaluation input at near-zero marginal cost. Token records provide automatic longitudinal documentation of participation patterns.	[OK]

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
5.3.1 Active BNE networking	The Annual Pattern Language Narrative is shared with BNE-Netzwerk Brandenburg; synthesis methodology presented at Incubator Village Beeskow cohort events; cross-border synthesis data shared with VULCA European Makerspace Network partners.	[OK]
5.3.2 Conceptual-methodological cooperation	Cross-border synthesis methodology developed cooperatively with Polish partner organisations. OER publication of the assembly guide invites other initiatives into methodological dialogue. The Framework Comparison Matrix (Appendix D materials) enables comparison with other BNE quality frameworks.	[OK]
5.3.3 Cooperative implementation	Heritage Renovation Days participants contribute to Ring 1 pattern data; school cooperations contribute Ring 2 citizen science data; elder networks contribute Ring 3 memory data. All contributors are named on pattern cards.	[OK]

*Minimum requirements (5.2.1 and 5.2.4; 5.3.1): All fully met.*

## Area 6 — Facilitator Qualification

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
6.1.1 Formal pedagogical qualification	Synthesis facilitation requires competence in: participatory facilitation, pattern language methodology, QGIS, and multilingual OER documentation. The assembly guide provides the methodological preparation. Formal BNE pedagogical qualification in development; heritage workshop components led by qualified craftspeople.	[!] partial
6.1.2 Personal qualification (experience, references)	The synthesis facilitator is demonstrably qualified through: operational delivery of all 20 living experience guides; maintenance of the working sensor network; administration of the functioning token economy; and authorship of the multilingual OER portal. These are evidenced through programme documentation and public-facing outputs.	[OK]

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
6.2.1 Preparatory training	This assembly guide is the formal preparatory material for synthesis facilitators. The Pattern Discovery Toolkit Appendices provide additional methodological depth. Quality Ambassadors receive specific preparation through the BNE Quality Framework living experience guide before joining the synthesis.	[OK]
6.2.2 Annual continuing education (min. 24 hours BNE-related)	Participation in Incubator Village Beeskow programme (6 months); BNE specialist conferences Brandenburg; VULCA European Makerspace Network learning events; Precious Plastic Community Learning; Repair Café International workshops. Total scope substantially exceeds 24-hour minimum.	[OK]

*Minimum requirements (6.1.1 or 6.1.2; 6.2.1 and 6.2.2): Met. Formal qualification pathway under development.*

## Area 7 — Organisational Conditions

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
7.1 Leitbild documented and lived	The pattern language assembly process is an expression of the Erdpuls Leitbild — "A place to become human again." The Leitbild's five Leitsätze (sustainability in all dimensions; identity and values; internal culture; service profile; partnerships) are all present in the synthesis process. Full Leitbild documentation in <i>Erdpuls BNE-Qualitätsbewertung und Leitbild</i> (February 2026).	[OK]
7.2.1 Conceptual BNE embedding	The synthesis process is explicitly designed as a BNE educational activity, governed by the same pedagogical framework (4A-Pathway, Three Streams, Gestaltungskompetenz) as the workshops it assembles. BNE quality evaluation (Day 3) is structurally embedded in the synthesis, not added as an afterthought.	[OK]
7.3.1 Written agreements for facilitators and partners	Collective Threshold Model governs synthesis participant access. Token economy records synthesis contributions. Quality Ambassador roles are defined in the BNE Quality Framework living experience guide.	[OK]

Criterion	How the Assembly Process Addresses It	Status
7.3.3 Recognition of voluntary contributions	Participant names appear on pattern cards. Token records document synthesis participation. The collaborative narrative credits all contributors. The QGIS project credits GPS track contributors by initials and session.	[OK]
7.4.2 Learning spaces appropriate to pedagogical concept	Zone E synthesis space is designed socio spatially (see Proxemic Architecture section above): standing tables, materials at touching height, wall display at personal-to-intimate distance. The 5,000 m <sup>2</sup> campus provides the outdoor context within which indoor synthesis is grounded.	[OK]
7.4.4 Equipment and materials fair and eco-efficient	The synthesis uses materials produced during the workshops (field sheets, maps, token cards) — no new material purchase required. QGIS is free and open-source. Pattern cards are printed on recycled paper. The wall display uses reusable materials.	[OK]
7.5.1 Target-group-appropriate public outreach	Annual Pattern Language Narrative published as OER on trilingual portal. Wall display in Zone E accessible to all campus visitors. Narrative offered to Gemeinde and schools as local curriculum resource.	[OK]
7.5.2 Content current and accurate	Pattern cards are dated; sensor data is timestamped; the QGIS project records update history. The synthesis produces a current Annual Narrative that supersedes the previous year's draft.	[OK]
7.5.3 Named contact person reachable	Michel Garand; erdpuls@ubec.network; named on portal and on all OER publications.	[OK]

