## Homework 06

## ARE 254 Fall 2019

In class, we discussed the L&L Example 6.4.1 growth model with and without an irreversible investment constraint:  $f(k) \ge c$ .

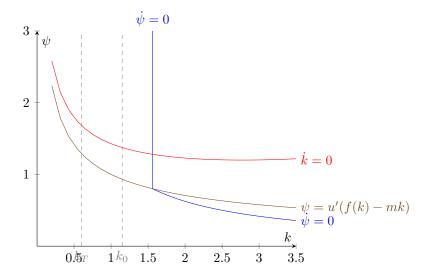
$$\max_{c(t)} \int_0^T e^{-\rho t} u(c(t)) dt \qquad st \qquad \dot{k} = f(k) - c - mk$$

Boundary conditions  $k_0, k_T, T$ 

Assume  $u(c) = \log c$  and  $f(k) = k^{\alpha}$ 

- 1. Write down the optimality conditions for the problem with the irreversibile investment constraint. Derive the ODEs that characterize the optimal path
- 2. Plot phase-plane diagrams in  $k, \psi$  (state / co-state) space for the model with and without irreversibility constraints. Indicate steady-states and nullclines. Assume  $\alpha=0.5, \rho=0.1, m=0.3$ . You might find the tikz/pgfplots code from the lecture notes helpful (see raw markdown.)
- 3. Numerically solve for the optimal path given  $k_0 = 1.15$  and  $k_T = 1.15$  in both the constrained and unconstrained cases. Compare the optimal paths depending on whether the constraint binds. Try to find a short value for T such that c(0) increases when you impose the constraint. Now find a long value for T such that c(0) decreases.

For the constrained case, you'll need to divide your problem into two parts – an unconstrained part for  $t \in [0,\hat{t}]$  and a constrained part for  $t \in [\hat{t},T]$ . My suggestion is that you characterize the constrained part analytically and compute the value of entering the constrained region— $V(\hat{k},\hat{t})$ . Then make this a scrap value for your unconstrained part. You'll need to find the right TVC for a free  $\hat{t}$  and free  $\hat{k}$ . You should be able to solve the unconstrained part with one of the 3 methods discussed in class (shooting or finite-element collocation with BoundaryValueDiffEq.jl or spectral collocation M&F/Judd style).



## Note

I know it takes a long time for packages to load and precompile when you first start a Jupyter Notebook. You can ease the pain here by creating a Julia *package* that includes a Project.toml and Manifest.toml file. If you put your Jupyter Notebook in this directory, it will know about all the Packages in the .toml files... and, if you resolve the package, it will quit precompiling so much. See the Pkg.jl docs.

To do this

- In the REPL, switch to shell mode by typing; and change to a base directory, cd [basedir]
- 2. In the REPL, switch to package mode by typing ] and generate a new package generate MyGeniusHwk06
- $3.\ \, {\rm In\ the\ REPL},\, {\rm cd\ into\ this\ directory}$  ; cd MyGeniusHwk06
- 4. Activate the package in the current directory ] activate .
- 5. Add packages to your new package, for example, ] add Plots

Now create a new Jupyter notebook in this directory. This Jupyter notebook should be aware of all the packages in your project MyGeniusHwk06. You can now manage the packages directly from your notebook.

To stop repetitive re/precompiling messages, resolve your project environment before getting going. ] resolve Do this either in the MyGeniusHwkO6 environment from the REPL, or from your Jupyter noteoobk.

Note: if you need to install packages for someone else's environment, you can activate the environment and run ] instantiate.