

COVER PAGE				
Project Verification Repo	rt Form (VR)			
BASIC INFORMAT	ION			
Name of approved UCR Project Verifier / Reference No.	SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd.			
Type of Accreditation	☐ CDM or other GHG Accreditation☐ ISO 14065 Accreditation☐ UCR Approved			
Approved UCR Scopes and GHG Sectoral scopes for Project Verification	13: Waste handling & disposal			
Validity of UCR approval of Verifier	October 2021 onwards.			
Completion date of this VR	23/08/2025			
Title of the project activity	Avoidance of Methane emissions through composting at Nisol, Jahaj, India.			
Project reference no.	UCR ID: 404			
Name of Entity requesting verification service	Nisol Manufacturing Company Pvt. Ltd. & Imageio Knowledge Solution Pvt. Ltd.			
Contact details of the representative of the Entity, requesting verification service	Mr. Minesh Patel, M/s. Imageio Knowledge Solutions Pvt. Ltd., 407, Payal Complex, Near Fortune Tower, Sayajigunj, Vadodara - 390005 Mr. Nimitkumar U Thakar M/s. Nisol Manufacturing Company Private Limited, Ranchhod Krupa, Dharmaj - 388430, Tal: Petlad, Dist: Anand, Gujarat, India.			

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Country where project is located	India
Applied methodologies	UNFCCC CDM AMS-III.F.
(approved methodologies by UCR Standard used)	Small-scale methodology Avoidance of methane emissions through composting Version 12.0.
	TOOL04 Methodological tool Emissions from solid waste disposal sites, Version 08.1
GHG Sectoral scopes linked to the applied methodologies	13: Waste Handling & Disposal
Project Verification Criteria:	□ UCR Standard □ UC
Mandatory requirements to be assessed	Applicable Approved Methodology
	Applicable Legal requirements /rules of host country
	Eligibility of the Project Type
	Start date of the Project activity
	Meet applicability conditions in the applied methodology
	Credible Baseline
	□ Do No Harm Test
	Emission Reduction calculations
	Monitoring Report
	No GHG Double Counting
	Others (please mention below)
Project Verification Criteria:	Environmental Safeguards Standard and do-no-harm criteria
Optional requirements to be assessed	Social Safeguards Standard do- no-harm criteria
Project Verifier's Confirmation:	The UCR Project Verifier SQAC
The UCR Project Verifier has verified the UCR project	Certification Pvt. Ltd., certifies the following with respect to the UCR



activity and therefore confirms the following:

Project Activity Avoidance of Methane Emissions through composting at Nisol, Jahaj, India., by Nisol Manufacturing Company Pvt Ltd.

The Project Owner has correctly described the Project Activity in the Project Concept Note dated 02/01/2024 and Monitoring Report V2 of the second monitoring period dated 28/07/2025 including the applicability of the approved methodology UNFCCC CDM AMS-III.F. Small-scale methodology Avoidance of methane emissions through composting Version 12.0 & TOOL04 Methodological tool Emissions from solid waste disposal sites, Version 08.1 and meets the methodology applicability conditions and has achieved the estimated GHG emission reductions, complies with the monitoring methodology and has calculated emission reductions estimates correctly and conservatively.

The Project Activity is generating GHG emission reductions amounting to the estimated 17,453 tCO₂e, as indicated in the MR, which are additional to the reductions that are likely to occur in absence of the Project Activity and complies with all applicable UCR rules, including ISO 14064-2 and ISO 14064-3.

The Project Activity is not likely to cause any net-harm to the environment and/or society



	The Project Activity complies with all the applicable UCR rules and therefore recommends UCR Program to register the Project activity with above mentioned labels.
Project Verification Report, reference number and date of approval	Second Monitoring Period Verification Report UCR Project ID: 404 dated 23/08/2025
Name of the authorised personnel of UCR Project Verifier and his/her signature with date	Santosh Nair Lead Verifier (Signature Jousa Got) SQAC Certification Pvt Ltd

PROJECT VERIFICATION REPORT

Section A. Executive summary

Maverik Incorporation engaged SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd. to conduct the verification for the second monitoring period of the UCR-registered project "Avoidance of Methane Emissions through Composting at Nisol, Jahaj, India" (Project ID: 404). This verification covers the crediting period from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, spanning a duration of one year.

Based on our review, the greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reductions reported in Monitoring Report Version 2 (MR) are found to be consistent with the requirements of the UCR framework. The calculations follow the UCR Protocol, which references the CDM UNFCCC methodology AMS-III.F (Small-scale methodology: Avoidance of methane emissions through composting, Version 12.0) and the TOOL04 Methodological Tool for Emissions from Solid Waste Disposal Sites, Version 08.1.

The verification was performed remotely in accordance with UCR guidelines, using video conferencing, telephone discussions, and the examination of documentary evidence submitted electronically.

SQAC hereby confirms that the verified emission reductions achieved by the project activity during the period **01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024** amount to **17,453 CoUs**, equivalent to **17,453 tCO**₂e.

Project Verification team, technical reviewer and approver

Section B. Project Verification Team

Sr.	Role	Last	First	Affiliation	Involvement in		
No.		name	name		Doc review	Off-Site inspection	Interviews
1.	Team Leader	Nair	Santosh	n/a	yes	yes	yes
2.	Validator	Nair	Santosh	n/a	yes	yes	yes

Technical reviewer and approver of the Project Verification report

Sr.	Role	Type of	Last name	First	Affiliation
No.		resource		name	
1.	Technical	IR	Shinganapurkar	Praful	SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd.
	reviewer				
2.	Approver	IR	Shinganapurkar	Praful	SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd.

