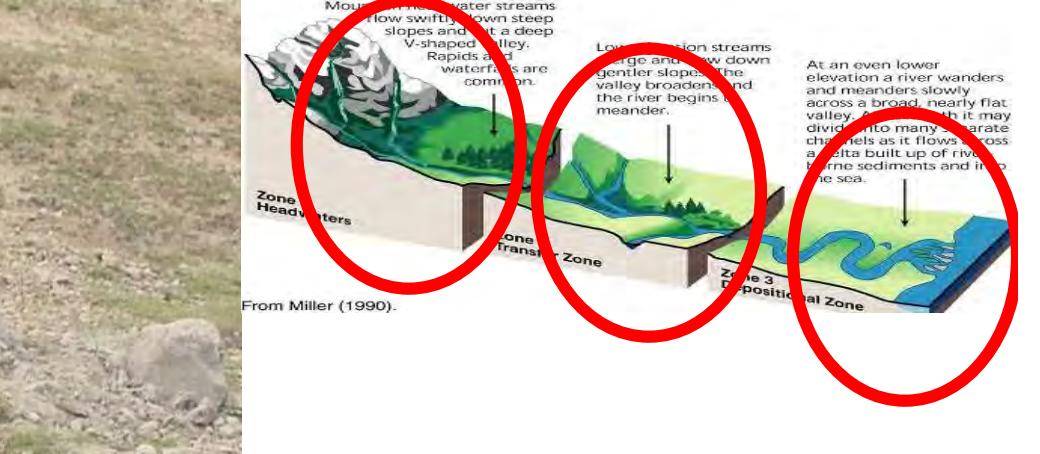




# Introduction to Spring Development



This training was prepared by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) team of Otto Gonzalez-USDA Foreign Agricultural Service (Team Leader), Jon Fripp (Civil Engineer) and Chris Hoag (Wetland Plant Ecologist)-USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service (Civil Engineers). Fripp and Hoag were the primary authors of this material. The U.S. AID provided funding support for the USDA team.



