



UBNetDef, Spring 2023  
Week 4  
Brennan Salvadori

# Learning Goals

- Understand the difference between Server Desktop and Server Core
- Identify the elements of an Active Directory system
- Create and configure group policy objects
- Distinguish between security groups and organizational units

# In Class Activity

Changing Power Options on Win10Client

All Apps Documents Settings More ▾

Best match

Power & sleep settings  
System settings

Settings

Edit power plan



power option

## Change settings for the plan: Balanced

Choose the sleep and display settings that you want your computer to use.

 Turn off the display:

Never

 Put the computer to sleep:

Never

[Change advanced power settings](#)

[Restore default settings for this plan](#)

[Save changes](#)

[Cancel](#)

## Choose or customize a power plan

A power plan is a collection of hardware and system settings (like display brightness, sleep, etc.) that manages how your computer uses power. [Tell me more about power plans](#)

### Preferred plans

#### **Balanced (recommended)**

Automatically balances performance with energy consumption on capable hardware.

[Change plan settings](#)

#### **Power saver**

Saves energy by reducing your computer's performance where possible.

[Change plan settings](#)

### Hide additional plans

#### **High performance**

Favors performance, but may use more energy.

[Change plan settings](#)

#### **Ultimate Performance**

Provides ultimate performance on higher end PCs.

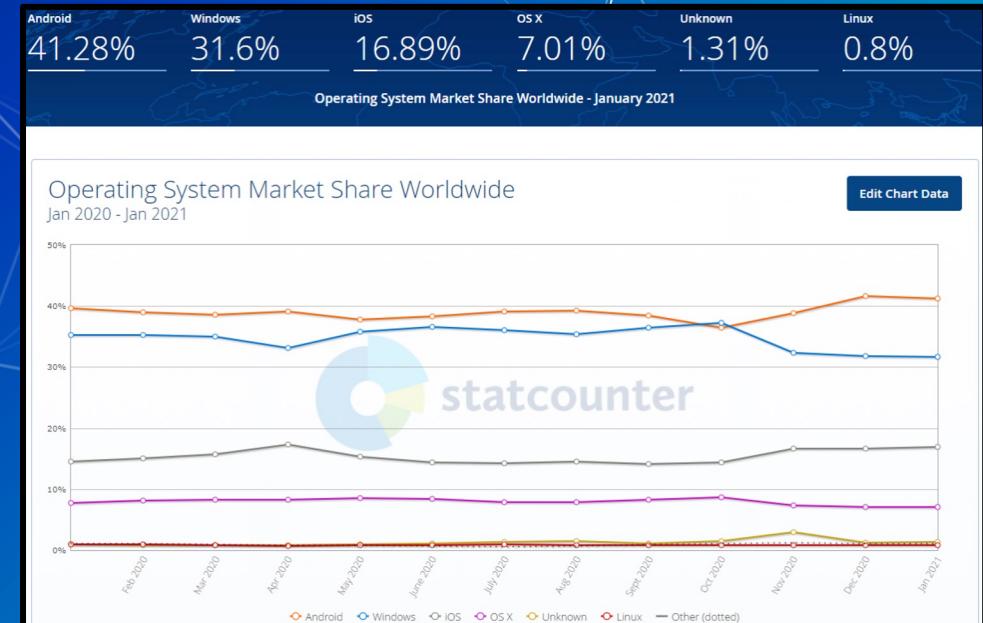
[Change plan settings](#)

# Agenda

1. Windows Systems Information
2. Install Server Experience
3. Services
  - a. IAM
4. The Domain Controller
5. Install AD Service
6. Components of an AD Service
7. Group Policy
8. Security Considerations
9. HW

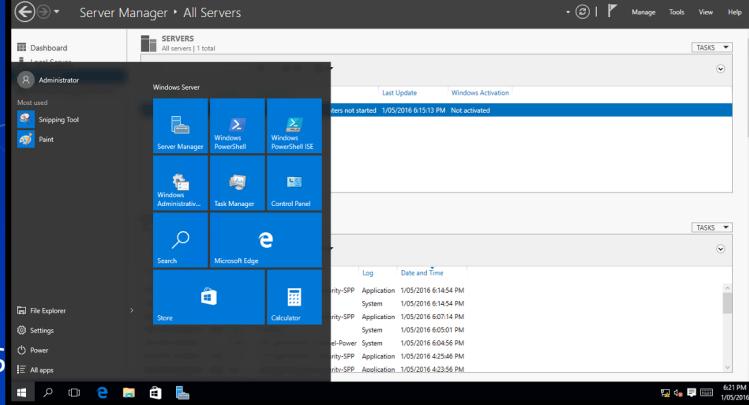
# Windows Server vs. Client

- Windows Client is the tried and true Windows OS that all of you are familiar with
- Windows Server is a OS designed to offer network based services on the Windows Platform



# Windows Server(s)

- Windows Server comes in 2 flavors
  - Server Desktop - Looks a lot like a Windows client
  - Server Core - Just a command line prompt
- Core and Desktop have the same functionality, but core is command based only.
  - Designed to be managed on a "headless system" or remotely

A screenshot of a PowerShell window titled 'Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe - powershell'. The command entered is: `Set-ItemProperty -Path 'HKLM:\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Winlogon\' -Name Shell -Value 'powershell.exe'`. The window has a black background and white text.

# Windows System Level Authority

- Special type of account
  - Pre-existing
- Local account (individual per machine)
- Used by the operating system to run Windows related programs
- **Has the highest privileges on the system**
  - User < Administrator < System

```
whoami : nt authority\system  
GetCurrent : NT AUTHORITY\SYSTEM
```

# Command Lines

- PowerShell vs Command Prompt
- Command Prompt is based on MS-DOS
  - Outdated, usually avoid using
- Powershell
  - Newer CLI designed for server administration
  - Need to find the right commands.
    - Google and Microsoft documentation are your friends
  - Many commands are in the Verb-Noun format
    - Get-WebContent,ForEach-Object etc.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18362.592]
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\anthony>help
For more information on a specific command, type HELP command-name
ASSOC      Displays or modifies file extension associations.
ATTRIB     Displays or changes file attributes.
BREAK      Sets or clears extended CTRL+C checking.
BCDEDIT    Sets properties in boot database to control boot loading.
CACLS      Displays or modifies access control lists (ACLs) of files.
CALL       Calls one batch program from another.
CD          Displays the name of or changes the current directory.
CHCP      Displays or sets the active code page number.
CHDIR     Displays the name of or changes the current directory.
CHKDSK    Checks a disk and displays a status report.
CHKNTFS   Displays or modifies the checking of disk at boot time.
CLS         Clears the screen.
CMD          Starts a new instance of the Windows command interpreter.
COLOR      Sets the default console foreground and background colors.
COMP        Compares the contents of two files or sets of files.
COMPACT    Displays or alters the compression of files on NTFS partitions.
CONVERT   Converts FAT volumes to NTFS. You cannot convert the
          current drive.
COPY       Copies one or more files to another location.
DATE       Displays or sets the date.
DEL        Deletes one or more files.
DIR         Displays a list of files and subdirectories in a directory.
DISKPART   Displays or configures Disk Partition properties.
DOSKEY    Edits command lines, recalls Windows commands, and
          creates macros.
```

```
PowerShell 7.1.3
Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation.
```

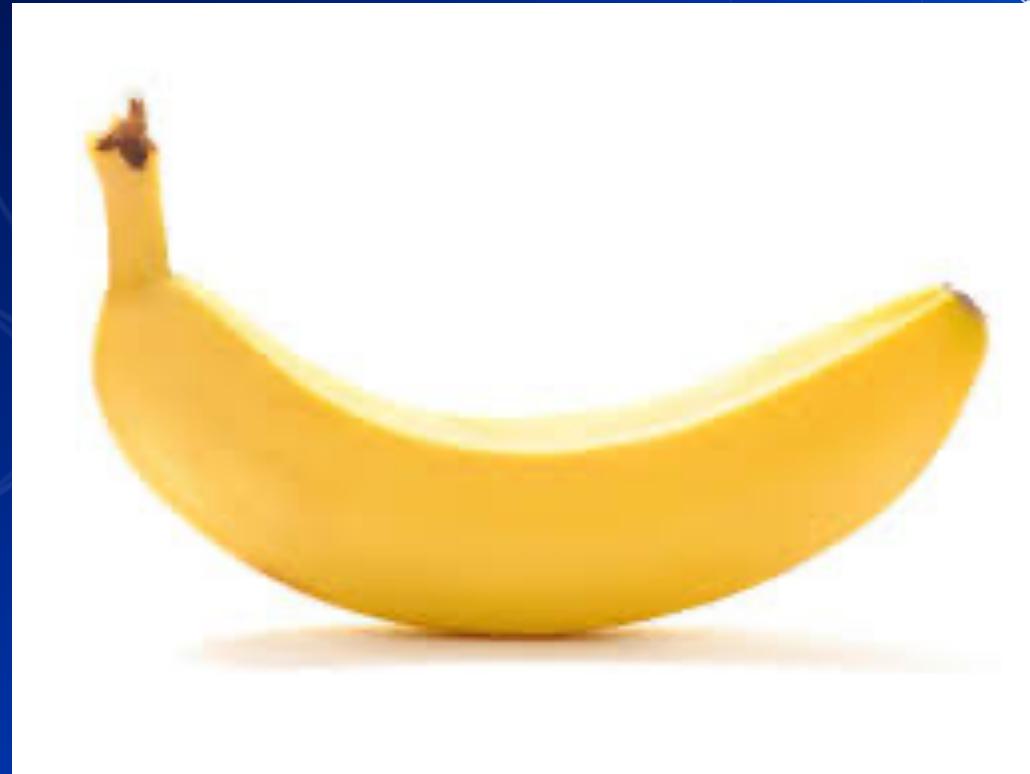
```
https://aka.ms/powershell
Type 'help' to get help.
```

```
A new PowerShell stable release is available: v7.1.4
Upgrade now, or check out the release page at:
https://aka.ms/PowerShell-Release?tag=v7.1.4
```

