



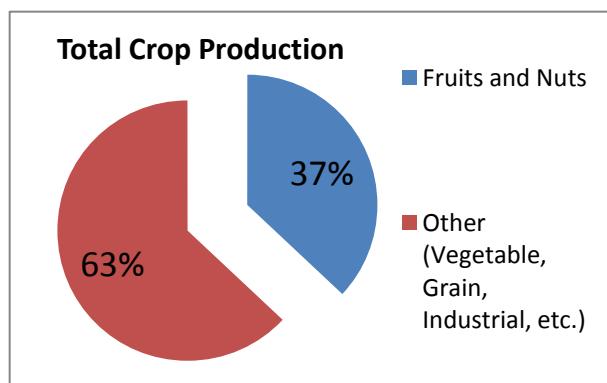
# Kunar Province

## About Kunar

Kunar is located in the east of Afghanistan. This province has large forested areas and nearly 86% of the province is mountainous. Kunar has a population of 413,008 people (2008 census). Kunar is also one of the Kuchi (nomadic herdsmen) pastoral destinations.

## Kunar Districts: Agricultural Characteristics

Kunar has 15 districts; Asadabad, Wata Pur, Dar-I-Pech, Narang, Sir Kani, Mara Wara, Dangam, Bar Kunar, Shigal, Chapa Dara, Nurgol, Sawkai, Khas Kunar, Nari, and Ghaziabad.



The mountainous topography results in a diversified agriculture across the various districts. Fruits and nuts make up 37% of the total crop production. Other important crops include wheat, maize, potato, onion and cotton. Most farmers have livestock, especially the Kuchi, whose livelihood depends on animal husbandry. Sheep and goats are the dominant household livestock.

## Main Agricultural Crops

Fruits and Nuts	Walnut Mulberry Grapes
Grains	Wheat Maize
Vegetables	Onion, Potato
Industrial	Cotton, Sugarcane

## Important Export Crops

Walnut
Grapes

## Possible Opportunities for Agriculture improvement

Farmers in Kunar produce different crops with walnuts, mulberry and grapes being the most important. Animal husbandry, pasture improvement, horticultural projects (nursery improvement), value adding (product processing), postharvest technology and irrigation system improvement are some potential areas for development.

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For more information visit: International Programs [ip.ucdavis.edu](http://ip.ucdavis.edu)

Primary reference: USAID report <http://afghanag.ucdavis.edu/afghanistan-province-agriculture-profiles>

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