

ICPSR 37392

# **Annual Survey of Jails, 2018**

United States Department of Justice. Office of Justice Programs. Bureau of Justice Statistics

**ICPSR Codebook** 

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# **Study Description**

## Citation

#### **Title Statement**

Title: Annual Survey of Jails: Jail-Level Data, 2018

Alternative Title: ASJ 2018

Identification No.: 37392

## **Responsibility Statement**

Authoring Entity: United States Department of Justice. Office of Justice Programs. Bureau of Justice Statistics

## **Production Statement**

Producer: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

Place of Production: Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

#### **Series Statement**

Series Name: Annual Survey of Jails: Jail-Level Data Series

#### Series Information:

The Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ), formerly titled known as National Survey of Jails, provides data on local jails and jail inmates. The series has been conducted annually since 1982 except in the years when the Census of Jails is conducted (1983, 1988, 1993, 1999, and 2005). From 1982 to 2014, the Census Bureau collected data for Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). Since 2015, the ASJ data have been collected by RTI, International.

Years Produced: Annually since 1982, except in years when the Census of Jails is conducted.

#### **Bibliographic Citation**

U.S. Dept. of Justice. Office of Justice Programs. Bureau of Justice Statistics. ANNUAL SURVEY OF JAILS: JAIL-LEVEL DATA, 2018 [Computer file]. Conducted by RTI, International. ICPSR37392. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [producer and distributor].

## **Study Scope**

## **Subject Information**

Keyword(s): correctional facilities, correctional system, demographic characteristics, jail inmates, jails, population characteristics

Topic Classification(s): Social Institutions and Behavior, Crime and the Criminal Justice System, Corrections

### **Abstract**

BJS conducts the Census of Jails to collect data on the size of the jail population and selected inmate characteristics every five to six years. In the years between censuses, BJS conducts the ASJ to produce national estimates on jail population size and characteristics. Key statistics include confined jail population, average daily population, rated capacity, supervised unconfined population, and admissions and releases. In addition, data on jail population by sex, race, and conviction status are collected, as well as data on juvenile population and the number of inmates held for state and federal authorities.

### **Summary Data Description**

Time Period: July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018

Date(s) of Collection: July, 2018 - December, 2018

Country: United States

Geographic Coverage: United States

Geographic Unit: City and County

Unit of Analysis: Jail Jurisdictions

Universe: All active jail jurisdictions (i.e., counties, municipalities, boroughs, etc.) in the United States as of June 29, 2018, excluding

jails in Indian countries.

Kind of Data: Survey data

#### **Notes**

#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

- Local jail: A confinement facility usually administered by a local law enforcement agency, intended for adults but sometimes also
  containing juveniles, that holds persons detained pending adjudication and/or persons committed after adjudication for sentences
  usually a year or less. Excluded from the survey are temporary holding or lockup facilities that are not part of a combined function of
  a jail jurisdiction, from which inmates are usually transferred within 72 hours and not held beyond arraignment.
- Jail jurisdiction: A county (parish in Louisiana), municipality, township, or regional authority that administers one or more local jails.
- · Regional jail: A jail in which two or more jurisdictions have a formal agreement to operate the facility.
- Juvenile: A person subject to the exercise of juvenile court jurisdiction for the purposes of adjudication and treatment based on the
  age and offense limitations as defined by state law. In the ASJ, a person of juvenile age is considered a juvenile even though they
  may be tried as an adult in criminal court.
- Adult criminal offender: A person subject to the original jurisdiction of the criminal court rather than the juvenile court because at the time of the offense the person was above a statutory age limit.
- Average daily population: To calculate the average daily population, respondents were instructed to add the number of persons for
  each day during the period of one year, and divide the sum by 365 (or 366 for a leap year).

## JAIL JURISDICTION AND REPORTING UNIT

The ASJ is a nationally representative survey of county or city jail jurisdictions and regional jails in the country. A jail jurisdiction is a county (parish in Louisiana) or municipal government that administers one or more local jails and represents the entity responsible for managing the jail facilities under its authority. Most jail jurisdictions consist of a single facility, but some contain multiple facilities and/or multiple facility operators, called reporting units. For example, two reporting units in Milwaukee County, Wisconsin--Milwaukee County House of Correction and Milwaukee County Sheriff's Office--represent a single jail jurisdiction.

The ASJ sample is drawn at the jurisdiction level. When a jail jurisdiction with multiple reporting units is sampled, data are collected from all reporting units within that jail jurisdiction.

Jail reporting units are identified by the 21-digit GID-government identification codes that the U.S. Census Bureau uses to identify governments in the United States based on the 2009 Census of Governments. The GID code identifies the general location of governments, and indicates whether they are state, county, city, place, or municipality organizations.

Jurisdictions are identified by the 9-digit JURISID, and all reporting units that fall under the same jurisdictions share the same JURISID. For most jails, JURISID is the same as the first 9 digits of the GID. For privately-operated jails, the third positions digits of GID and JURISID are different.

#### AGGREGATION TO JURISDICTION FILE

BJS recommends aggregating reporting units into jail jurisdictions and analyzing data at the jurisdiction level. Aggregation can be performed in statistical programs such as SPSS ("aggregate" function), SAS (PROC SUMMARY or PROC MEANS function), or STATA

("collapse" function) with the JURISID variable (jurisdiction ID) as the classification variable. Aggregation based on JURISID creates a file where each record corresponds to a single jail jurisdiction. In performing the aggregation, sum up analysis variables (e.g., confined population) and take the average of the weight variable (FINALWT) within each jurisdiction. FINALWT is constant across reporting units within a jurisdiction and reflects the weight given to the sampled jurisdiction, adjusted for non-response. FINALWT should be applied at jurisdiction level only, and not at the jail level.

Caution: Aggregating the flag items (0=Actual, 1=Estimated by Respondent, 2=Adjusted for Consistency, 3=Item Imputed, 4=Unit Imputed, .=Missing/Not Provided) as either the sum or average is not meaningful.

#### REFERENCE DATE

The 2018 ASJ used a midyear reference date (i.e., the last weekday in June). Prior to 2015, the ASJ asked jails to report total and disaggregated counts of inmates held on the last weekday of June. The 2015 ASJ collection was combined with the Mortality in Correctional Institutions (MCI, formerly known as Deaths in Custody Reporting Program) collection to reduce respondent burden. The MCI collects data using a year-end reference date (December 31), so for the 2015 ASJ collection, items were asked using the year-end reference date rather than the midyear reference date of prior ASJ collections. One item (confined population) was collected using both midyear and year-end dates. The 2016 ASJ continued to use the year-end reference date in collecting detailed inmate counts. In 2017, the ASJ was separated from the MCI and reversed back to the midyear reference date.

Comparisons of year-end data with previous midyear data need to account for seasonal variations, as jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear.

#### **JUVENILES**

State statutes and judicial practices allow juveniles to be incarcerated in adult jails under a variety of circumstances. Because of the differing statutes and practices, however, accurate and comparable data on juveniles are difficult to collect.

Beginning in 1994, the ASJ provided estimates of the total number of jail inmates under age 18, the number held as adults, and the number held as juveniles. New sampling procedures were also introduced in 1994 to minimize the standard errors of these estimates. By stratifying jurisdictions based on the authority to house juveniles, the precision of the juvenile counts was improved. (See methodology section of Prison and Jail Inmates at Midyear 1998).

## JAIL FUNCTIONS

Jails in the ASJ include confinement facilities--usually administered by a local law enforcement agency--that are intended for adults but may hold juveniles before or after they are adjudicated. Facilities include jails and city or county correctional centers, special jail facilities, such as medical or treatment release centers, halfway houses, and work farms, and temporary holding or lockup facilities that are part of the jail's combined function. Inmates sentenced to jail facilities usually have a sentence of 1 year or less. Jails:

- receive individuals pending arraignment and hold them awaiting trial, conviction, or sentencing
- re-admit probation, parole, and bail bond violators and absconders temporarily detain juveniles pending their transfer to juvenile
  authorities
- · hold mentally ill persons pending their movement to appropriate mental health facilities
- · hold individuals for the military, for protective custody, for contempt, and for the courts as witnesses
- · release convicted inmates to the community upon completion of sentence
- · transfer inmates to federal, state, or other authorities
- house inmates for federal, state, or other authorities because of crowding of their facilities
- sometimes operate community-based programs as alternatives to incarceration

## **Methodology and Processing**

## **Data Collection Methodology**

Time Method: Panel

Data Collector: RTI, International

## Sampling Procedure:

Using a stratified probability sampling procedure, the ASJ draws its sample at the jurisdiction level. When a jail jurisdiction with multiple reporting units is sampled, data are collected from all reporting units within that jail jurisdiction.

The 2018 ASJ used 2013 Census of Jails as its sampling frame. All jail jurisdictions were grouped into 10 strata based on their average daily population (ADP) and presence of juveniles in 2013. In 8 of the 10 strata, a random sample of jail jurisdictions was selected. The remaining two strata were certainty strata, where all jurisdictions were selected with probability 1. One stratum consisted of all jails that were operated jointly by two or more jurisdictions (referred to as multi-jurisdictional jails). The other stratum consisted of all jail jurisdictions that:

- held juvenile inmates at the time of the 2013 Census of Jails and had an ADP of 500 or more inmates during the 12 months ending on December 31, 2013,
- · held only adult inmates and had an ADP of 750 or more,
- · were located in California, or
- · were known to be operating in 2015 and not included in the 2013 Census of Jails.

The ASJ sample includes all California jail jurisdictions. This sampling feature was introduced in 2013 in response to the enactment of California AB 109 and AB 117, aimed to reduce the number of inmates housed in state prisons starting on October 1, 2011. After the enactment of these two laws, the jail population in California experienced an unusual increase, which was atypical of the rest of the United States. For this reason, the ASJ sampling design was modified to include all California jail jurisdictions in a certainty (self-representing) stratum (see Methodology in Jail Inmates at Midyear 2014 (NCJ 248629, BJS web, June 2015)). The inclusion of all California jail jurisdictions resulted in an additional 21 jurisdictions.

The sample also includes in the certainty stratum all six new jail jurisdictions that were known to be operating in 2015 and not represented in the sampling frame (2013 Census of Jails).

Mode of Data Collection: Data were obtained mainly through web. A small proportion of respondents submitted data by postage-paid mail or fax.

Type of Research Instrument: Structured

#### Actions to Minimize Losses:

To maximize the accuracy of survey, analysis was conducted on out-of-range critical items and the results used to prioritize follow-up contacts. Follow-up telephone calls and emails to non-respondents were used to encourage high response rates. These methods have proved effective in reaching a high response rate while minimizing missing data.

### Consistency Adjustment:

A set of data consistency rules were applied to the ASJ raw data reported by respondents to ensure that subgroup populations add up to the total population. The rules apply to total confined population, confined population by sex and juvenile status, confined population by conviction status, confined population by offense type, confined population by race, confined population held for other authorities, total average daily population, average daily population by sex, total admissions and releases, admissions and releases by sex, supervised and unconfined population, and staff.

## **Data Appraisal Information**

## Response Rate:

Response Rate and Nonresponse Weighting:

The 2018 ASJ sample initially comprised 916 active reporting units, but 75 reporting units did not respond to the survey. The response rate was 91.8%. The final data file includes 841 reporting units in 797 jail jurisdictions. Table 1 lists the number of jurisdictions by sampling stratum.

Nonresponse weighting was implemented to account for unit nonresponse at jurisdiction level. Jurisdictions were grouped into weighting classes based on sampling stratum and the 2013 inmate population (see table 2). Using a simple weighting class method, the

design weight (i.e., sampling weight) of nonresponding jail jurisdictions was equally allocated to each of the responding jails within the same weighting class.

Missing Data Imputation:

Nonresponding reporting unit(s) in multi-reporting unit jurisdictions with one or more responding reporting units were fully imputed using weighted sequential hot-deck/cold-deck. Their imputed values are flagged as "Unit imputed."

Item response rates ranged from 95% to 100%. The item response rate for the survey was 98-100% for the following critical items from responding jail jurisdictions: midyear confined persons (CONFPOP), the number of inmates by sex and juvenile status (ADULTM, ADULTF, JUVM, JUVF), total rated capacity (RATED), and average daily population (ADP).

For responding jail jurisdictions that were unable to provide some requested items, a weighted sequential hot-deck/cold-deck imputation procedure was used to impute values. This procedure, implemented using the SUDAAN software package, substitutes missing values with current-year respondent and prior-year (2013 Census of Jails and 2015 ASJ, cold-deck) data. The donor for each missing item was randomly selected from within a set of similar jails, sorted by related previous-year population values. The resulting imputed values are generally similar to the reported values of the previous year, but are not identical because of differences between each donor and item pairing and the year-to-year fluctuation in donor population values.

### Estimates of Sampling Error:

Below are example SUDAAN codes to generate standard errors to account for the ASJ survey design. The jail-level data are first aggregated to jurisdiction level, sorted by weighting class. Next, a 'total count' SUDAAN statement is used with the variable CLASS\_SUM to provide population counts by weighting class. Finally the weight variable and analysis variables are listed to generate standard errors.

proc descript data=ASJ2018 JURIS filetype=ascii means totals design=strwor;

**NEST CLASS:** 

totcnt CLASS\_SUM;

weight FINALWT;

var CONFPOP TOTPOP ADP;

Here are example STATA codes to generate standard errors:

bysort CLASS: egen FPC = total(FINALWT)

tabulate CLASS if status==1, sum(FPC)

svyset JURISID [pw=FINALWT], strata(CLASS) fpc(FPC)

svv: total CONFPOP TOTPOP ADP

The above codes provide estimates and estimated standard errors for CONFPOP TOTPOP ADP. To construct a 95% confidence interval for any of the estimates provided, multiply the standard error for the estimate by the z-score of 1.96 (for a 95% confidence interval). For example, the 95% confidence internal for the estimated number of inmates held on June 30, 2018 is 738,443 +/- 1.96 x 7,122, or 724,484 to 752,402.

## **Data Access**

## **Dataset Availability**

Location: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

Extent of Collection: 1 data file + machine-readable documentation (PDF) + SAS setup file(s) + SPSS setup file(s) + Stata setup file(s) + SAS transport + SPSS system + Stata system + R system file

## **Data Use Statement:**

Citation Requirement: Publications based on ICPSR data collections should acknowledge those sources by means of bibliographic citations. To ensure that such source attributions are captured for social science bibliographic utilities, citations must appear in footnotes or in the reference section of publications.

Deposit Requirement: To provide funding agencies with essential information about use of archival resources and to facilitate the exchange of information about ICPSR participants' research activities, users of ICPSR data are requested to send to ICPSR bibliographic citations for each completed manuscript or thesis abstract. Visit the ICPSR Web site for more information on submitting citations.

# **Data Files Description**

## **File-by-File Description**

## File Structure (rectangular)

File Dimensions:
• No. of Cases: 841

No. of Variables: 154Record Length: 789

Type of File: ASCII data file

Data Format: Logical record length

Place of File Production: Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research

Extent of Processing Checks: The data collection was processed according to the standard ICPSR processing procedures. The data were checked for illegal or inconsistent code values which, when found, were recoded to missing data values. No consistency checks were performed.

## **Notes**

Variable DESIGNWT is for reference only and it is not supposed to be used to calculate national estimate. Users can use variable FINALWT for that purpose.

	Table 1 - Sample Design for the 2018 Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ)								
Stratum		Description	Number of jurisdictions in Census	Number of jurisdictions sampled	Number of ineligible jurisdictions	Number of respondent jurisdictions	Number of nonrespondent jurisdictions	Design Wt	Final Wt
1	Jurisdiction ce	ertainties based on ADP <sup>a,c</sup>	253	257 <sup>c</sup>	1	237	19	1.000	See Table 2
1.1	California jail	certainties <sup>a,b</sup>	65	65	2	59	4	1.000	See Table 2
2	Holding at	ADP between 264 and 499	95	35	1	33	1	2.714	2.797
3	least one	ADP between 141 and 263	94	20	0	15	5	4.700	6.267
4	juvenile on	ADP between 69 and 140	72	8	0	8	0	9.000	9.000
5	December 31, 2013	ADP between 0 and 68	89	12	0	10	2	7.417	8.900
7	Holding	ADP between 227 and 749	266	208	2	188	18	1.279	1.401
8	adults only	ADP between 103 and 226	407	83	2	72	9	4.904	5.517
9	on	ADP between 40 and 102	567	63	0	58	5	9.000	9.776
10	December 31, 2013	ADP between 0 and 39	894	60	1	53	6	14.900	16.587
12	Regional jail c	ertainties <sup>a,c</sup>	69	71°	2	64	5	1.000	See Table 2
	тот	ALS	2,871	882	11	797	74		

Note: For this collection year, BJS implemented nonresponse weight adjustment procedures to account for missing data for respondents that did not participate. See Methodology for a description of nonresponse weight adjustment procedures. For the certainty stratum (1 and 12) weighting class adjustments were performed by jail size. See Table 2 for the final weights for stratum 1 and 12 by the weighting classes.