```
PS /home/sysadmin> whoami
sysadmin
PS /home/sysadmin>
```

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# In Class Activity

Installing Windows Server

orlystei  
pcfox  
pngebura  
radhikaj  
sdileto  
seanmanl  
shreyala  
sjames5  
vasudevb  
CompTestE  
Templates  
ADServerEx  
kaliCPTC  
VasuKali  
WikiJS  
KalinClass  
LSHW  
WindowsInC  
SysSec  
Templates  
Lockdown Tem  
SysSec Templa  
Lockdown-v10  
Recent Tasks      Alarms  
Task Name      Status  
Add Permission...

Actions - ADServerExample

Power  
Guest OS  
Snapshots  
**Open Remote Console**  
not installed on this virtual machine  
Migrate...  
Clone  
Fault Tolerance  
VM Policies  
Template  
Compatibility  
Export System Logs...  
**Edit Settings...**  
Move to folder...  
Rename...  
Edit Notes...  
Tags & Custom Attributes  
Add Permission...

Edit Settings | ADServerExample

Virtual Hardware   VM Options   ADD NEW DEVICE

CPU: 4 v  
Memory: 8 GB v  
Hard disk 1: 40 GB v  
SCSI controller 0: LSI Logic SAS  
Network adapter 1: generic-net v  Connected  
CD/DVD drive 1: Datastore ISO File v  Connected  
USB controller: USB 2.0  
Video card: Auto-detect settings v  
VMCI device: Device on the virtual machine PCI bus that provides support for the virtual machine communication interface  
SATA controller 0: AHCI  
Other: Additional Hardware

**CANCEL**   **OK**

## Datastores

- > FTP
- > Homework Engine
- > HPEBIOS
- > IIS
- > Internal DB
- > Internal DNS
- > IPA
- > ISOs
  - > BSD
  - > Linux
  - > LockdownHS
  - > macOS
  - > Routers
  - > Uploaded Templates

## Contents

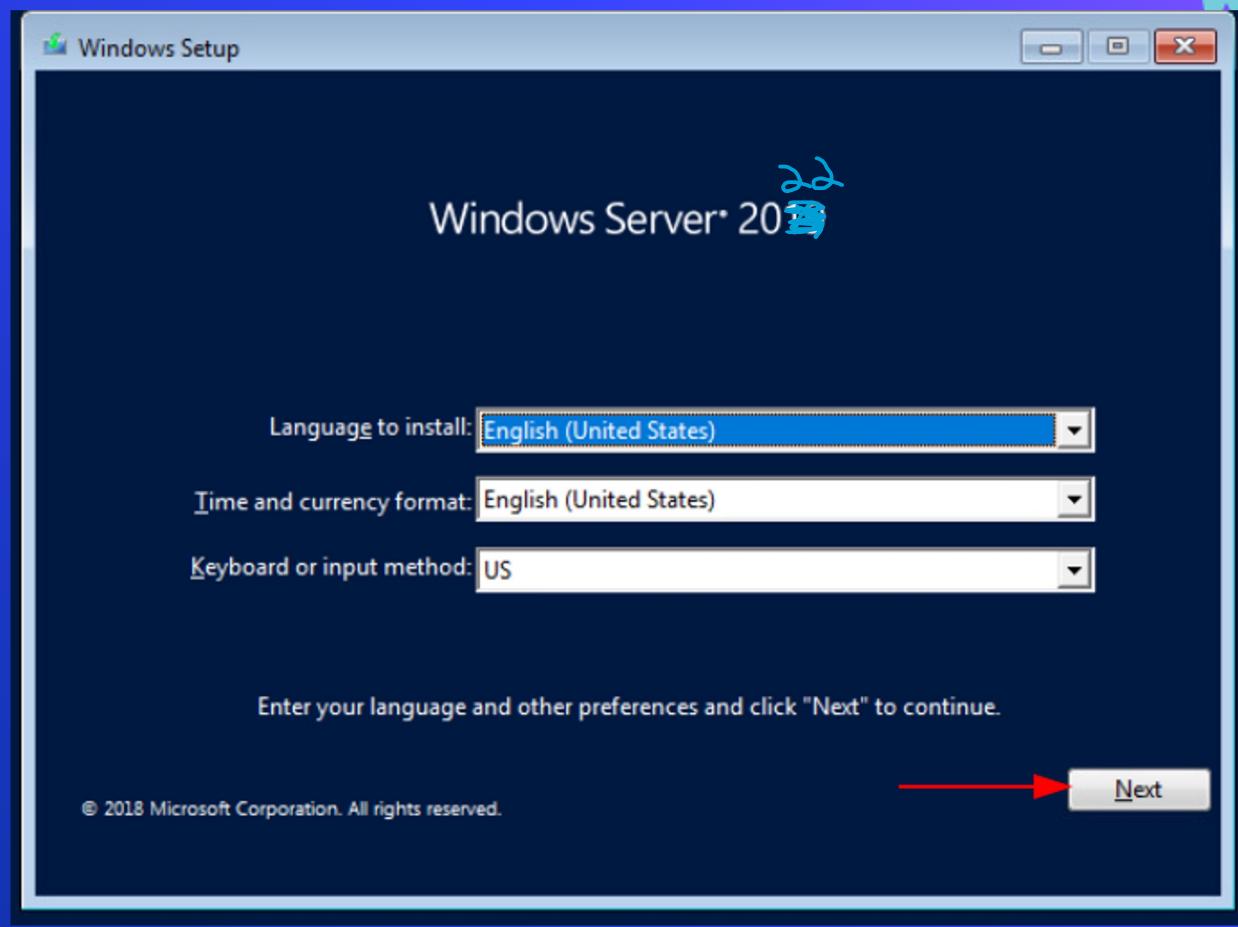
- en\_windows\_xp\_professional\_NO\_PROD.flp
- vmscsi-1.2.0.4.flp
- w2k3sp2\_3959\_usa\_x64fre\_spcl.iso
- Win10\_2004\_English\_x64.iso
- WIN2019DataCenter.iso
- Windows 2003 Server.iso
- Windows10\_CLIENT\_LTSC\_EVAL\_x64FREus.iso
- Windows\_2008\_Server.iso
- Windows\_2021\_09\_19.iso
- WindowsServer2019Eval.iso
- WindowsServer2022Eval.iso
- WinXPSCSI.flp

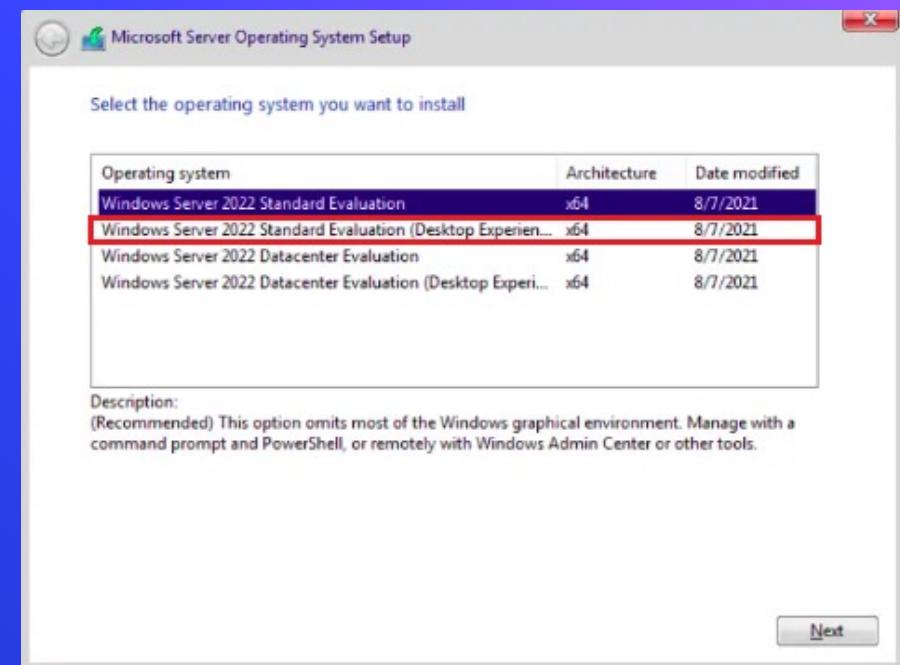
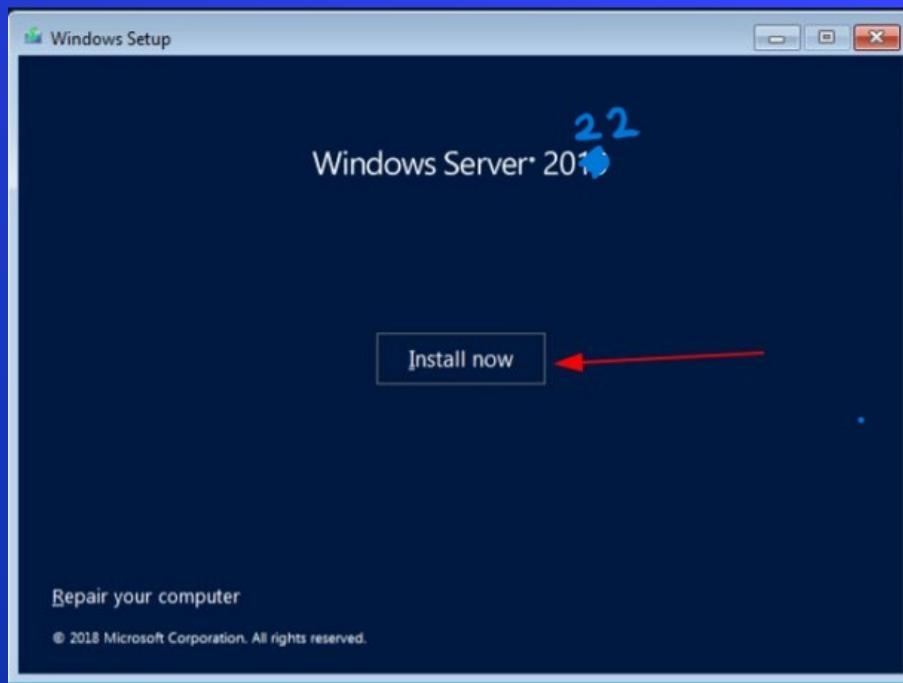
## Edit Settings | ADServerExample

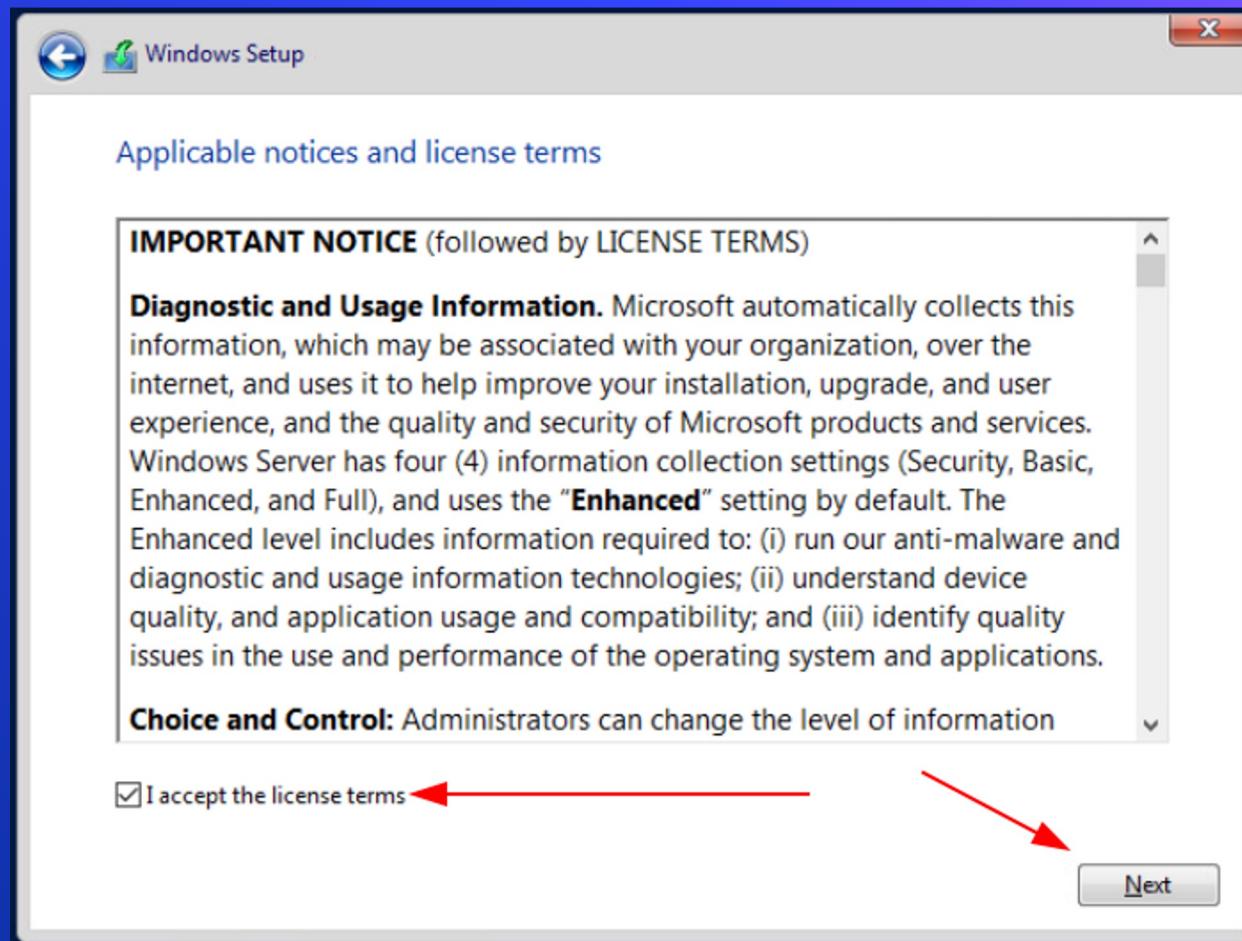
Virtual Hardware VM Options

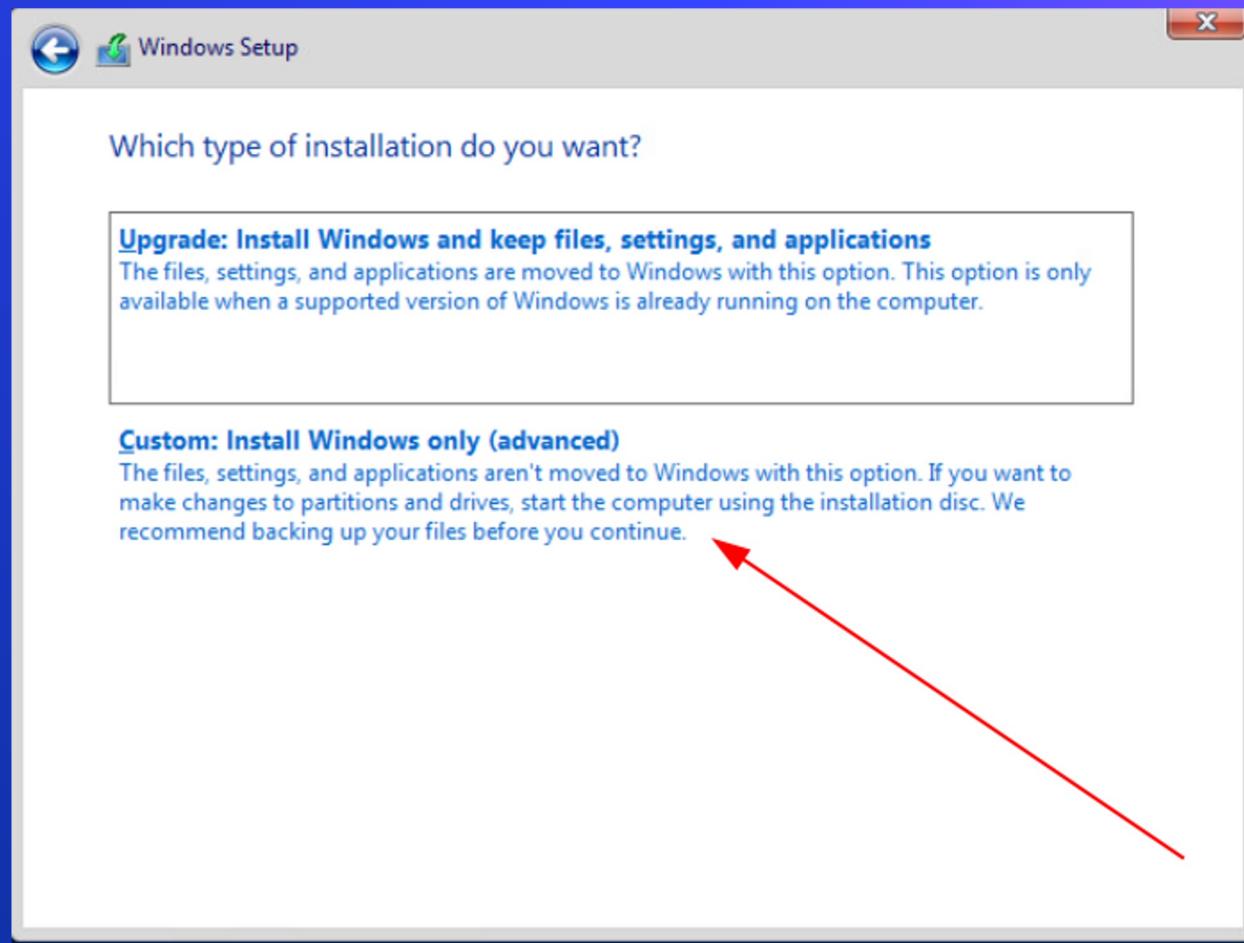
> CPU	4	GB
> Memory	8	GB
> Hard disk 1	40	GB
> SCSI controller 0	LSI Logic SAS	
> Network adapter 1	generic-net	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Connected
< CD/DVD drive 1 *	Datastore ISO File	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Connected
Status	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Connect At Power On	
CD/DVD Media	[cdr-iscsi] ISOs/Windows <input type="button" value="BROWSE..."/>	
Device Mode	Passthrough CD-ROM	
Virtual Device Node	SATA controller 0	SATA(0:0) CD/DVD drive 1
> USB controller	USB 2.0	
> Video card	Auto-detect settings	
VMCI device	Device on the virtual machine PCI bus that provides support for the	

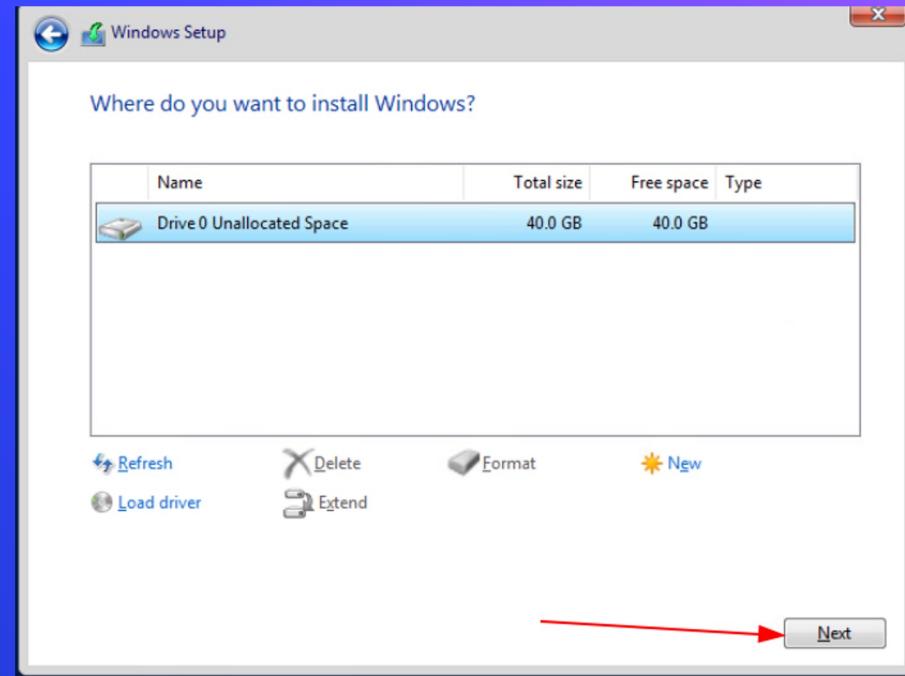
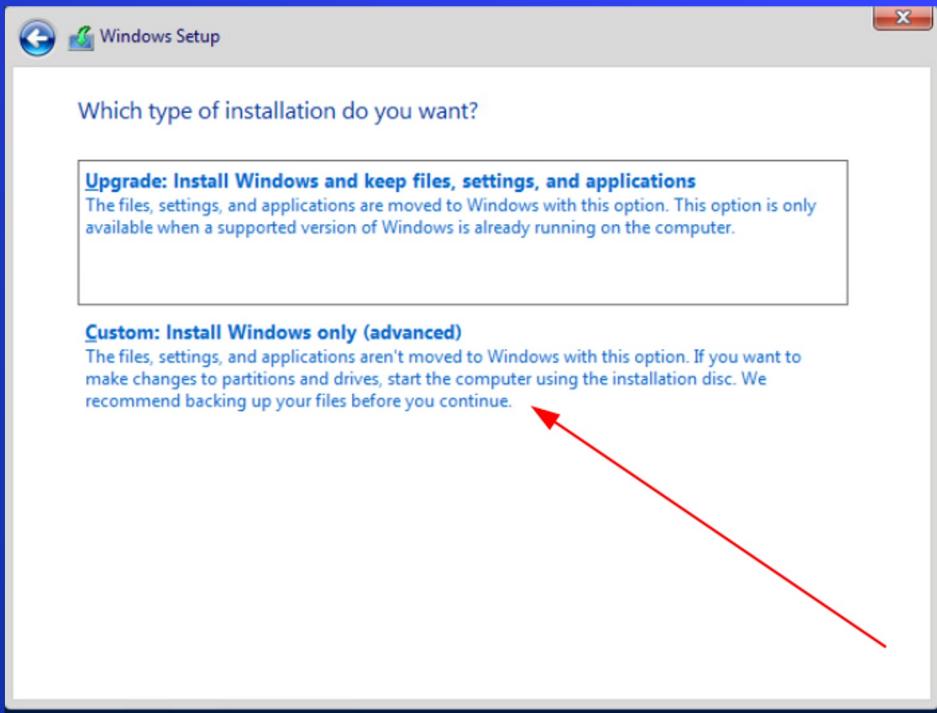












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# Services and Processes

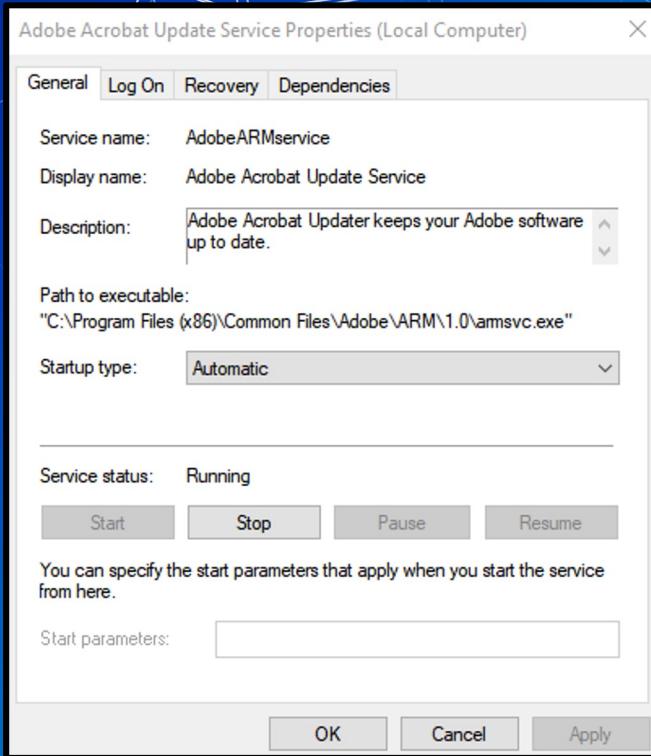
## ■ Services and Processes

- Common processes are instances of a program
  - notepad.exe, mspaint.exe, Rocket League
  - Often initiated and terminated by user action
- Active services are persistent processes
  - Xbox Live Game Service, Windows Update Manager
  - Often run in the background
- Services are known to the OS whether they are running or not
  - Typically manage things that make the system work

PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> get-service		
Status	Name	DisplayName
Stopped	AarSvc_517345d	Agent Activation Runtime_517345d
Running	AdobeARMservice	Adobe Acrobat Update Service
Stopped	AJRouter	AllJoyn Router Service
Stopped	ALG	Application Layer Gateway Service
Stopped	AppIDSvc	Application Identity
Running	Appinfo	Application Information
Stopped	AppMgmt	Application Management
Stopped	AppReadiness	App Readiness
Stopped	AppVClient	Microsoft App-V Client
Stopped	AppXSvc	AppX Deployment Service (AppXSV)
Stopped	aspnet_state	ASP.NET State Service
Stopped	AssignedAccessM...	AssignedAccessManager Service
Running	AtherosSvc	AtherosSvc
Running	AudioEndpointBu...	Windows Audio Endpoint Builder
Running	Audiosrv	Windows Audio
Stopped	autotimesvc	Cellular Time
Stopped	AxInstSV	ActiveX Installer (AxInstSV)
Stopped	BcastDVRUserService...	GameDVR and Broadcast User Service
Stopped	BitLockerDriveExecutionService	BitLocker Drive Execution Service

# Services

- Services in Windows have a trait called a “start-up type”
  - Automatic
    - Starts automatically (on system boot)
  - Automatic Delayed Start
    - Starts after a set amount of time
  - Manual
    - Needs to be manually started
  - Disabled
    - Service won't start unless re-enabled



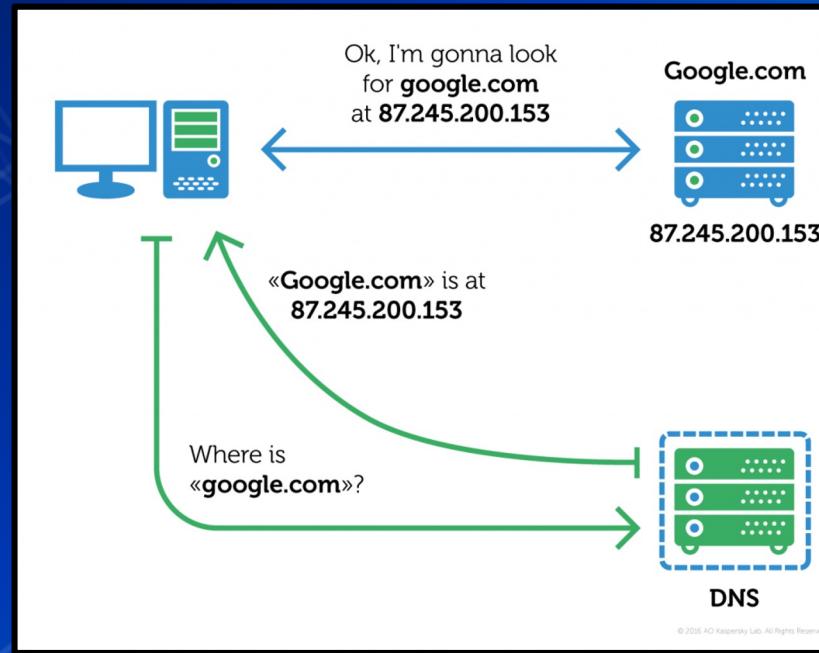
```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> Restart-Service Spooler -v
VERBOSE: Performing the operation "Restart-Service" on target "Print Spooler (Spooler)".
```

# Windows Server Services

- Windows Server can provide a lot of services
  - Web Server
    - Internet Information Service (IIS)
  - File Share Services
    - Server Message Block (SMB)
      - Network file share / shared drive
  - Network Management Services
    - Domain Name System (DNS)
    - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
  - Active Directory
    - Identity and Access Management

# DNS

- Domain Name Services (DNS) translates URLs to IP addresses



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# Identity and Access Management (IAM)

- Authentication vs. Authorization
  - Verifying users' identity (authentication)
  - Granting them access to data based on their identity (authorization)
- IAM and the Confidentiality, Integrity, and Availability (CIA) triad
  - Which of the 3 pillars of the CIA triad does IAM support?



# IAM

- Part of the Zero Trust Security Philosophy
  - Never trust that a user is who they say they are
  - Never trust a machine by virtue of its IP address
  - Always verify the user's identity and level of access
- Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) components:
  - Something the user knows
  - Something the user has
  - Something the user is
- Case in point: vCenter, UBLearn

# IAM

- Part of the Zero Trust Security Philosophy
  - Never trust that a user is who they say they are
  - Always verify the user's identity and level of access
- Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) components:
  - Something the user knows
    - Password
  - Something the user has
    - Duo, Secondary device
  - Something the user is
    - Biometrics (Fingerprint)
    - Less commonly used
- Case in point: vCenter, UBLearn

# QUESTIONS?

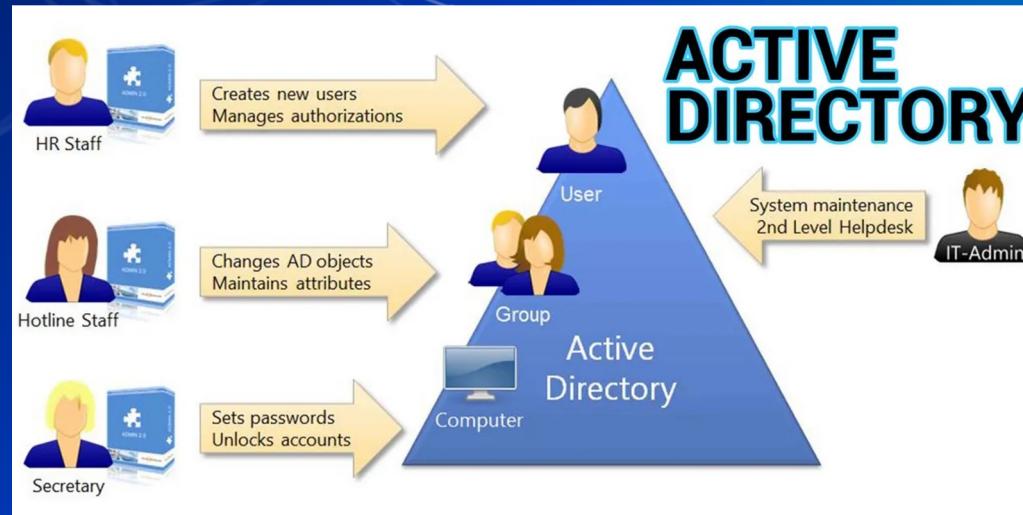