*Minimum requirements (7.1 all sub-criteria; 7.2.1; 7.3.1; 7.4.2; 7.4.4; all 7.5.x): All met.*

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# PART SIX: The Annual Synthesis Ritual

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## How to Run the January Data Synthesis

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### Timing

2–3 days in late January. Invite 3–5 participants from across the year's workshops (at least one adult, one elder, one returning young person if available). Quality Ambassadors are ideal participants.

*BNE Area 1.2 note:* The cross-target-group composition of the synthesis group is not optional — it is what makes the synthesis a genuine BNE educational process rather than a solo administrative task. A synthesis conducted by the facilitator alone produces a pattern language; a synthesis conducted by a cross-target-group group produces *community knowledge*.

### Day 1: Material Encounter and Pattern Sorting

#### Morning (3 hours): (4A-Pathway stage: Awareness)

- Lay out all year's materials in Zone E (see Part Two, Step 1)
- Walk the tables in silence (Ring 0 discipline — attend before analyzing)
- Each person reads through one appendix's worth of materials and marks observations that recur, surprise, or contradict
- Report back: "What patterns did you notice?"
- First-pass grouping: cluster related observations on a sorting table

*BNE 3.1.1 / Three-Stream Hands:* The physical act of handling, sorting, and grouping field sheets is the Hands stream. Resist the temptation to move this work to digital tools or projected spreadsheets. The haptic engagement with physical materials is pedagogically essential.

#### Afternoon (3 hours): (4A-Pathway stage: Acknowledgment)

- Write draft pattern cards for the strongest 10–15 candidates
- Place on the wall display by ring
- Draw initial connections (string)
- Identify gaps: "Where did nobody look? What season is missing? What ring is thin?"

*BNE 3.1.6 / Three-Stream Head + Hands:* The string-connection exercise is interactive and visual. The gap identification is a collaborative analytical act that prepares the Day 2 critical review.

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## Day 2: Deepening and Narrative

### **Morning (3 hours): (4A-Pathway stage: Attitude)**

- Review draft cards critically: "Is this really a pattern (a recurring resolution of a tension) or just an observation (a one-time event)? Demote single observations to "first observation" status.
- Write dependency chains for the strongest patterns
- Look for cross-scale resonances
- Integrate the elder Memory Map data: do elder memories confirm, extend, or contradict current patterns?

*BNE 3.1.5 / 4.1.4:* The critical review is the synthesis process's primary reflective and uncertainty-recognition moment. The facilitator should explicitly name this: "We are not trying to maximize the number of confirmed patterns. We are trying to accurately represent what this place actually does."

### **Afternoon (3 hours): (4A-Pathway stage: Action)**

- Draft the Annual Pattern Language Narrative (collaborative writing: one person per ring, then edit together)
- Update the QGIS project with new layers and annotations
- Photograph the wall display
- Plan Year 2 programming based on identified gaps (document in writing — this is the 5.1.2 milestone plan)

*BNE 3.1.4:* Collaborative narrative writing is the synthesis process's most participatory moment. Every contributor's voice should be audible in the final document. Do not let the facilitator's writing style dominate. The elder's turn of phrase, the child's precise colour description, the researcher's taxonomic precision — these are the pattern language's texture.

## Day 3 (Optional): Quality Report Integration

If the Quality Report is compiled simultaneously:

- Compile all Quality Star, Quality Compass, Elder Quality Criteria, and Residency Quality Reflection data
- Match quality findings to pattern language gaps: "The children rated 'Did it change how I see things?' lowest in the mapping synthesis — that's the proxemic engagement drop we discussed. Next year we need sensory anchors during the GIS phase."
- Write the Quality Report section on learning outcomes, using pattern cards as evidence
- Document synthesis participants' contributions in the token economy records

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*BNE Area 5.2.2:* Day 3 is the moment that transforms the synthesis event from a content-production exercise into a genuine quality development practice. The quality evaluation data (Appendix D materials) and the pattern language data (Appendices A–C materials) should be held in dialogue, not processed in isolation. The question "What did people learn?" and the question "What did the place reveal?" are answered together by the same data.

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