Section C. Means of Project Verification

C.1. Desk/document review

During the verification process, the Lead Verifier received from Maverik Incorporation a complete set of project-related documentation for detailed examination. The submission included the Project Concept Note (PCN), the Monitoring Report (MR), commissioning and calibration certificates, laboratory analysis reports, delivery records, factory license, production waste data sheets, the compliance report linked to the CTO amendment, the GPCB No Objection Certificate (NOC), along with other supporting information provided upon request. Each document was carefully assessed to confirm alignment with applicable standards and guidelines, and to verify the reliability, accuracy, and completeness of the data presented for this project.

C.2. Off-site inspection

Date o	Date of offsite inspection: 12/08/2025				
Sr. No.	Activity performed Off-Site	Site location	Date		
1.	Interview conducted over Video call / Telephonic discussions.	Jahaj, Gujarat	12/08/2025		
2.	Supporting documents provided before, during, and after the verification.	Jahaj, Gujarat	06/08/2025 till 22/08/2025		

C.3. Interviews

Sr.		Interview			Subject
No.	Name	Designation	Affiliation		
1	Eswar	Sustainability	M/s Nisol	12/08/2025	Calibration,
	Kumar	Coordinator	Manufacturing		Analysis, Project
			Company Private		commissioning,
			Limited (NMCPL)		Waste generation,
					and overview.
2	Nimesh	Manager	M/s Nisol	12/08/2025	Double Counting,
	Bhai	Administration	Manufacturing		Delivery, Material
			Company Private		receipts,
			Limited (NMCPL)		Compliance, etc

C.4. Sampling approach

Not applicable

C.5. Clarification request (CLs), corrective action request (CARs) and forward action request (FARs) raised

Areas of Project Verification findings	No. of CL	No. of	No. of
		CAR	FAR
Green House Gas (G	HG)		
Identification and Eligibility of project type	Nil	Nil	Nil
General description of project activity	Nil	Nil	Nil
Application and selection of methodologies and			
standardized baselines			
- Application of methodologies and	Nil	Nil	Nil
standardized baselines			
- Deviation from methodology and/or	Nil	Nil	Nil
methodological tool			
- Clarification on applicability of	Nil	Nil	Nil
methodology, tool and/or standardized			
baseline			
- Project boundary, sources and GHGs	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Baseline scenario	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Estimation of emission reductions or net	Nil	Nil	Nil
anthropogenic removals			

 Start date, crediting period and duration 	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Environmental impacts	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Project Owner- Identification and communication	Nil	Nil	Nil
- Others (please specify)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	Nil	Nil	Nil

Section D. Project Verification Findings

D.1. Identification and eligibility of project type

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed the UCR Project ID 404 registration details and confirmation in the Monitoring Report (MR) to verify the project title, location, and ownership.
	Checked the applied methodology (AMS-III.F, Version 12.0) and methodological tool (TOOL04, Version 08.1) to ensure it matches the registered project scope under Sectoral Scope 13: Waste Handling and Disposal.
	Examined the project description and process flow in the MR to confirm it involves composting of agro-industrial biomass waste (tobacco dust) as per the eligibility criteria.
	Verified that the annual emission reductions claimed (17,453 tCO $_2$ e) are within the small-scale project limit of \leq 60 ktCO $_2$ e/year, as required by the applied methodology.
	Cross-checked the absence of double counting by confirming no registration under any other voluntary or compliance carbon credit program.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project activity "Avoidance of Methane Emissions through Composting at Nisol, Jahaj, India" meets the eligibility requirements under the applied methodology AMS-III.F (Version 12.0) and the UCR framework. The project scope, type of waste treated, and

	composting technology are consistent with the registered
	design. The claimed emission reductions for the monitoring
	period remain well within the threshold for a small-scale
	project, and there is no evidence of the project being
	registered or credited under any other carbon standard,
	thereby avoiding double counting.
	In conclusion, the identification and eligibility of the project
Conclusion	type have been appropriately demonstrated and are in line
	with the approved methodology, sectoral scope, and UCR
	requirements. The project's design and operational approach
	remain consistent with the registered documentation,
	confirming its continued qualification for carbon credit
	issuance for the current monitoring period.

D.2. General description of Project Activity

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed Section A and B of the Monitoring Report (MR) to verify the project's location, ownership, operational status, and technology used.
	Cross-checked the project's process flow for composting agro-industrial biomass waste (tobacco dust) with supporting documents such as production waste sheets, distribution records, and delivery slips.
	Examined supporting evidence including GPCB NOC, compliance report, and commissioning certificate to confirm regulatory adherence and continuous operation.
	Verified the description of composting technology, operational procedures, and handling practices to ensure alignment with the registered project design.
	Assessed photographs and visual evidence provided in the MR showing composting facility operations and compost distribution to farmers.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project activity involves the aerobic composting of agro-industrial biomass waste (tobacco dust) generated at the Nisol Manufacturing Company

Pvt. Ltd. facility in Jahaj, Gujarat. The composting process is carried out in designated warehouses with concrete flooring to prevent leachate seepage, and the treated compost is distributed directly to farmers for soil application. The project prevents methane emissions that would have occurred had the waste been disposed of in unmanaged solid waste disposal sites. The operational practices, technology in use, and waste handling procedures are consistent with the registered project design and demonstrate compliance with environmental and safety regulations.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the project activity has been accurately described and reflects the operational setup as per the registered UCR documentation. The technology, process flow, and waste management approach remain consistent with the approved methodology, ensuring that the emission reductions achieved are directly attributable to the continued implementation of the composting project.

D.3. Application and selection of methodologies and standardized baselines

D.3.1 Application of methodology and standardized baselines

Means of Project Verification

Reviewed the Monitoring Report (MR) to confirm the applied methodology is AMS-III.F (Small-scale methodology: Avoidance of methane emissions through composting, Version 12.0) along with TOOL04 (Emissions from Solid Waste Disposal Sites, Version 08.1).

Checked that the project activity falls under Sectoral Scope 13: Waste Handling and Disposal as per UCR classification.