## Spring Developments Can Provide

- Water for agriculture irrigation
- Water for livestock
- Water for people

Spring Developments can be constructed in any zone





# To understand Spring Development, you need to understand soil attributes

- Gravel
- Clay





# Gravel



Water can easily flow through gravel





# Clay



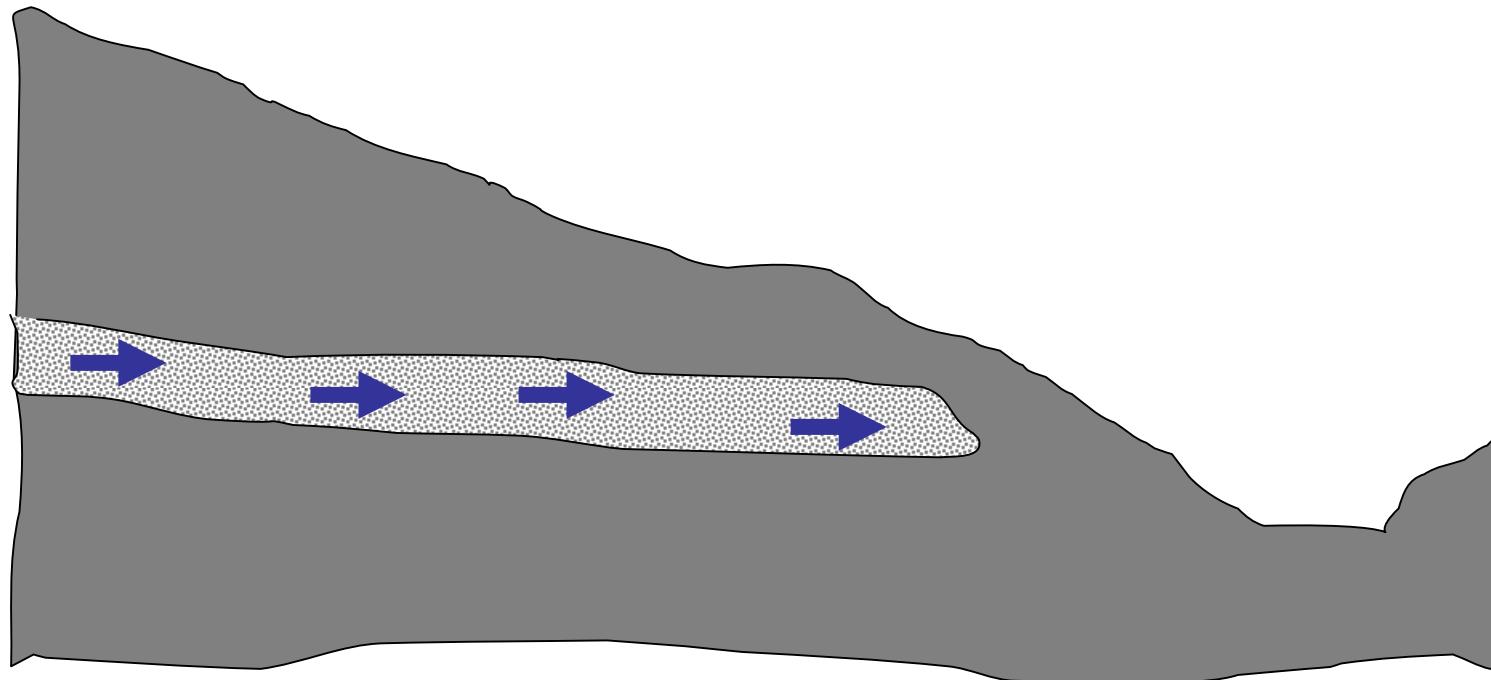
18 10:19

Water can not easily  
flow through clay





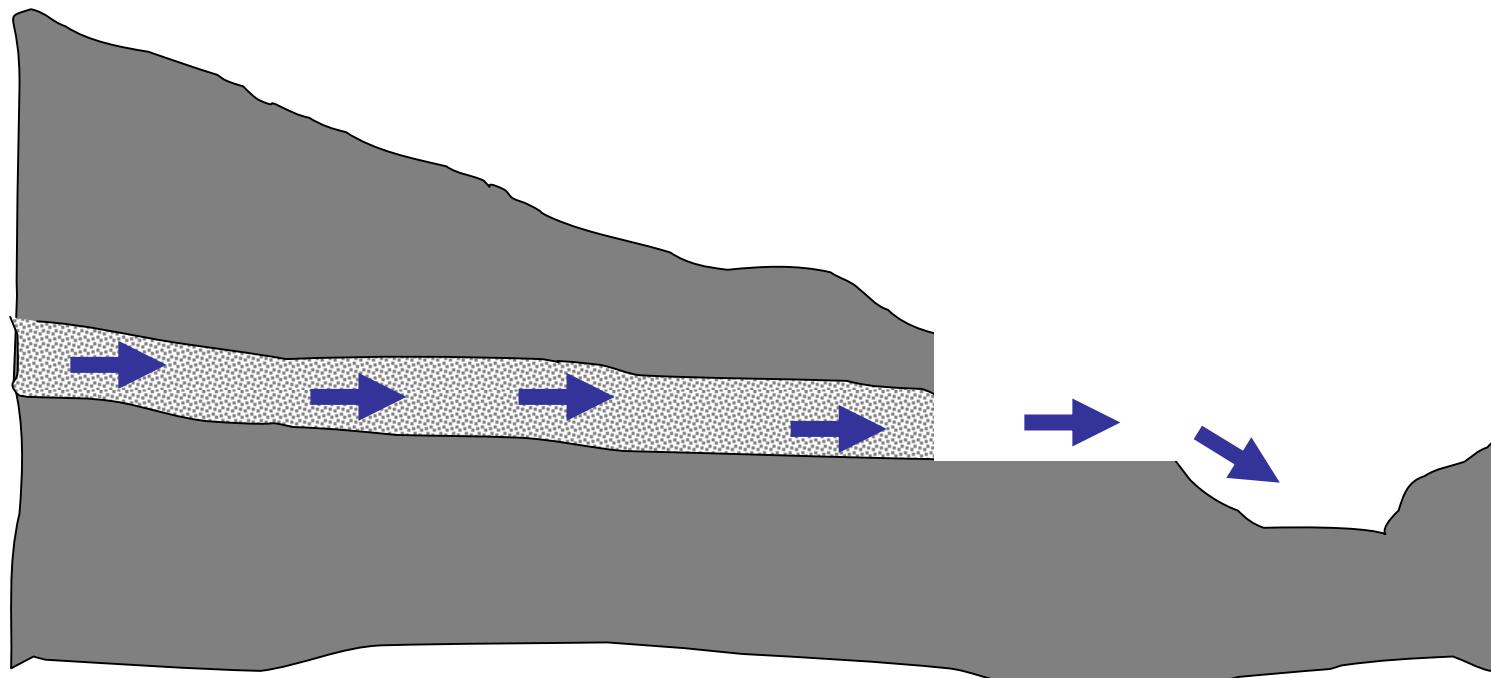
- Water can be contained in a gravel layer
- The clay may keep it from coming out very fast or at all