IAM can be complicated, but powerful.

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# Active Directory

- AD is a directory service for Windows domain networks
  - Controls access to each object based on user authorization
- Objects are users, computers, files, anything networked

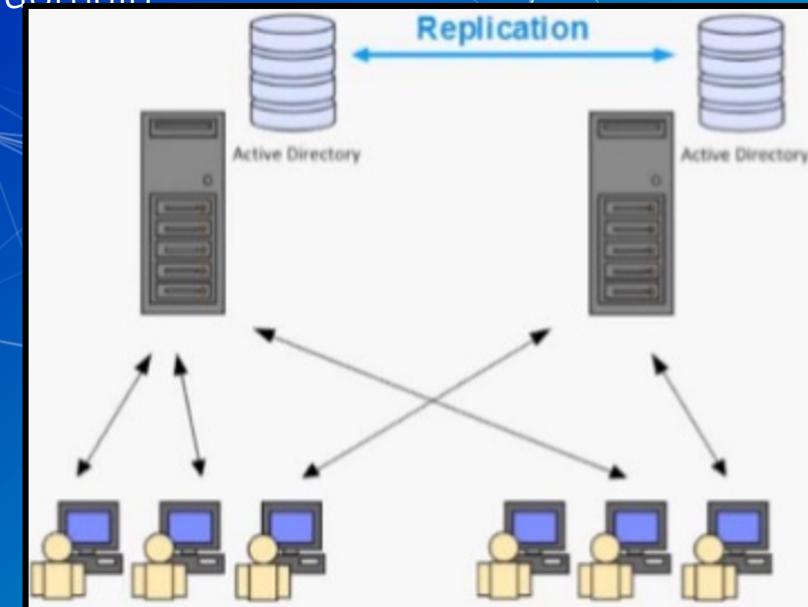


# Components of Active Directory (AD)

- Database of objects in a network (Domain)
  - Users
  - Computers
  - Printers
  - Security Groups
  - More
- The database is hosted on a Windows Server (called the Domain Controller)
  - Domain controllers handle IAM
  - The Domain Controller serves Active Directory to Windows domain network.

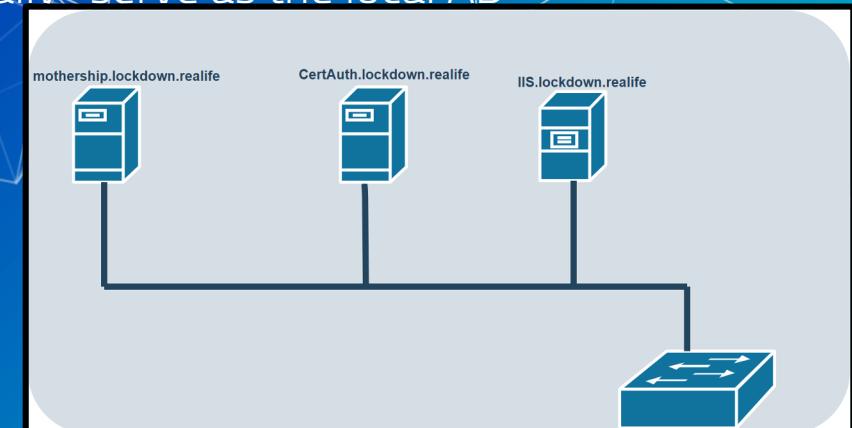
# Domain Controllers (DCs)

- Can have multiple Domain Controllers to have redundancy or server load balancing
- Handles authentication requests for the domain
  - Also runs the DNS
  - And more!



# AD <3 DNS

- AD absolutely requires DNS to function.
  - AD communicates with computers over domain names, not IP addresses.
  - IP's can change.
  - Computer names are unique per domain.
- Domain controllers (that run AD) also usually\* serve as the local AD DNS & DHCP server.
  - DHCP automatically assigns IPs.



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5. **Install AD Service**
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# In Class Activity

Setting up static IP and DNS

ADServerInClass

Enforce US Keyboard Layout

View Fullscreen

Send Ctrl+Alt+Delete



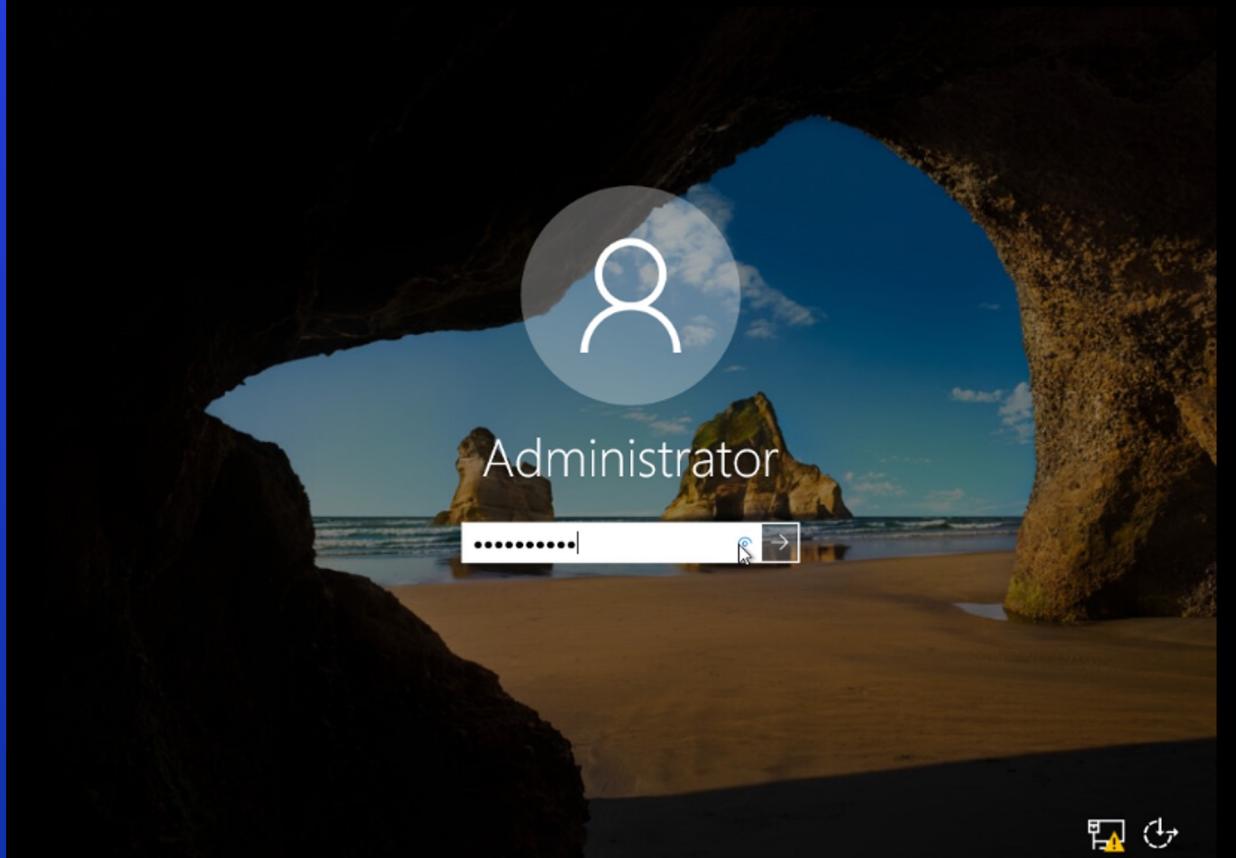
netdef



Press Ctrl+Alt+Delete to unlock.

5:22

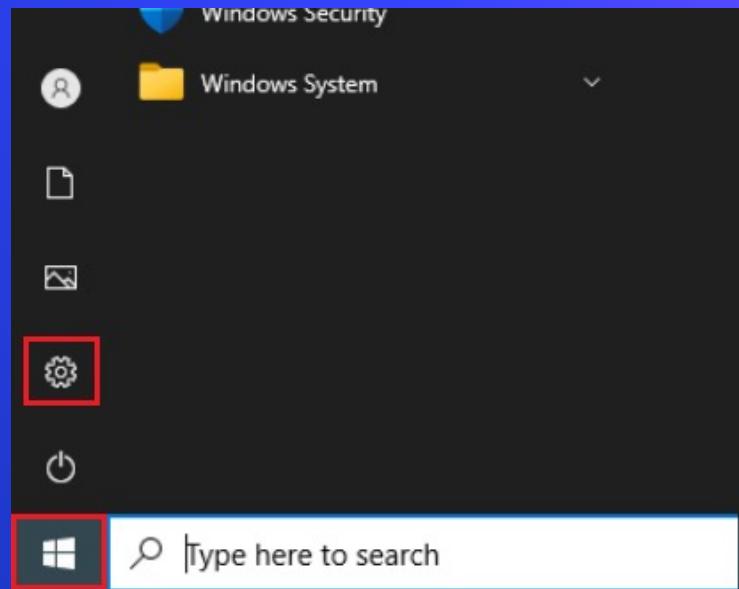
Thursday, September 23





netDef

001



011

010



netDef

001

## Windows Settings

Find a setting

**System**  
Display, sound, notifications, power

**Devices**  
Bluetooth, printers, mouse

**Network & Internet** Wi-Fi, airplane mode, VPN

**Personalization**  
Background, lock screen, colors

**Apps**  
Uninstall, defaults, optional features

**Accounts**  
Your accounts, email, sync, work, other people

**Time & Language**  
Speech, region, date

**Ease of Access**  
Narrator, magnifier, high contrast



Home

Find a setting

Network & Internet

Status

Ethernet

Dial-up

VPN

Proxy

## Status

### Network status

Unidentified network  
Public network

You're connected to the Internet

You're on a metered network. Some apps might work differently to help you save data while on this network.

Troubleshoot

Show available networks

View the connection options around you.

### Advanced network settings

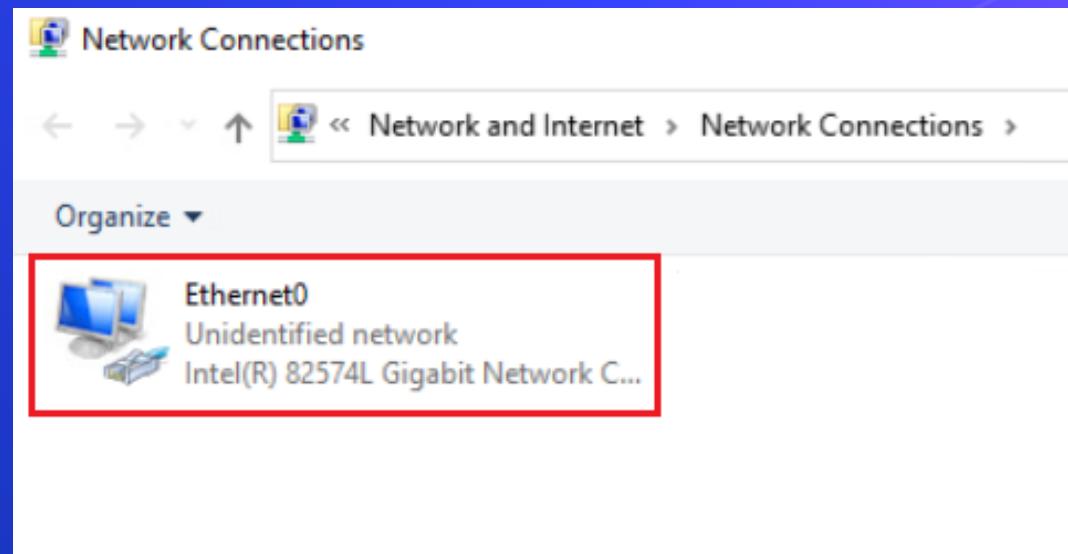
Change adapter options

View network adapters and change connection settings.



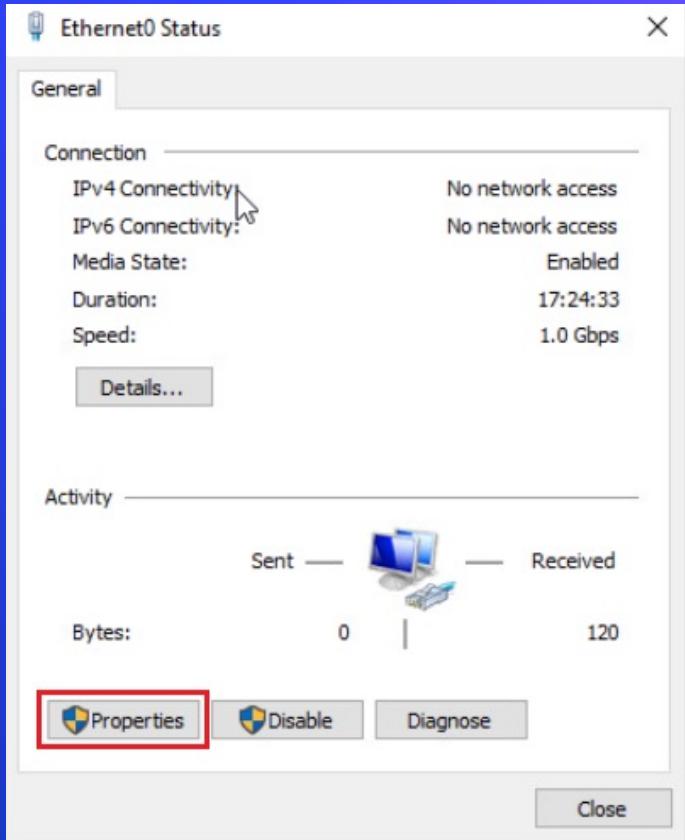
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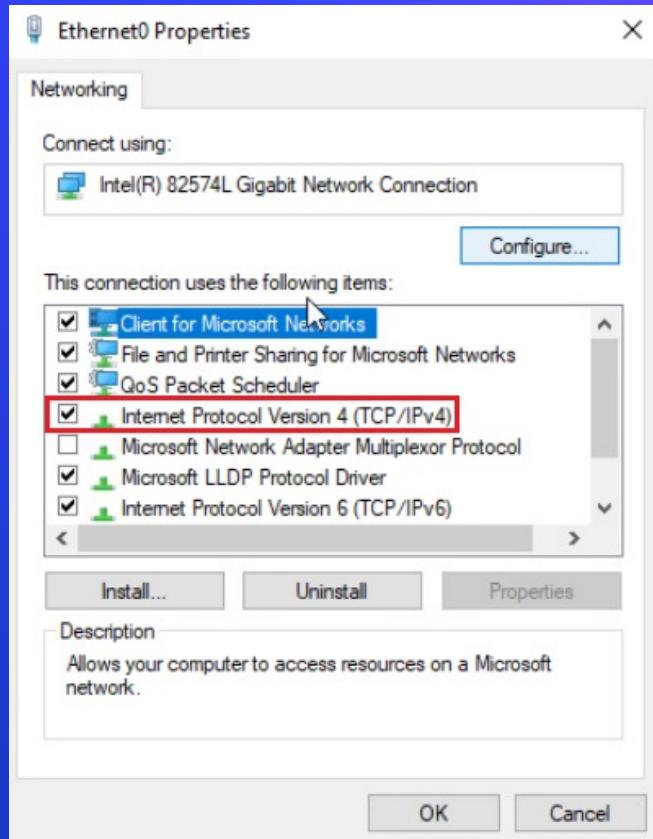
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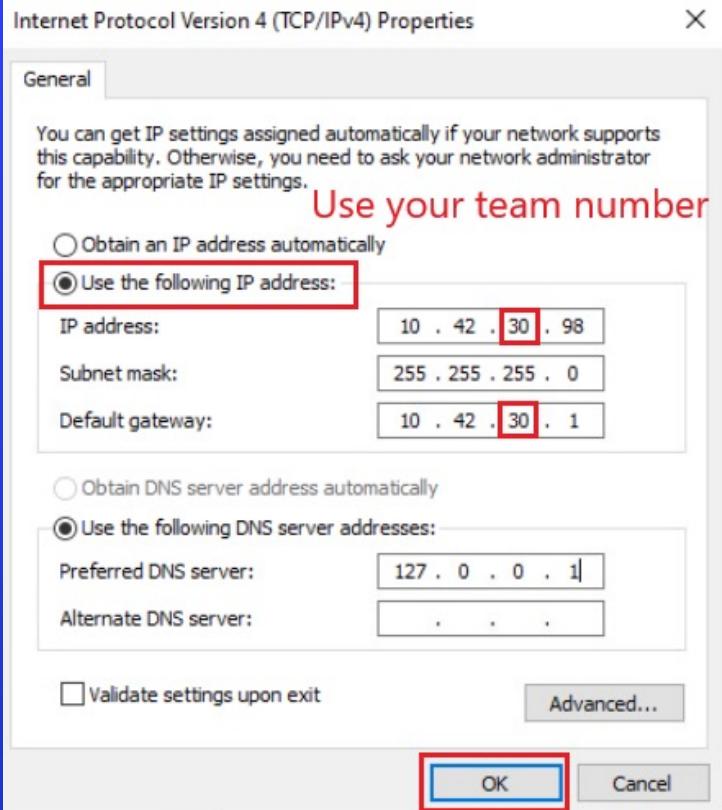


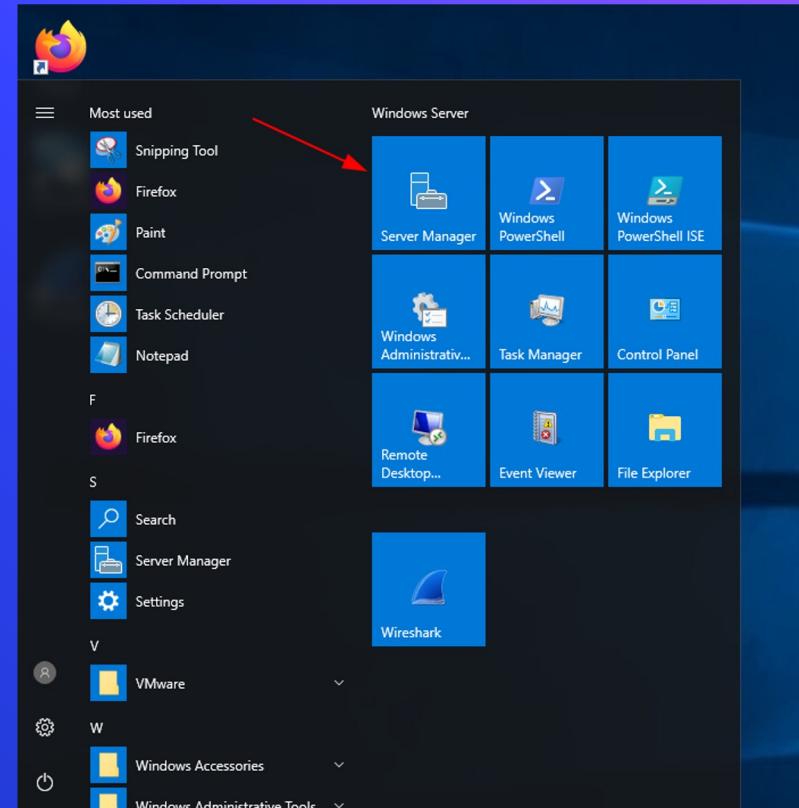
netDef

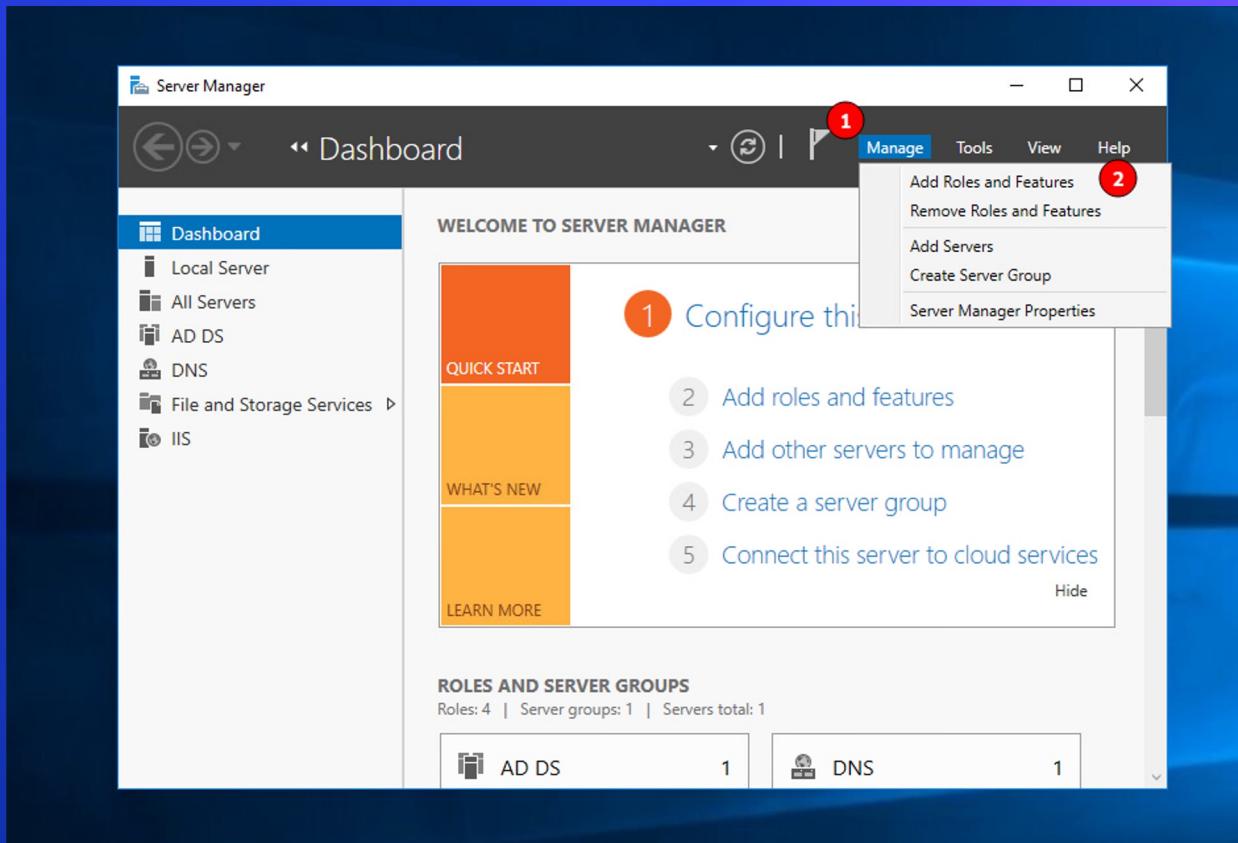
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010







Add Roles and Features Wizard

Before you begin

DESTINATION SERVER  
Concord.mothership.local

**Before You Begin**

- Installation Type
- Server Selection
- Server Roles
- Features
- Confirmation
- Results

This wizard helps you install roles, role services, or features. You determine which roles, role services, or features to install based on the computing needs of your organization, such as sharing documents, or hosting a website.

To remove roles, role services, or features:  
[Start the Remove Roles and Features Wizard](#)

Before you continue, verify that the following tasks have been completed:

- The Administrator account has a strong password
- Network settings, such as static IP addresses, are configured
- The most current security updates from Windows Update are installed

If you must verify that any of the preceding prerequisites have been completed, close the wizard, complete the steps, and then run the wizard again.

To continue, click Next.

Skip this page by default

< Previous **Next >** Install Cancel





## Select installation type

DESTINATION SERVER  
Concord.mothership.local

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

Confirmation

Results

Select the installation type. You can install roles and features on a running physical computer or virtual machine, or on an offline virtual hard disk (VHD).

 **Role-based or feature-based installation**

Configure a single server by adding roles, role services, and features.

 **Remote Desktop Services installation**

Install required role services for Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) to create a virtual machine-based or session-based desktop deployment.

&lt; Previous

Next &gt;

Install

Cancel

## Select destination server

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

Confirmation

Results

Select a server or a virtual hard disk on which to install roles and features.

- Select a server from the server pool  
 Select a virtual hard disk

## Server Pool

Filter:

Name	IP Address	Operating System
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4	169.254.197.115	Microsoft Windows Server 2019 Standard Evaluation

1 Computer(s) found

This page shows servers that are running Windows Server 2012 or a newer release of Windows Server, and that have been added by using the Add Servers command in Server Manager. Offline servers and newly-added servers from which data collection is still incomplete are not shown.

&lt; Previous

Next &gt;

Install

Cancel

Add Roles and Features Wizard

## Select server roles

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

**Server Roles**

Features

Confirmation

Results

Select one or more roles to install on the selected server.

**Roles**

Role	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Certificate Services	Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) stores information about objects on the network and makes this information available to users and network administrators. AD DS uses domain controllers to give network users access to permitted resources anywhere on the network through a single logon process.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Domain Services	Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) stores information about objects on the network and makes this information available to users and network administrators. AD DS uses domain controllers to give network users access to permitted resources anywhere on the network through a single logon process.
<input type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Federation Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Rights Management Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Device Health Attestation	