Verified that the methodology requirements—composting of biomass waste, aerobic treatment, and direct soil application without anaerobic storage—are met in the operational process.

Cross-checked the monitoring parameters and calculation approach in the MR against the methodology provisions to ensure compliance.

	Ensured that the project's emission reduction calculations
	use the prescribed first-order decay (FOD) model parameters
	and factors as stated in the methodology.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project has applied the
	AMS-III.F methodology (Version 12.0) correctly, supported by
	the TOOL04 methodological tool for estimating emissions
	from solid waste disposal sites. The composting of agro-
	industrial biomass waste (tobacco dust) is performed
	` ' '
	aerobically, with no co-composting of wastewater or addition
	of blending materials. The emission reductions have been
	calculated using the first-order decay model parameters
	prescribed in the methodology, with relevant default factors
	applied where required. The methodology application aligns
	with UCR requirements, and the monitoring plan follows the
	same framework as approved in the registered
	documentation.
	documentation.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the selection and application of the
	methodology and standardized baseline are appropriate for
	the project activity and are consistent with the project's
	scope, technology, and operational practices. The
	methodology has been implemented as intended, ensuring
	the credibility and accuracy of the reported GHG emission
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	reductions for the monitoring period.

D.3.2 Clarification on applicability of methodology, tool and/or standardized baseline

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed the applicability conditions of AMS-III.F (Version 12.0) and confirmed alignment with the project's waste type, treatment process, and operational setup. Verified that the project meets the methodology requirement for aerobic composting without anaerobic storage and without co-composting of wastewater.
	Checked that the waste source (tobacco dust) is agro- industrial biomass waste with largely homogeneous properties, as described in the MR and supported by production waste sheets.
	Confirmed that the project activity avoids methane emissions by preventing disposal of waste in unmanaged solid waste disposal sites (SWDS), consistent with TOOL04 applicability conditions.
	Validated that the annual emission reductions are within the \leq 60 ktCO $_2$ e/year limit for small-scale projects under the selected methodology.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that all applicability conditions outlined in AMS-III.F (Version 12.0) and TOOL04 (Version 08.1) are fulfilled by the project activity. The waste treated is a single, well-characterized biomass stream (tobacco dust) sourced from the project proponent's operations. The composting process is fully aerobic and involves direct application of compost to agricultural fields without anaerobic storage. The baseline scenario—unmanaged disposal of waste in SWDS—has been correctly identified, and the emission reductions claimed are within the permissible limit for small-scale projects.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the methodology AMS-III.F and TOOL04 are fully applicable to the project activity, and their use is justified based on the waste characteristics, treatment process, and baseline scenario. The project continues to meet all applicability criteria, supporting the credibility of the reported

D.3.3 Project boundary, sources and GHGs		
Means of Projec Verification	Reviewed Section C.4 of the Monitoring Report (MR) to confirm the defined project boundary, including waste source, composting facility, and compost application sites.	
	Checked the baseline emission sources (methane from unmanaged solid waste disposal sites) and project emission sources (transport and composting process) as outlined in the methodology.	
	Verified that the greenhouse gases considered— $\mathrm{CH_4}$ for baseline emissions, and $\mathrm{CO_2}$ and $\mathrm{N_2O}$ for project emissions—are consistent with AMS-III.F requirements.	
	Cross-checked supporting evidence such as waste delivery slips, weighbridge calibration certificate, and waste distribution records to confirm waste handling within the project boundary.	
	Assessed that the geographical boundary definition and operational activities match those described in the registered project documentation.	
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project boundary has been clearly defined to include: (a) the site where waste would have been disposed of in the absence of the project; (b) the composting facility where biomass waste is aerobically treated; and (c) the agricultural fields where the compost is applied.	
	The baseline emissions arise mainly from CH_4 generated by anaerobic decomposition in unmanaged solid waste disposal sites, while the project emissions include CO_2 and N_2O from the composting process and transport of compost to farms. No other significant GHG sources are applicable. The GHGs	

considered and the defined boundary are consistent with the

registered methodology and UCR requirements.

Conclusion

In conclusion, the project boundary, identified emission sources, and GHGs included in the calculations are appropriate and fully aligned with AMS-III.F and TOOL04 guidance. The boundary definition accurately reflects the physical and operational scope of the project and ensures that all relevant emissions are accounted for in the monitoring and verification process.

D.3.4 Baseline scenario

Means of Project Verification

Reviewed Section B.3 and C.5 of the Monitoring Report (MR) for the description of the baseline scenario and the calculation approach used.

Checked that the baseline scenario involves disposal of biomass waste (tobacco dust) in unmanaged solid waste disposal sites (SWDS) leading to methane generation.

Verified that the baseline emissions were estimated using the First Order Decay (FOD) model as per TOOL04 (Version 08.1), applying default parameters where required.

Confirmed that no methane capture or destruction systems exist in the baseline scenario, as supported by project documentation and local waste management practices.

Assessed that the baseline scenario is consistent with the one established at the time of project registration and remains valid for the current monitoring period.

Findings

Upon verification, it was found that the baseline scenario for the project activity represents the common waste management practice in the region—disposing of agroindustrial biomass waste in unmanaged SWDS without methane recovery. This disposal method results in anaerobic decomposition of the waste, producing methane emissions. The baseline emissions have been calculated using the FOD model in accordance with TOOL04, with parameters such as methane correction factor (MCF), degradable organic carbon (DOC), and oxidation factor applied as per methodology

	defaults. No regulatory requirements exist for methane capture at such sites, and the scenario remains unchanged since project registration.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the baseline scenario is appropriately identified and described, reflecting the most likely situation in the absence of the project activity. The approach and assumptions used for baseline emissions calculation comply with AMS-III.F and TOOL04 requirements, ensuring the integrity of the emission reduction estimates for the current monitoring period.