Section



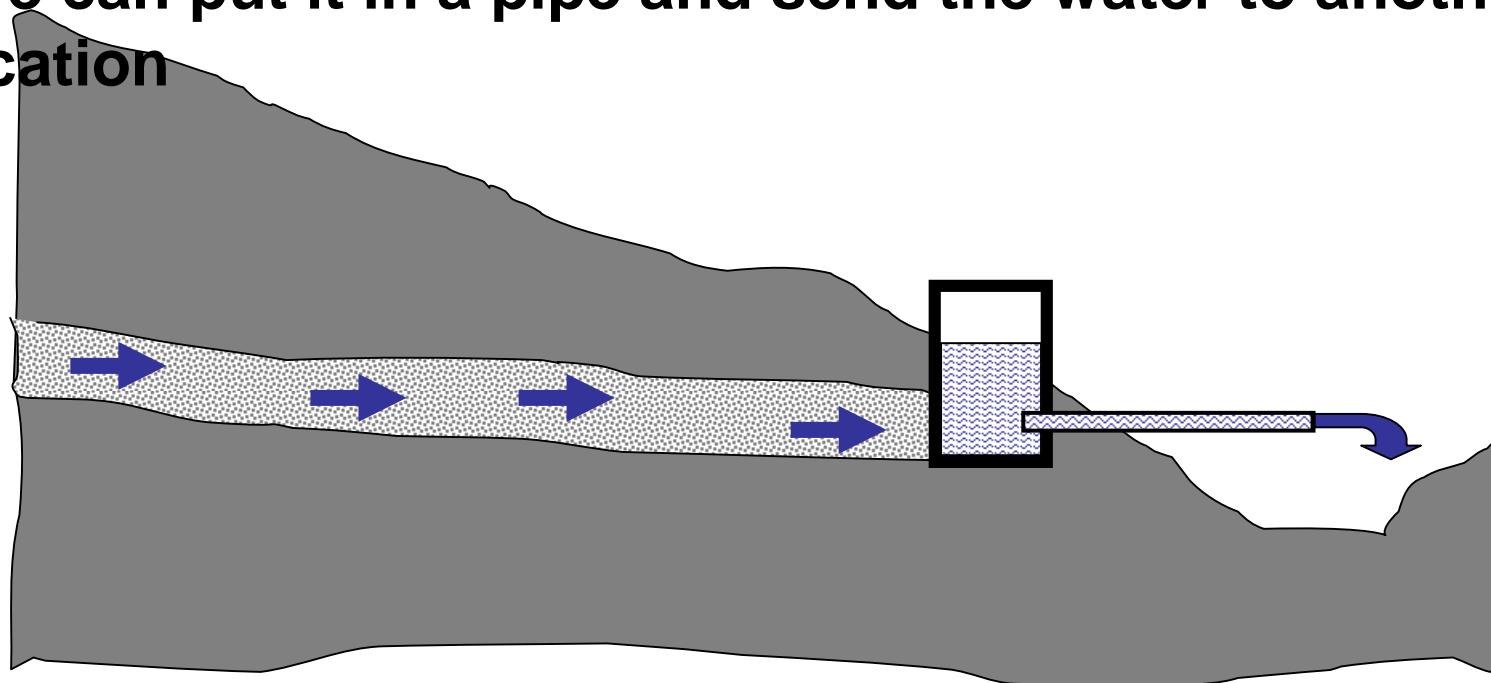
- If you dig out the clay, the water will not be trapped in the gravel
- It will come out
- But it will be uncontrolled



Section



- If we use a spring box, we can control the water as it comes out of the gravel layer
- We can use it as a well
- We can put it in a pipe and send the water to another location



Section



# Construct a Spring Box

A spring box is a hollow box or barrel with holes along one side.