<sup>a</sup>A jurisdiction is a certainty if either (1) the nonregional jurisdiction held at least one juvenile on Census day and had an average daily population (ADP) of 500 or more, or (2) the nonregional jurisdiction held adults only on Census day and had an ADP of 750 or more. Stratum 1 also includes a small number of jails (5) identified as eligible for the ASJ following the 2013 Census.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Includes new jurisdictions identified after the 2013 Census of Jails.

	Table 2 - Final Weights by Jail Size for Certainty Strata							
Stratum	Description	Jail Size >=1000	500 =< Jail Size < 1000	250 =< Jail Size < 500	100 =< Jail Size < 250	50 =< Jail Size < 100	Jail Size < 50	
1	Jurisdiction certainties based on ADP	1.089	1.064			-1	1.333	
1.1	California jail certainties	1	1.286	1	1.125	1	1.125	
12	Regional jail certainties	1	1	1.1	1.105	1	1.500	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> All California jails are included in the 2015 ASJ. (See Sampling Procedures).

List of 75 non-responding in	ndividual reporting units for the Annual Survey of Jail	s, 2018				
GID	Name	City	State	Stratum	DesignWt	Respondent Type
101053053060000006200	Polk County Sheriff's Office	Winter Haven	FL	1	1	Nonrespondent
101059059062000000000	Seminole County Sheriff's Office Dekalb County Sheriff's Office	Sanford Decatur	FL	1	1	Nonrespondent
111044044061000000000 1110600600600000006600	Fulton County Sheriff's Office	Atlanta	GA GA	1	1	Nonrespondent Nonrespondent
221001001061000000000	Barnstable County Sheriff's Office	Bourne	MA	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
221003003060000009000	Bristol County Sheriff's Office	North Dartmouth	MA	1	1.2700	Nonrespondent
221014012061000000000	Worcester County Sheriff's Office	West Boylston	MA	1	1	Nonrespondent
311007007060000010700	Essex County Correctional Facility	Newark	NJ	1	1	Nonrespondent
331015014061000000000	Erie County Sheriff's Office	Buffalo	NY	1	1	Nonrespondent
331030028061000000000	Nassau County Sheriff's Department	East Meadow	NY	1	1	Nonrespondent
331052047060000011100	Suffolk County Sheriff's Office	Riverhead	NY	1	1	Nonrespondent
441220220060000015600	Tarrant County Sheriff's Department	Fort Worth	TX	1	1	Nonrespondent
011008008061000000000	Calhoun County Sheriff's Office	Anniston	AL	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
01203700906100000000 041018018062000000000	Fultondale Police Department Crittenden County Sheriff's Office	Fultondale West Memphis	AL AR	10 7	14.9 1.2788	Nonrespondent Nonrespondent
041018018062000000000	Scott County Detention Center	Waldron	AR AR	8	4.9036	Nonrespondent
051013013060000001500	Imperial County Sheriff's Office	El Centro	CA	1	4.5050	Nonrespondent
051028028060100000000	Napa County Department of Corrections	Napa	CA	1	1	Nonrespondent
051031031060000002400	Placer County Sheriff's Office	Auburn	CA	1	1	Nonrespondent
051046045061000000000	Sierra County Sheriff's Office	Downieville	CA	1	1	Ineligible
051056055060100000000	Ventura County Probation Agency	Ventura	CA	1	1	Ineligible
061039038060000004600	Mesa County Criminal Justice Services Department	<b>Grand Junction</b>	СО	7	1.2788	Ineligible
108006006065000000000	GEO Group - Broward Transitional Center	Pompano Beach	FL	1	1	Ineligible
111009009061000000000	Ben Hill County Sheriff's Office	Fitzgerald	GA	8	4.9036	Nonrespondent
111022022060100000000	Carroll County Correctional Institution	Carrollton	GA	1	1 0036	Ineligible
111034034061000000000 111081081060100000000	Coffee County Sheriff's Office Jefferson County Prison	Douglas Louisville	GA	8 7	4.9036 1.2788	Nonrespondent
111081081060100000000	Telfair County Sheriff's Office	McRae	GA GA	10	1.2766	Ineligible Nonrespondent
1111361360601000000000	Thomas County Prison	Thomasville	GA GA	7	1.2788	Ineligible
11114114106010000000	Troup County Prison	LaGrange	GA	1	1.2700	Ineligible
112029001060100000000	Athens-Clarke County Correctional Institution	Athens	GA	1	1	Ineligible
131027027061000000000	Jerome County Sheriff's Office	Jerome	ID	9	9	Nonrespondent
141045045061000000000	Kane County Sheriff's Office	St. Charles	IL	1	1	Nonrespondent
141046046061000000000	Kankakee County Sheriff's Office	Kankakee	IL	1	1	Nonrespondent
141066066061000000000	Mercer County Sheriff's Office	Aledo	IL	9	9	Nonrespondent
178052052062000000000	Leavenworth Detention Center - CoreCivic	Leavenworth	KS	1	1	Nonrespondent
171060060061000000000	Meade County Sheriff's Office	Meade	KS	5	7.4167	Nonrespondent
181015015060100000000	Bullitt County Detention Center	Shepherdsville	KY	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
181063063060100000000 181065065061000000000	Laurel County Corrections Center Three Forks Regional Jail	London	KY KY	7 12	1.2788 1	Nonrespondent Nonrespondent
181082082060100000000	Meade County Detention Center	Beattyville Brandenburg	KY	8	4.9036	Nonrespondent
19102102006100000000	Franklin Parish Detention Center	Winnsboro	LA	1	4.3030	Nonrespondent
191035034061000000000	Natchitoches Parish Sheriff's Office	Natchitoches	LA	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
191050048060000000000	St. Martin Parish Sheriff's Office	St. Martinville	LA	3	4.7	Nonrespondent
191051049061000000000	St. Mary Parish Sheriff's Office	Franklin	LA	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
191059057062000000000	Washington Parish Sheriff's Office	Franklinton	LA	3	4.7	Nonrespondent
211023022061000000000	Wicomico County Department of Corrections	Salisbury	MD	2	2.7143	Nonrespondent
221011010060000009200	Norfolk Sheriff's Office	Dedham	MA	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
241047047061000000000	Meeker County Sheriff's Office	Litchfield	MN	5	7.4167	Nonrespondent
241082082061000000000	Washington County Sheriff's Office	Stillwater	MN	3	4.7	Nonrespondent
248062062061000000000 251020020062000000000	Volunteers of America	Minneapolis Lucedale	MN	1 12	1	Ineligible Nonrespondent
251020020062000000000	George County Sheriff's Office Lee County Sheriff's Office	Tupelo	MS MS	7	1 1.2788	Nonrespondent Nonrespondent
251076076061000000000	Washington County Regional Correctional Facility	Greenville	MS	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
252055001061000000000	Picayune Police Department	Picayune	MS	10	14.9	Nonrespondent
261013013061000000000	Caldwell County Detention Center	Kingston	МО	8	4.9036	Nonrespondent
261069069061000000000	Monroe County Sheriff's Office	Paris	МО	10	14.9	Nonrespondent
271011011061000000000	Dawson County Sheriff's Office	Glendive	MT	8	4.9036	Nonrespondent
291012012060000017800	Nye County Sheriff's Office	Tonopah	NV	8	4.9036	Ineligible
311008008060000010800	Gloucester County Department of Correctional	VA/o o allo com a	NII	7	1 2700	la ali aibla
328030030061100000000	Services Torrance County Detention Facility - CCA	Woodbury Estancia	NJ NM	7 1	1.2788 1	Ineligible Ineligible
33100800706100000000	Chemung County Sheriff's Office	Elmira	NY	3	4.7	Nonrespondent
331046041061000000000	Saratoga County Sheriff's Office	Ballston Spa	NY	3	4.7	Nonrespondent
341029029061000000000	Davidson County Sheriff's Office	Lexington	NC	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
341069069061000000000	Pamlico County Detention Center	Bayboro	NC	9	9	Nonrespondent
351008008061000000000	Burleigh County Sheriff's Department	Bismarck	ND	8	4.9036	Ineligible
361060060061000000000	Muskingum County Sheriff's Office	Zanesville	ОН	8	4.9036	Nonrespondent
371024024061000000000	Garfield County Sheriff's Office	Enid	OK	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
371053053061000000000	Nowata County Sheriff's Office	Nowata	OK	9	9	Nonrespondent
371073073061000000000	Wagoner County Sheriff's Office	Wagoner	OK	9	9	Nonrespondent
372019001061000000000 371072072064000000000	Bristow Police Department Tulsa County Sheriff's Office	Bristow	OK OK	10	14.9 1	Nonrespondent
38100300306200000000	Clackamas County Community Corrections	Tulsa Milwaukie	OR	1	1	Nonrespondent Ineligible
39103303306100000000	Jefferson County Jail	Brookville	PA	8	4.9036	Nonrespondent
391049049060100000000	Northumberland County Prison	Sunbury	PA	2	2.7143	Ineligible
411032032061000000000	Lexington County Sheriff's Department	Lexington	SC	1	1	Nonrespondent
431006006061000000000	Bradley County Sheriff's Office	Cleveland	TN	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
431010010061000000000	Carter County Sheriff's Office	Elizabethton	TN	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
431036036061000000000	Hardin County Sheriff's Department	Savannah	TN	8	4.9036	Nonrespondent
431078078061000000000	Sevier County Sheriff's Office	Sevierville	TN	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
441056056061000000000	Dallam-Hartley County Jail	Dalhart	TX	12	1	Nonrespondent
441178178061000000000	Nueces County Sheriff's Office	Corpus Christi	TX	1	14.0	Nonrespondent
448073073063000000000	Falls County Sheriff's Office	Marlin	TX VA	10 12	14.9	Nonrespondent
471017017062000000000 471060060060100000000	Peumansend Creek Regional Jail Middle Peninsula Regional Security Center	Bowling Green Saluda	VA VA	12 12	1	Ineligible Nonrespondent
47109409406100000000	Warren County Sheriff's Office	Front Royal	VA VA	8	4.9036	Ineligible
481008008061000000000	Cowlitz County Corrections Department	Longview	WA	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
	,	_	-12-	-	_· <del>_</del>	•

-12-

511011011061000000000	Laramie County Sheriff's Department	Cheyenne	WY	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
331034031061000000000	Onondaga County Justice Center	Syracuse	NY	1	1	Ineligible
448104104062000000000	Rolling Plains Detention Center	Haskell	TX	7	1.2788	Ineligible
361011011062000000000	Tri-County Regional Jail	Mechanicsburg	ОН	12	1	Nonrespondent
251002002062000000000	Alcorn County Regional Correctional Facility	Corinth	MS	7	1.2788	Ineligible
052019033061000000000	Monterey Park Police Department	Monterey Park	CA	1	1	Ineligible
052019049061000000000	Whittier Police Department	Whittier	CA	1	1	Nonrespondent
111124124060100000000	Screven County Prison	Sylvania	GA	1	1	Ineligible
118082082061000000000	Jenkins Correctional Center - CoreCivic	Millen	GA	1	1	Ineligible
171052052061000000000	Leavenworth County Sheriff's Office	Leavenworth	KS	1	1	Nonrespondent
181109109060100000000	Taylor County Detention Center	Campbellsville	KY	7	1.2788	Nonrespondent
272051002061000000000	Crossroads Correctional Center	Shelby	MT	12	1	Ineligible
448187187060100000000	IAH Secure Adult Detention Facility - MTC	Livingston	TX	1	1	Ineligible
198052000060000000000	North Shore Workforce	Covington	LA	10	14.9	Ineligible
372006002061000000000	Geary Police Department	Geary	ОК	1	1	Nonrespondent

# **ICPSR 37392**

# **Annual Survey of Jails: Jail-Level Data, 2018**

# **Variable Description and Frequencies**

Note: Frequencies displayed for the variables are not weighted. They are purely descriptive and may not be representative of the study population. Please review any sampling or weighting information available with the study.

Summary statistics (minimum, maximum, mean, median, and standard deviation) may not be available for every variable in the codebook. Conversely, a listing of frequencies in table format may not be present for every variable in the codebook either. However, all variables in the dataset are present and display sufficient information about each variable. These decisions are made intentionally and are at the discretion of the archive producing this codebook.

# Annual Survey of Jails: Jail-Level Data, 2018

## **RTIID - UNIQUE ID OF ORGANIZATION (RTI)**

Location: 1-8 (width: 8; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## **GID - CENSUS GID IDENTIFIER**

Location: 9-29 (width: 21; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

## **JURISID - UNIQUE ID OF JURISDICTION (RTI)**

Location: 30-38 (width: 9; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

## **COUNTY - ORGANIZATION COUNTY**

Location: 39-114 (width: 76; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

## **NAME - ORGANIZATION NAME**

Location: 115-214 (width: 100; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

## **YEAR - REPORTING YEAR**

Location: 215-218 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
2018	-	841	100.0 %
	Total	841	100%

## **CITY - ORGANIZATION CITY**

Location: 219-242 (width: 24; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

## **STATE - ORGANIZATION STATE**

Location: 243-244 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	Alabama	25	3.0 %
2	Alaska	0	0.0 %
3	Arizona	8	1.0 %
4	Arkansas	7	0.8 %
5	California	61	7.3 %
6	Colorado	15	1.8 %
9	District of Columbia	1	0.1 %
10	Florida	32	3.8 %
11	Georgia	62	7.4 %
13	Idaho	11	1.3 %
14	Illinois	13	1.5 %
15	Indiana	24	2.9 %
16	lowa	11	1.3 %
17	Kansas	10	1.2 %
18	Kentucky	26	3.1 %
19	Louisiana	35	4.2 %
20	Maine	3	0.4 %
21	Maryland	13	1.5 %
22	Massachusetts	8	1.0 %
23	Michigan	20	2.4 %
24	Minnesota	19	2.3 %
25	Mississippi	21	2.5 %
26	Missouri	18	2.1 %
27	Montana	3	0.4 %
28	Nebraska	6	0.7 %
29	Nevada	7	0.8 %
30	New Hampshire	3	0.4 %
31	New Jersey	15	1.8 %
32	New Mexico	9	1.1 %
33	New York	13	1.5 %
34	North Carolina	20	2.4 %
35	North Dakota	6	0.7 %
36	Ohio	29	3.4 %
37	Oklahoma	12	1.4 %
38	Oregon	8	1.0 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
39	Pennsylvania	35	4.2 %
41	South Carolina	16	1.9 %
42	South Dakota	5	0.6 %
43	Tennessee	43	5.1 %
44	Texas	68	8.1 %
45	Utah	8	1.0 %
47	Virginia	40	4.8 %
48	Washington	18	2.1 %
49	West Virginia	10	1.2 %
50	Wisconsin	21	2.5 %
51	Wyoming	3	0.4 %
	Total	841	100%

# **ZIP - ORGANIZATION ZIPCODE**

Location: 245-254 (width: 10; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

## **STATEFIPS - ORGANIZATION STATE FIPS CODE**

Location: 255-256 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

# **CNTYCODE - ORGANIZATION COUNTY FIPS CODE**

Location: 257-261 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

## **STRATUM - ORGANIZATION STRATUM**

Location: 262-263 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

# **FINALWT - FINAL WEIGHT**

Location: 264-274 (width: 11; decimal: 8)

Variable Type: numeric

## **DESIGNWT - DESIGN WEIGHT**

Location: 275-285 (width: 11; decimal: 8)

Variable Type: numeric

# **CLASS - WEIGHTING CLASS**

Location: 286-287 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	-	22	2.6 %
2	-	7	0.8 %
3	-	9	1.1 %
4	-	8	1.0 %
5	-	7	0.8 %
6	-	8	1.0 %
7	-	147	17.5 %
8	-	120	14.3 %
12	-	3	0.4 %
13	-	33	3.9 %
14	-	15	1.8 %
15	-	8	1.0 %
16	-	10	1.2 %
17	-	197	23.4 %
18	-	72	8.6 %
19	-	58	6.9 %
20	-	53	6.3 %
21	-	5	0.6 %
22	-	13	1.5 %
23	-	20	2.4 %
24	-	19	2.3 %
25	-	5	0.6 %
26	-	2	0.2 %
	Total	841	100%

# STATUS - ORGANIZATION STATUS IN SURVEY

Location: 288-288 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	Respondent	841	100.0 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
2	Non-Respondent	0	0.0 %
3	Out-of-Scope	0	0.0 %
	Total	841	100%

## **CONFPOP - CONFINED POPULATION AT MIDYEAR**

Location: 289-293 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were... CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility]?