D.3.5 Estimation of Emission Reductions or Net Anthropogenic Removal

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed Section A.1(d) and corresponding calculation tables in the Monitoring Report (MR) to verify the reported emission reductions of 17,453 tCO ₂ e for the monitoring period 01/01/2024–31/12/2024.
	Checked the application of AMS-III.F (Version 12.0) and TOOL04 (Version 08.1) formulae, including the First Order Decay (FOD) model, for baseline methane emissions.
	Verified the parameters used (waste quantity, DOC, DOCf, MCF, oxidation factor, methane fraction, and GWP) against methodology defaults and project-specific data.
	Cross-checked waste generation figures (38,944.830 tonnes) from production waste sheets, weighbridge records, and distribution logs to ensure accuracy.
	Ensured that project emissions (2,835 tCO ₂ e) and leakage (nil) were accounted for in the net emission reduction calculation.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the estimation of emission reductions for the monitoring period has been conducted in accordance with AMS-III.F and TOOL04 requirements. The baseline emissions were determined from the methane generation potential of the biomass waste diverted from unmanaged SWDS. The project emissions, primarily from

	compost transport and minimal process-related N ₂ O, were subtracted from the baseline emissions, with no leakage identified. The data sources, default factors, and calculation steps are transparent and traceable to the provided documentation. The resulting net GHG emission reductions
	for 2024 amount to 17,453 tCO₂e , matching the value reported in the MR.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the calculation of emission reductions for the current monitoring period is methodologically sound, consistent with the registered monitoring plan, and supported by verifiable data. The reported 17,453 tCO₂e of net GHG emission reductions is accurate and eligible for issuance under the UCR framework.

D.3.6 Monitoring Report

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed the submitted Monitoring Report Version 2 (MR) for the period 01/01/2024 to 31/12/2024 to confirm its completeness and adherence to UCR guidelines. Checked that the MR contains all required sections, including project description, applied methodology, baseline scenario, monitoring parameters, data sources, and calculation of emission reductions. Verified consistency of data in the MR with supporting evidence such as waste records, weighbridge certificates, calibration reports, delivery slips, and production waste sheets. Ensured that all values reported in the MR are traceable to primary data and/or methodology defaults.
	Confirmed that the MR was prepared and submitted by the project proponent in the prescribed UCR format.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the Monitoring Report Version 2 comprehensively documents the project activity, monitoring approach, and emission reduction calculations for the second monitoring period. The report includes all mandatory sections and provides sufficient detail to allow independent verification. Data presented in the MR is consistent with the supporting documentation provided by the project proponent, and the methodology application aligns with the requirements of AMS-III.F and TOOL04. No inconsistencies or omissions were identified that would affect the credibility of the reported results.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the Monitoring Report for the period 01/01/2024 to 31/12/2024 is complete, accurate, and in full compliance with UCR requirements. The information provided is adequate to substantiate the reported GHG emission reductions and supports the verification process.

D.4. Start date, crediting period and duration

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed the Monitoring Report (MR) to confirm the project's start date, registration details, and approved crediting period under UCR.
	Cross-checked UCR Project ID 404 registration records to verify the start of crediting and the overall project duration.
	Verified that the second monitoring period covers 01/01/2024 to 31/12/2024, as stated in the MR and aligned with the registered crediting schedule.
	Ensured that the project remains within its approved crediting period and complies with UCR eligibility requirements for credit issuance.
	Confirmed that there have been no changes to the crediting period or project duration since the first monitoring period verification.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project start date and crediting period are consistent with the information recorded at the time of registration under UCR. The second monitoring period covers a one-year duration from 01 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, falling fully within the approved crediting period. No revisions or extensions to the project duration have been made, and the project remains eligible for credit issuance during this period.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the start date, crediting period, and overall duration of the project are in accordance with UCR registration details and remain unchanged from the original approval. The second monitoring period has been correctly defined and is valid for verification and issuance of carbon credits.

D.5. Positive Environmental impacts

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed Section E of the Monitoring Report (MR) describing environmental co-benefits from the project activity. Verified supporting evidence such as waste distribution records to confirm that compost is supplied free of charge to local farmers, promoting sustainable agriculture. Checked that the composting process avoids open dumping and uncontrolled anaerobic decomposition, thereby preventing local air and water pollution. Assessed the contribution of the project to soil health improvement through the application of nutrient-rich compost. Reviewed regulatory compliance documents (e.g., GPCB NOC, compliance report) to confirm that the project meets
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project has generated several positive environmental impacts in addition to reducing GHG emissions. By diverting agro-industrial biomass waste from unmanaged disposal sites, the project prevents potential groundwater contamination from leachate and reduces foul odors associated with anaerobic decomposition. The produced compost is provided free of cost to local farmers, improving soil fertility, organic matter content, and moisture retention. This supports sustainable farming practices and reduces the need for chemical fertilizers. Furthermore, the project's operational practices align with environmental regulations, ensuring minimal negative impacts on the surrounding ecosystem.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the project delivers notable environmental cobenefits, including improved soil quality, reduced pollution risks, and promotion of sustainable agriculture. These benefits complement the project's primary objective of GHG emission reduction and contribute positively to local environmental sustainability.