It can be a:

- Plastic Barrel
- Metal Barrel
- Concrete Pipe
- Plastic Box
- Stone
- etc





- Install a pipe 15 cm from the bottom of the spring box. Seal around the edge



# Locate a suitable area



Should be wet

*You may need help from an engineer or someone experienced with spring box locations*

# Dig a little to see if it will provide water



15 1:48AM



# If so, excavate a larger hole.

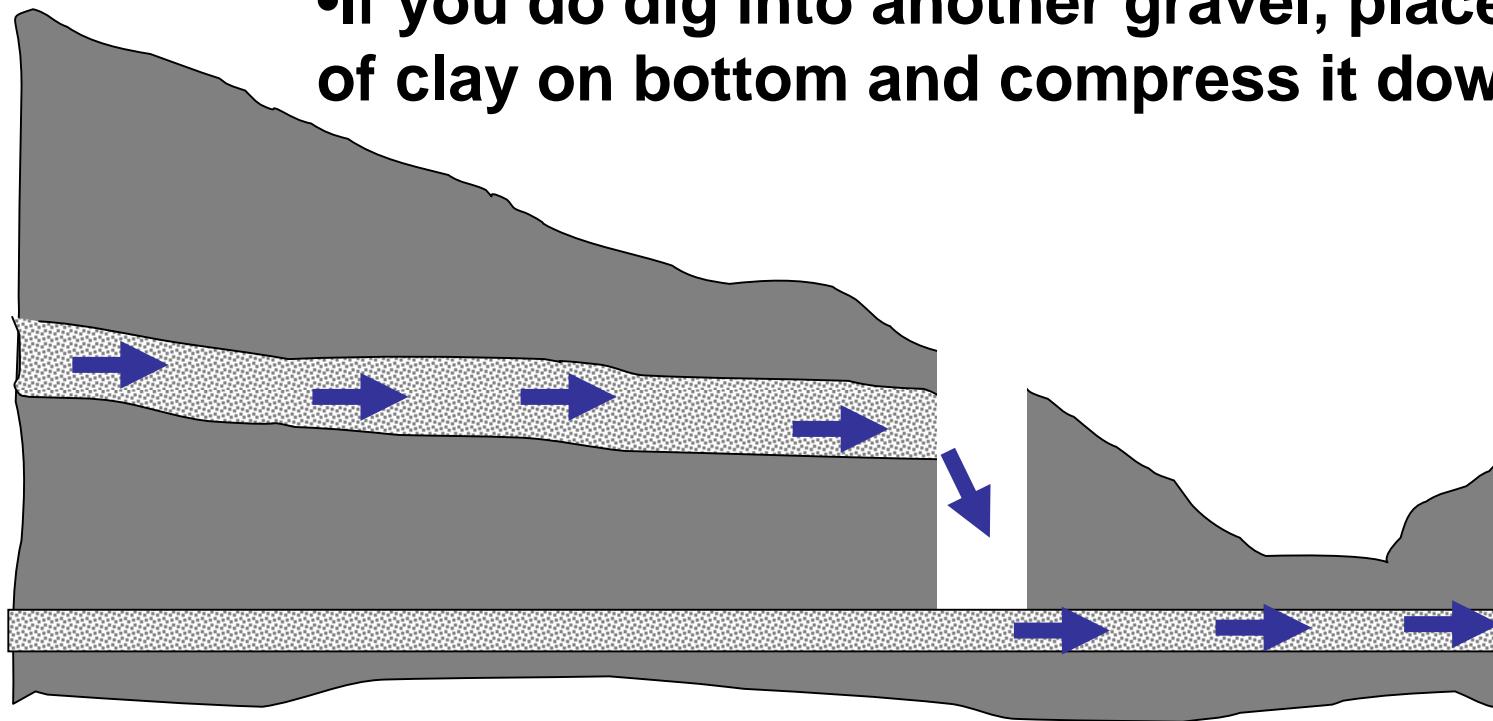


The hole should be larger than the size of the spring box





- Do NOT dig to another gravel layer or you might drain the water away.
- Stop digging if you feel gravel
- If you do dig into another gravel, place 15 cm of clay on bottom and compress it down



