Summary

X Education gets a lot of leads, its lead conversion rate is very poor at around 30%. The company requires us to build a model wherein we need to assign a lead score to each of the leads such that the customers with a higher lead score have higher conversion chance. CEO's target for lead conversion rate is around 80%.

Data Cleaning:

- There are lot of columns which have null values. These columns are not useful. But since, there are approx 9000 rows in dataframe, we need to eliminate the columns missing values > 3000. Just assumption basis.
- Numerical categorical data were imputed with mode and columns with only one unique response from customer were dropped.
- Other activities like outliers' treatment, fixing invalid data, grouping low frequency values, mapping binary categorical values were carried out.
- It is evident that the columns "Lead Profile" and "How did you hear about X Education" contain numerous rows with the value "Select," which does not contribute to the analysis. Therefore, it is advisable to remove these rows."
- Drop Lead Profile and how did how hear about X Education cols

EDA:

- Data imbalance checked- only 38.5% leads converted.
- Performed univariate and bivariate analysis for categorical and numerical variables. 'Lead
 Origin,' 'Current occupation,' 'Lead Source,' etc. provide valuable insight on effect on target
 variable.
- Time spend on website shows positive impact on lead conversion.

Data Preparation:

- Created dummy features (one-hot encoded) for categorical variables.
- Splitting Train & Test Sets: 70:30 ratio.
- Feature Scaling using Standardization.
- Dropped few columns, they were highly correlated with each other.

Model Building:

- Used RFE to reduce variables from 48 to 15. This will make data frame more manageable.
- Manual Feature Reduction process was used to build models by dropping variables with p value > 0.05.
- Total 3 models were built before reaching final Model 4 which was stable with (p-values < 0.05). No sign of multicollinearity with VIF < 5.
- logm4 was selected as final model with 12 variables, we used it for making prediction on train and test set.

Model Evaluation:

- Confusion matrix was made and cut off point of 0.42 was selected based on accuracy, sensitivity, and specificity plot. This cut off gave accuracy, specificity, and precision all close to 80%. Whereas precision recall view gave less performance metrics around 75%.
- As to solve business problem CEO asked to boost conversion rate to 80%, but metrics dropped when we took precision-recall view. So, we will choose sensitivity-specificity view for our optimal cut-off for final predictions.
- Lead score was assigned to train data using 0.42 as cut off.

Making Predictions on Test Data:

- Evaluation metrics for train & test are very close to around 80%.
- Lead score was assigned.

Conclusion:

- More budget/spend can be done on Welingak Website in terms of advertising, etc.
- Incentives/discounts for providing reference that convert to lead, encourage clients to provide more references.
- Working professionals to be aggressively targeted as they have high conversion rate and will have better financial situation to pay higher fees too.