#### **INCLUDE**

- Persons on transfer to treatment facilities but who remain under your jurisdiction
- Persons held for other jurisdictions
- Persons in community-based programs (e.g., work release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night
- Persons out to court while under your jurisdiction.

#### **EXCLUDE**

- Persons under your jurisdiction who are boarded elsewhere
- Inmates who are AWOL, escaped, or on long-term transfer to other jurisdictions
- Persons in community-based programs run by your jails (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.

Mean: 618.19Minimum: 1.00Maximum: 16952.00

• Standard Deviation: 1028.86

## CONFPOP\_FLAG - CONFINED POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1A) - FLAG

Location: 294-294 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	715	85.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	117	13.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **NCONPOP - NONCONFINED POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1B)**

Location: 295-298 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were... under jail supervision, but NOT CONFINED?

#### **INCLUDE**

- Persons in community-based programs run by your jail jurisdiction (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.

#### **EXCLUDE**

- Persons on pretrial release who are not in a community-based program run by your jail jurisdiction
- Persons under the supervision of probation, parole, or other agencies
- Inmates on weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday-Sunday)
- Inmates participating in community-based programs (e.g., work release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night.

Mean: 51.06Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 4140.00

• Standard Deviation: 255.72

## NCONPOP\_FLAG - NONCONFINED POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1B) - FLAG

Location: 299-299 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	737	87.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	92	10.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.4 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **TOTPOP - TOTAL POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1C)**

Location: 300-304 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail]... TOTAL (sum of items 1a and 1b)?

Mean: 669.25Minimum: 1.00Maximum: 17060.00

• Standard Deviation: 1128.27

## TOTPOP\_FLAG - TOTAL POPULATION AT MIDYEAR (Q1C) - FLAG

Location: 305-305 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	829	98.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	0	0.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.4 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **WEEK - WEEKEND PROGRAMS? (Q2A)**

Location: 306-307 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

## Question:

On the weekend prior to June 29, 2018, did [your jail facilities / this facility] have a weekend program?

Weekend programs allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday-Sunday).

Mean: 0.52Median: 1.00Mode: 1.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 1.00

• Standard Deviation: 0.50

## **WEEKN - WEEKENDERS COUNT (Q2B)**

Location: 308-310 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

## Question:

[If Q2 is Yes,] How many inmates participated [in weekend program]?

Mean: 7.52Median: 3.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 100.00

• Standard Deviation: 12.67

## WEEKN\_FLAG - WEEKENDERS COUNT (Q2B) - FLAG

Location: 311-312 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	330	39.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	105	12.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	0	0.0 %
	Missing Data		
-9	Blank	406	48.3 %
	Total	841	100%

# **NONCITZ - NON-U.S. CITIZENS (Q3)**

Location: 313-316 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

#### Question:

Of all the persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 29, 2018 (as reported in item 1a), how many were not U.S. citizens?

Mean: 34.35Median: 2.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00

• Maximum: 1830.00

• Standard Deviation: 125.15

# NONCITZ\_FLAG - NON-U.S. CITIZENS (Q3) - FLAG

Location: 317-318 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	536	63.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	287	34.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	0	0.0 %
	Missing Data		
-9	Blank	18	2.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **ADULTM - ADULT MALES (Q4A)**

Location: 319-323 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... adult males (age 18 or older)?

Mean: 524.67Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 14832.00Standard Deviation: 898.56

## ADULTM\_FLAG - ADULT MALES (Q4A) - FLAG

Location: 324-324 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	682	81.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	140	16.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.4 %
3	Item imputed	7	0.8 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **ADULTF - ADULT FEMALES (Q4B)**

Location: 325-328 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... adult females (age 18 or older)?

Mean: 90.61Median: 57.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2120.00

• Standard Deviation: 136.20

# ADULTF\_FLAG - ADULT FEMALES (Q4B) - FLAG

Location: 329-329 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	690	82.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	132	15.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.4 %
3	Item imputed	7	0.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

# **JUVM - MALES UNDER 18 (Q4C)**

Location: 330-331 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... males age 17 or younger?

Mean: 2.58Median: 0.00

Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 90.00

• Standard Deviation: 8.04

# JUVM\_FLAG - MALES UNDER 18 (Q4C) - FLAG

Location: 332-332 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	752	89.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	72	8.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	7	0.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

# **JUVF - FEMALES UNDER 18 (Q4D)**

Location: 333-334 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... females age 17 or younger?

Mean: 0.34Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 78.00

• Standard Deviation: 2.88

## JUVF\_FLAG - FEMALES UNDER 18 FLAG (Q4D) - FLAG

Location: 335-335 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	762	90.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	62	7.4 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	7	0.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %

Val	ue Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
	Total	841	100%

# TOTGENDER - TOTAL - SEX/JUV. STATUS (Q4E)

Location: 336-340 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility]... TOTAL? (Sum of items 4a through 4d should equal item 1a).

Mean: 618.19Minimum: 1.00Maximum: 16952.00

• Standard Deviation: 1028.86

## TOTGENDER\_FLAG - TOTAL - SEX/JUV. STATUS (Q4E) - FLAG

Location: 341-341 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	828	98.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	1	0.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.4 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## ADLTJUV - PERSON UNDER 18 HELD AS ADULTS (Q5)

Location: 342-343 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

Of all the persons age 17 or younger CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 29, 2018 how many were tried or awaiting trial in adult court?

Mean: 2.42Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00

Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 95.00

• Standard Deviation: 7.85

## ADLTJUV\_FLAG - PERSON UNDER 18 HELD AS ADULTS (Q5) - FLAG

Location: 344-344 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	783	93.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	41	4.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	8	1.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **CONV - CONVICTED (Q6A)**

Location: 345-348 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

Of all persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 29, 2018, how many were... convicted?

- For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.
- For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.

Mean: 212.36Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 6464.00

• Standard Deviation: 375.14

## CONV\_FLAG - CONVICTED (Q6A) - FLAG

Location: 349-349 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	562	66.8 %
1	Estimated by respondent	245	29.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	4	0.5 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
3	Item imputed	21	2.5 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

# **UNCONV - UNCONVICTED (Q6B)**

Location: 350-354 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

Of all persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 29, 2018, how many were... unconvicted?

- For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.
- For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.

Mean: 405.83Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 10488.00Standard Deviation: 725.18

# UNCONV\_FLAG - UNCONVICTED (Q6B) - FLAG

Location: 355-355 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	570	67.8 %
1	Estimated by respondent	237	28.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	4	0.5 %
3	Item imputed	21	2.5 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **TOTCONVSTATUS - TOTAL - CONVICTION STATUS (Q6C)**

Location: 356-360 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

TOTAL of all persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] on June 29, 2018. (Sum of items 6a and 6b should equal item 1a).

- For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.
- For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.

Mean: 618.19Minimum: 1.00Maximum: 16952.00

• Standard Deviation: 1028.86

## TOTCONVSTATUS\_FLAG - TOTAL - CONVICTION STATUS (Q6C) - FLAG

Location: 361-361 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	825	98.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	4	0.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	3	0.4 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **FELONY - FELONY (Q7A)**

Location: 362-366 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of... felony?

(For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.)

Mean: 435.11Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 15420.00Standard Deviation: 870.29

## FELONY\_FLAG - FELONY (Q7A) - FLAG

Location: 367-367 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	502	59.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	296	35.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	33	3.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **MISD - MISDEMEANOR (Q7B)**

Location: 368-371 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of... misdemeanor?

(For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.)

Mean: 146.21Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 3467.00

• Standard Deviation: 244.01

# MISD\_FLAG - MISDEMEANOR (Q7B) - FLAG

Location: 372-372 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	509	60.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	290	34.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	33	3.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## OTHEROFFSPEC - OTHER OFFENSE SPECIFY (Q7C)

Location: 373-422 (width: 50; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of... other? (Specify)

(For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.)

## **OTHEROFF - OTHER OFFENSE COUNT (Q7C)**

Location: 423-426 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of... other?

(For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.)

Mean: 36.88Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 1815.00

• Standard Deviation: 125.40

## OTHEROFF\_FLAG - OTHER OFFENSE COUNT (Q7C) - FLAG

Location: 427-427 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	643	76.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	156	18.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	33	3.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **TOTOFF - TOTAL - OFFENSE TYPE (Q7D)**

Location: 428-432 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, TOTAL persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility], regardless of conviction status. (Sum of items 7a to 7c should equal item 1a).

Mean: 618.19Minimum: 1.00Maximum: 16952.00

• Standard Deviation: 1028.86

## TOTOFF\_FLAG - TOTAL - OFFENSE TYPE (Q7D) - FLAG

Location: 433-433 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	827	98.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	4	0.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## WHITE - WHITE INMATES (Q8A)

Location: 434-437 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... White, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 264.18Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 4573.00

• Standard Deviation: 329.42

## WHITE\_FLAG - WHITE INMATES (Q8A) - FLAG

Location: 438-438 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	570	67.8 %
1	Estimated by respondent	243	28.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **BLACK - BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN INMATES (Q8B)**

Location: 439-442 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... Black or African American, not of Hispanic Origin?

Mean: 217.36Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 4999.00

• Standard Deviation: 449.07

# BLACK\_FLAG - BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN INMATES (Q8B) - FLAG

Location: 443-443 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	585	69.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	228	27.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

# HISP - HISPANIC OR LATINO INMATES (Q8C)

Location: 444-447 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... Hispanic or Latino?

Mean: 102.10Median: 9.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 8684.00

• Standard Deviation: 415.44

## HISP\_FLAG - HISPANIC OR LATINO INMATES (Q8C) - FLAG

Location: 448-448 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	581	69.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	232	27.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## AIAN - AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKA NATIVE INMATES (Q8D)

Location: 449-451 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... American Indian or Alaska Native, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 6.13Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 379.00

• Standard Deviation: 25.78

## AIAN\_FLAG - AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKA NATIVE INMATES (Q8D) - FLAG

Location: 452-452 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	640	76.1 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	Estimated by respondent	173	20.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

# **ASIAN - ASIAN INMATES (Q8E)**

Location: 453-455 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... Asian, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 4.63Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 209.00

• Standard Deviation: 16.44

# ASIAN\_FLAG - ASIAN INMATES (Q8E) - FLAG

Location: 456-456 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	640	76.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	173	20.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## NHOPI - NATIVE HAWAIIAN/OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER INMATES (Q8F)

Location: 457-459 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 0.97
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 193.00
Standard Deviation: 7.91

## NHOPI\_FLAG - NATIVE HAWAIIAN/OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER INMATES (Q8F) - FLAG

Location: 460-460 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	657	78.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	156	18.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## TWORACE - TWO OR MORE RACES INMATES (Q8G)

Location: 461-463 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... two or more races, not of Hispanic origin?

Mean: 1.85Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 223.00

• Standard Deviation: 13.63

## TWORACE\_FLAG - TWO OR MORE RACES INMATES (Q8G) - FLAG

Location: 464-464 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	647	76.9 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
1	Estimated by respondent	166	19.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## OTHERRACESPEC - OTHER RACE INMATES, SPECIFY (Q8H)

Location: 465-514 (width: 50; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... from additional categories in your information system? (Specify)

## OTHERRACE - OTHER RACE INMATES, COUNT (Q8H)

Location: 515-517 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... from additional categories in your information system?

Mean: 2.86Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 608.00

• Standard Deviation: 29.16

## OTHERRACE\_FLAG - OTHER RACE INMATES, COUNT (Q8H) - FLAG

Location: 518-518 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	672	79.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	141	16.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **RACEDK - NOT KNOWN (RACE) INMATES (Q8I)**

Location: 519-522 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were... not known?

Mean: 18.12
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1737.00
Standard Deviation: 117.40

## RACEDK\_FLAG - NOT KNOWN (RACE) INMATES (Q8I) - FLAG

Location: 523-523 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	662	78.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	151	18.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **RACETOTAL - TOTAL - RACE (Q8J)**

Location: 524-528 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, TOTAL persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility]? (Sum of items 8a to 8i should equal item 1a).

Mean: 618.19Minimum: 1.00

• Maximum: 16952.00

• Standard Deviation: 1028.86

## RACETOTAL\_FLAG - TOTAL - RACE (Q8J) - FLAG

Location: 529-529 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	829	98.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	3	0.4 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### MARSHALS - U.S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE (Q9A1)

Location: 530-533 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... federal authorities (U.S. Marshals Service)?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 22.18
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1264.00
Standard Deviation: 72.75

## MARSHALS\_FLAG - U.S. MARSHAL'S SERVICE (Q9A1) - FLAG

Location: 534-534 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	696	82.8 %
1	Estimated by respondent	122	14.5 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.7 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **BOP - FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS (Q9A2)**

Location: 535-537 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... federal authorities (Federal Bureau of Prisons)?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 1.43Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 200.00

• Standard Deviation: 10.74

## BOP\_FLAG - FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS (Q9A2) - FLAG

Location: 538-538 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	711	84.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	106	12.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	15	1.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## ICE - U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT (Q9A3)

Location: 539-541 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... federal authorities (U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE))?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 13.34Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 840.00

• Standard Deviation: 64.67

#### ICE\_FLAG - U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT (Q9A3) - FLAG

Location: 542-542 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	699	83.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	118	14.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	15	1.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### **BIA - BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS (Q9A4)**

Location: 543-544 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... federal authorities (Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA))?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 0.22Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00

• Maximum: 65.00

• Standard Deviation: 3.18

## BIA\_FLAG - BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS (Q9A4) - FLAG

Location: 545-545 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	723	86.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	94	11.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	15	1.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### OTHERFEDSPEC - OTHER FEDERAL AUTHORITIES, SPECIFY (Q9A5)

Location: 546-574 (width: 29; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... federal authorities (other)? (Specify)

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

## OTHERFED - OTHER FEDERAL AUTHORITIES, COUNT (Q9A5)

Location: 575-578 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... federal authorities (other)?

INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.

Mean: 2.17Median: 0.00

Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 1460.00Standard Deviation: 50.66

## OTHERFED\_FLAG - OTHER FEDERAL AUTHORITIES, COUNT (Q9A5) - FLAG

Location: 579-579 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	717	85.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	100	11.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	15	1.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **INSTATEPRIS - STATE: FOR YOUR STATE (Q9B1)**

Location: 580-583 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... state prison authorities for your state?

Mean: 59.82
Median: 5.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 2429.00
Standard Deviation: 155.22

## INSTATEPRIS\_FLAG - STATE: FOR YOUR STATE (Q9B1) - FLAG

Location: 584-584 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	663	78.8 %
1	Estimated by respondent	153	18.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	16	1.9 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **OUTSTATEPRIS - STATE: FOR OTHER STATES (Q9B2)**

Location: 585-587 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... state prison authorities for other states?

Mean: 1.08Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 336.00

• Standard Deviation: 12.31

## OUTSTATEPRIS\_FLAG - STATE: FOR OTHER STATES (Q9B2) - FLAG

Location: 588-588 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	695	82.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	120	14.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	17	2.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### **TRIBAL - TRIBAL HOLD (Q9C)**

Location: 589-590 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for... American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments?

- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for the BIA in item 9a4.

Mean: 0.19Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 36.00

• Standard Deviation: 1.87

## TRIBAL\_FLAG - TRIBAL HOLD (Q9C) - FLAG

Location: 591-591 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	721	85.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	95	11.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	16	1.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **INSTATEJAIL - LOCAL: WITHIN YOUR STATE (Q9D1)**

Location: 592-595 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for other... local jail jurisdictions within your state?

- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for your own jurisdiction (i.e., your own county/city inmates).
- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c.