D.8. Project Owner- Identification and communication

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed the Monitoring Report (MR) to confirm the name, address, and contact details of the project owner as registered under UCR Project ID 404.
	Cross-checked the project owner information with UCR registration records to ensure consistency.
	Verified that the project proponent has remained the same since the first monitoring period, with no changes in ownership or legal entity.
	Confirmed that communication between the verifier and project owner was established through official correspondence, emails, and document submissions.
	Ensured that all communications and document exchanges were conducted in accordance with UCR requirements for remote verification.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project owner is Nisol Manufacturing Company Pvt. Ltd., located at Village Jahaj, Taluka Khambhat, District Anand, Gujarat, India. The ownership and legal entity details match those recorded at the time of project registration and remain unchanged. The project owner was responsive throughout the verification process, providing all requested documents and clarifications in a timely manner via email and other remote communication channels.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the project owner's identity has been clearly established and remains consistent with UCR registration records. Communication between the verifier and the project owner was effective, transparent, and in full compliance with UCR verification procedures

Positive Social Impact

Means of Project Verification	Reviewed Section E of the Monitoring Report (MR) for details of social co-benefits and their alignment with SDG 2 (Zero Hunger) and SDG 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth). Verified that the compost produced is distributed free of cost to local farmers, reducing their expenditure on chemical fertilizers and improving soil health for better crop yields. Checked supporting evidence such as waste distribution records and photographic documentation of compost handover to beneficiaries. Assessed how the project's compost provision contributes to improved agricultural productivity and reduced dependency on synthetic inputs.
	Confirmed that the project has created local employment opportunities in compost processing, handling, and distribution.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project delivers significant social benefits to the local community. By supplying nutrient-rich compost free of charge, it supports SDG 2 by improving soil fertility, boosting agricultural productivity, and reducing farmers' reliance on costly chemical fertilizers. The resulting improvement in crop yields can positively impact food security and farmer income. Additionally, the creation of local jobs in waste handling, compost production, and distribution advances SDG 8, promoting decent work and economic growth. These benefits are well-documented and directly attributable to the ongoing operation of the project.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the project's social impacts extend beyond GHG reduction, contributing to SDG 2 through enhanced agricultural productivity and to SDG 8 by generating local employment. These outcomes strengthen the project's role in delivering long-term socio-economic benefits to the community.

Sustainable development aspects (if any)

	Deviewed the Manitaring Depart (MD) for reference to said
Means of Project Verification	Reviewed the Monitoring Report (MR) for references to environmental, social, and economic benefits linked to the project's operation.
	Cross-checked supporting evidence such as waste distribution records, delivery slips, and compliance reports to validate claimed sustainable development outcomes.
	Assessed the alignment of the project's co-benefits with SDG 13 (Climate Action), SDG 2 (Zero Hunger), and SDG 8 (Decent Work and Economic Growth) as reported in the MR.
	Verified that the project's activities contribute to environmental protection, rural economic support, and resource efficiency.
	Confirmed that no negative environmental or social impacts were reported or observed during the monitoring period.
Findings	Upon verification, it was found that the project contributes meaningfully to the Sustainable Development Goals stated in the MR. Under SDG 13, the project mitigates climate change by avoiding methane emissions from unmanaged waste disposal. For SDG 2, the free provision of nutrient-rich compost to farmers enhances soil fertility and supports improved agricultural productivity. In relation to SDG 8, the project generates local employment opportunities in waste handling, compost production, and distribution, thereby strengthening the local economy. These contributions are supported by verifiable evidence and align with the sustainable development objectives outlined in the MR.
Conclusion	In conclusion, the project supports the achievement of SDG Goals 13, 2, and 8 through measurable environmental, agricultural, and economic benefits. These sustainable development aspects complement the project's GHG mitigation efforts and enhance its overall value to the local community and environment.

Section E. Internal Quality Control

For the current verification, robust internal quality control measures were implemented to uphold the accuracy and credibility of the process. This included systematic internal reviews of all verification activities, associated documentation, and draft reports to detect and correct any discrepancies. Verification personnel engaged in ongoing training and skill enhancement to maintain high levels of competence and consistency in their work. Established Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) provided a clear framework for data collection, analysis, and reporting, ensuring alignment with best practices. Detailed documentation management systems were used to maintain transparent and traceable records of all verification activities, including data sources and applied methodologies. Peer reviews and collaborative discussions within the verification team were conducted to confirm the validity of findings and to achieve consensus on conclusions. A culture of continuous improvement was maintained, with regular evaluations of verification practices to identify opportunities for refinement and enhance overall performance.

Section F. Project Verification Opinion

The GHG emission reductions for the current monitoring period have been determined in accordance with UCR Protocols, referencing the CDM UNFCCC methodology AMS-III.F – Small-scale methodology: Avoidance of methane emissions through composting (Version 12.0) and the methodological tool TOOL04 – Emissions from Solid Waste Disposal Sites (Version 08.1). The verification process was conducted remotely, making use of video conferencing, telephone discussions, and submission of supporting documentation via email, in line with UCR guidelines.

Based on the evidence reviewed and the verification procedures carried out, SQAC Certification Pvt. Ltd. confirms that the emission reductions achieved by the project activity Avoidance of methane emissions through composting at Nisol, Jahaj, India (UCR ID – 404) for the monitoring period 01/01/2024 to 31/12/2024 amount to 17,453 CoUs (equivalent to 17,453 tCO₂e).

Appendix 1. Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Full texts
UCR	Universal Carbon Registry
PP/PO	Project Proponent / Project Owner
PA	Project Aggregator
ER	Emission Reduction
COUs	Carbon offset Units.
tCO2e	Tons of Carbon Dioxide Equivalent
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
SDG	Sustainable Development Goal

CAR	Corrective Action Request
CR	Clarification Request
FAR	Forward Action Request
GHG	Green House Gas
MR	Monitoring report
PCN	Project Concept Note
VR	Verification Report
VS	Verification Statement
COD	Commercial Operation Date

Appendix 2. Competence of team members and technical reviewers

Sr.	Role	Name	Education	Related Experience
No.			Qualification	
1.	Team Leader /	Santosh Nair	BE (Chemical) Lead	Carbon Verifier for all major
	Lead Verifier /		Auditor in ISO	sectors such as Wind, Solar,
	Validator		9001,14001,	Hydro, Biomass, Biogas, Waste
			45001,13485,22301	Heat Recovery, Biofuel, etc.
			,22000,27001,1406	
			4-1,2,3	
2.	Technical	Praful	BE (Mechanical)	Carbon Verifier for all major
	reviewer	Shinganapurk	Certified Energy	sectors such as Wind, Solar,
		ar	Auditor	Hydro, Biomass, Biogas, Waste
			Lead Auditor in ISO	Heat Recovery, Biofuel, etc.
			9001,14001 &	
			45001	