Section



# Excavate a trench from the hole to a lower elevation.



**Place the  
spring box in  
the hole and  
the pipe in the  
trench**



- Place a clay plug or plastic sheet in the trench below the spring box

Place a filter fabric around the spring box that covers the holes but still lets the water through

Fill the hole around the spring box with gravel

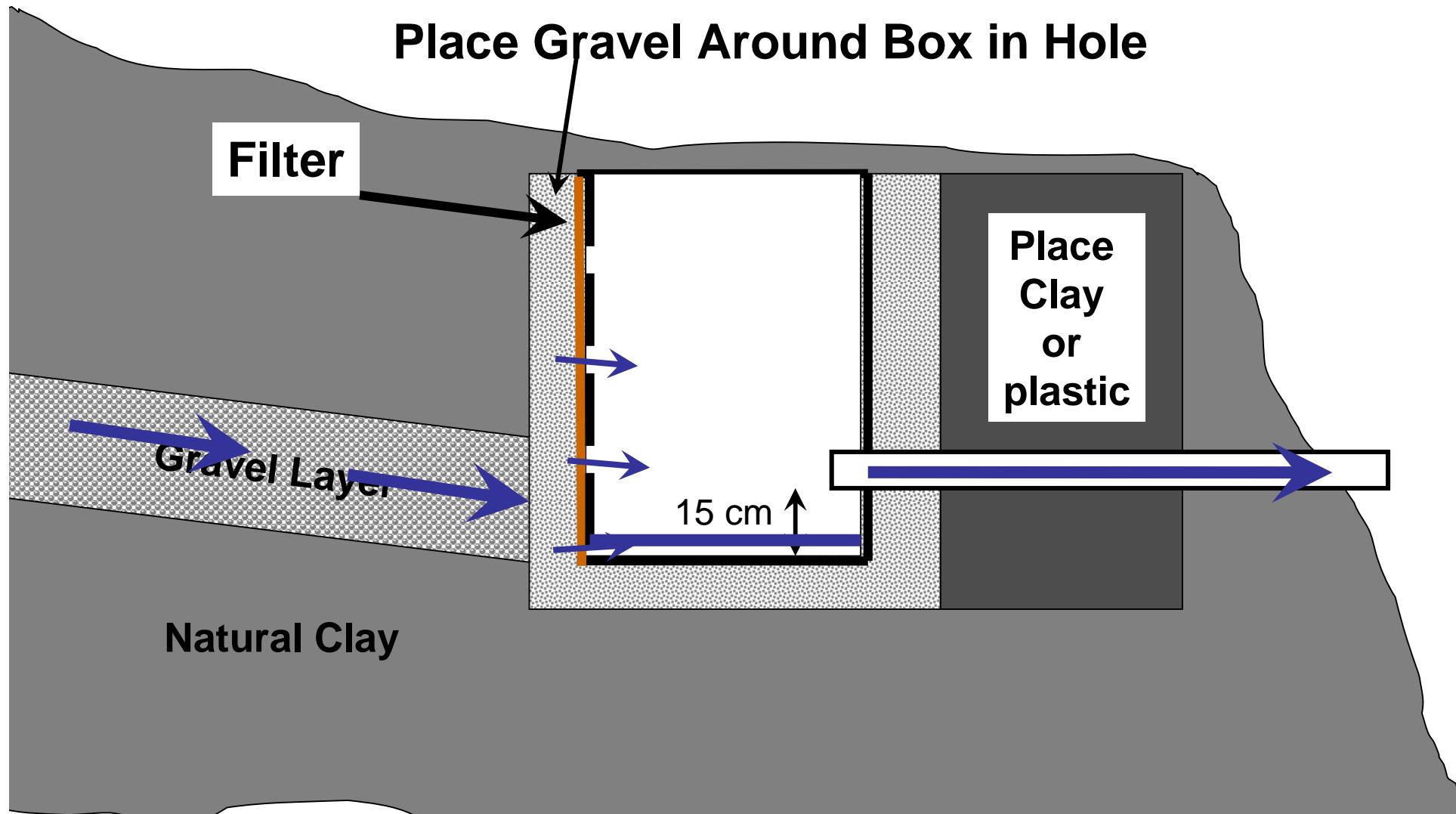
Place a lid on the spring box to keep dirty water and animals out