<input type="checkbox"/> DHCP Server	
<input type="checkbox"/> DNS Server	
<input type="checkbox"/> Fax Server	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> File and Storage Services (1 of 12 installed)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Host Guardian Service	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hyper-V	
<input type="checkbox"/> Network Policy and Access Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Print and Document Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Remote Access	
<input type="checkbox"/> Remote Desktop Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Volume Activation Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Web Server (IIS)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Windows Deployment Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Windows Server Update Services	

< Previous    Next >    Install    Cancel

Add Roles and Features Wizard

Add features that are required for Active Directory Domain Services?

You cannot install Active Directory Domain Services unless the following role services or features are also installed.

- [Tools] Group Policy Management
- ▲ Remote Server Administration Tools
  - ▲ Role Administration Tools
    - ▲ AD DS and AD LDS Tools
      - Active Directory module for Windows PowerShell
    - ▲ AD DS Tools
      - [Tools] Active Directory Administrative Center
      - [Tools] AD DS Snap-Ins and Command-Line Tools

Include management tools (if applicable)

 Add Features      Cancel

Add Roles and Features Wizard

## Select server roles

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

**Server Roles**

Features

AD DS

Confirmation

Results

Select one or more roles to install on the selected server.

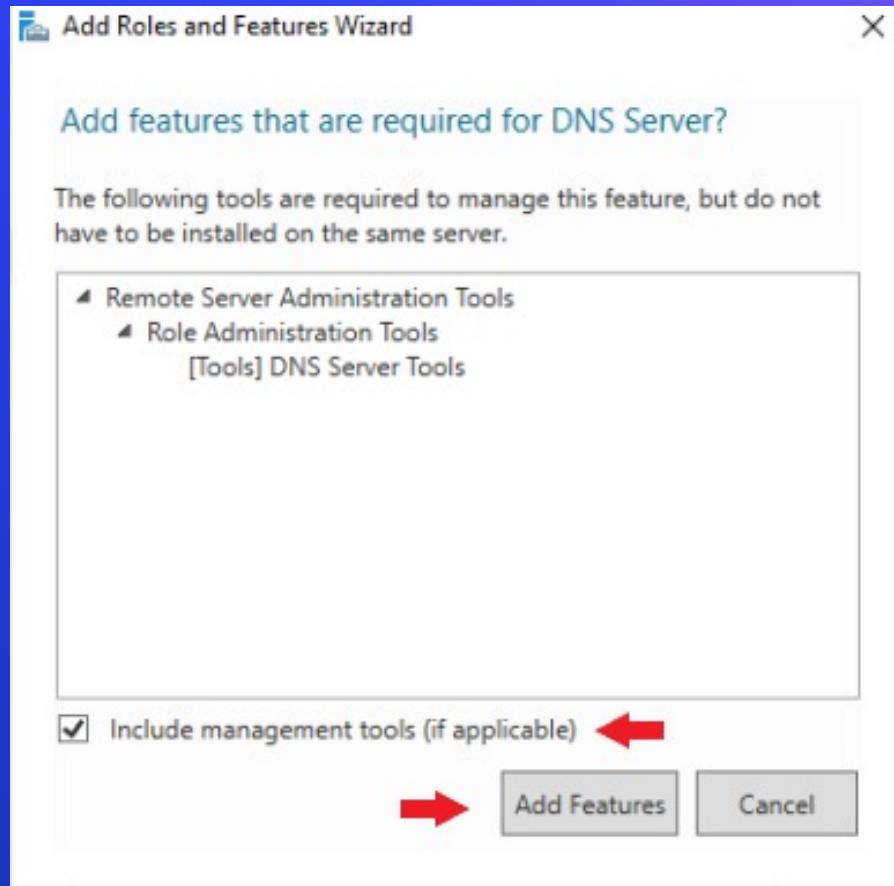
Roles	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Certificate Services	Domain Name System (DNS) Server provides name resolution for TCP/IP networks. DNS Server is easier to manage when it is installed on the same server as Active Directory Domain Services. If you select the Active Directory Domain Services role, you can install and configure DNS Server and Active Directory Domain Services to work together.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Domain Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Federation Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Active Directory Rights Management Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Device Health Attestation	
<input type="checkbox"/> DHCP Server	
<input type="checkbox"/> DNS Server	
<input type="checkbox"/> Fax Server	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> File and Storage Services (1 of 12 installed)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Host Guardian Service	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hyper-V	
<input type="checkbox"/> Network Policy and Access Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Print and Document Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Remote Access	
<input type="checkbox"/> Remote Desktop Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Volume Activation Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Web Server (IIS)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Windows Deployment Services	
<input type="checkbox"/> Windows Server Update Services	

< Previous

Next >

Install

Cancel



Add Roles and Features Wizard

## Select server roles

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

**Server Roles**

Features

AD DS

DNS Server

Confirmation

Results

Select one or more roles to install on the selected server.

**Roles**

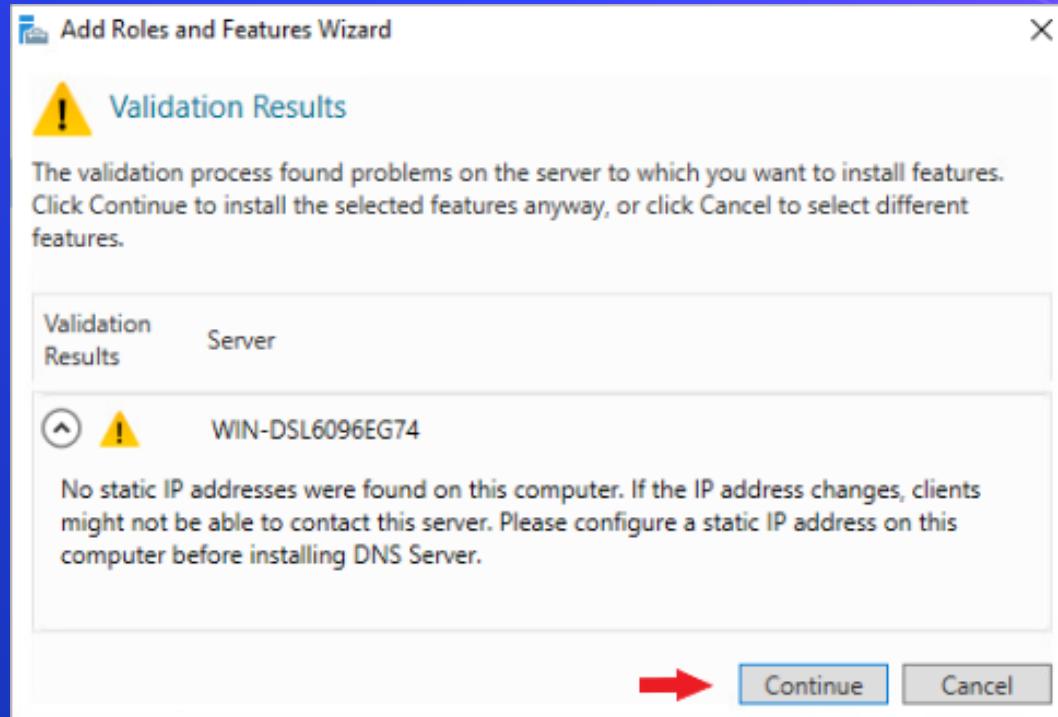
- Active Directory Certificate Services
- Active Directory Domain Services
- Active Directory Federation Services
- Active Directory Lightweight Directory Services
- Active Directory Rights Management Services
- Device Health Attestation
- DHCP Server
- DNS Server
- Fax Server
- File and Storage Services (1 of 12 installed)
- Host Guardian Service
- Hyper-V
- Network Policy and Access Services
- Print and Document Services
- Remote Access
- Remote Desktop Services
- Volume Activation Services
- Web Server (IIS)
- Windows Deployment Services
- Windows Server Update Services

Description

Domain Name System (DNS) Server provides name resolution for TCP/IP networks. DNS Server is easier to manage when it is installed on the same server as Active Directory Domain Services. If you select the Active Directory Domain Services role, you can install and configure DNS Server and Active Directory Domain Services to work together.

< Previous Next > Install Cancel





You might get this warning message

Add Roles and Features Wizard

## Select features

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

**Features**

AD DS

DNS Server

Confirmation

Results

Select one or more features to install on the selected server.

Features	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> .NET Framework 3.5 Features	.NET Framework 3.5 combines the power of the .NET Framework 2.0 APIs with new technologies for building applications that offer appealing user interfaces, protect your customers' personal identity information, enable seamless and secure communication, and provide the ability to model a range of business processes.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> .NET Framework 4.7 Features (2 of 7 installed)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Background Intelligent Transfer Service (BITS)	
<input type="checkbox"/> BitLocker Drive Encryption	
<input type="checkbox"/> BitLocker Network Unlock	
<input type="checkbox"/> BranchCache	
<input type="checkbox"/> Client for NFS	
<input type="checkbox"/> Containers	
<input type="checkbox"/> Data Center Bridging	
<input type="checkbox"/> Direct Play	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enhanced Storage	
<input type="checkbox"/> Failover Clustering	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Group Policy Management	
<input type="checkbox"/> Host Guardian Hyper-V Support	
<input type="checkbox"/> I/O Quality of Service	
<input type="checkbox"/> IIS Hostable Web Core	
<input type="checkbox"/> Internet Printing Client	
<input type="checkbox"/> IP Address Management (IPAM) Server	
<input type="checkbox"/> iSNS Server service	

< Previous Next > Install Cancel

Add Roles and Features Wizard

## Active Directory Domain Services

Before You Begin  
Installation Type  
Server Selection  
Server Roles  
Features  
**AD DS**  
DNS Server  
Confirmation  
Results

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Close

Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) stores information about users, computers, and other devices on the network. AD DS helps administrators securely manage this information and facilitates resource sharing and collaboration between users.

Things to note:

- To help ensure that users can still log on to the network in the case of a server outage, install a minimum of two domain controllers for a domain.
- AD DS requires a DNS server to be installed on the network. If you do not have a DNS server installed, you will be prompted to install the DNS Server role on this machine.

---

Azure Active Directory, a separate online service, can provide simplified identity and access management, security reporting, single sign-on to cloud and on-premises web apps.

[Learn more about Azure Active Directory](#)  
[Configure Office 365 with Azure Active Directory Connect](#)

< Previous  Next > Install Cancel

Add Roles and Features Wizard

## DNS Server

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

AD DS

**DNS Server**

Confirmation

Results

Domain Name System (DNS) provides a standard method for associating names with numeric Internet addresses. This makes it possible for users to refer to network computers by using easy-to-remember names instead of a long series of numbers. In addition, DNS provides a hierarchical namespace, ensuring that each host name will be unique across a local or wide-area network. Windows DNS services can be integrated with Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) services on Windows, eliminating the need to add DNS records as computers are added to the network.

Things to note:

- DNS server integration with Active Directory Domain Services automatically replicates DNS data along with other Directory Service data, making it easier to manage DNS.
- Active Directory Domain Services requires a DNS server to be installed on the network. If you are installing a domain controller, you can also install the DNS Server role using Active Directory Domain Services Installation Wizard by selecting the Active Directory Domain Services role.

< Previous **Next >** Install Cancel



Add Roles and Features Wizard

## Confirm installation selections

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

AD DS

DNS Server

**Confirmation**

Results

To install the following roles, role services, or features on selected server, click Install.

Restart the destination server automatically if required 

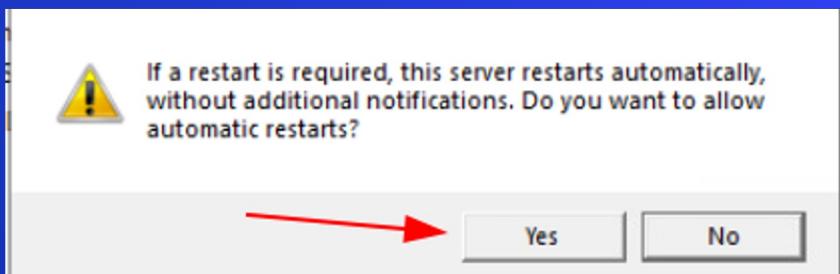
Optional features (such as administration tools) might be displayed on this page because they have been selected automatically. If you do not want to install these optional features, click Previous to clear their check boxes.

- Active Directory Domain Services
- DNS Server
- Group Policy Management
- Remote Server Administration Tools
  - Role Administration Tools
  - DNS Server Tools
  - AD DS and AD LDS Tools
    - Active Directory module for Windows PowerShell
    - AD DS Tools
    - Active Directory Administrative Center
    - AD DS Snap-in and Command-line Tools

Export configuration settings

Specify an alternate source path

< Previous    Next >    **Install**    Cancel



Add Roles and Features Wizard

### Confirm installation selections

DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Before You Begin  
Installation Type  
Server Selection  
Server Roles  
Features  
AD DS  
DNS Server  
**Confirmation**  
Results

To install the following roles, role services, or features on selected server, click Install.

Restart the destination server automatically if required

Optional features (such as administration tools) might be displayed on this page because they have been selected automatically. If you do not want to install these optional features, click Previous to clear their check boxes.

DNS Server  
Group Policy Management  
Remote Server Administration Tools  
Role Administration Tools  
DNS Server Tools  
AD DS and AD LDS Tools  
Active Directory module for Windows PowerShell  
AD DS Tools  
Active Directory Administrative Center  
AD DS Snap-Ins and Command-Line Tools

Export configuration settings  
Specify an alternate source path

< Previous      Next >      **Install**      Cancel

A red arrow points to the "Install" button.

## Add Roles and Features Wizard



DESTINATION SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

### Installation progress

Before You Begin

Installation Type

Server Selection

Server Roles

Features

AD DS

DNS Server

Confirmation

Results

#### View installation progress

##### Feature installation

Configuration required. Installation succeeded on WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4.

##### Active Directory Domain Services

Additional steps are required to make this machine a domain controller.

[Promote this server to a domain controller](#)

##### DNS Server

##### Group Policy Management

##### Remote Server Administration Tools

Role Administration Tools

DNS Server Tools

AD DS and AD LDS Tools

Active Directory module for Windows PowerShell

AD DS Tools

You can close this wizard without interrupting running tasks. View task progress or open this page again by clicking Notifications in the command bar, and then Task Details.

[Export configuration settings](#)

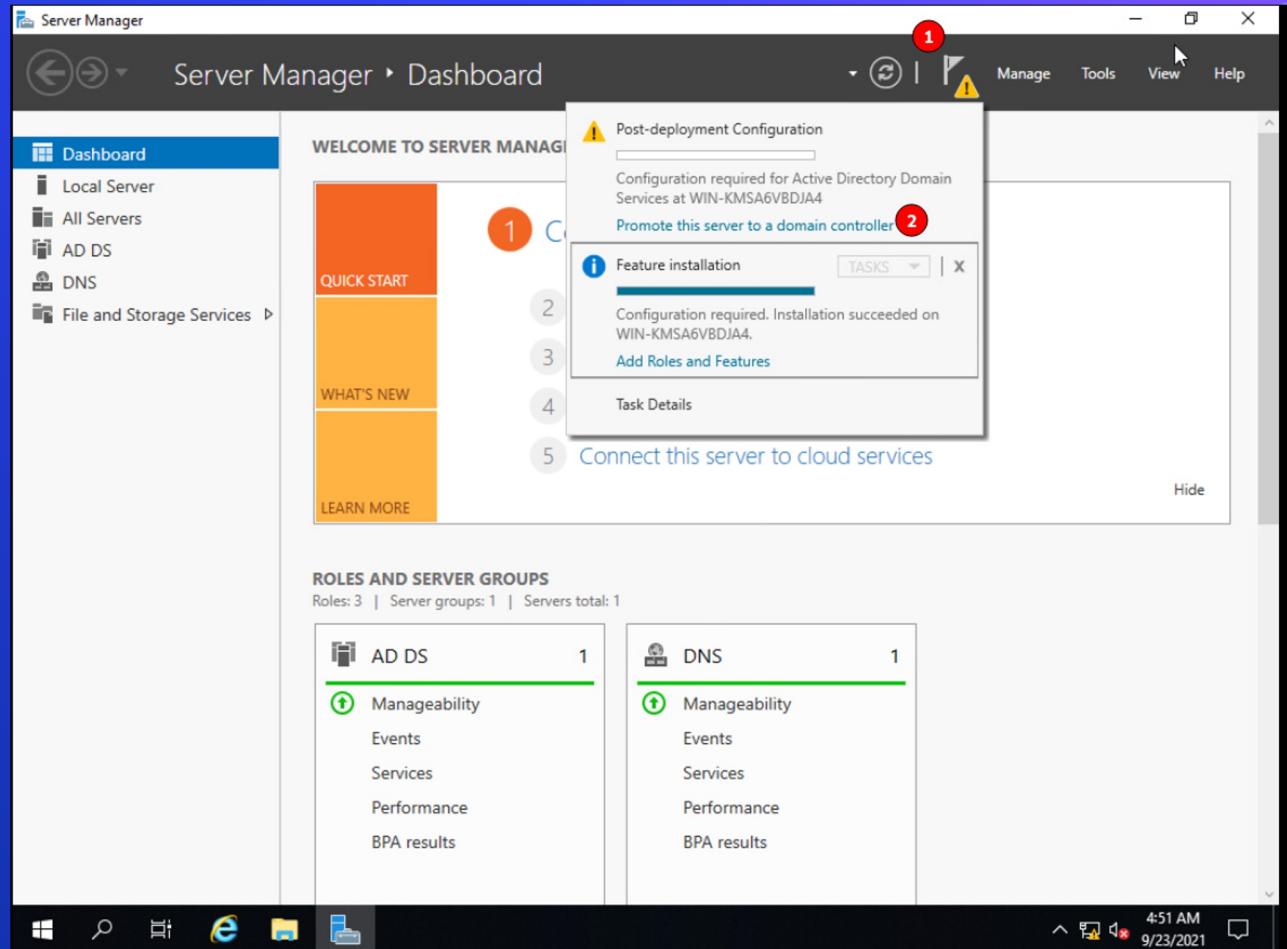
< Previous

Next >

**Close**

Cancel





Active Directory Domain Services Configuration Wizard

TARGET SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

## Deployment Configuration

Deployment Configuration

- Domain Controller Options
- Additional Options
- Paths
- Review Options
- Prerequisites Check
- Installation
- Results

Select the deployment operation

Add a domain controller to an existing domain

Add a new domain to an existing forest

Add a new forest **1**

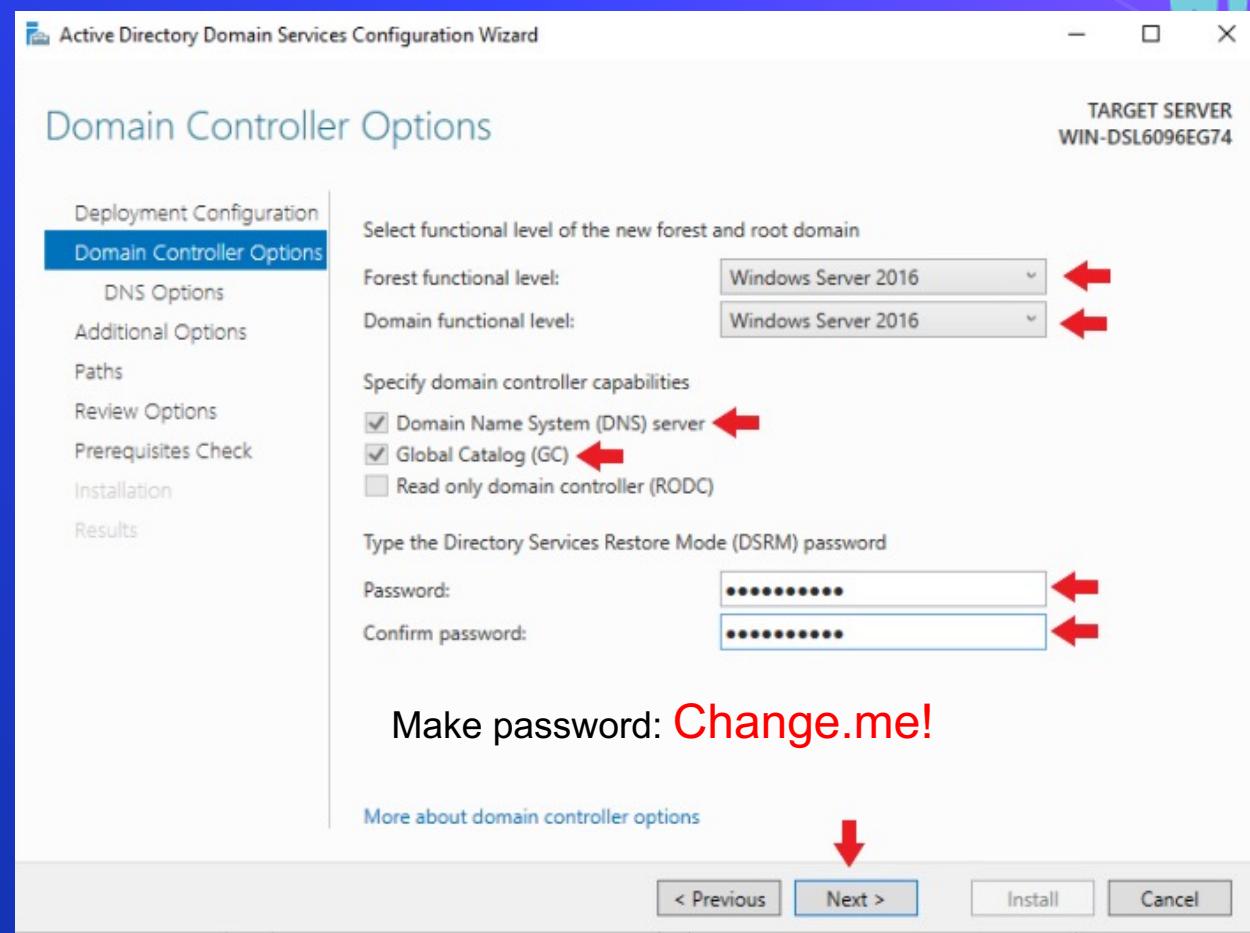
Specify the domain information for this operation

Root domain name: **2** team99.local

**Use your team number**

More about deployment configurations **3**

< Previous Next > Install Cancel



Active Directory Domain Services Configuration Wizard

TARGET SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

A delegation for this DNS server cannot be created because the authoritative parent zone cannot be found... [Show more](#) [X](#)

Deployment Configuration  
Domain Controller Options  
**DNS Options**  
Additional Options  
Paths  
Review Options  
Prerequisites Check  
Installation  
Results

Specify DNS delegation options  
 Create DNS delegation

More about DNS delegation

< Previous [Next >](#) Install Cancel

A red arrow points from the bottom left towards the "Next >" button in the footer of the wizard window.

Active Directory Domain Services Configuration Wizard

TARGET SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

## Additional Options

Deployment Configuration  