Mean: 28.44Median: 1.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 1802.00

• Standard Deviation: 109.59

## INSTATEJAIL\_FLAG - LOCAL: WITHIN YOUR STATE (Q9D1) - FLAG

Location: 596-596 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	664	79.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	152	18.1 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	16	1.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## OUTSTATEJAIL - LOCAL: OUTSIDE YOUR STATE (Q9D2)

Location: 597-599 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility] were held for other... local jail jurisdictions outside your state?

- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for your own jurisdiction (i.e., your own county/city inmates).
- EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c.

Mean: 2.23Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 392.00

• Standard Deviation: 16.93

## OUTSTATEJAIL\_FLAG - LOCAL: OUTSIDE YOUR STATE (Q9D2) - FLAG

Location: 600-600 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	694	82.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	122	14.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	16	1.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **OTHERHOLDTOT - TOTAL - HOLDS (Q9E)**

Location: 601-604 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, TOTAL persons CONFINED in [your jail facilities / this facility]. (Sum of items 9a to 9d).

Mean: 131.10Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2491.00

• Standard Deviation: 236.42

## OTHERHOLDTOT\_FLAG - TOTAL - HOLDS (Q9E) - FLAG

Location: 605-605 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	817	97.1 %
1	Estimated by respondent	0	0.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	15	1.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## PEAKDATE - DATE IN DECEMBER WHEN HELD GREATEST NUMBER OF INMATES (Q10A)

Location: 606-607 (width: 2; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Range of Missing Values (M): -9

#### Question:

During the 30-day period from June 1 to June 30, 2018, on what day did your jail facilities hold the greatest number of inmates?

Peak population should be equal to or greater than the confined inmate population reported in item 1a.

Mean: 17.77Median: 18.00Mode: 29.00Minimum: 1.00

• Maximum: 30.00

• Standard Deviation: 9.61

## PEAKPOP - GREATEST NUMBER OF INMATES HELD IN DECEMBER (Q10B)

Location: 608-612 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

How many persons were CONFINED on that day?

Mean: 642.61Minimum: 3.00Maximum: 17275.00

• Standard Deviation: 1054.05

## PEAKPOP\_FLAG - GREATEST NUMBER OF INMATES HELD IN DECEMBER (Q10B) - FLAG

Location: 613-613 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	685	81.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	128	15.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	5	0.6 %
3	Item imputed	14	1.7 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### **ADPM - MALE ADP (Q11A)**

Location: 614-618 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

Between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018, what was the average daily population of [your jail facilities / this facility]... for males?

- INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday Sunday).
- To calculate the average daily population, add the number of persons for each day during the period July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, and divide the result by 365.
- If daily counts are not available, estimate the average daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by 12.

- If average daily population cannot be calculated as directed above, then estimate the typical number of persons held in your jail facilities each day.

Mean: 527.36Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 14855.00Standard Deviation: 906.83

#### ADPM\_FLAG - MALE ADP (Q11A) - FLAG

Location: 619-619 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	555	66.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	260	30.9 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	17	2.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### ADPF - FEMALE ADP (Q11B)

Location: 620-623 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

Between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018, what was the average daily population of [your jail facilities / this facility]... for females?

- INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday Sunday).
- To calculate the average daily population, add the number of persons for each day during the period July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, and divide the result by 365.
- If daily counts are not available, estimate the average daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by 12.
- If average daily population cannot be calculated as directed above, then estimate the typical number of persons held in your jail facilities each day.

Mean: 89.58Median: 55.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2259.00

• Standard Deviation: 136.40

#### ADPF\_FLAG - FEMALE ADP (Q11B) - FLAG

Location: 624-624 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	558	66.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	258	30.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	16	1.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### ADP - TOTAL - ADP (Q11C)

Location: 625-629 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

Between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018, what was the average daily population of [your jail facilities / this facility]... totals? (Sum of items 11a and 11b).

- INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday Sunday).
- To calculate the average daily population, add the number of persons for each day during the period July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, and divide the result by 365.
- If daily counts are not available, estimate the average daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by 12.
- If average daily population cannot be calculated as directed above, then estimate the typical number of persons held in your jail facilities each day.

Mean: 616.93Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 17114.00

• Standard Deviation: 1033.71

## ADP\_FLAG - TOTAL - ADP (Q11C) - FLAG

Location: 630-630 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	815	96.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	0	0.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	17	2.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **RATED - RATED CAPACITY (Q12)**

Location: 631-635 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, what was the total rated capacity of [your jail facilities / this facility], excluding separate temporary holding areas?

- Rated capacity is the maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility.
- If rated capacity is not available, estimate by using the design capacity and mark the checkbox.

Mean: 753.83Minimum: 2.00Maximum: 20864.00

• Standard Deviation: 1317.12

## RATED\_FLAG - RATED CAPACITY (Q12) - FLAG

Location: 636-636 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	692	82.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	124	14.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	16	1.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **ADMISM - MALE ADMISSIONS (Q13A1)**

Location: 637-641 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were... ADMITTED to [your jail facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018? (New admissions males)

#### **INCLUDE**

- Persons officially booked into and housed in your jail facilities by formal legal document and by the authority of the courts or some other official agency
- Repeat offenders booked on new charges
- Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into the facility for the first time.

#### **EXCLUDE**

- Returns from escape, work release, medical appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.

Mean: 6179.62Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 92143.00

• Standard Deviation: 8900.78

#### ADMISM\_FLAG - MALE ADMISSIONS(Q13A1) - FLAG

Location: 642-642 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	515	61.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	283	33.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	33	3.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **ADMISF - FEMALE ADMISSIONS (Q13A2)**

Location: 643-647 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were... ADMITTED to [your jail facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018? (New admissions females)

**INCLUDE** 

- Persons officially booked into and housed in your jail facilities by formal legal document and by the authority of the courts or some other official agency
- Repeat offenders booked on new charges
- Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into the facility for the first time.

#### **EXCLUDE**

- Returns from escape, work release, medical appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.

Mean: 1827.17Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 24126.00

Standard Deviation: 2536.16

#### ADMISF\_FLAG - FEMALE ADMISSIONS (Q13A2) - FLAG

Location: 648-648 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	518	61.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	280	33.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	33	3.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### ADMIS - TOTAL - ADMISSIONS (Q13A3)

Location: 649-654 (width: 6; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were... ADMITTED to [your jail facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018? (TOTAL, sum of items 13a1 and 13a2)

#### **INCLUDE**

- Persons officially booked into and housed in your jail facilities by formal legal document and by the authority of the courts or some other official agency
- Repeat offenders booked on new charges
- Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into the facility for the first time.

#### **EXCLUDE**

- Returns from escape, work release, medical appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.

Mean: 8006.79Minimum: 1.00

• Maximum: 111749.00

• Standard Deviation: 11310.60

#### ADMIS\_FLAG - TOTAL - ADMISSIONS (Q13A3) - FLAG

Location: 655-655 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	799	95.0 %
1	Estimated by respondent	0	0.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	33	3.9 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### **RELEASEM - MALE DISCHARGES (Q13B1)**

Location: 656-660 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were... DISCHARGED from [your facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018? (Final discharges male).

#### **INCLUDE**

- Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
- Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the last time.

#### **EXCLUDE**

- Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your jurisdiction).

Mean: 6046.40Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 98298.00

• Standard Deviation: 8940.56

## RELEASEM\_FLAG - MALE DISCHARGES (Q13B1) - FLAG

Location: 661-661 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

#### Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	476	56.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	315	37.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	40	4.8 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **RELEASEF - FEMALE DISCHARGES (Q13B2)**

Location: 662-666 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were... DISCHARGED from [your facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018? (Final discharges female).

#### **INCLUDE**

- Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
- Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the last time.

#### **EXCLUDE**

- Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your jurisdiction).

Mean: 1796.49Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 23346.00

• Standard Deviation: 2539.99

#### RELEASEF\_FLAG - FEMALE DISCHARGES (Q13B2) - FLAG

Location: 667-667 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	483	57.4 %
1	Estimated by respondent	307	36.5 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	41	4.9 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **RELEASE - TOTAL - DISCHARGES (Q13B3)**

Location: 668-673 (width: 6; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

How many persons under the supervision of your [jail jurisdiction / jail] were... DISCHARGED from [your facilities / this facility] between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018? (TOTAL, sum of items 13b1 and 13b2).

#### **INCLUDE**

- Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
- Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the last time.

#### **EXCLUDE**

- Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your jurisdiction).

Mean: 7842.89Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 117831.00

• Standard Deviation: 11311.98

#### RELEASE\_FLAG - TOTAL - DISCHARGES (Q13B3) - FLAG

Location: 674-674 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	793	94.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	0	0.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	39	4.6 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **EMONITOR - ELECTRONIC MONITORING PROGRAM (Q14A)**

Location: 675-678 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... electronic monitoring?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 17.86Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2162.00

• Standard Deviation: 120.18

## EMONITOR\_FLAG - ELECTRONIC MONITORING PROGRAM (Q14A) - FLAG

Location: 679-679 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	776	92.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	39	4.6 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	17	2.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **HOMEDETN - HOME DETENTION (Q14B)**

Location: 680-682 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... home detention without electronic monitoring?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 0.85Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00

Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 100.00

• Standard Deviation: 6.87

#### **HOMEDETN\_FLAG - HOME DETENTION (Q14B) - FLAG**

Location: 683-683 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	788	93.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	25	3.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **COMMSRV - COMMUNITY SERVICE (Q14C)**

Location: 684-687 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... community service?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 6.75
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1293.00
Standard Deviation: 67.44

## COMMSRV\_FLAG - COMMUNITY SERVICE (Q14C) - FLAG

Location: 688-688 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	787	93.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	26	3.1 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **DAYREPORT - DAY REPORTING (Q14D)**

Location: 689-691 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... day reporting?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 2.78Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 466.00

• Standard Deviation: 23.12

## DAYREPORT\_FLAG - DAY REPORTING (Q14D) - FLAG

Location: 692-692 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	788	93.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	25	3.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **PRETRIAL - OTHER PRETRIAL SUPERVISION (Q14E)**

Location: 693-696 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... other pretrial supervision?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 13.50Median: 0.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 2404.00

• Standard Deviation: 116.19

#### PRETRIAL\_FLAG - OTHER PRETRIAL SUPERVISION (Q14E) - FLAG

Location: 697-697 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	785	93.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	28	3.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### **ALTWORK - OTHER ALTERNATIVE WORK PROGRAMS (Q14F)**

Location: 698-701 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... other alternative work programs?

EXCLUDE inmates participating in work release programs who return to jail at night.

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 4.31Median: 0.00

Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 1484.00Standard Deviation: 55.92

## ALTWORK\_FLAG - OTHER ALTERNATIVE WORK PROGRAMS (Q14F) - FLAG

Location: 702-702 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	790	93.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	23	2.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## TREATMENT - ALCOHOL/DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAMS (Q14G)

Location: 703-705 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... alcohol/drug treatment programs?

EXCLUDE inmates participating in alcohol/drug treatment programs who are confined in jail.

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 1.61
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 660.00
Standard Deviation: 24.86

## TREATMENT\_FLAG - ALCOHOL/DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAMS (Q14G) - FLAG

Location: 706-706 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	786	93.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	27	3.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## OTRNONCONFSPEC - OTHER NONCONFINED PROGRAMS, SPECIFY (Q14H)

Location: 707-744 (width: 38; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: character

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... other programs outside of jail facilities? (Specify)

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

#### OTRNONCONF - OTHER NONCONFINED PROGRAMS, COUNT (Q14H)

Location: 745-748 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED participated in... other programs outside of jail facilities?

EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

Mean: 3.39
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1636.00
Standard Deviation: 60.25

## OTRNONCONF\_FLAG - OTHER NONCONFINED PROGRAMS, COUNT (Q14H) - FLAG

Location: 749-749 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

#### Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	790	93.9 %
1	Estimated by respondent	23	2.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	19	2.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **NONCONFD - TOTAL - NOT CONFINED (Q14I)**

Location: 750-753 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

## Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of [your jail jurisdiction / this facility] who were NOT CONFINED... TOTAL? (Sum of items 14a to 14h should equal item 1b)

Mean: 51.06
Median: 0.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 4140.00
Standard Deviation: 255.72

## NONCONFD\_FLAG - TOTAL - NOT CONFINED (Q14I) - FLAG

Location: 754-754 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	771	91.7 %
1	Estimated by respondent	44	5.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	17	2.0 %
3	Item imputed	0	0.0 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **CORRSTAFF - TOTAL - CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A)**

Location: 755-759 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many staff employed in [your facilities / this facility] were... correctional officers (Deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spend more than 50% of their time with the incarcerated population)?

Count each employee only once. Classify employees with multiple functions by the function performed most frequently.

- INCLUDE payroll staff, non-payroll staff on the payroll of other government agencies (e.g., health department, school district, or court), and unpaid interns.
- EXCLUDE staff paid through contractual agreements and community volunteers.

Mean: 144.45Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 10218.00Standard Deviation: 411.56

#### CORRSTAFF\_FLAG - TOTAL - CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A) - FLAG

Location: 760-760 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	661	78.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	143	17.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### **CORRSTAFFM - MALE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A1)**

Location: 761-764 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

Of these [correctional officers], how many were male?

Mean: 100.23Median: 45.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 5892.00

• Standard Deviation: 249.19

## CORRSTAFFM\_FLAG - MALE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A1) - FLAG

Location: 765-765 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	650	77.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	153	18.2 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

#### **CORRSTAFFF - FEMALE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A2)**

Location: 766-769 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

Of these [correctional officers], how many were female?

Mean: 44.22Median: 17.00Mode: 4.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 4326.00

• Standard Deviation: 169.82

## CORRSTAFFF\_FLAG - FEMALE CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS (Q15A2) - FLAG

Location: 770-770 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	649	77.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	154	18.3 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **OTHERSTAFF - TOTAL - OTHER STAFF (Q15B)**

Location: 771-774 (width: 4; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, how many staff employed in [your facilities / this facility] were... all other staff (Administrators, clerical and maintenance staff, educational staff, professional and technical staff, and other staff – unspecified who spend more than 50% of their time in the facility)?

Count each employee only once. Classify employees with multiple functions by the function performed most frequently.

- INCLUDE payroll staff, non-payroll staff on the payroll of other government agencies (e.g., health department, school district, or court), and unpaid interns.
- EXCLUDE staff paid through contractual agreements and community volunteers.

Mean: 41.36
Median: 14.00
Mode: 0.00
Minimum: 0.00
Maximum: 1016.00
Standard Deviation: 90.91

## OTHERSTAFF\_FLAG - TOTAL - OTHER STAFF (Q15B) - FLAG

Location: 775-775 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	652	77.5 %
1	Estimated by respondent	149	17.7 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	31	3.7 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## OTHERSTAFFM - MALE OTHER STAFF (Q15B1)

Location: 776-778 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

Of these [other staff], how many were male?

• Mean: 17.69

Median: 6.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 743.00

• Standard Deviation: 47.30

## OTHERSTAFFM\_FLAG - MALE OTHER STAFF (Q15B1) - FLAG

Location: 779-779 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	650	77.3 %
1	Estimated by respondent	150	17.8 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	31	3.7 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## OTHERSTAFFF - FEMALE OTHER STAFF (Q15B2)

Location: 780-782 (width: 3; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

Of these [other staff], how many were female?

Mean: 23.68Median: 8.00Mode: 0.00Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 512.00

• Standard Deviation: 50.32

## OTHERSTAFFF\_FLAG - FEMALE OTHER STAFF (Q15B2) - FLAG

Location: 783-783 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	649	77.2 %
1	Estimated by respondent	151	18.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	1	0.1 %
3	Item imputed	31	3.7 %

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%

## **TOTALSTAFF - TOTAL - ALL STAFF (Q15C)**

Location: 784-788 (width: 5; decimal: 0)

Variable Type: numeric

#### Question:

On June 29, 2018, TOTAL staff employed in [your facilities / this facility]? (Sum of items 15a and 15b)

Mean: 185.81Minimum: 0.00Maximum: 11234.00Standard Deviation: 479.97

## TOTALSTAFF\_FLAG - TOTAL - ALL STAFF (Q15C) - FLAG

Location: 789-789 (width: 1; decimal: 0)

Value	Label	Unweighted Frequency	%
0	Reported	804	95.6 %
1	Estimated by respondent	0	0.0 %
2	Adjusted for consistency	0	0.0 %
3	Item imputed	28	3.3 %
4	Unit imputed	9	1.1 %
	Total	841	100%



March 2020, NCJ 253044

## Jail Inmates in 2018

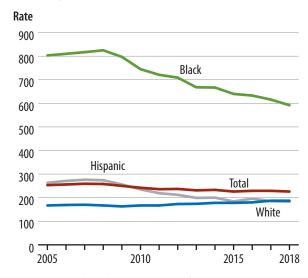
Zhen Zeng, Ph.D., BJS Statistician

ounty and city jails in the United States held 738,400 inmates at midyear 2018 (table 1), a decline of 6% from 785,500 inmates held in 2008. The midyear population remained relatively stable from 2011 to 2018. At midyear 2018, about one-third of jail inmates (248,500) were sentenced or awaiting sentencing on a conviction, while about two-thirds (490,000) were awaiting court action on a current charge or were held for other reasons.