Appendix 3. Document reviewed or referenced

Sr. No.	Author	Title	Provider
1.	Maverik Incorporation	PCN	Maverik Incorporation
2.	Maverik Incorporation	MR	Maverik Incorporation
3.	Maverik Incorporation	Emission Reduction Calculation Sheet	Maverik Incorporation
4.	Eurofins Analytical Services India Pvt. Ltd.	Analytical Report	Maverik Incorporation
5.	Legal Metrology, Gujarat	Weigh bridge calibration certificate	Maverik Incorporation

6.	Nisol Manufacturing Company Private Limited	Delivery Slips	Maverik Incorporation
7.	Nisol Manufacturing Company Private Limited	Factory License	Maverik Incorporation
8.	Nisol Manufacturing Company Private Limited	Nisol's Spent tobacco (Waste) distribution (2024)	Maverik Incorporation
9.	Gujarat Pollution Control Board	Consolidated Consent & Authorization	Maverik Incorporation

Appendix 4. Clarification request, corrective action request and forward action request

Table 1. CLs from this Project Verification

CLID	00	Section		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
		no.		
Descripti	on of CL:	·		
			n/a	
Project O	wner's respon	ise		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
			n/a	
Documer	ntation provide	ed by Project Own	er	
			n/a	
UCR Proj	ect Verifier as:	sessment		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
			n/a	

Table 2. CARs from this Project Verification

CAR ID	00	Section no.		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
Descriptio	n of CAR			
			n/a	
Project Ow	ner's res	ponse		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
			n/a	
Document	ation prov	vided by Project (Owner	
			n/a	
UCR Project	ct Verifier	assessment		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
			n/a	

Table 3. FARs from this Project Verification

FAR ID	Nil	Section		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
		no.		
Descriptio	n of FAR			
			n/a	
Project Ow	ner's response			Date: DD/MM/YYYY
			n/a	
Document	ation provided by	Project Owne	r	
			n/a	
UCR Project	ct Verifier assessı	nent		Date: DD/MM/YYYY
			n/a	



















GUJARAT POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

PARYAVARAN BHAVAN, SECTOR 10-A, GANDHINAGAR - 382010,

(T) 079-23232152

CONSOLIDATED CONSENT AND AUTHORIZATION (CC & A) CCA NO: AWH: 132586 Appl Type: CCA-Renewal

CCA NO: AWH: 132586 Appl Type: CCA-Renewal

NO: GPCB/CCA-AND-114(2)/ IB-32186/ 78 2/3/56

Date: ≥8/02/2024

In exercise of the power conferred under Section-25 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. 1974, under Section - 21 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. 1974, under Section - 21 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. 1981 and Authorization under rule 6(2) of the Hazardous & Other Watest (Management and Control of Pollution) Act. 1986.

And whereas Board has received consolidated application dated 23/10/2024 and inward No. 303552 for the Consolidated Consent and Authorization (CC & A) of this Board under the provisions / rules of the aforesaid Acts, Consolidated Consent & Authorization is hereby granted as under.

CONSOLIDATED CONSENT AND AUTHORIZATION: (Under the provisions / rules of the aforesaid Environmental Acts

To., Ms. Nisol Manufacturing Company Pvt. Ltd., Plot No. 114/115P, Jahaj-388580, Tal: Khambhat, Dist: Anand.

Consent Order No.: AWH: 132586 date of issue 26/02/2024.

The consent under Water Act-1974. Air Act-1981 & Authorization under Environment (Protection) Act. 1986 shall be valid up to 31/12/2028 to operate industrial plant for manufacturing of the following products.

Sr. No.	List of Products	Quantity
1	Nicotine Sulphate (40%)	150 MT/Month
2	Nicotine Alkaloid (95%)	25 MT/Month
2	Nicotine USP/EP	20 MT/Month
4	Leaf Powdering	8500 MT/Month
-	Spent Tobacco dust	8500 MT/Month

4 Leaf Powdering

5 SPECIFIC CONDITION:
Unit shall not carry out any activity which may attract the provisions of EIA Notification 2006 and its subsequent amendments. Applicant shall obtain prior permission of Central Ground Water Authority for withdrawal of ground water/use of bore wells.
Management of Solid Waste generated from industrial activities shall be as per Solid Waste Management Rules-2016 (solid waste as defined in Rule-2 (46) and has to comply with the guidelines published time to time by the Central Pollution Control Board, New Delhi. (if applicable).
Applicant shall comply with the grovisions of the Plastic Waste Management Rules'2016 and has to comply with the grovisions of the E-Waste Management Rules'2016 and has to comply with the grovisions of the E-Waste Management Rules'2016 and has to comply with the guidelines published time to time by the Central Pollution Control Board, New Delhi. (if applicable).

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GPCB ID: 32168

Page 1 of 5

Clean Gujarat Green Gujarat Website: https://gpcb.gujarat.gov.in

Applicant shall comply with the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Management Rules-2016 and has to comply with the guidelines published time to time by the Central Pollution Control Board, New Delhi. (if applicable).

CONDITION UNDER THE WATER ACT:
The quantity of total water consumption shall not exceed 255.00 KL/Day as per below
break up as mentioned in form D submitted for consent application under the Water Act-1974.
a) Industrial: 225.0 KL/Day a) Industrial: 225.0 KL/Da
 b) Domestic: 30.0 KL/Day.