Domain Controller Options  
DNS Options  
**Additional Options**  
Paths  
Review Options  
Prerequisites Check  
Installation  
Results

Verify the NetBIOS name assigned to the domain and change it if necessary

The NetBIOS domain name:

More about additional options

< Previous **Next >** Install Cancel



Active Directory Domain Services Configuration Wizard

Paths

TARGET SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

Specify the location of the AD DS database, log files, and SYSVOL

Database folder: C:\Windows\NTDS ...

Log files folder: C:\Windows\NTDS ...

SYSVOL folder: C:\Windows\SYSVOL ...

More about Active Directory paths

< Previous Next > Install Cancel

Active Directory Domain Services Configuration Wizard

TARGET SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

## Review Options

Deployment Configuration

Domain Controller Options

DNS Options

Additional Options

Paths

**Review Options**

Prerequisites Check

Installation

Results

Review your selections:

Configure this server as the first Active Directory domain controller in a new forest.

The new domain name is "team99.local". This is also the name of the new forest.

The NetBIOS name of the domain: TEAM99

Forest Functional Level: Windows Server 2016

Domain Functional Level: Windows Server 2016

Additional Options:

Global catalog: Yes

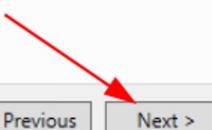
DNS Server: Yes

Create DNS Delegation: No

These settings can be exported to a Windows PowerShell script to automate additional installations

[View script](#)

[More about installation options](#)

< Previous  Next > [Install](#) [Cancel](#)

Active Directory Domain Services Configuration Wizard

TARGET SERVER  
WIN-KMSA6VBDJA4

All prerequisite checks passed successfully. Click 'Install' to begin installation. [Show more](#)

Deployment Configuration  
Domain Controller Options  
DNS Options  
Additional Options  
Paths  
Review Options  
**Prerequisites Check**  
Installation  
Results

Prerequisites need to be validated before Active Directory Domain Services is installed on this computer  
[Rerun prerequisites check](#)

[View results](#)

**⚠ Windows Server 2019 domain controllers have a default for the security setting named "Allow cryptography algorithms compatible with Windows NT 4.0" that prevents weaker cryptography algorithms when establishing security channel sessions.**  
For more information about this setting, see Knowledge Base article 942564 (<http://go.microsoft.com/fwlink/?LinkId=104751>).

**⚠ This computer has at least one physical network adapter that does not have static IP address(es) assigned to its IP Properties. If both IPv4 and IPv6 are enabled for a network adapter, both IPv4 and IPv6 static IP addresses should be assigned to both IPv4 and IPv6 Properties of the physical network adapter. Such static IP address(es) assignment should be done to all the physical network adapters for reliable Domain Name System**

**⚠ If you click Install, the server automatically reboots at the end of the promotion operation.**

[More about prerequisites](#)

< Previous Next > **Install** Cancel

# Break

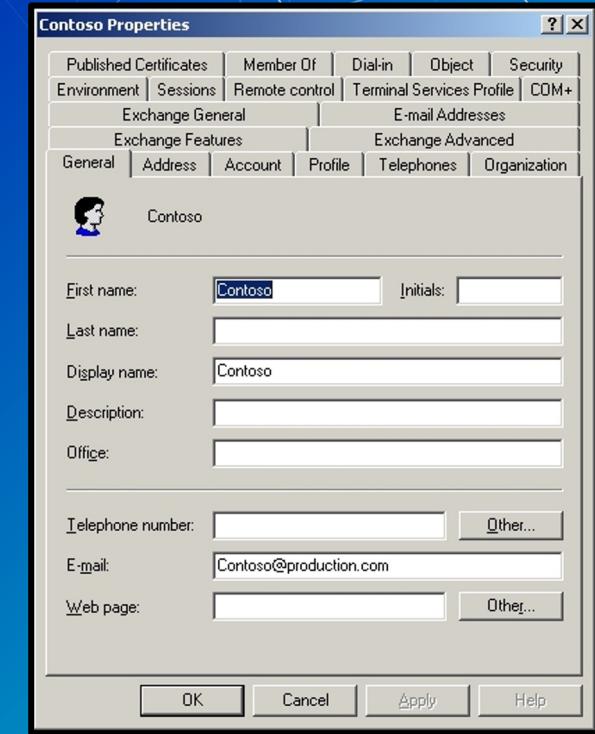
10 mins

# Agenda

1. Windows Systems Information
2. Install Server Experience
3. Services
  - a. IAM
4. Active Directory
5. Install AD Service
6. Components of an AD Service
7. Group Policy
8. Security Considerations
9. HW

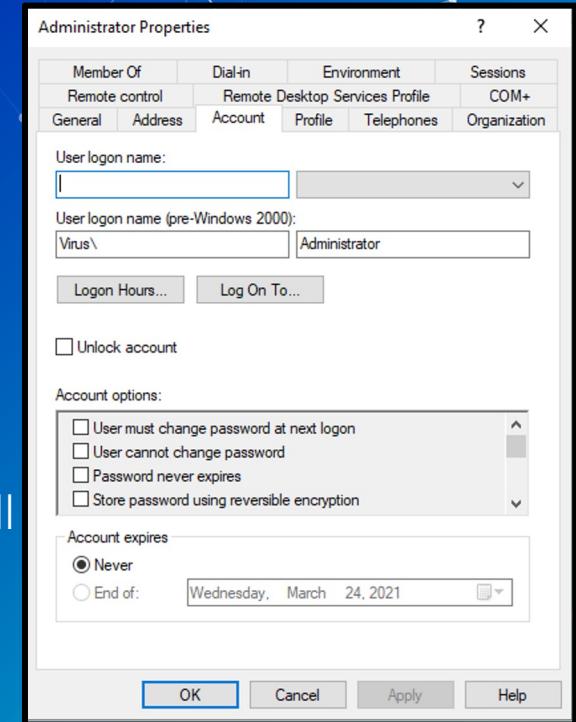
# Active Directory - User Objects

- What people authenticate against when they sign on
- Stores information on user
  - **Username**
  - Display name
  - Email
  - Phone number
  - Address
  - Location in organization
  - **Password (hashed)**



# Active Directory - User Objects

- AD controls permissions
  - File and folder access
  - VPN access
  - Password management
  - Active account
  - Access control
  - Ability to control total network access
- Map drives to computer (Network drives)
  - UB uses this as well. Log into a ub computer. You'll see an S: drive.
- Folder redirection



# My Company



Name: John Doe  
Email: john@company.com  
Department: Marketing  
Phone: -123  
Title: Technical Writer

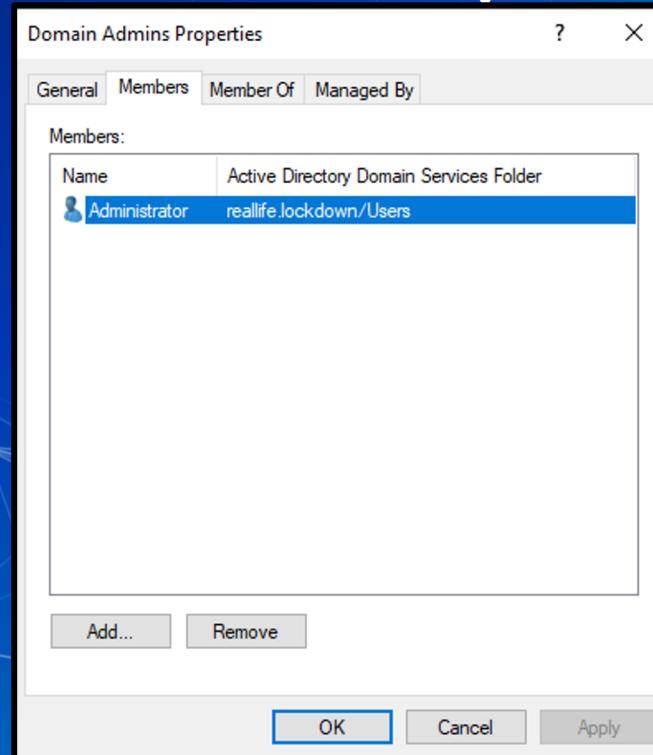
# Active Directory - Security Concerns

- We need a new object for each user. -> Too many to safely manage
  - UB has about 50,000 users on its main domain
- Security issues:
  - What happens when we need to change permissions on every single student (~30K)
  - What happens when someone leaves?

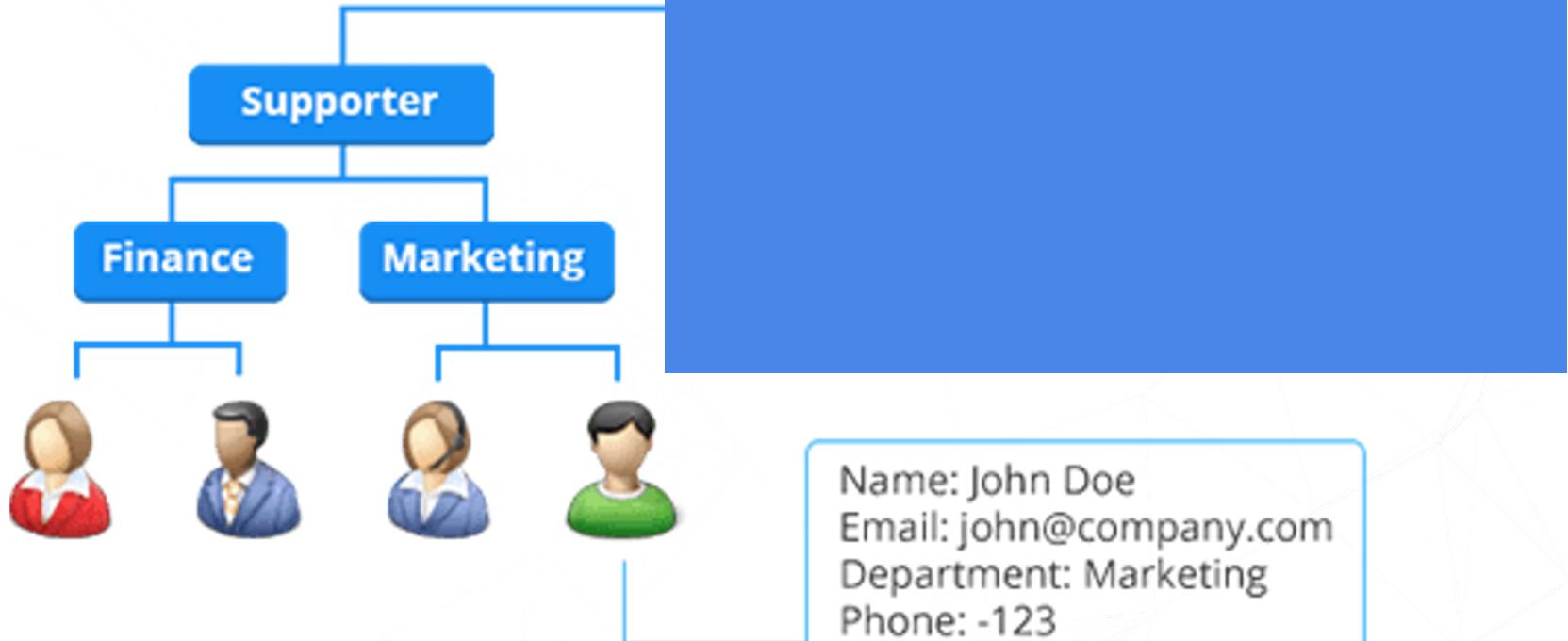
# Active Directory - Groups

- Groups are a special “folder”
  - Objects can be put in groups
  - Helps keep organized
  - Can assign settings to groups
  - Acts similarly to users configuration
  - Manage every user at once that in the group

Name	Type	Description
Administrator	User	Built-in account for ad...
Allowed RO...	Security Group...	Members in this group c...
Cert Publish...	Security Group...	Members of this group ...
Cloneable D...	Security Group...	Members of this group t...
Denied ROD...	Security Group...	Members in this group c...
DnsAdmins	Security Group...	DNS Administrators Gro...
DnsUpdateP...	Security Group...	DNS clients who are per...
Domain Adm...	Security Group...	Designated administrato...
Domain Co...	Security Group...	All workstations and ser...
Domain Con...	Security Group...	All domain controllers i...
Domain Gue...	Security Group...	All domain guests
Domain Users	Security Group...	All domain users
Enterprise A...	Security Group...	Designated administrato...
Enterprise K...	Security Group...	Members of this group ...
Enterprise R...	Security Group...	Members of this group ...
Group Polic...	Security Group...	Members in this group c...
Guest	User	Built-in account for gue...
Key Admins	Security Group...	Members of this group ...
Protected Us...	Security Group...	Members of this group ...
RAS and IAS ...	Security Group...	Servers in this group ca...
Read-only D...	Security Group...	Members of this group ...
Schema Ad...	Security Group...	Designated administrato...



# My Company





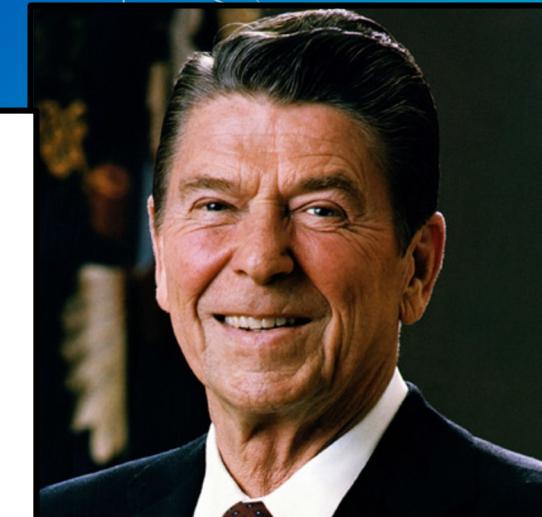
# Active Directory - Nesting

- Can put groups in groups
- **Starts to get real complicated real dang fast**
- Layout organization before building AD
  - Build domain based on network layout and permissions
  - Doesn't always look like your organization's hierarchy chart
    - Should the CEO have admin access? Why?
- Leads to group inheritance



# Active Directory - Inheritance

- Think of trickle down theory, or Object Oriented Programming
- Sub groups (children objects) inherit permissions from group above (parent object)
- Users in a group, within another group, will get settings placed on top level group



Everyone can login