Over the 10-year period from 2008 to 2018, the rate of incarceration in local jails dropped by 12%, from 258 inmates per 100,000 U.S. residents to 226 per 100,000 (figure 1). During this period, the jail incarceration rate increased by 12% for whites and declined by about 30% for blacks (28%) and Hispanics (33%).

Findings in this report are based on the Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ), a national survey of county, city, and regional jails. Since 1982, the Bureau of Justice Statistics has conducted the ASJ to provide nationwide statistics on the number and characteristics of local jail inmates, inmate turnover, jail capacity, and the usage of jail space.

# FIGURE 1 Jail incarceration rates at midyear, by race or ethnicity, 2005-2018



Note: Rates are based on the number of inmates held on the last weekday in June. See appendix table 2 for rates from 2005 to 2018. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jail authorities. In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected inmate counts by race or ethnicity at year-end. Because jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear, the 2015 and 2016 incarceration rates were adjusted for seasonal variation and represent estimated midyear rates. See *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

## HIGHLIGHTS

- The jail incarceration rate decreased 12% from 2008 to 2018, from 258 to 226 inmates per 100,000 U.S. residents.
- In 2018, jails reported 10.7 million admissions, a 21% decline from 2008.
- In 2018, more than two-thirds (68%) of jail inmates were held for felony charges.
- The male jail inmate population decreased 9% from 2008 to 2018, while the female inmate population increased 15%.
- From 2008 to 2018, the jail incarceration rate increased by 12% for whites and decreased by about 30% for blacks (28%) and Hispanics (33%).
- The jail incarceration rate for black residents was lower in 2018 than at any time since 1990.
- Inmates spent an estimated average of 25 days in jail in 2018.
- An estimated 81% of jail beds were occupied at midyear 2018, down from 95% at midyear 2008.



 TABLE 1

 Inmates confined at midyear, average daily population, annual admissions, and incarceration rates, 2005-2018

Year	Confined inmatesa	Average daily populationb	Annual admissions <sup>c</sup>	Jail incarceration rated
2005	747,500	733,400	12,100,000 †	253 †
2006	765,800 †	755,300 †	12,200,000 †	256 †
2007	780,200 †	773,100 †	13,100,000 †	259 †
2008	785,500 †	776,600 †	13,600,000 †	258 †
2009	767,400 †	768,100 †	12,800,000 †	250 †
2010	748,700	748,600	12,900,000 †	242 †
2011	735,600	735,600	11,800,000 †	236 †
2012	744,500	737,400	11,600,000 †	237 †
2013	731,200	731,400	11,700,000	231
2014	744,600	739,000	11,400,000 †	233 †
2015	727,400	719,500	10,700,000	226
2016	740,700	731,300	10,600,000	229
2017	745,200	745,600	10,600,000	229
2018*	738,400	737,900	10,700,000	226
Percent change				
2005-2018	-1.2%	0.6%	-11.6%	-10.7%
2017-2018	-0.9	-1.0	0.9	-1.4

Note: Data are rounded to the nearest 100 for confined inmates and for average daily population (ADP), and to the nearest 100,000 for annual admissions. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jail authorities. See appendix table 3 for standard errors.

\*Comparison year.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006-2018; Census of Jail Inmates, 2005; Mortality in Correctional Institutions (formerly Deaths in Custody Reporting Program), 2006 (admissions only); and U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States: January 1, 2005 to January 1, 2019.

<sup>†</sup>Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Number of inmates held on the last weekday in June.

bThe ADP is the sum of all inmates in jail each day for one year, divided by the number of days in the year. The ADP for 2015 and 2016 was calculated for the calendar year ending on December 31. The ADP for all other years was calculated for the 12-month period ending on June 30.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Annual admissions in 2005 and 2007 to 2014 were estimated based on admissions during a one-week period in June. The 2006, 2015, and 2016 annual admissions were for the calendar year ending on December 31. The 2017 and 2018 annual admissions were for the 12-month period ending on June 30. <sup>d</sup>Number of confined inmates in local jails at midyear per 100,000 U.S. residents.

## Terms and definitions

**Admissions**—All persons booked into and housed in jail facilities by formal legal document and the authority of the courts or some other official agency, including repeat offenders booked on new charges and persons sentenced to weekend programs or entering the facility for the first time. They exclude inmates reentering the facility after an escape, work release, medical appointment, stay in a treatment facility, and bail or court appearances.

**Average daily population (ADP)**—The sum of inmates in jail each day for a year, divided by the number of days in the year.

**Estimated average time in jail**—The ADP divided by the number of annual admissions, then multiplied by the number of days in a year.

Inmates under jail supervision but not confined—All persons in community-based programs operated by jail facilities, including electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, and work programs. They exclude persons on pre-trial release who are not in community-based programs run by jails; persons under supervision of probation, parole, or other agencies; inmates on weekend programs; and inmates who participate in work-release programs and return to jail at night.

Jail—A confinement facility operating under the authority of a sheriff, police chief, or county or city administrator. Facilities include jails, detention centers, county or city correctional centers, special jail facilities (such as medical or treatment centers and pre-release centers), and temporary holding or lockup facilities that are part of the jail's combined function. Jails are intended for adults but can hold juveniles before or after their cases are adjudicated.

#### Jails—

- hold inmates sentenced to jail facilities who usually have a sentence of one year or less
- receive individuals pending arraignment and hold them as they await trial, conviction, or sentencing
- re-admit probation, parole, and bail-bond violators and absconders
- detain juveniles pending their transfer to juvenile authorities

- hold mentally ill persons pending their movement to appropriate mental-health facilities
- hold individuals for the military, for protective custody, as witnesses for courts, and for contempt of court
- release convicted inmates to the community on completion of sentence
- transfer inmates to federal, state, or other authorities
- house inmates for federal, state, or other authorities due to crowding of their facilities
- operate community-based programs as alternatives to incarceration.

**Jail incarceration rate**—The number of inmates held in the custody of local jails, per 100,000 U.S. residents.

**Jail jurisdiction**—A county (parish in Louisiana) or municipal government that administers one or more local jails and represents the entity responsible for managing jail facilities under its authority. Most jail jurisdictions consist of a single facility, but some have multiple facilities or multiple facility-operators.

*Midyear population*—The number of inmates held in custody on the last weekday in June.

**Percent of capacity occupied at midyear**—The jail population at midyear, divided by the rated capacity.

**Rated capacity**—The number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility, excluding separate temporary holding areas.

**Releases**—Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completions, bail or bond releases, other pre-trial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, and deaths). Releases include persons who have completed their weekend program and who are leaving the facility for the last time. They exclude temporary discharges, such as work releases, medical appointments, stays in treatment centers, court appearances, furloughs, day reporting, and transfers to other facilities within the jail jurisdiction.

**Weekly inmate turnover rate**—The sum of weekly admissions and releases, divided by the ADP.

**Year-end population**—The number of inmates held in custody on December 31. The year-end population is typically smaller than the midyear population.

# The jail incarceration rate for black U.S. residents fell below 600 per 100,000 black residents for the first time since 1990

An estimated 226 inmates per 100,000 U.S. residents were incarcerated nationwide at midyear 2018. Blacks were jailed at a rate of 592 per 100,000 black U.S. residents (table 2). American Indians and Alaska Natives (AIANs) had a jail incarceration rate of 401 per 100,000 AIAN U.S. residents. Whites (187 per 100,000 white U.S. residents) and Hispanics (182 per 100,000 Hispanic U.S. residents) were jailed at similar rates.

During the past decade, the jail incarceration rate increased for whites and declined for blacks and

Hispanics. From 2008 to 2018, the rate grew from 167 to 187 per 100,000 for whites (up 12%), fell from 825 to 592 per 100,000 for blacks (down 28%), and fell from 274 to 182 per 100,000 for Hispanics (down 34%). In 2018, blacks were jailed at their lowest rate since 1990. (See appendix table 2.)

The male incarceration rate fell 14% between 2005 and 2018, from 448 to 387 male inmates per 100,000 male U.S. residents. During that period, the rate for females grew 10%, from 63 to 69 female inmates per 100,000 female U.S. residents.

TABLE 2	
Jail incarceration rates, by sex and race or ethnicity	, 2005, 2008, and 2010-2018

				•							
Characteristic	2005	2008	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>a</sup>	2016 <sup>a</sup>	2017	2018*
Total	253 †	258 †	242 †	236 †	237 †	231	233 †	226	229	229	226
Adults <sup>b</sup>	334 †	338 †	315 †	307 †	308 †	299 †	302 †	292	295	295	290
Sex											
Male	448 †	457 †	431 †	419†	418 †	404 †	405 †	394	398 †	394	387
Female	63 †	65 †	59†	59 †	62 †	64 †	67	64†	66†	69	69
Race/ethnicity											
White <sup>c</sup>	167 †	167 †	167 †	167 †	173 †	174†	178 †	178 †	180 †	187	187
Black <sup>c</sup>	803 †	825 †	745 †	721 †	709 †	668 †	667 †	640 †	633 †	616	592
Hispanic	263 †	273 †	235 †	219†	212 †	199†	200 †	184	196†	185	182
American Indian/ Alaska Native <sup>c</sup>	339	386	426	410	401	437	443	378	379	366	401
Asian <sup>c</sup>	40 †	37 †	31 †	32 †	30 †	28	32 †	30 †	30 †	26	26
Other <sup>c,d</sup>	34	37	26 †	26 †	34	33	24 †	36	40	39	50

Note: Rates are based on the number of confined inmates at midyear in local jails per 100,000 U.S. residents (for total) or per 100,000 U.S. residents of a given demographic group. Data are based on the inmate population confined on the last weekday in June and include both adults and juveniles, unless otherwise specified. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jail authorities. See appendix table 4 for standard errors. See appendix table 1 for counts of U.S. resident population by sex and race/ethnicity used to calculate incarceration rates.

<sup>\*</sup>Comparison year.

<sup>†</sup>Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected demographic data on inmate population at year-end instead of midyear. Because jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear, the 2015 and 2016 inmate populations were adjusted for seasonal variation. See *Methodology*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Excludes persons under age 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Excludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic white and "black" refers to non-Hispanic black).

dIncludes Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, or persons of two or more races.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2008 and 2010-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

## The black jail population dropped by 21% from 2008 to 2018

From 2008 to 2018, the total jail population declined by 6% (47,100 inmates) (table 3). This was largely due to a 21% decrease in black inmates, which was partially offset by an 11% increase in white inmates. During this period, the overall Hispanic population (up 23%) and Asian population (up 40%) in the U.S. grew, while the number of Hispanic jail inmates decreased by 15% and the number of Asian jail inmates stayed about the same. (See appendix table 1 for population figures.)

### The juvenile jail population dropped by 56% from 2008 to 2018

The female jail inmate population grew by 15,400 inmates or 15% from 2008 to 2018, while the male inmate population decreased by 62,500 inmates or 9%. The number of juvenile jail inmates fell 56% during this period, from 7,700 to 3,400.

TABLE 3
Number of confined inmates in local jails, by characteristics, 2005, 2008, 2010, and 2015-2018

								Change from	2008 to 2018
Characteristic	2005	2008	2010	2015 <sup>a</sup>	2016 <sup>a</sup>	2017	2018*	Count	Percent
Total	747,500	785,500 †	748,700	727,400	740,700	745,200	738,400	-47,100	-6.0%
Sex									
Male	653,000 †	685,900 †	656,400 †	623,600	633,100	631,500	623,400	-62,500	-9.1%
Female	94,600 †	99,700 †	92,400 †	103,800 †	107,600 †	113,700	115,100	15,400	15.4
Adults	740,800	777,800 †	741,200	723,800	736,800	741,600	735,000	-42,800	-5.5%
Male	646,800 †	678,700 †	649,300 †	620,300	629,700	628,200	620,500	-58,200	-8.6
Female	94,000 †	99,200 †	91,900 †	103,500 †	107,100 †	113,400	114,500	15,300	15.4
Juveniles <sup>b</sup>	6,800 †	7,700 †	7,600 †	3,600	3,900	3,600	3,400	-4,300	-55.8%
Held as adult <sup>c</sup>	5,800 †	6,400 †	5,600 †	3,200 †	3,200 †	3,200 †	2,700	-3,700	-57.8
Held as juvenile	1,000	1,300 †	1,900 †	400	700	300 †	700	-600	-46.2
Race/ethnicity	•								
White <sup>d</sup>	331,000 †	333,300 †	331,600 †	351,600 †	356,100	370,100	368,500	35,200	10.6%
Black <sup>d</sup>	290,500 †	308,000 †	283,200 †	255,200 †	254,600 †	250,100	242,300	-65,700	-21.3
Hispanic	111,900	128,500 †	118,100 †	103,900	112,700	108,400	109,300	-19,200	-14.9
American Indian/	•			•	-	•	•	•	
Alaska Natived	7,600 †	9,000	9,900	9,000	9,000	8,800	9,700	700	7.8
Asian <sup>d</sup>	4,900	5,000	4,400 †	5,200	5,200 †	4,800	4,800	-200	-4.0
Other <sup>d,e</sup>	1,500 †	1,800 †	1,500 †	2,500	2,900	2,900	3,900	2,100	116.7
Conviction status									
Convicted	284,400 †	291,300 †	291,300 †	273,000 †	258,500	263,200 †	248,500	-42,800	-14.7%
Unconvicted	463,200 †	494,300	457,400 †	454,400 †	482,100	482,000	490,000	-4,300	-0.9
Most serious type of offense									
Felony				494,100	516,400	516,800	504,900		
Misdemeanor	•••			193,100	188,000	194,700	192,000	•••	•••
Other <sup>f</sup>	***			40,200	36,300 †	33,600 †	41,600	•••	•••

Note: Data are based on the inmate population confined on the last weekday in June, unless specified. Data are adjusted for non-response and rounded to the nearest 100. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See table 6 in Jail Inmates at Midyear 2009 – Statistical Tables (NCJ 230122, BJS, June 2010) for data from 2006 to 2009 and table 3 in Jail Inmates 2017 – Statistical Tables (NCJ 251774, BJS, April 2019) for data from 2011 to 2014. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jail authorities. See appendix table 5 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2008, 2010, and 2015-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

<sup>\*</sup>Comparison year. †Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

<sup>...</sup>Not collected. The ASJ began collecting inmate counts by offense severity in 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected demographic data on the inmate population at year-end instead of midyear. Because jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear, the 2015 and 2016 inmate populations were adjusted for seasonal variation and represent estimated midyear counts. See *Methodology* for details on estimation procedures.

bPersons under age 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Includes juveniles who were tried or awaiting trial as adults.

dExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic white and "black" refers to non-Hispanic black).

elncludes Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, or persons of two or more races.

fIncludes civil infractions and unknown offenses.

At midyear 2018, males accounted for 84% of jail inmates and females accounted for 16% (table 4). Fifty percent of the jail population was white, 33% was black, and 15% was Hispanic.

More than two-thirds of jail inmates were held for felony charges

In 2018, about 68% of jail inmates were held for felony charges and 26% were held for misdemeanor charges.

(The other 6% were held for civil infractions or unknown offenses.) About one-third (34%) of jail inmates were sentenced or awaiting sentencing on a conviction, while about two-thirds (66%) were awaiting court action on a current charge or were held for other reasons.

