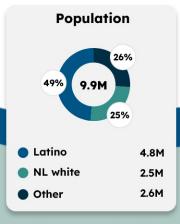
# EXTREME HEAT

#### Latino Policy & Politics Institute UCLA Climate & Health Dashboard

# **Los Angeles County**

# **County Statistics**

### **Factors Influencing Exposure to Extreme Heat**



Median Age Latino: 32 NL white: 45

**Noncitizen Population** Latino: 21%

NL white: 5%

**Limited English Proficiency** Latino: 32% NL white: 7%

**Households** Latino: 60% NL white: 46% Rate

Latino: 16% NL white: 10%

**Median Income** (Household)

Latino: \$70k NL white: \$105k



**Benefits** 

Latino: 16% NL white: 6%



Insecurity Latino: 19% NL white: 10% Uninsured Rate

Latino: 13% NL white: 4%



Fair/Poor **Health Status** Latino: 20%

NL white: 10%



Life Expectancy

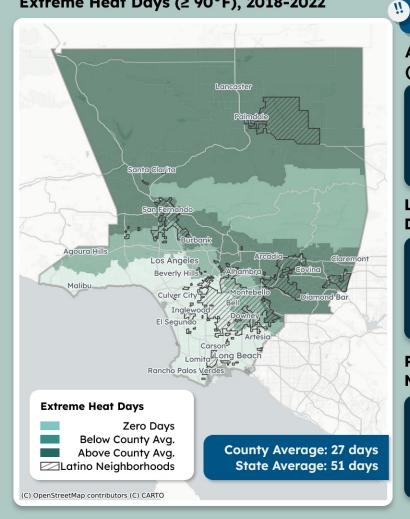
Latino: 80 yrs NL white: 80 yrs

NL white = Non-Latino white

# **Neighborhood Statistics**

#### **Extreme Heat Days**

Latino Neighborhoods and Exposure to Extreme Heat Days (≥ 90°F), 2018-2022



Latino neighborhoods = Census tracts with 70%+ Latino residents NL white neighborhoods = Census tracts with 70%+ NL white residents

Extreme heat days are defined as days where the temperature is at or above 90°F. Exposure to extreme heat poses significant health risks.

### **Annual Number of Extreme Heat Days** (2018-2022)

At 90°F, the risk of heat-related illnesses and conditions increases significantly.

Latino neighborhoods

**NL** white neighborhoods

**25** days

8 days

average days ≥ 90°F annually

### Longest Period of Consecutive Extreme Heat Days (2022)

The Federal Emergency **Management Agency** defines a period of extreme heat in most of the U.S. as a period of 2 to 3 days above 90°F.

Latino neighborhoods

**NL** white neighborhoods

9 days

7 days

consecutive days ≥ 90°F annually

### Projected Number of Extreme Heat Days by Mid-Century (2035-2064)

Looking forward, Latino neighborhoods are projected to experience a greater number of extreme heat days.

Latino neighborhoods

NL white neighborhoods

76 days

56 days

expected days ≥ 90°F annually

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# **Neighborhood Statistics (cont.)**

### **Barriers and Facilitators To Preventing Heat Exposure**

#### **Tree Canopy**



Tree canopy is land shaded by trees. Less tree canopy (fewer trees) = **Increased** exposure to extreme heat

% of Land with Tree Canopy

4%

Latino neighborhoods

NL white neighborhoods

#### **Impervious Surfaces**



Impervious surfaces are water-resistant surfaces such as concrete, asphalt, and

More impervious surfaces (like paved roads) = Increased exposure to extreme

% of Land with Impervious Surfaces

68%

Latino

neighborhoods

47% NL white neighborhoods

#### **Older Housing Units**



Older housing units are homes built before 1970 that often have poor insulation and inefficient HVAC systems. More older homes = Increased exposure

to extreme heat

% of Older Housing Units

67%

59%

Latino neighborhoods

**NL** white neighborhoods

### **Vulnerable Groups**

#### Age

Children and older adults are at higher risk for heat-related illnesses.

**25%** 11% ages 0-18 ages 65+ Latino neighborhoods

18% 21% ages 0-18 ages 65+ NL white neighborhoods

### **Workers in Heat-Exposed Industries**

Industries with the highest exposure to extreme heat include agriculture, construction, waste management, and warehousing. Jobs in these sectors carry increased risks of heat-related illnesses such as heat stroke, dehydration, chronic heat stress, and even premature death.

% of Workers in Heat-Exposed Industries

25%

8% Latino neighborhoods

NL white neighborhoods

#### Health

Extreme heat poses serious health risks, especially for people with conditions like heart disease, asthma, diabetes, and obesity. These individuals are more vulnerable because heat places extra stress on the body, worsening symptoms and increasing the risk of medical emergencies.

% of Adults (18+) with Pre-Existing Conditions

13% Latino

8%

**Diabetes** 

**NL** white

neighborhoods neighborhoods

**34%** Latino

24% NL white

neighborhoods neighborhoods

Obesity

### Emergency Department Visits (per 10,000 people)

**17** 

10

**NL** white Latino neighborhoods neighborhoods

**Heart Attacks** 

**67** 

Latino NL white neighborhoods neighborhoods

**Asthma Attacks** 

#### **Heat-Related Emergency Department Visits**

Heat-related emergency room visits serve as a critical

indicator of a neighborhood's vulnerability to

extreme temperatures and the effectiveness of its heat mitigation

strategies.

per 10,000 people

Latino neighborhoods

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1

NL white neighborhoods

#### **Disadvantaged Communities**

The CA Environmental Protection Agency defines disadvantaged communities based on their environmental pollution burden and population characteristics. Under Senate Bill 535, revenue from CA's Cap-and-Trade Program is partly directed toward these communities through the CA Climate Investments program to reduce pollution, enhance climate resilience, and improve health and economic well-being.

% of Disadvantaged Communities

88%

Latino

3% **NL** white

neighborhoods

neighborhoods