# My Company

Only this group gets MS Office access

Parent Group

**Supporter**

Child Groups

**Finance**

**Marketing**

User Objects

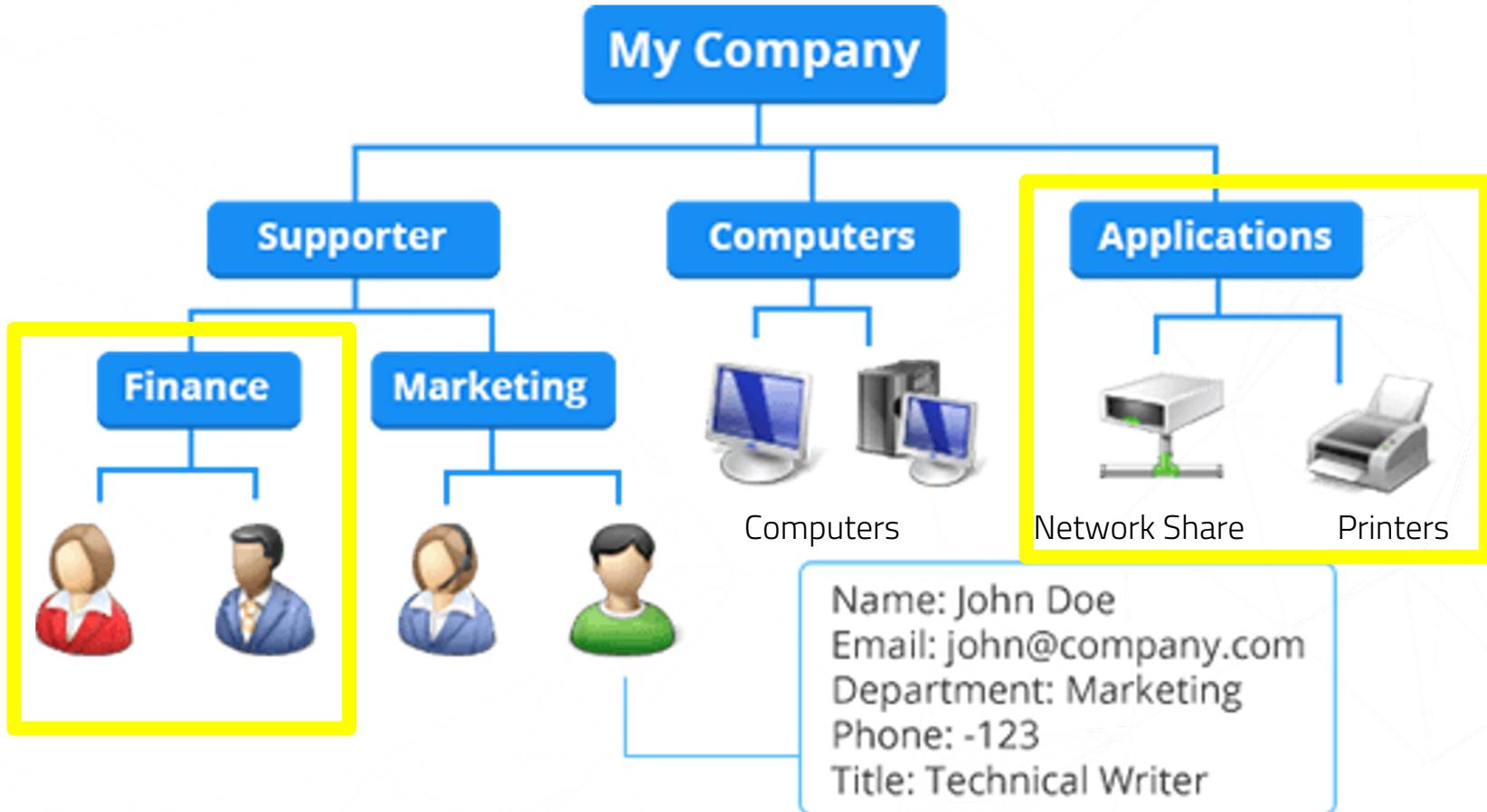


Only marketing can use MS Paint.

Name: John Doe  
Email: john@company.com  
Department: Marketing  
Phone: -123  
Title: Technical Writer

# Active Directory - Computers and Devices

- Like users, devices can also be managed by AD
  - E.g., computers, printers, other servers
- Control who gets to log-on
- AD allows for cross-device permissions
  - Have certain computers access certain printers



# Active Directory - OUs

- We want the SEAS Students get a picture of Davis as their background.
- The SOM Students get a picture of Jacobs as their background.
- Are the backgrounds an IAM issue?
- How can we solve this problem?
  - What disadvantage is there to making multiple brand new security groups?

# Active Directory - Organizational Units

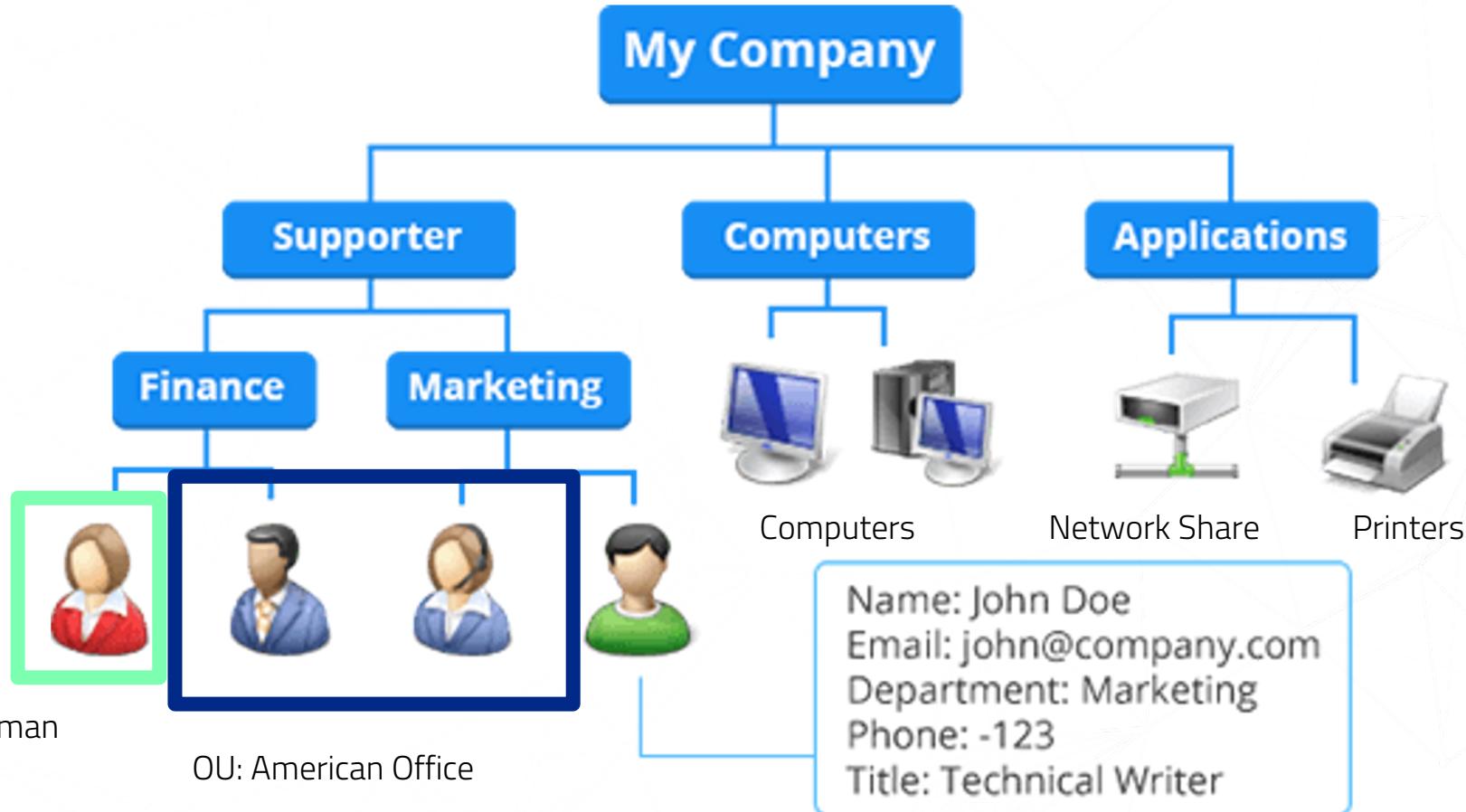
■ Organizational Units (OU) are used to organize Active Directory so it's easier to manage.

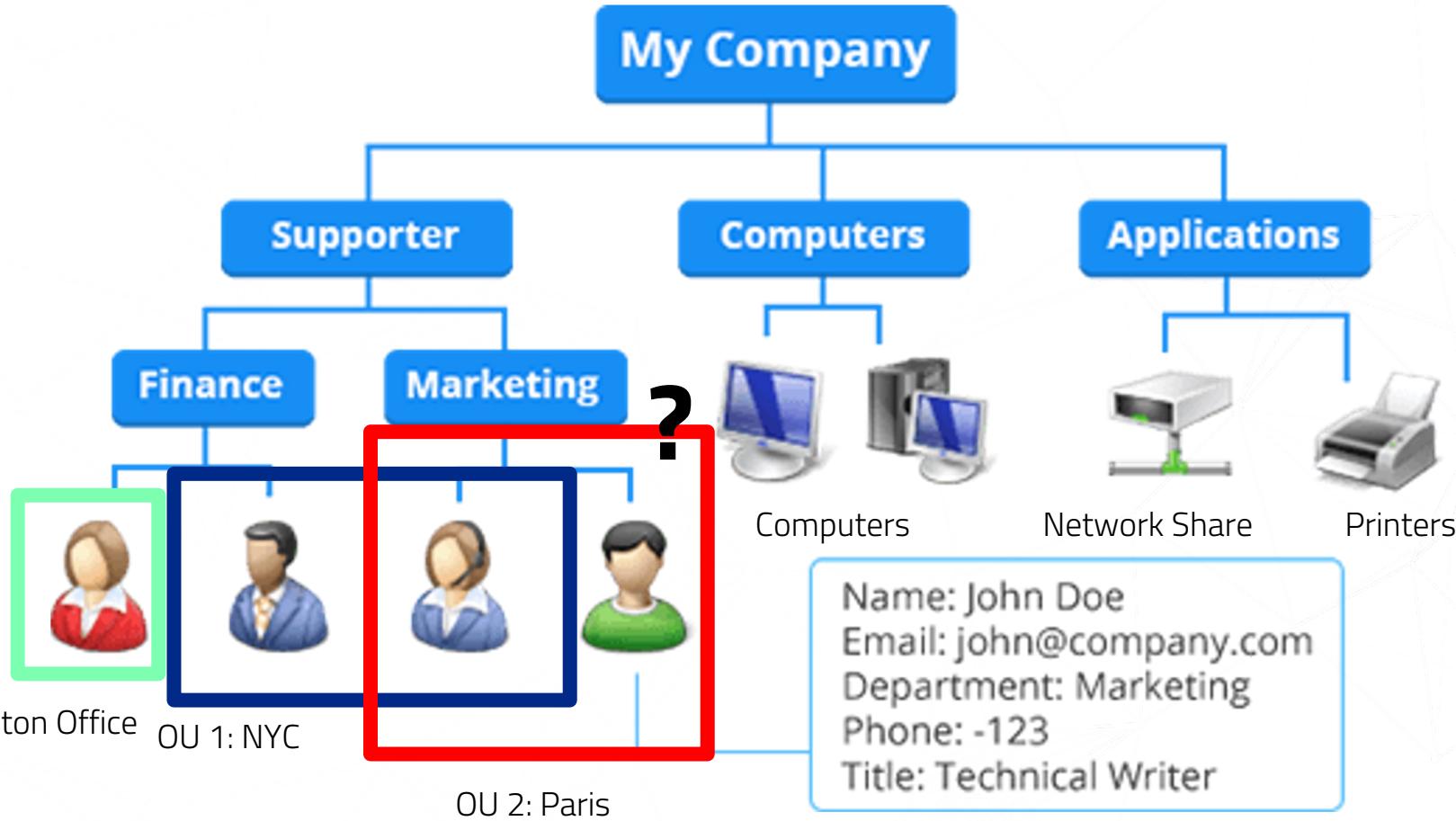
## ■ Differ from Security Groups

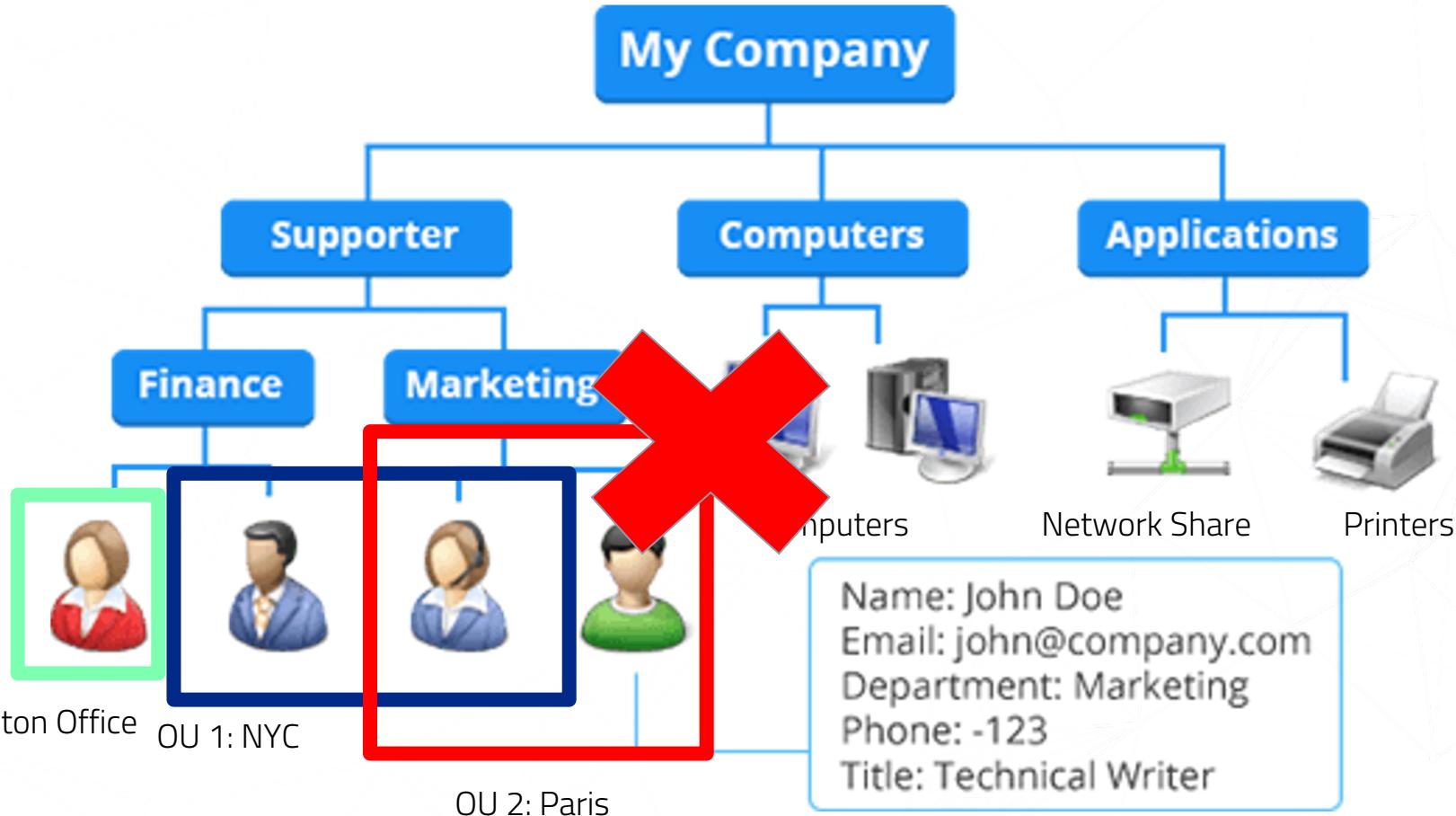
- Security Groups are necessarily IAM based
  - ALWAYS access based
    - Student vs Faculty
- OUs are other ways to collect objects that are not IAM based
  - Often based on location or status (like Major)

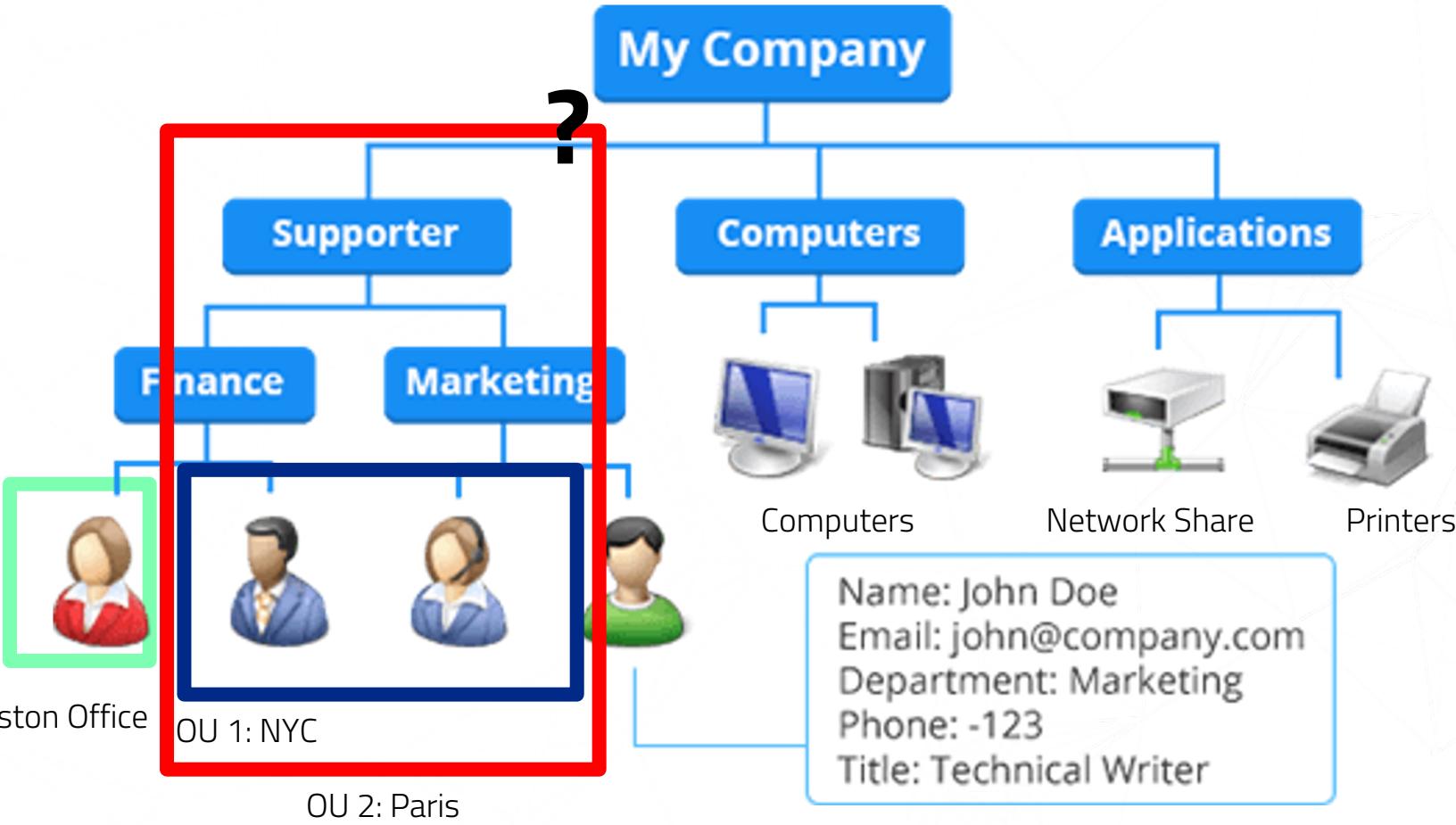
## ■ You can't be in more than one OU at the same level

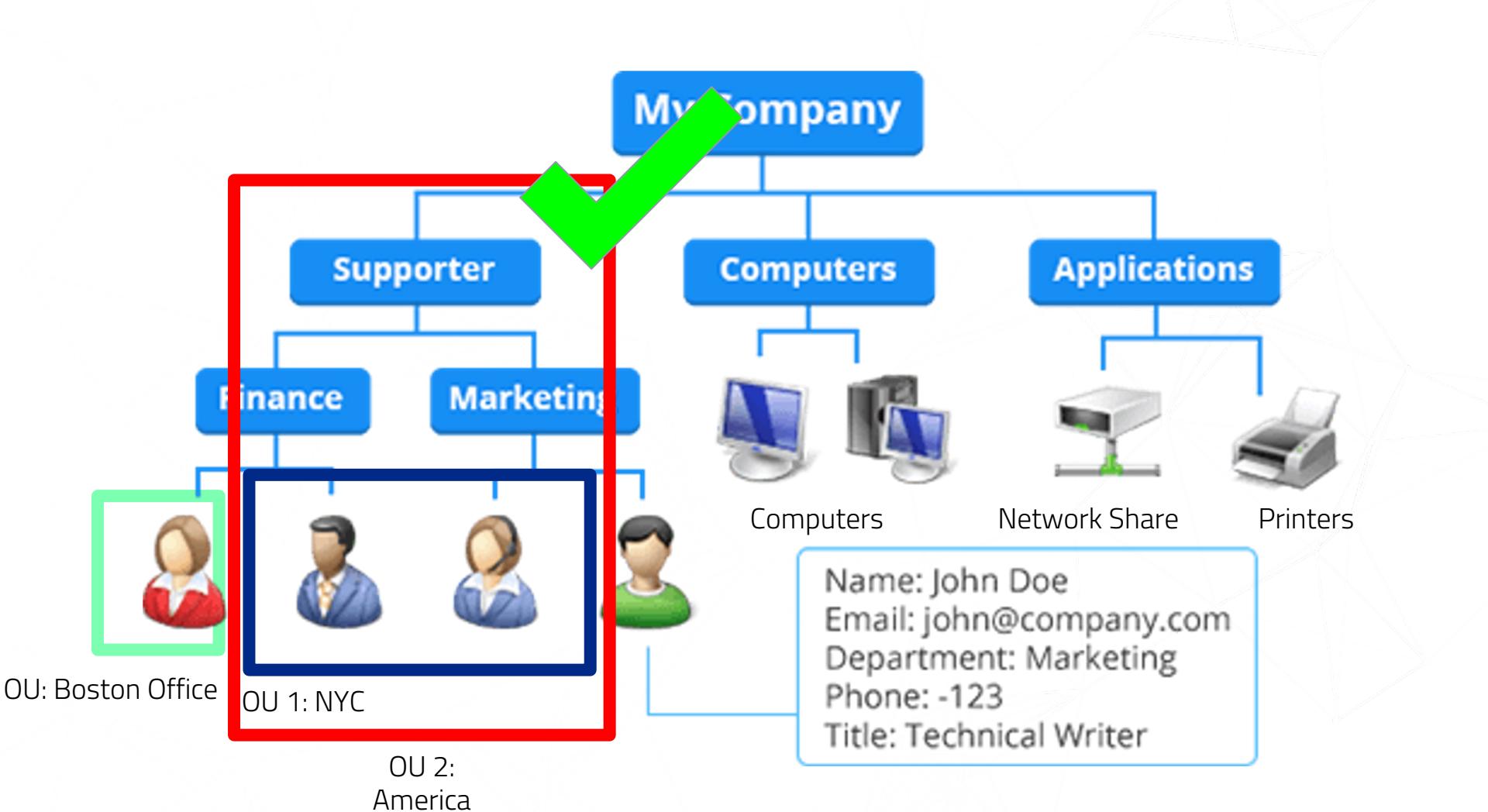
■ OUs cannot be security-grouped together. They are not objects. They are not groups.









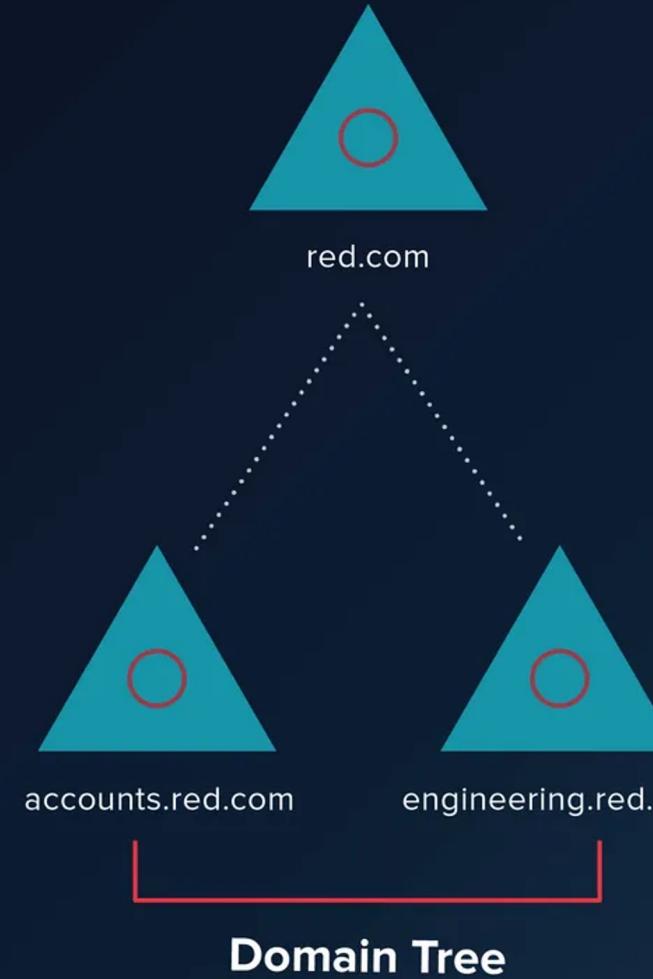


# Confused? TL;DR for OUs

- Domains control networks
- Organizational Units (OU's) are collections of things (Objects)
- Groups also contain objects
- Groups can go in groups
- Children objects inherit permissions from parent objects
- Everything is inherited top to bottom

# Active Directory - Trees

- Let's say we have a domain called red.com
  - red.com (domain) is composed of multiple objects
- red.com has 2 subdomains associated with it.
  - engineering.red.com
  - accounts.red.com
- Each subdomain can be used to further **organize** the objects associated with company.xyz
- These subdomains and domain together are called an **Domain Tree**
- We use trees to help with the logical management of the domain

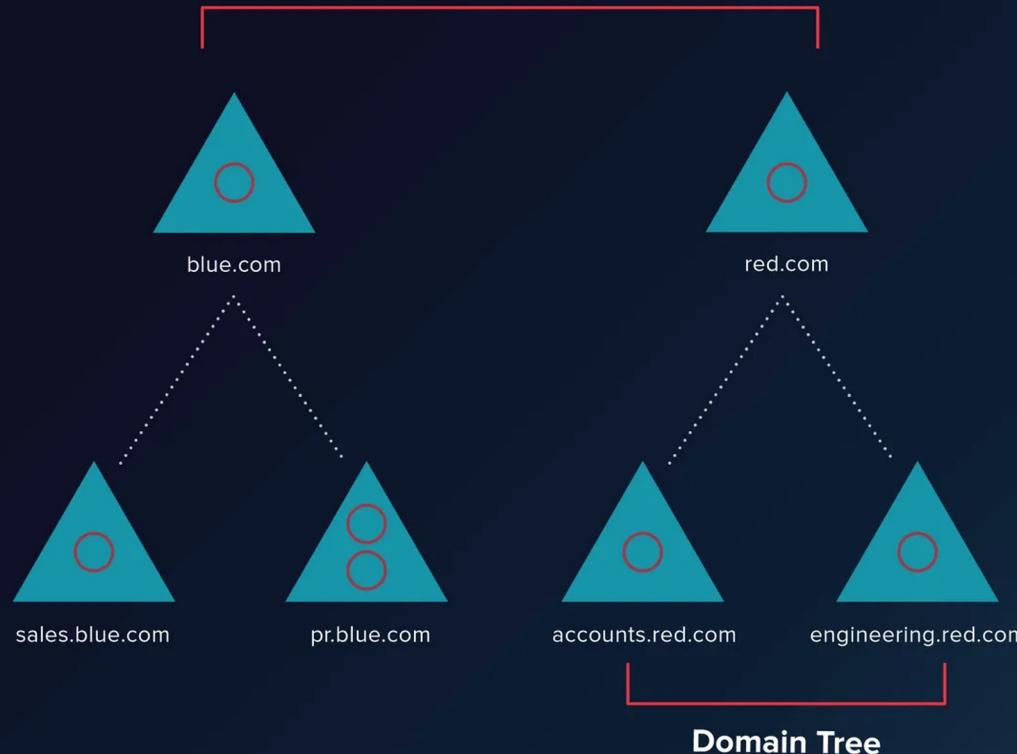


# Active Directory - Forests

- Let's say that Red Company buys Blue Company
  - Blue is now a subsidiary of Red.
- Company Red already has a domain set up. Red can now manage the domains of Red and Blue together.
  
- Multiple Trees can be managed together
  - This hierarchy is called an AD **Forest**.
- A forest is a collection of one or more domain trees.
- As soon as you make a domain, you also have a tree (of 1 domain) and a forest of 1 tree

# Domain Forest

(Domain trees joined by trust relationships)



▲ = Domain

○ = Organizational Unit (OU)

# QUESTIONS?

# Break

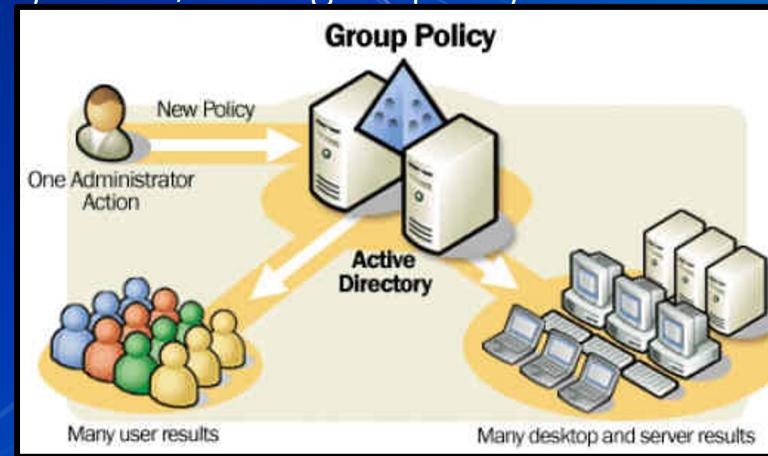
Please return in 10 mins

# Agenda

1. Windows Systems Information
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# AD - Group Policy Objects

- Group policies are settings that can be enforced on an entire domain
- Example: We want all desktops to have a certain background.
- Enforced in a hierarchical top down format from the domain level to the object level
  - If a higher policy exists, the higher policy is enforced



# Group Policy Examples

- Can be used to force any setting on objects/groups/OUs in AD
- Pretty much anything you can think of
- Security
  - Password policy
  - Powershell transcription
  - Set firewall policy
- Functional
  - Mapped network drives
  - Sleep settings
  - Remote desktop access
  - Windows Update timing
- Appearance
  - Change background
  - Change cursor



# Group Policy Key Terms

- Enforced
  - Can not be overwritten by other policy
- Linked
  - Link policy to specific OU
- Filtering
  - Can choose to apply Group policy to objects that meet criteria
    - < 8GB RAM
- Group Policy Object (GPO)
  - A set of rules that can be applied to any object

dc2.rwwdev.intra - Remote Desktop Connection

Group Policy Management Editor

File Action View Help

Policies

Windows Firewall with Advanced Security

Windows Firewall with Advanced Security - LDAP://CN={8AFOAOE...}

Domain Profile | Private Profile | Public Profile | IPsec Settings

State:

- Firewall state: Off
- Inbound connections: Not configured
- Outbound connections: Not configured

Settings:

- Specify settings that control Windows Firewall behavior. [Customize...](#)

Logging:

- Specify logging settings for troubleshooting. [Customize...](#)

Learn more about these settings

OK Cancel Apply

Windows Firewall with Advanced Security provides network security for Windows computers.

Overview

Domain Profile

Private Profile

Public Profile

Getting Started

Authentication

Create connections protected by user accounts.

Connections

View and change firewall rules.

Create firewall rules so it is authenticated before blocked unless they match a rule that blocks them.

Inbound Rules

Outbound Rules

Connection Security Rules

Network List Manager Policies

Wireless Network (IEEE 802.11) Policies

Public Key Policies

Software Restriction Policies

Network Access Protection

Application Control Policies

IP Security Policies on Active Directory (RWWDEV.INTRA)

Advanced Audit Policy Configuration

Policy-based QoS

Administrative Templates: Policy definitions (ADMX files) retrieve from Active Directory

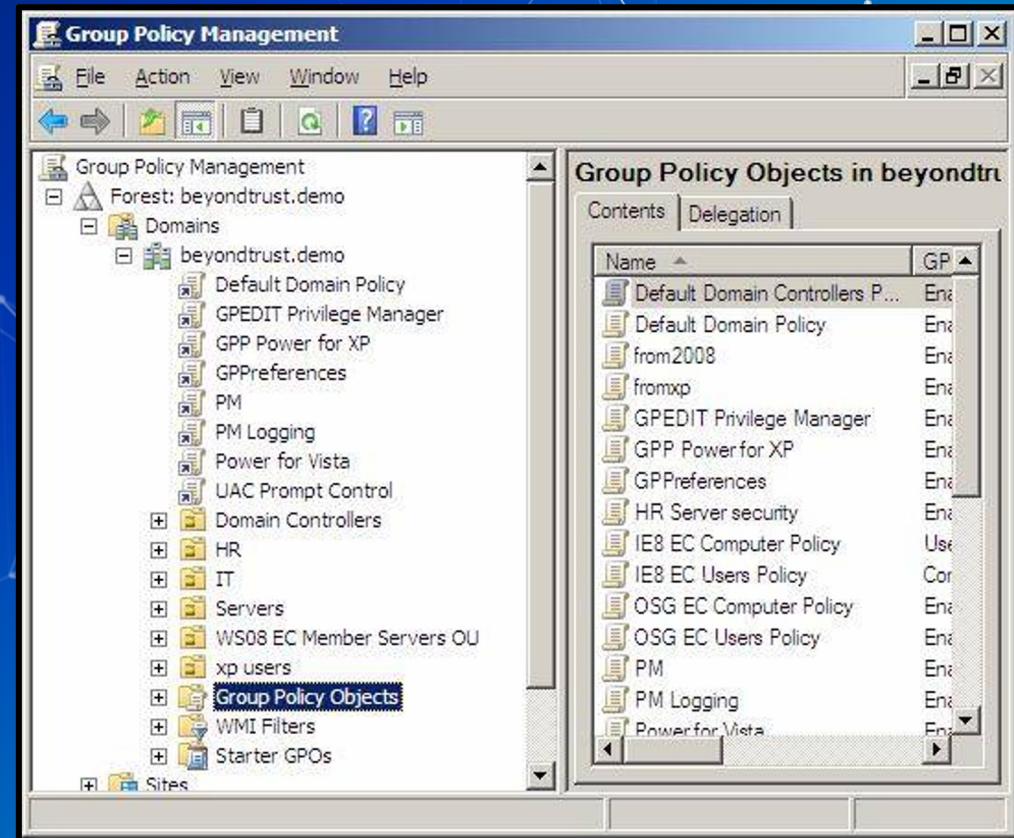
Preferences

Start

2:34 PM 8/7/2011

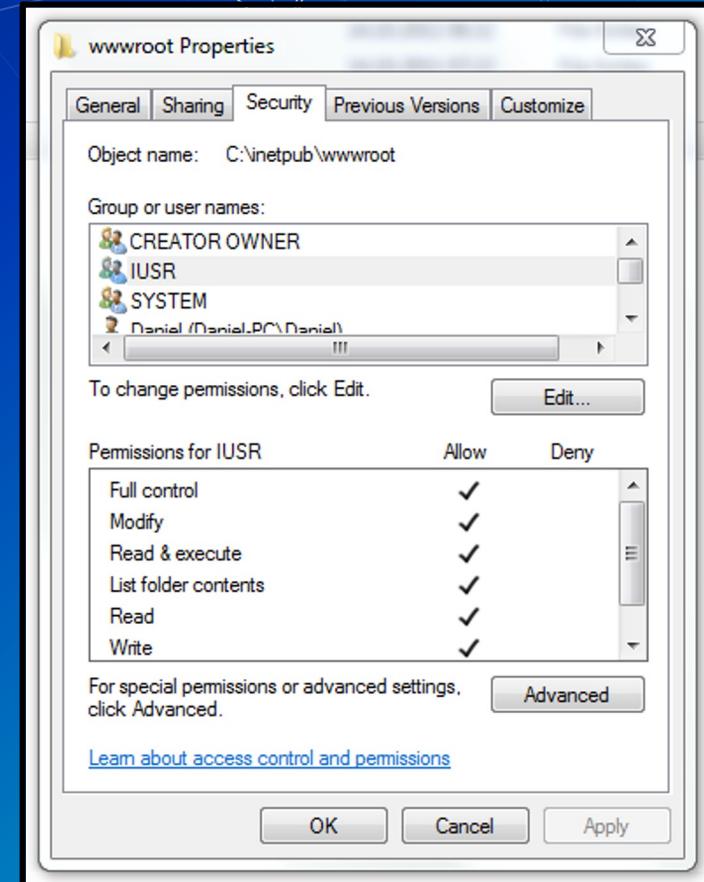
# Multiple Group Policies

- Can have many sets of policies
- Helps keep network organized
- Different rules for each department or group
- **Group policies can be applied to any domain object**
  - Users, Computers, Groups, OUs



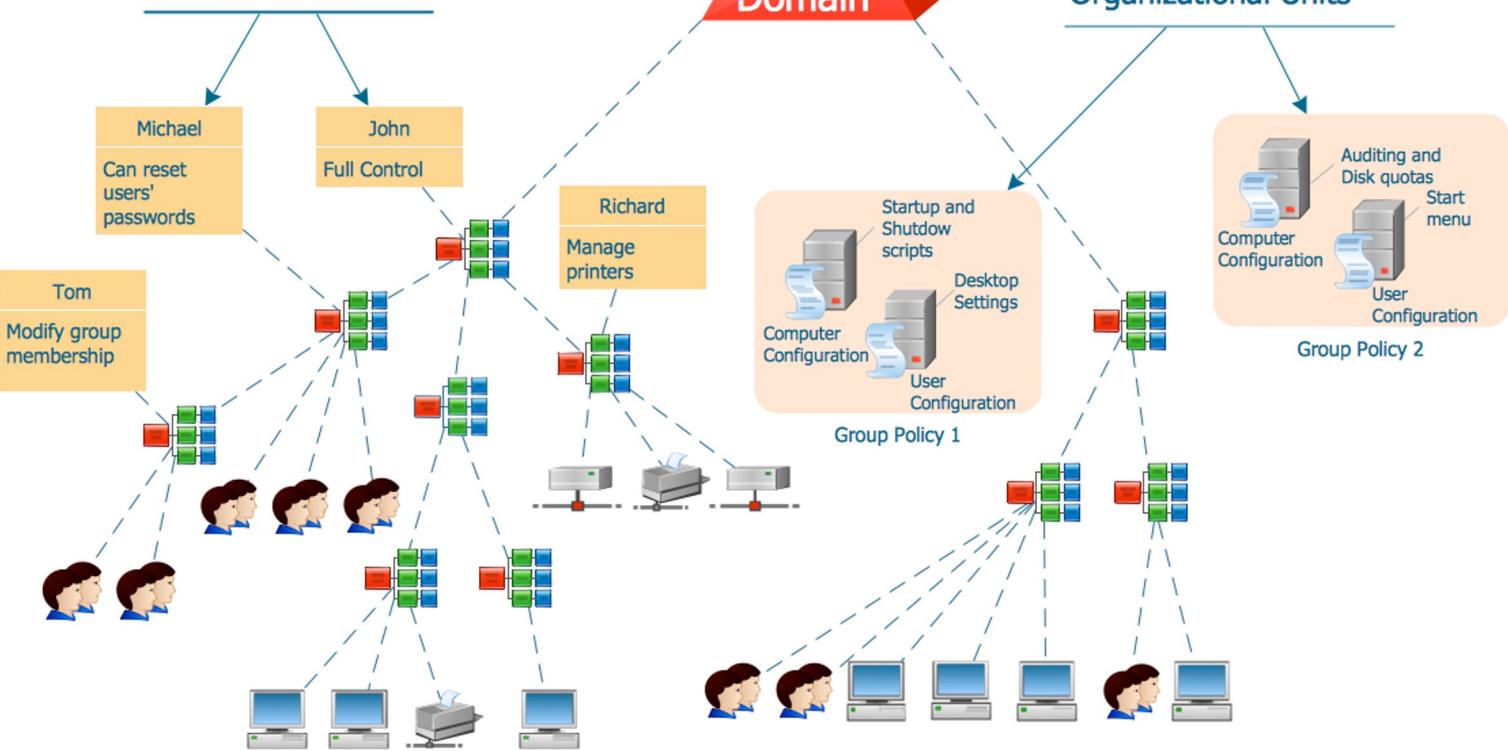
# File Permissions

- Can be set on individual files, folders, network shares, hard drives
- Can specify who has read, write, or modify permissions
- File permissions can be inherited from containing folder
- Ex) Can share whole folder instead of every file
- Can be set using group policy and Active Directory

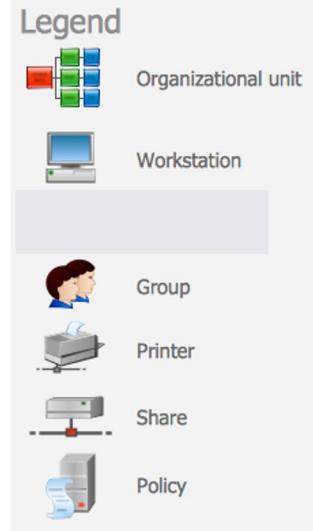




Tasks can be easily delegated



Group Policies applied to Users, Groups or Organizational Units



# Agenda

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# PowerShell Execution Policies

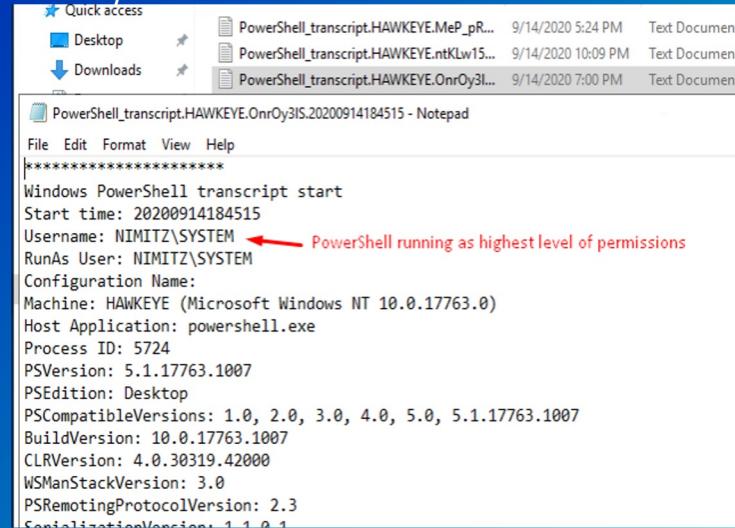
- Controls the conditions under which PowerShell loads configuration files and runs scripts.
  - Helps prevent execution of malicious scripts
- Not intended to be a security feature
  - Can help to mitigate your risk