5.5

4.5 †

Characteristic	2005	2008	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015 <sup>a</sup>	2016 <sup>a</sup>	2017	2018*
Sex											
Male	87.3% †	87.3% †	87.7% †	87.3% †	86.8% †	86.0% †	85.3% †	85.7% †	85.5% †	84.7%	84.4%
Female	12.7 †	12.7 †	12.3 †	12.7 †	13.2 †	14.0 †	14.7 †	14.3 †	14.5 †	15.3	15.6
Adults	99.1% †	99.0% †	99.0% †	99.2% †	99.3%	99.4% †	99.4% †	99.5%	99.5%	99.5%	99.5%
Male	86.5 †	86.4 †	86.7 †	86.6 †	86.1 †	85.4 †	84.8 †	85.3 †	85.0 †	84.3	84.0
Female	12.6 †	12.6 †	12.3 †	12.6 †	13.2 †	13.9 †	14.6 †	14.2 †	14.5 †	15.2	15.5
Juveniles <sup>b</sup>	0.9% †	1.0% †	1.0% †	0.8% †	0.7% †	0.6% †	0.6% †	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Held as adult <sup>c</sup>	0.8 †	0.8 †	0.8 †	0.6 †	0.6 †	0.5 †	0.5 †	0.4 †	0.4 †	0.4 †	0.4
Held as juvenile	0.1	0.2 †	0.3 †	0.2 †	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	<0.1 †	0.1
Race/ethnicity											
White <sup>d</sup>	44.3% †	42.4% †	44.3% †	44.8% †	45.8% †	47.2% †	47.4% †	48.3% †	48.1% †	49.7%	49.9%
Black <sup>d</sup>	38.9 †	39.2 †	37.8 †	37.6 †	36.9 †	35.8 †	35.4 †	35.1 †	34.4 †	33.6	32.8
Hispanic	15.0	16.4 †	15.8 †	15.5	15.1	14.8	14.9	14.3	15.2	14.5	14.8
American Indian/											
Alaska Native <sup>d</sup>	1.0 †	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.3
Asian <sup>d</sup>	0.7	0.6 †	0.6 †	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.7 †	0.7 †	0.7 †	0.6	0.7
Other <sup>d,e</sup>	0.2 †	0.2 †	0.2 †	0.2 †	0.3 †	0.3 †	0.2 †	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5
Conviction status											
Convicted	38.0% †	37.1% †	38.9% †	39.4% †	39.4% †	38.0% †	37.2% †	37.5% †	34.9%	35.3% †	33.6%
Unconvicted	62.0 †	62.9 †	61.1 †	60.6 †	60.6 †	62.0 †	62.8 †	62.5 †	65.1	64.7 †	66.4
Most serious type of offense											
Felony		•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	67.8%	69.7% †	69.4%	68.4%
Misdemeanor								26.5	25.4	26.1	26.0

Note: Data for 2005, 2010 to 2014, 2017, and 2018 are based on the inmate population confined on the last weekday in June. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See table 7 in Jail Inmates at Midyear 2009 – Statistical Tables (NCJ 230122, BJS, June 2010) for data from 2006 to 2009. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jail authorities. See appendix table 6 for standard errors.

Other<sup>f</sup>

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2008 and 2010-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

<sup>\*</sup>Comparison year.

<sup>†</sup>Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

<sup>...</sup>Not collected. The ASJ began collecting inmate counts by offense severity in 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Based on the inmate population confined on December 31. In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected demographic data on inmate population at year-end instead of midyear.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Persons under age 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Includes juveniles who were tried or awaiting trial as adults.

dExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic white and "black" refers to non-Hispanic black).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Includes Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, or persons of two or more races.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Includes civil infractions and unknown offenses.

More than 2,800 local jail jurisdictions operated in the U.S. in 2018 (table 5). About a third of them (35%) held less than 50 inmates on an average day. These smallest jails had a mean average daily population (ADP) of 23 inmates. An estimated 28 jail jurisdictions had an ADP of 2,500 or more inmates. In 2018, these largest jails held 137,100 inmates, nearly 20% of the total jail population in the U.S.

## Four jail jurisdictions drove the decline in jail beds from 2017 to 2018

Between 2005 and 2016, the total rated capacity of local jails rose relatively steadily, from 787,000 to 915,400 beds (table 6). From 2017 to 2018, total beds decreased

**TABLE 5**Average daily jail population, by size of jurisdiction, 2018

Jail jurisdiction	_ Jail juris	dictions	Total	ADP*	Mean	
Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)*	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	ADP	
Total	2,842	100%	737,900	100%	260	
Less than						
50 inmates	1,003	35.3	22,800	3.1	23	
50-99	530	18.7	37,100	5.0	70	
100-249	640	22.5	106,700	14.5	167	
250-499	311	10.9	112,100	15.2	361	
500-999	206	7.3	144,300	19.6	699	
1,000-2,499	124	4.4	177,800	24.1	1,438	
2,500 or more	28	1.0	137,100	18.6	4,985	

Note: Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 7 for standard errors.

from 915,100 to 907,000. Four large jail jurisdictions accounted for 73% of that 8,100-bed decrease: the New York City Department of Correction, the Philadelphia Department of Prisons, the Maricopa County Sheriff's Office (Phoenix), and the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (not shown in tables).

From 2008 to 2011, jail occupancy fell from 95% to 85% of capacity. By midyear 2018, jail occupancy had fallen to 81%.

**TABLE 6**Jail capacity, midyear population, and percent of capacity occupied in local jails, 2005-2018

Year	Jail capacity <sup>a</sup>	Midyear population <sup>b</sup>	Percent of capacity occupied <sup>c</sup>
2005	787,000 †	747,500	95.0% †
2006	795,000 †	765,800 †	96.3 †
2007	810,500 †	780,200 †	96.3 †
2008	828,700 †	785,500 †	94.8 †
2009	849,900 †	767,400 †	90.3 †
2010	857,900 †	748,700	87.3 †
2011	870,400 †	735,600	84.5 †
2012	877,400 †	744,500	84.9 †
2013	872,900 †	731,200	83.8 †
2014	890,500	744,600	83.6 †
2015	901,400	727,400	80.7
2016	915,400	740,700	80.9
2017	915,100	745,200	81.4
2018*	907,000	738,400	81.4

Note: Data are rounded to the nearest 100 for jail capacity and midyear population. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jail authorities. See appendix table 8 for standard errors. \*Comparison year.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

<sup>\*</sup>The average daily population (ADP) is the sum of all inmates in jail each day for the 12-month period ending on June 30, divided by the number of days in the 12-month period. The ADP is rounded to the nearest 100. Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2018.

<sup>†</sup>Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility, excluding separate temporary holding areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The number of inmates held on the last weekday in June.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>The midyear inmate population divided by the rated capacity.

About 20% of jail jurisdictions operated at or above their rated capacity at midyear 2018 (table 7), a drop from 26% in midyear 2005 (not shown in tables). In 2018, an estimated 32% of medium-size jail jurisdictions (those with an ADP of 250 to 499 inmates) operated at or above rated capacity, compared to about 25% of jurisdictions with an ADP of 50 to 249 inmates or 500 to 999 inmates. Eight percent of the smallest jurisdictions (those with an ADP of less than 50 inmates) and the largest jurisdictions (those with an ADP of 2,500 or more inmates) operated at or above their rated capacity.

#### Inmates spent an average of 25 days in jail in 2018

In 2018, the overall weekly inmate-turnover rate was 55%, with inmates spending an estimated average of 25 days in jail (table 8). Smaller jails had higher weekly inmate-turnover rates and shorter lengths of stay than larger jails. On average, jails with an ADP of 2,500 or more inmates held inmates about twice as long (34 days) as jails with an ADP of less than 100 inmates (15 days).

TABLE 8
Inmate turnover rate and estimated average time in jail, by size of jurisdiction, 2018

Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)	Average daily population <sup>a</sup>	Annual admissions	Weekly inmate- turnover rateb	Estimated average time in jail <sup>c</sup>
Total	737,900	10,675,400	54.9%	25.2 days
Less than				
50 inmates	22,800	744,100	124.7 †	11.2 †
50-99	37,100	753,600	75.9 †	17.9 †
100-249	106,700	1,895,200	67.1 †	20.5 †
250-499	112,100	1,605,500	54.8 †	25.5 †
500-999	144,300	1,994,100	52.1 †	26.4 †
1,000-2,499	177,800	2,219,600	47.2 †	29.2 †
2,500 or more*	137,100	1,463,300	41.0	34.2

Note: Jail jurisdiction size is based on the average daily population (ADP). Data are rounded to the nearest 100 for the ADP. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 10 for standard errors.

Parcent of iail jurisdictions

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2018.

**TABLE 7**Percent of jail capacity occupied at midyear, by size of jurisdiction, 2018

Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)	Midyear population <sup>a</sup>	Rated capacity <sup>b</sup>	Percent of capacity occupied at midyear <sup>c</sup>	operating at more than 100% of rated capacity at midyear
Total	738,400	907,000	81.4%	20.1%
Less than 50 inmates	23,200	40,200	57.7 †	8.0
50-99	35,900	50,400	71.3	24.3 †
100-249	106,600	124,100	85.9 †	28.4 †
250-499	112,800	133,300	84.6 †	32.4 †
500-999	146,900	176,800	83.1 †	25.6 †
1,000-2,499	176,400	206,300	85.5 †	19.8 †
2,500 or more*	136,700	175,900	77.7	7.6

Note: Jail jurisdiction size is based on the average daily population (ADP). Data are rounded to the nearest 100 for midyear population and rated capacity. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 9 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2018.

<sup>\*</sup>Comparison group.

<sup>†</sup>Difference with comparison group is significant at the 95% confidence level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The sum of all inmates in jail each day for the 12-month period ending on June 30, divided by the number of days in the 12-month period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The sum of weekly admissions and releases, divided by the ADP. Weekly admissions and releases are calculated using the annual admissions and releases, divided by the number of weeks in the 12-month period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>The ADP divided by the number of annual admissions, then multiplied by the number of days in a year.

<sup>\*</sup>Comparison group

<sup>†</sup>Difference with comparison group is significant at the 95% confidence level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The number of inmates held on the last weekday in June.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility, excluding separate temporary holding areas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>The midyear population divided by the rated capacity.

#### 57,900 persons were supervised outside of jail

In addition to the 738,400 confined inmates at midyear 2018, jail authorities supervised 57,900 persons in programs outside of jail, including weekend programs, electronic monitoring, home detention, day reporting, community service, alcohol or drug treatment programs, and other pre-trial or work programs (table 9). The number of persons supervised outside of jail dropped from 72,900 in 2008 to 57,900 in 2018 (down 21%).

**TABLE 9**Persons under jail supervision, by confinement status, 2005-2018

Year	Total	Held in jail	Supervised outside of a jail facility <sup>a</sup>
2005	819,400 †	747,500	71,900 †
2006	826,000 †	765,800 †	60,200
2007	848,400 †	780,200 †	68,200 †
2008	858,400 †	785,500 †	72,900 †
2009	837,600 †	767,400 †	70,200 †
2010	809,300	748,700	60,600
2011	798,400	735,600	62,800
2012	808,600	744,500	64,100
2013	790,600	731,200	59,400
2014	808,100	744,600	63,500
2015 <sup>b</sup>	782,300	727,400	54,900
2016 <sup>b</sup>	794,900	740,700	54,200
2017	801,100	745,200	55,900
2018*	796,300	738,400	57,900

Note: Based on the number of inmates supervised on the last weekday in June, unless specified. Data are rounded to the nearest 100. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. See appendix table 11 for standard errors.

Jails employed an estimated 221,600 full-time workers in 2018, which was not a statistically significant change from 2017 (table 10). The characteristics of jail staff were similar in 2017 and 2018. In both years, about 80% of jail employees were correctional officers, including deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spent more than half their time with inmates. An estimated 69% of correctional officers and 44% of other staff were male. The inmate-to-correctional-officer ratio was 4.2 to 1 at midyear in both years.

**TABLE 10**Staff employed in local jails, by sex, 2017 and 2018

	Nun	nber	Percent		
Job function	2017	2018*	2017	2018*	
Total	225,700	221,600	100%	100%	
Correctional officers <sup>a</sup>	179,500	174,500	79.5%	78.7%	
Male	123,200	119,900	54.6	54.1	
Female	56,300	54,600	25.0	24.6	
Inmate-to-correctional officer ratio	4.2	4.2			
All other staff <sup>b</sup>	46,200	47,100	20.5%	21.3%	
Male	20,300	20,600	9.0	9.3	
Female	25,900	26,500	11.5	12.0	

Note: Data are rounded to the nearest 100 for the number of employed staff. Details may not sum to totals due to rounding. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jail authorities. See appendix table 12 for standard errors.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2017 and 2018.

<sup>\*</sup>Comparison year.

<sup>†</sup>Difference with comparison year is significant at the 95% confidence level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Excludes persons supervised by a probation or parole agency. Includes offenders who serve their sentences of confinement on weekends only (i.e., Friday to Sunday); persons under electronic monitoring; persons in work-release programs, work gangs, and other alternative work programs; and persons in drug, alcohol, mental health, and other medical treatment. <sup>b</sup>In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected the number of persons supervised outside of a jail facility on December 31.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

<sup>\*</sup>Comparison year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Includes deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spend more than 50% of their time with the incarcerated population.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Includes administrators, clerical and maintenance staff, educational staff, professional and technical staff, and other unspecified staff who spend more than 50% of their time in the facility.

### Methodology

In the years between complete censuses of jails, the Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS) conducts the Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ) to estimate the number and characteristics of the jail population in the U.S. The ASJ is a nationally representative survey of all county and city jail jurisdictions and all regional jails in the country. The combined jail and prison systems in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont are not covered. These are included in BJS's prison collection. However, Alaska's 15 locally operated jails are covered.

A jail jurisdiction is a county (parish in Louisiana) or municipal government that administers one or more local jails and represents the entity responsible for managing jail facilities under its authority. Most jail jurisdictions consist of a single facility, but some have multiple facilities, or multiple facility operators, called reporting units. For example, four reporting units in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, represent a single jail jurisdiction.

#### Sampling design

The ASJ sample is drawn at the jurisdiction level. When a jail jurisdiction with multiple reporting units is sampled, data are collected from all reporting units within that jail jurisdiction. The ASJ uses a stratified probability sampling design based on jail population data collected through the most recent Census of Jails (2013). Jails in the ASJ sample are surveyed annually until the next sample is drawn. The most recent sample refresh occurred in 2015. A sample of 876 jail jurisdictions was selected to represent the approximately 2,851 jail jurisdictions nationwide. In selecting the jails, all jurisdictions were grouped into 10 strata based on their average daily population (ADP) and the presence of juveniles measured in the most recent Census of Jails. In 8 of the 10 strata, a random sample of jail jurisdictions was selected. The remaining two strata were designated as certainty strata, where all jurisdictions were selected. One certainty stratum consisted of all jails that were operated jointly by two or more jurisdictions (referred to as multi-jurisdictional jails). The other certainty stratum consisted of all jail jurisdictions that—

- held juvenile inmates at the time of the 2013 Census of Jails and had an ADP of 500 or more inmates during the 12 months ending on December 31, 2013
- held only adult inmates and had an ADP of 750 or more inmates

- were one of six new jail jurisdictions that were known to be operating in 2015 and were not represented in the sampling frame (2013 Census of Jails).
- were located in California.

The ASJ sample includes all California jail jurisdictions. This sampling feature was introduced in 2013 in response to California Assembly Bill (AB) 109 and AB 117, which were aimed at reducing the number of inmates in the state's prisons starting on October 1, 2011.

After the two laws were enacted, California's jail population underwent a substantial increase not experienced by the rest of the U.S. For this reason, the ASJ sampling design was modified to include all California jail jurisdictions in a certainty (self-representing) stratum.<sup>1</sup> Their inclusion resulted in an additional 21 jurisdictions. (California has 65 jurisdictions in total.)

#### Response rate and non-response adjustment

ASJ data for 2018 were collected through a web-based survey. The sample consisted of 871 active jail jurisdictions. Seventy-four jurisdictions did not respond to the survey. The response rate was 91.5%.

#### Non-response weighting adjustment

Non-response weighting was implemented to account for unit non-response. Jurisdictions were grouped into weighting classes based on sampling stratum and the 2013 inmate population. Using a simple weighting class method, a non-response weighting adjustment factor was calculated within each weighting class *h* as—

$$F_h = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n_h} W_{hi} \times JURISA_{hi}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n_h} W_{hi} \times JURISR_{hi}}$$

where-

 $n_h$  = number of jurisdictions sampled in weighting class h,

 $W_{hi}$  = sampling weight for jurisdiction i in weighting class h,

 $JURISA_{hi}$  = active status indicator for jurisdiction i in weighting class h (1 = active, 0 = out of scope), and

 $JURISR_{hi}$  = response indicator of jurisdiction i in weighting class h (1 = respondent, 0 = non-respondent).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See Methodology in Jail Inmates at Midyear 2014 (NCJ 248629, BJS, June 2015).