Source of water: Bore well
The quantity of total waste mater generation shall not exceed 201.00 KL/Day as per below
break up as mentioned in form D submitted for consent application under the Water Act-1974.
a) Industrial: 175.0 KL/Day

b) Domestic: 26.0 KL/Day

 Modes of disposal of treated industrial effluent: Zero liquid discharge
 b) Description for treated industrial effluent disposal: The generated industrial effluent shall be completely reuse back in to process. Thus unit shall maintain zero liquid discharge.

Omestic sewage management:

a) Mode of disposal of treated domestic sewage: Plantation & gardening within premises.
b) Description for treated domestic sewage disposal: The generated sewage shall be treated in sewage Treatment Plant (STP) and treated sewage shall be utilized for plantation and gardening within premises after confirming following norms.

plantation and gardening within	premises after confirming following norm.
Parameter	Permissible Limit
BOD (3 days at 27°C)	20 mg/l
Total Suspended Solids	30 mg/l
Residual Chlorine	0.5 ppm

Flow meters (metering system) shall be installed at raw water source, STP inlet, STP outlet, reuse line for industrial waste water reuse and records shall be maintained in tamper proof 3.6

Unit shall develop green belt within premises as per the CPCB guidelines. However, if the Unit shall develop green belt within premises as per the CPCB guidelines. However, if the adequate land is not available within premises, the unit shall it up with local agencies like gram panchayat, school, social forestry office etc. for the plantation at suitable open land in nearby locality and submit an action plan of plantation for next three years to GPCB. Adequate plantation shall be carried out all along the periphery of the industrial premises in such a way that the density of plantation is at least 1500 trees per acre of land and a green belt of 10 meters whith is developed. Green belt of adequate width and density shall be provided in 33 % area to mitigate the effects of fugitive emissions all around the plant with local species in consultation with the DFO as per the CPCB guidelines.

CONDITIONS UNDER THE AIR ACT:

Unit shall use fuel as specified in this consent and the flue gas emission through stack shall conform to the following standards:

Page 2 of 5

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GUJARAT GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, EX., 31-03-2011 Schedule VIII



(See rule 16(3)) Office of the Controller, Legal Metrology, Gujarat State Certificate of Verification

Certificate No: 2985436/AND/2024/01

Name of Legal Metrology Officer: SMT M N SANCHALA No.: 111 Date: 16/03/2024 Locality: Petlad

I hereby certify that I have this day verified and stamped the under mentioned weights, measures, etc. Belonging to .NISOL MANUFACTURING COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED, Trader Type: NEW GOODS, Address: JAHAJ, JAHAJ, Country: INDIA, State: Gujarat, District: Anand, Taluka: Khambhat, Village: Jahaj, Pincode: 388620

Item Details								
Sub Category	Item	Description	Inst Type	Unit	Approved Units	Fees	Additional Fees	VC Place
Weighing Instru	ments							
NON- AUTOMATIC WEIGHING INSTRUMEN T - ELECTRONI C CLASS III	100 t	MAKE LEOPARD, SRNO 13324, MAX 100TN, MIN 100kg, eVALUE 5/10kg.	Immovable	1	ī	2000.00	0.00	Outside Office

Total Rs. 4300.00 deposited vide T. Receipt/ Money receipt No.2482100 dated 15/03/2024 Repaired by/ Used by

FEE CALCULATION								
FEE	LATE FEE	HANDLING CHARGE	TA / DA	OTHER FEE	TOTAL			
4000.00	0.00	100.00	200.00	0.00	4300.00			

Next verification due on 16/03/2025

Banchala iunio inamia (Signature) Legal Metrology Officer Div - Petlad

(1) The trader/ user can present his weights and measures directly to the Legal Metrology Officer also.

(2) In the case of rejected weights, measures, etc the Legal Metrology Officer shall give separate Certificate of rejection mentioning the reasons of rejection against each item.

💸 eurofins



Batch code: EUINBA-00194063 Report code: AR-24-IR-075000-01

Report date: 02.08.2024

NISOL MANUFACTURING COMPANY PVT. LTD. - Anand REG. OFFICE: RANCHHODKRUPA, RR. PATEL MARG, AT- DHARMAI, TALUKA - PETLAD, 3884J0Anand. Gujarat, INDIA



Mr NILANSHU GAJJAR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Sample co	de:	258-2024	-07010423	Report code:	AR-24-IR-075000-01		
				Received on:	27.07.2024		
				Analysed between:	29.07.2024 - 01.08.2024		
Sample re	ference		stomer Provided Details :				
			ampled on : Composite sample of 1st Week of May-24 O No : NMCPL/24-25/NG/005				
		Date : 22					
			bacco (1st Week of May-24)				
Quantity	receive	d: 270g		Sample packing:	Polythene Pack		
Condition on receipt: Good				Discipline:	Chemical		
Group: Food at			Agricultural Products	Sampling:	NOT SAMPLED BY EUROFINS		
PHYSICAL			Method	Result Unit	LOQ		
IR138	IR	pH(10% Solution)	EASI-CHE-SOP-262	10.92			
CHEM	IICA:	L	Method	Result Unit	LOQ		
IR467	IR	Nitrogen	IS 7219	1.77 g/100 g	0.1		
IR227	IR	Total Chloride	AOAC 935.43	2.43 g/100 g	0.1		
IR059	IR	Total ash	AOAC 945.46	37.51 g/100 g	0.1		
IR0V3	IR	Total organic	EASI-CHE-SOP-213	58.34 g/100 g			
		matters					
IRC26	IR	Total Solids	AOAC 966.02	91.45 g/100 g	0.1		
		NTAMINANTS	Method	Result Unit	LOQ		
IR1WR	IR	Copper (Cu)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	9.34 mg/kg	0.1		
IR1WS	IR	Chromium (Cr)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	6.38 mg/kg	0.1		
IR1WP	IR	Manganese (Mn)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	9.86 mg/100 g			
IR1WT	IR	Nickel (Ni)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	26.15 mg/kg	0.1		
IR38G	IR	Arsenic (As)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	1.01 mg/kg	0.05		
IR38K	IR	Mercury (Hg)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	0.02 mg/kg	0.01		
IR38H	IR	Lead (Pb)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	2.26 mg/kg	0.05		
IR38J	IR	Cadmium (Cd)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	0.38 mg/kg	0.02		
IR1ZY	IR	Sodium (Na)	EASI-CHE-SOP-44	840.00 mg/100 g	1		

