

Extreme Heat DRAFT Santa Clara County



Population Characteristics

Total Population size in 2022: 1.9 million

Latino Population: 0.5 million (25%) #8 in California

Non-Latino White Population: 0.6 million (28%)

County Statistics

Statistic	Latino	NL White	Total
Median Age	30.9	47.2	37.7
Non-U.S. Citizen Population	20%	7%	19%
Limited English Proficiency	25%	4%	20%
Median Household Income	\$98,317	\$160,922	\$153,792
Poverty Rate	9%	5%	7%
No Health Insurance	9%	2%	4%
Renter Occupied Households	63%	37%	44%
SNAP benefits	10%	2%	5%
Food Insecurity	42%	26%	39%
Self-Reported Health Status (Fair or Poor)	19%	9%	14%

Neighborhood-Level Analysis

Map 1. Latino and NL White Neighborhoods in Santa Clara County

High-Temperature Days

The federal government defines extreme heat in the U.S. as a period of 2 to 3 days above 90 degrees Fahrenheit.

- Latino neighborhoods historically experience more days with high temperatures. For instance, the average number of days with temperatures reaching 90°F between 2018 and 2022 is 67 days in Latino neighborhoods compared to 42 days in NL White neighborhoods, representing a difference of 25 days.
- Latino neighborhoods endure shorter heat waves. In recent years, these neighborhoods experienced an average of 11 consecutive days with temperatures at or above 90°F, while NL White neighborhoods experienced 11 consecutive days, a difference of roughly the same amount.

Looking forward, Latino neighborhoods are projected to experience a greater number of days with higher temperatures. Between 2035 and 2064, Latino neighborhoods are expected to experience an average of 49 days with temperatures of 90°F or higher, while NL White neighborhoods are expected to experience 48 days, a difference of 1 days. Between 2070 and 2099, Latino neighborhoods are expected to experience 74 days with temperatures of 90°F or higher, while NL White neighborhoods are expected to experience 71 days, a difference of 3 days.

Projected average number of days with temperatures of 100°F or higher:

- Between 2035 and 2064: Latino neighborhoods: 8 days, NL White neighborhoods: 7 days, a difference of 1 days.
- Between 2070 and 2099: Latino neighborhoods: 15 days, NL White neighborhoods: 15 days, a difference of roughly the same amount.

Older adults and children are at higher risk for heat-related illnesses. On average, a higher percentage of residents in Latino neighborhoods are 18 and under (27%) compared to predominantly NL White neighborhoods (21%), a difference of 6 days%. However, predominantly NL White neighborhoods, on average, have a higher percentage of the elderly (18%), with more residents being 65 and over, compared to Latino neighborhoods (10%), a difference of 8 days%.

Infographics