#### Final weight

The final weight  $FW_{hi}$  for each jail jurisdiction is calculated as the product of the sampling weight, the weighting class adjustment within each weighting class, and the jurisdiction's response factor.

$$FW_{hi} = W_{hi} \times F_h \times JURISR_{hi}$$

#### Item non-response imputation

Item response rates ranged from 95% to 100%. For responding jail jurisdictions that were unable to provide some requested items, a carry-forward cold-deck procedure was used to replace missing values with prior-year (2015, 2016, and 2017 ASJ) data from the same jail jurisdictions, adjusted for year-to-year difference in total confined population. For cases with no prior-year data, a weighted sequential hot-deck procedure was implemented to impute missing data, where the donor for each missing item was randomly selected from within a set of similar jails, sorted by related auxiliary population values.

#### Adjusting for seasonal variation in jail population

Prior to 2015, the ASJ asked jails to report the total and detailed inmate counts on the last weekday in June (the midyear reference date). In 2015 and 2016, the ASJ

collected the total confined population at midyear but detailed inmate counts by characteristics (i.e., sex, race or ethnicity, age category, conviction status, and most serious type of offense) on December 31 (the year-end reference date). Starting with the 2017 collection, the ASJ reverted back to the midyear reference. Comparisons of year-end data with midyear data need to consider seasonal variations, as jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear.

To adjust for seasonal variation, the numbers of inmates by characteristic from 2015 and 2016 year-end collections in table 3 were multiplied by the ratio of the midyear confined population to the year-end confined population of the corresponding year. The standard errors for the 2015 and 2016 counts in appendix table 5 were similarly adjusted. The seasonally adjusted jail populations were also used in the calculation of the 2015 and 2016 jail incarceration rates in table 2.

#### Calculating weekly inmate turnover rates

The weekly jail inmate-turnover rate is the sum of the average weekly admissions and releases, divided by the ADP. This rate is an indicator of the fluctuation of the jail population.

#### U.S. resident population, by sex and race or ethnicity at midyear, 2005, 2008, and 2010-2018

	·	•		•	• •	, ,					
Characteristic	2005	2008	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total	295,843,000	304,441,000	309,466,000	311,656,000	313,930,000	316,418,000	319,023,000	321,177,000	323,141,000	325,218,000	327,225,000
Adults <sup>a</sup>	222,082,000	229,972,000	235,113,000	237,718,000	240,169,000	242,773,000	245,381,000	247,509,000	249,469,000	251,616,000	253,786,000
Sex											
Male	145,599,000	150,110,000	152,455,000	153,324,000	154,514,000	155,749,000	157,024,000	158,102,000	159,101,000	160,158,000	161,158,000
Female	150,245,000	154,332,000	157,010,000	158,332,000	159,416,000	160,669,000	161,998,000	163,075,000	164,040,000	165,059,000	166,067,000
Race/ethnicity											
White <sup>b</sup>	198,119,000	199,568,000	198,765,000	197,546,000	197,713,000	197,842,000	197,928,000	197,992,000	197,903,000	197,733,000	197,583,000
Black <sup>b</sup>	36,163,000	37,328,000	38,029,000	38,346,000	38,710,000	39,133,000	39,551,000	39,904,000	40,243,000	40,588,000	40,911,000
Hispanic	42,579,000	46,991,000	50,296,000	52,059,000	53,111,000	54,182,000	55,422,000	56,467,000	57,541,000	58,733,000	59,876,000
American Indian/ Alaska Native <sup>b</sup>	2,242,000	2,333,000	2,328,000	2,292,000	2,311,000	2,330,000	2,351,000	2,370,000	2,387,000	2,403,000	2,418,000
Asian <sup>b</sup>	12,291,000	13,351,000	14,382,000	15,066,000	15,548,000	16,200,000	16,832,000	17,309,000	17,745,000	18,250,000	18,732,000
Other <sup>b,c</sup>	4,449,000	4,869,000	5,666,000	6,348,000	6,536,000	6,731,000	6,939,000	7,135,000	7,322,000	7,512,000	7,705,000

Note: The numbers of U.S. residents at midyear were interpolated from the U.S. Census Bureau's population projections for January 1, 2005 to January 1, 2019. Rounded to the nearest thousand.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States: January 1, 2005 to January 1, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Includes persons age 18 or older.

bExcludes persons of Hispanic origin (e.g., "white" refers to non-Hispanic white and "black" refers to non-Hispanic black).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Includes Native Hawaiians, Other Pacific Islanders, or persons of two or more races.

APPENDIX TABLE 2

Jail incarceration rates at midyear, by race or ethnicity, 1990-2018

1990-20	010			
Year	Total	White	Black	Hispanic
1990	162	90	586	257
1991	169	92	620	259
1992	174	94	646	266
1993	178	94	660	275
1994	188	100	690	289
1995	193	105	698	275
1996	195	111	667	288
1997	212	117	729	302
1998	219	125	742	302
1999	222	127	761	299
2000	223	133	755	276
2001	221	138	736	251
2002	231	148	754	255
2003	238	153	764	268
2004	244	161	769	263
2005	253	167	803	263
2006	256	169	810	271
2007	259	170	817	276
2008	258	167	825	274
2009	250	163	797	256
2010	242	167	745	235
2011	236	167	721	219
2012	237	173	709	212
2013	231	174	668	199
2014	233	178	667	200
2015	226	178	640	184
2016	229	180	633	196
2017	229	187	616	185
2018	226	187	592	183

Note: Rates are based on the number of inmates held on the last weekday in June. Results may differ from previous reports in the series due to data updates from jail authorities. In 2015 and 2016, the Annual Survey of Jails collected inmate counts by race or ethnicity at year-end. Because jails typically hold fewer inmates at year-end than at midyear, the 2015 and 2016 incarceration rates were adjusted for seasonal variation and represent estimated midyear rates. See *Methodology*.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 1990-2004 and 2006-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

Standard errors for table 1: Inmates confined at midyear, average daily population, annual admissions, and incarceration rates, 2005-2018

Year	Confined inmates	Average daily population	Annual admissions	Jail incarceration rate
2005	~	~	~	~
2006	3,552	3,230	~	1.2
2007	3,720	3,549	169,151	1.2
2008	4,016	3,883	272,916	1.3
2009	4,231	4,109	178,537	1.4
2010	5,430	5,359	233,704	1.8
2011	6,009	5,879	211,335	1.9
2012	7,684	7,769	188,549	2.4
2013	8,042	7,943	688,181	2.5
2014	8,382	8,430	205,287	2.6
2015	7,188	7,112	141,792	2.2
2016	5,943	5,788	138,605	1.8
2017	6,614	7,431	152,636	2.0
2018	7,122	6,967	155,281	2.2

<sup>~</sup>Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates or the Mortality in Correctional Institutions collection.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006-2018; Census of Jail Inmates, 2005; Mortality in Correctional Institutions (formerly Deaths in Custody Reporting Program), 2006 (admissions only); and U.S. Census Bureau, Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States: January 1, 2005 to January 1, 2019.

## **APPENDIX TABLE 4**Standard errors for table 2: Jail incarceration rates, by sex and race or ethnicity, 2005, 2008, and 2010-2018

Characteristic	2005	2008	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total	~	1.3	1.8	1.9	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.2
Adults	~	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.2	3.3	3.3	2.9	2.4	2.6	2.8
Sex											
Male	~	2.4	3.2	3.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	3.8
Female	~	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	8.0	0.9
Race/ethnicity											
White	~	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.6
Black	~	8.0	8.4	8.9	11.9	12.4	11.9	8.9	9.1	9.8	10.3
Hispanic	~	4.0	4.2	5.0	5.6	4.8	4.9	5.8	3.4	3.7	3.8
American Indian/ Alaska Native	~	31.3	44.3	40.7	37.5	40.0	39.4	38.2	35.7	33.2	37.9
Asian	~	0.9	0.8	1.2	1.4	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.7
Other	~	1.0	2.8	2.4	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.3	4.8	3.5	10.1

<sup>~</sup>Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2008 and 2010-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

**APPENDIX TABLE 5**Standard errors for table 3: Number of confined inmates in local jails, by characteristics, 2005, 2008, 2010, and 2015–2018

Characteristic	2005	2008	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total	~	4,016	5,430	7,198	6,013	6,614	7,122
Sex							
Male	~	3,570	4,832	6,242	5,237	5,680	6,078
Female	~	1,125	999	1,307	1,247	1,351	1,457
Adults	~	4,012	5,400	7,187	5,971	6,569	7,073
Male	~	3,568	4,794	6,230	5,197	5,635	6,038
Female	~	1,123	994	1,306	1,247	1,349	1,457
Juvenile	~	170	263	121	158	128	218
Held as adult	~	149	246	117	118	127	108
Held as juvenile	~	88	255	45	98	36	182
Race/ethnicity							
White	~	3,115	3,589	4,192	4,361	4,629	5,064
Black	~	2,995	3,194	3,548	3,680	3,987	4,197
Hispanic	~	1,878	2,131	3,297	1,981	2,165	2,307
American Indian/							
Alaska Native	~	730	1,031	906	853	798	917
Asian	~	117	117	157	137	155	138
Other	~	48	160	167	349	259	776
Conviction status							
Convicted	~	2,978	3,292	4,937	3,458	3,568	3,888
Unconvicted	~	3,552	4,515	4,731	5,690	5,792	6,160
Most serious type of offense							
Felony				5,701	5,482	5,810	6,443
Misdemeanor				3,106	2,899	3,388	3,461
Other		•••		1,822	1,361	1,774	1,963

<sup>...</sup>Not collected. The ASJ began collecting inmate counts by offense severity in 2015.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2008, 2010, and 2015-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

<sup>~</sup>Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

#### **APPENDIX TABLE 6** Standard errors for table 4: Percent of confined inmates in local jails, by characteristics, 2005, 2008, and 2010-2018 2013 Characteristic 2005 2008 2010 2011 2012 2014 2015 2016 2018 Sex Male 0.10% 0.10% 0.12% 0.13% 0.14% 0.15% 0.11% 0.12% 0.12% 0.13% Female 0.10 0.10 0.12 0.13 0.14 0.15 0.11 0.12 0.12 0.13 Adults 0.04% 0.04% 0.02% 0.03% 0.03% 0.02% 0.02% 0.02% 0.02% 0.03% Male 0.10 0.10 0.12 0.13 0.14 0.14 0.11 0.12 0.12 0.12 Female 0.10 0.10 0.12 0.13 0.14 0.15 0.11 0.12 0.12 0.13 0.04 Juvenile 0.04% 0.02% 0.03% 0.03% 0.02% 0.02% 0.02% 0.02% 0.03% Held as adult 0.03 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.01 0.01 < 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 < 0.01 0.02 Held as juvenile Race/ethnicity White 0.41% 0.41% 0.43% 0.52% 0.55% 0.51% 0.46% 0.42% 0.45% 0.48% 0.40 0.38 Black 0.40 0.39 0.47 0.51 0.48 0.37 0.41 0.44 Hispanic 0.30 0.30 0.34 0.38 0.34 0.34 0.36 0.25 0.27 0.28 American Indian/ Alaska Native 0.17 0.17 0.14 0.13 0.15 0.14 0.12 0.11 0.11 0.12 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 Asian Other 0.03 0.03 0.02 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.02 0.05 0.03 0.11 **Conviction status** Convicted 0.41% 0.41% 0.42% 0.47% 0.52% 0.48% 0.47% 0.45% 0.43% 0.46% Unconvicted 0.41 0.41 0.42 0.47 0.52 0.48 0.47 0.45 0.43 0.46 Most serious type of offense 0.39% 0.47% Felony 0.40% 0.44%

0.36

0.24

0.36

0.18

0.41

0.23

0.44

0.26

# APPENDIX TABLE 7 Standard errors for table 5: Average daily jail population, by size of jurisdiction, 2018

Jail jurisdiction	Jail juri	sdictions	Tota	I ADP	
size (ADP)	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Mean ADP
Total	<0.1	~	6,967	~	2.5
Less than 50					
inmates	51.6	1.82%	2,157	0.30%	1.6
50-99	55.7	1.96	3,806	0.51	1.5
100-249	35.4	1.25	5,379	0.70	4.0
250-499	13.6	0.48	4,563	0.61	4.5
500-999	6.2	0.22	3,830	0.52	5.0
1,000-2,499	1.7	0.06	2,716	0.46	10.4
2,500 or more	1.2	0.04	6,113	0.72	92.5

<sup>~</sup>Not applicable.

Misdemeanor

Other

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2018.

<sup>...</sup>Not collected. The ASJ began collecting inmate counts by offense severity in 2015.

<sup>~</sup>Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2008 and 2010-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

Standard errors for table 6: Jail capacity, midyear population, and percent of capacity occupied in local jails, 2005-2018

Year	Jail capacity	Midyear population	Percent of capacity occupied
2005	~	~	~
2006	4,741	3,552	0.41%
2007	5,056	3,720	0.45
2008	5,063	4,016	0.42
2009	6,460	4,231	0.45
2010	11,013	5,430	0.88
2011	11,776	6,009	0.88
2012	10,217	7,684	0.48
2013	13,198	8,042	0.49
2014	11,082	8,382	0.43
2015	9,518	7,188	0.41
2016	8,467	5,943	0.43
2017	9,217	6,614	0.48
2018	9,622	7,122	0.50

 $<sup>\</sup>sim\!\!$  Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

#### **APPENDIX TABLE 9**

Standard errors for table 7: Percent of jail capacity occupied at midyear, by size of jurisdiction, 2018

Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)	Midyear population	Rated capacity	Percent of capacity occupied at midyear	Percent of jail jurisdictions operating at more than 100% of rated capacity at midyear
Total	7,122	9,622	0.50%	1.88%
Less than 50 inmates	2,207	3,873	3.38	3.10
50-99	3,725	5,516	3.35	5.88
100-249	5,488	6,783	2.03	4.13
250-499	4,788	5,204	1.30	3.04
500-999	3,915	4,638	0.64	1.41
1,000-2,499	2,683	3,374	0.52	0.94
2,500 or more	6,092	8,320	0.75	1.10

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2018.

#### **APPENDIX TABLE 10**

Standard errors for table 8: Inmate turnover rate and estimated average time in jail, by size of jurisdiction, 2018

Jail jurisdiction size (ADP)	ADP	Annual admissions	Weekly inmate turnover rate	Estimated average time in jail
Total	6,967	155,281	0.67%	0.31 days
Less than 50 inmates	2,157	78,308	10.29	0.92
50-99	3,806	102,991	5.96	1.53
100-249	5,379	113,689	2.38	0.70
250-499	4,563	79,499	1.76	0.86
500-999	3,830	67,632	0.86	0.44
1,000-2,499	2,716	42,047	0.51	0.31
2,500 or more	6,113	65,543	0.64	0.54

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2018.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006-2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

## Standard errors for table 9: Persons under jail supervision, by confinement status, 2005-2018

Year	Total	Held in jail	Supervised outside of a jail facility
2005	~	~	~
2006	3,783	3,552	1,151
2007	4,041	3,720	1,267
2008	4,732	4,016	2,327
2009	4,548	4,231	1,535
2010	5,897	5,430	1,960
2011	6,446	6,009	1,832
2012	8,438	7,684	2,418
2013	8,692	8,042	2,351
2014	9,248	8,382	2,707
2015	7,510	7,188	1,548
2016	6,543	5,943	1,868
2017	7,250	6,614	2,194
2018	8,057	7,122	2,859

<sup>~</sup>Not applicable. Data represent a complete enumeration based on the 2005 Census of Jail Inmates.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2006–2018; and Census of Jail Inmates, 2005.

## APPENDIX TABLE 12 Standard errors for table 10: Staff employed in local jails, by sex, 2017 and 2018

	Nun	nber	Percent		
Job function	2017	2018	2017	2018	
Total	3,903	4,172	~	~	
Correctional officers	3,408	3,629	0.33%	0.32%	
Male	2,142	2,225	0.29	0.28	
Female	1,445	1,558	0.32	0.33	
Inmate-to-correctional officer ratio	0.06	0.07			
All other staff	915	883	0.33%	0.32%	
Male	534	506	0.19	0.17	
Female	498	504	0.21	0.22	

<sup>~</sup>Not applicable.

Source: Bureau of Justice Statistics, Annual Survey of Jails, 2017 and 2018.