Eurofins Analytical Services India Private Limited





Report date: 20.08.2024

NISOL MANUFACTURING COMPANY PVT. LTD. - Anand REG. OFFICE: RANCHHODKRUPA, R.R. PATEL MARG, AT- DHARMAJ, TALUKA - PETLAD, 388430Anand. Gujarat, INDIA



Mr NILANSHU GAJJAR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Sample code:		258-202	4-08004475	Report code:	AR-24-IR-082089-01
				Received on:	13.08.2024
				Analysed between:	14.08.2024 - 20.08.2024
Sample reference	e	Custom	er Provided Details:		
				ple of 1st Week of MAY -2024	
			/08/2024		
			NMCPL/24-25/NG/0		
Sample name:			obacco (1st week of N		
Quantity receiv		445g		Sample packing:	Polythene pack
Condition on re	ceipt:	Good		Sampling:	NOT SAMPLED BY EUROFINS
MICROBIO	DLOGIC	AL	Method	Result Unit	LOQ
IR021 IR	Salmonel	la	ISO 6579-1	Not detected /25 g	
IR034 IR	Escherick	nia coli	ISO 16649-2	<10 cfu/g	10

Mr Sourabh Halder Manager - Microbiology

LOQ = Limit of Quantification

Eurofins Analytical Services India Private Limited





NISOL MANUFACTURING COMPANY PVT. LTD. - Anand REG. OFFICE: RANCHHODKRUPA, RR. PATEL MARG, AT. DHARMAJ, TALUKA - PETLAD, 38840 Anand Gujarat, INDIA



Mr NILANSHU GAJJAR

ANALYTICAL REPORT

Sample co	de:	258-2024	I-08004476	Report code:	AR-24-IR-081545-01		
				Received on:	13.08.2024		
				Analysed between:	13.08.2024 - 19.08.2024		
Sample re	ferenc		Customer Provided Details:				
		Sampled Date: 03/l	On:Composite Sample of 1st \	Veek of MAY -2024			
			MCPL/24-25/NG/006				
Sample na	me:	Spent To	bacco (1st week of MAY-24)				
Quantity r				Sample packing:	Polythene pack		
Condition	on rec	eipt: Good		Sampling:	NOT SAMPLED BY EUROFINS		
PESTI	CIDE	ES	Method	Result Unit	LOQ		
IR0LG	IR	DDT (DDT+ DDE + TDE)	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		
IR2DY	IR	Chlordane, trans-	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		
IR2GH	IR	Heptachlor	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		
IR2GB	IR	Endrin	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		
IR2AU	IR	Aldrin	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		
IR2B5	IR	Mirex	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		
IR2B2	IR	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		
IR2AZ	IR	Dieldrin	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		
IR76S	IR	Toxaphene	EASI-CHE-SOP-21	<0.01 mg/kg	0.01		

(camphechlor)

The tests identified by the two letters code IR are performed by Eurofins Analytical Services India (Bangalore), INDIA.

Necesty 17

Mr Nagabhushana H P

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Eurofins Analytical Services India Private Limited





AR-24-IR-081565-01 13.08.2024

Batch code: EUINBA-00195627 Report code: AR-24-IR-081565-01

Report date: 19.08.2024

NISOL MANUFACTURING COMPANY PVT. LTD. - Anand REG. OFFICE: RANCHHODKRUPA, R.R. PATEL MARG, AT: DHARMAJ, TALUKA - PETLAD, 388490,Anand. Gujarat, IVDIA

258-2024-08004478

Mr NILANSHU GAJJAR



ANALYTICAL REPORT

		Analysed between:	13.08.2024 - 19.08.2024
Sample reference	Customer Provided Details: Sampled On:Composite Sample of 1s Date:03/08/2024 PO NO:NMCPL/24-25/NG/006	t Week of MAY -2024	
Sample name:	Spent Tobacco (1st week of MAY-24)		
Quantity received:	445g	Sample packing:	Polythene pack
Condition on receipt:	Good	Sampling:	NOT SAMPLED BY EUROFINS
POLYCYCLIC AR	OMATIC Resul	t Unit 1	200
HYDROCARBONS			
	natic hydrocarbons (Sum of 4 PAH) Method: EASI-CHE	-SOP-165
	natic hydrocarbons (Sum of 4 PAH		-SOP-165 0.5
IR424 IR Poly arou	natic hydrocarbons (Sum of 4 PAH 1.99	μg/kg (
IR424 IR Poly arou Benz(a)anthracene	natic hydrocarbons (Sum of 4 PAH 1.99 0.78	μg/kg 0 μg/kg 0).5
IR424 IR Poly aron Benz(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	natic hydrocarbons (Sum of 4 PAH 1.99 0.78 2.34	μg/kg 0 μg/kg 0 μg/kg 0	0.5

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Mr Nagabhushana H P

Eurofins Analytical Services India Private Limited

DELIVERÝ SLIP

DATE 8-5-24

SLIP NO.

VILLAGE OKY 2157

VALIDITY DRIVER'S NAME

DRIVER'S SIGN. _

ISSUE SIGNATURE

RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE



ships was

નોંધ : તાલપત્રી ફરજીયાત લાવવાની રહેશે. તાલપત્રી વગર ૨૦૦ રૂ. દંક લેવામાં આવશે.

TORMAT NO. : GT/008/00.01

SOL-126

REVISION: 00

EFFECTIVE DATE: 10/05/2024