```
PS /home/sysadmin> Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned
```

# PowerShell Transcription

- Transcription is a method of logging PowerShell activity
- Why would we do this?
- Not enabled by default
  - Needs to be enabled by group policy

```
PS>CommandInvocation(Out-String): "Out-String"
>> ParameterBinding(Out-String): name="InputObject"; value="Attempted to perform an unauthorized operation."
New-ItemProperty : Attempted to perform an unauthorized operation.
At line:1 char:1
+ New-ItemProperty -Path 'HKLM:\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows Defender\Exc ... Windows protects Defender's registry keys
+ ~~~~~
+ CategoryInfo          : PermissionDenied: (HKEY_LOCAL_MACH...ions\Extensions:String) [New-ItemProperty],
UnauthorizedAccessException
+ FullyQualifiedErrorId : System.UnauthorizedAccessException,Microsoft.PowerShell.Commands.NewItemPropertyCommand
New-ItemProperty : Attempted to perform an unauthorized operation.
At line:1 char:1
```



PowerShell\_transcript.HAWKEYE.OnrOy3IS.20200914184515 - Notepad

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\*\*\*\*\*

Windows PowerShell transcript start  
Start time: 20200914184515  
Username: NIMITZ\SYSTEM PowerShell running as highest level of permissions  
RunAs User: NIMITZ\SYSTEM  
Configuration Name:  
Machine: HAWKEYE (Microsoft Windows NT 10.0.17763.0)  
Host Application: powershell.exe  
Process ID: 5724  
PSVersion: 5.1.17763.1007  
PSEdition: Desktop  
PSCompatibleVersions: 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 5.1.17763.1007  
BuildVersion: 10.0.17763.1007  
CLRVersion: 4.0.30319.42000  
WSManStackVersion: 3.0  
PSRemotingProtocolVersion: 2.3  
SerializationVersion: 1.1.0.1

# Agenda

1. Windows Systems Information
2. Install Server Experience
3. Services
  - a. IAM
4. The Domain Controller
5. Install AD Service
6. Components of an AD Service
7. Group Policy
8. Security Considerations
9. HW

# Further Reading

[What is IAM?](#)

[MS Docs: Understanding AD](#)

[MS Docs: Powershell Reference](#)

# Homework

# Summary and Wrap-up

Today's achievements:

- We identified the difference between Server Desktop and Server Core
- We configured a domain controller
- We identified the differences elements of a domain system