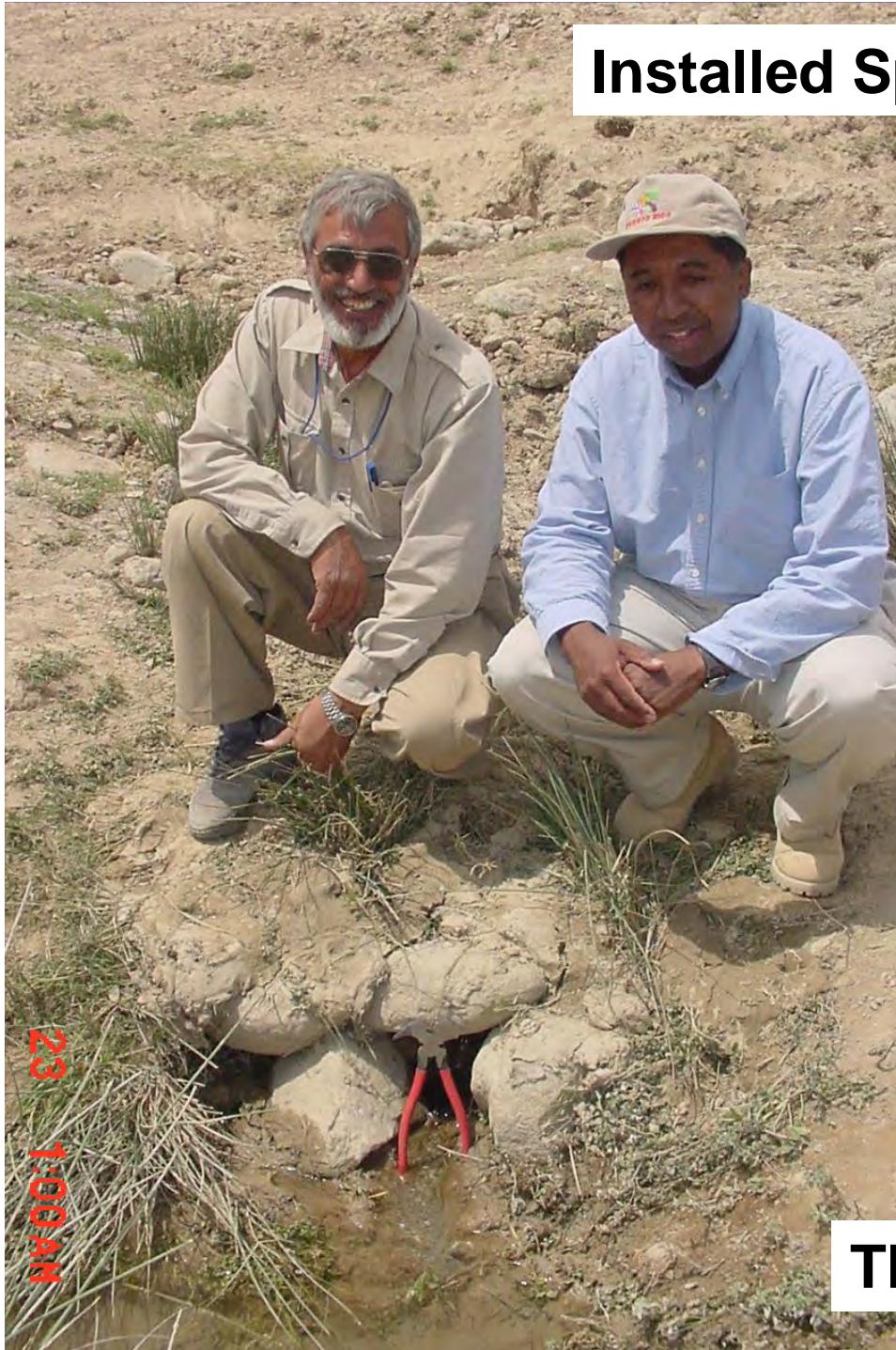
23 2.024M



# This is a cross section of an installed spring box



# Installed Spring Boxes



The End

23  
2:3