The Bureau of Justice Statistics of the U.S. Department of Justice is the principal federal agency responsible for measuring crime, criminal victimization, criminal offenders, victims of crime, correlates of crime, and the operation of criminal and civil justice systems at the federal, state, tribal, and local levels. BJS collects, analyzes, and disseminates reliable statistics on crime and justice systems in the United States, supports improvements to state and local criminal justice information systems, and participates with national and international organizations to develop and recommend national standards for justice statistics. Jeffrey H. Anderson is the director.

This report was written by Zhen Zeng. Todd Minton and Stephanie Mueller verified the report.

Edrienne Su and Jill Thomas edited the report. Carrie Epps produced the report.

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#### What to include and exclude in this data collection

#### INCLUDE-

- ✓ Confinement facilities usually administered by a local law enforcement agency, intended for adults but sometimes holding juveniles
- ✓ All jails and city/county correctional centers that hold inmates beyond arraignment. Report data on all inmates, including those held in separate holding or lockup areas within your facilities.
- ✓ Special jail facilities (e.g., medical/treatment/release centers, halfway houses, and work farms).
- ✓ Temporary holding or lockup facilities if they are part of your combined function.
- ✓ Inmates held for other jurisdictions, including federal authorities, state prison authorities, American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments, and other local jail jurisdictions.

#### <u>EXCLUDE</u>-

- X Facilities that are exclusively used as temporary holding or lockup facilities, where inmates are generally held for less than 72 hours and not held beyond arraignment.
- X Privately operated jails and facilities operated by two or more jurisdictions (i.e., multi-jurisdictional facilities). These jails will be contacted directly for this data collection.

#### **BURDEN STATEMENT**

Under the Paperwork Reduction Act, we cannot ask you to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The burden of this collection is estimated to average 1 hour and 15 minutes per response, including reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering necessary data, and completing and reviewing this form. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this survey, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Director, Bureau of Justice Statistics, 810 Seventh Street, NW, Washington, DC 20531. Do not send your completed form to this address.

Section I — SUPERVISED POPULATION	2. On the weekend prior to June 29, 2018, did your jail facilities have a weekend program?
On <u>June 29, 2018</u> , how many persons under the supervision of your jail jurisdiction were—	Weekend programs allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday).
a. CONFINED in your jail facilities?	1 Tes — How many inmates
INCLUDE—	participated?
✓ Persons on transfer to treatment facilities but who	2 <u>No</u>
remain under your jurisdiction ✓ Persons held for other jurisdictions	Of all the persons CONFINED in your jail facilities on
✓ Persons in community-based programs (e.g., work	June 29, 2018 (as reported in item 1a), how many were not
release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who	U.S. citizens?
return to jail at night  ✓ Persons out to court while under your jurisdiction.	Non-U.S. citizens
EXCLUDE—  X Persons under your jurisdiction who are boarded	
elsewhere	Section II — INMATE COUNTS AND MOVEMENTS OF
X Inmates who are AWOL, escaped, or on long-term	THE CONFINED POPULATION
transfer to other jurisdictions  X Persons in community-based programs run by your	
jails (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest,	
community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.	4. On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in your jail facilities were—
	a. Adult males (age 18 or older)
	b. Adult females (age 18 or older)
b. Under jail supervision, but NOT CONFINED?	c. Males age 17 or younger
INCLUDE—  ✓ Persons in community-based programs run by your	d. Females age 17 or younger
jail jurisdiction (e.g., electronic monitoring, house	
arrest, community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.	e. TOTAL (Sum of items 4a through 4d should equal item 1a)
EXCLUDE—	
X Persons on pretrial release who are not in a	5. Of all the persons age 17 or younger CONFINED in your
community-based program run by your jail jurisdiction	jail facilities on June 29, 2018 (sum of 4c and 4d), how many were tried or awaiting trial in adult court?
<ul> <li>X Persons under the supervision of probation, parole, or other agencies</li> </ul>	Number of persons age 17
X Inmates on weekend programs that allow offenders	or younger held as adults
to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday)	6. Of all persons CONFINED in your jail facilities on
X Inmates participating in community-based programs	June 29, 2018, how many were—
(e.g., work release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night.	<ul> <li>For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.</li> </ul>
c. TOTAL (Sum of items 1a and 1b)	a. Convicted
	b. Unconvicted
	c. TOTAL (Sum of items 6a and 6b
	should equal item 1a)
When exact numeric answers are not available, provide	
estimates and mark ( <b>X</b> ) in the checkbox beside each number	
that is estimated. For example <u>1234</u> ⊠	

<ol> <li>On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in you jail facilities, regardless of conviction status, had an offense type of—</li> </ol>	r 9. On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in your jail facilities were held for—
For persons with more than one offense, report the most serious type of offense.	Count persons with multiple holds only once with priority being federal, state, tribal, and local.
a. Felony	✓ INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or <i>ad hoc</i> holds for other agencies.
b. Misdemeanor	a. Federal authorities  1. U.S. Marshals Service
c. Other — Specify	2. Federal Bureau of Prisons
d. TOTAL (Sum of items 7a to 7c should equal item 1a)	A. Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA)   X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c below.
8. On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in you jail facilities were—	r Specify   5. Other — Specify   □ □ □
a. White, not of Hispanic origin	b. State prison authorities
b. Black or African American,	1. For your state
not of Hispanic origin	2. For other states
	c. American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments  X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for the BIA in
d. American Indian or Alaska Native, not of Hispanic origin	item 9a4.
	d. Other local jail jurisdictions
	X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for your own jurisdiction (i.e., your own county/city inmates).  X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c.
<ul><li>g. Two or more races, not of Hispanic origin</li><li>h. Additional categories in your</li></ul>	1. Within your state
information system — Specify	2. Outside your state
	e. TOTAL (Sum of items 9a to 9d)
i. Not known	
When exact numeric answers are not available, provide estimates and mark ( <b>X</b> ) in the checkbox beside each number that is estimated. For example 1234 ⊠	r

10.	a.	During the 30-day period from June 1 to June 30, 2018, on what day did your jail facilities hold the		How many persons under the supervision of your jail urisdiction were—
		greatest number of inmates?  Peak population should be equal to or greater than the	-	a. ADMITTED to your jail facilities between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018?
		confined inmate population reported in item 1a.		INCLUDE—
		June, 2018		<ul> <li>Persons officially booked into and housed in your jail facilities by formal legal document and by the</li> </ul>
	b.	How many persons were CONFINED on that day?		<ul><li>authority of the courts or some other official agency</li><li>✓ Repeat offenders booked on new charges</li></ul>
		Number that day		<ul> <li>✓ Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into the</li> </ul>
				facility for the <u>first</u> time.
11.		ween July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018, what was the rage daily population of your jail facilities?		EXCLUDE—  X Returns from escape, work release, medical
	✓	INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend		appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.
		programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday).		New admissions
	•	To calculate the average daily population, add the number of persons for each day during the period July 1,		1. Males
		2017, through June 30, 2018, and divide the result by 365.		2. Females
		If daily counts are not available, estimate the average		3. TOTAL (Sum of items 13a1 and 13a2)
		daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by		· — ·
		12. If average daily population cannot be calculated as	ŀ	b. DISCHARGED from your facilities between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018?
	-	directed above, then estimate the typical number of		INCLUDE—
		persons held in your jail facilities each day.		✓ Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other
	Ave	erage daily population		pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
	a.	Males		<ul> <li>Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the <u>last</u> time.</li> </ul>
	b.	Females		EXCLUDE—
	c.	TOTAL (Sum of items 11a and 11b)		X Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day
40	0	luna 00 0040 unbakunas tha tatal asta da annasitu af		reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your jurisdiction).
12.	you	June 29, 2018, what was the total rated capacity of ir jail facilities, excluding separate temporary holding		Final discharges
	area			1. Males
	•	Rated capacity is the maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility.		
	•	If rated capacity is not available, estimate by using the design capacity and mark the checkbox.		2. Females
		Rated capacity		3. TOTAL (Sum of items 13b1 and 13b2)
		Nated capacity		
11/4	on c	vact numeric answers are not available provide		
		xact numeric answers are not available, provide as and mark ( <b>X</b> ) in the checkbox beside each number		
		stimated. For example <u>1234</u> ⊠		

ζ	
ΙE	Section IV — STAFFING
	15. On June 29, 2018, how many staff employed in your facilities were—
	Count each employee only once. Classify employees with multiple functions by the function performed most frequently.
	✓ INCLUDE payroll staff, nonpayroll staff on the payroll of other government agencies (e.g., health department, school district, or court), and unpaid interns.
	X EXCLUDE staff paid through contractual agreements and community volunteers.
	a. Correctional officers  (Deputies, monitors, and other custody staff who spend more than 50% of their time with the incarcerated population.)
	Of these, how many were —
	1. Males
	2. Females
	b. All other staff  (Administrators, clerical and maintenance staff, educational staff, professional and technical staff, and other staff — unspecified who spend more than 50% of their time in the facility.)
$\neg \Box$	Of these, how many were —
	1. Males
	2. Females
	c. TOTAL (Sum of items 15a and 15b)

Section III —	POPULATION SU	JPERVISED IN TH	E
	COMMUNITY		

If item 1b equals 0 (zero), SKIP to item 15.

CONFINED participated in-

14. On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of your jail jurisdiction who were NOT

X EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.

a. Electronic monitoring..... b. Home detention without electronic monitoring ..... c. Community service..... d. Day reporting ..... e. Other pretrial supervision ..... f. Other alternative work programs ..... EXCLUDE inmates participating in work release programs who return to jail at night. g. Alcohol/drug treatment programs ..... EXCLUDE inmates participating in alcohol/drug treatment programs who are confined in jail. h. Other programs outside of jail facilities — Specify ₹ i. TOTAL (Sum of items 14a to 14h should equal item 1b) .....

When exact numeric answers are not available, provide estimates and mark ( **X** ) in the checkbox beside each number that is estimated. For example 1234 ⊠

Form CJ-5A



#### 2018 ANNUAL SURVEY OF JAILS PRIVATE AND MULTIJURISDICTIONAL JAILS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE BUREAU OF JUSTICE STATISTICS AND ACTING AS COLLECTION AGENT: RTI INTERNATIONAL

FORM COMPLETED BY—						
Name			Title			
Official Address			Telephone			
City			FAX			
State	Zip	Email				
Address City	Zip	Email	·			

#### Instructions for completion and submission

#### FOR EACH ITEM—

- If the answer to a question is "none" or "zero," write "0" in the space provided.
- When exact numeric answers are not available, provide estimates and mark (X) in the checkbox beside each number that is estimated. For example 1234 ⋈

Please submit your completed form(s) within 30 days of receipt. You may submit information in one of these ways:

ONLINE: Complete this form online at: <a href="https://bjsasj.rti.org">https://bjsasj.rti.org</a>

EMAIL: bjsasj@rti.org

FAX (TOLL-FREE): 1-866-800-9179

MAIL: RTI International, Attn: Data Capture

Project Number: 0215015.001.300.018.102

5265 Capital Boulevard Raleigh, NC 27690-1652

If you need assistance, contact Bryan Rhodes of RTI International toll-free at 1-866-354-4992 or bjsasj@rti.org.

#### What to include and exclude in this data collection

#### INCLUDE—

- Confinement facilities—including detention centers, jails, and other correctional facilities—intended for adults but sometimes holding juveniles, that are either privately owned and operated or administered by two or more governments (or a board composed of representatives from two or more governments).
- ✓ All jails and city/county correctional centers that hold inmates beyond arraignment. Report data on all inmates, including those held in separate holding or lockup areas within your facilities.
- ✓ Special jail facilities (e.g., medical/treatment/release centers, halfway houses, and work farms).
- √ Temporary holding or lockup facilities if they are part of your combined function.
- ✓ Inmates held for other jurisdictions, including federal authorities, state prison authorities, American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments, and other local jail jurisdictions.

#### EXCLUDE-

X Facilities that are exclusively used as temporary holding or lockup facilities, where inmates are generally held for less than 72 hours and not held beyond arraignment.

#### **BURDEN STATEMENT**

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	Se	ction I — SUPERVISED POPULATION	2.	On the weekend prior to June 29, 2018, did this facility have a weekend program?
On <u>June 29, 2018</u> , how many persons under the supervision of your jail were—				Weekend programs allow offenders to serve their sentences of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday).
a.	CON	NFINED in this facility?		1 ☐ Yes — How many inmates
	INCI	LUDE—		participated?
	✓	Persons on transfer to treatment facilities but who remain under your jurisdiction		2 <b>No</b>
	✓	Persons held for other jurisdictions	3.	Of all the persons CONFINED in this facility on June 29,
	✓	Persons in community-based programs (e.g., work release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night		2018 (as reported in item 1a), how many were not U.S. citizens?
	✓	Persons out to court while under your jurisdiction.		Non-U.S. citizens
	EXC	:LUDE—		
	X Persons under your jurisdiction who are boarded elsewhere			ction II — INMATE COUNTS AND MOVEMENTS OF
	Χ	Inmates who are AWOL, escaped, or on long-term	36	THE CONFINED POPULATION
	Х	transfer to other jurisdictions Persons in community-based programs run by this		
	Λ	facility (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest, community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.	4.	On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in this facility were—
		П		a. Adult males (age 18 or older)
b.	Und	er jail supervision, but NOT CONFINED?		b. Adult females (age 18 or older)
D.				c. Males age 17 or younger
	INCI	LUDE—  Persons in community-based programs run by this		d. Females age 17 or younger
		facility (e.g., electronic monitoring, house arrest,		•
		community service, day reporting, or work programs) who do NOT return to jail at night.		e. TOTAL (Sum of items 4a through 4d should equal item 1a)
	EXC	CLUDE—		
	X	Persons on pretrial release who are not in a community-based program run by this facility		Of all the persons age 17 or younger CONFINED in this facility on June 29, 2018 (sum of 4c and 4d), how many were tried or awaiting trial in adult court?
	Х	Persons under the supervision of probation, parole, or other agencies		Number of persons age 17
	Х	to serve their sentences of confinement only on		or younger held as adults
	Х	weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday) Inmates participating in community-based programs	6.	Of all persons CONFINED in this facility on
		(e.g., work release, day release, or drug/alcohol treatment) who return to jail at night.		June 29, 2018, how many were—
				<ul> <li>For persons with more than one status, report the status associated with the most serious offense.</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>For convicted inmates, include probation and parole violators with no new sentence.</li> </ul>
С	. то	TAL (Sum of items 1a and 1b)		a. Convicted
				b. Unconvicted
				c. TOTAL (Sum of items 6a and 6b should equal item 1a)
		numeric answers are not available, provide nd mark ( <b>X</b> ) in the checkbox beside each number		

that is estimated. For example  $\underline{1234}$   $\boxtimes$ 

7.	On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in this facility, regardless of conviction status, had an offense	9. On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in this facility were held for—
	type of— For persons with more than one offense, report the most	Count persons with multiple holds only once with priority being federal, state, tribal, and local.
	serious type of offense.	✓ INCLUDE contractual, temporary, courtesy, or ad hoc holds for other agencies.
	b. Misdemeanor	a. Federal authorities 1. U.S. Marshals Service
		2. Federal Bureau of Prisons
	c. Other — Specify   □ □ □	3. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE)
	d. TOTAL (Sum of items 7a to 7c should equal item 1a)	Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA)  X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal governments in item 9c below.
8.	On June 29, 2018, how many persons CONFINED in this facility were—	5. Other — Specify
	a. White, not of Hispanic origin	b. State prison authorities
	b. Black or African American,	1. For your state
	not of Hispanic origin	2. For other states
	c. Hispanic or Latino	c. American Indian or Alaska Native tribal governments
	d. American Indian or Alaska Native, not of Hispanic origin	X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for the BIA in item 9a4.
	e. Asian, not of Hispanic origin	d. Other lead in this is a deticated
	e. Asian, not of Hispanic origin	d. Other local jail jurisdictions  X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for your own jurisdiction (i.e., your own county/city inmates).  X EXCLUDE inmates being housed for tribal
	g. Two or more races, not of Hispanic origin	governments in item 9c.
	<ul> <li>h. Additional categories in your information system — Specify </li> </ul>	1. Within your state
		2. Outside your state
		e. TOTAL (Sum of items 9a to 9d)
	j. TOTAL (Sum of items 8a to 8i	
	should equal item 1a)	
	nen exact numeric answers are not available, provide imates and mark ( <b>X</b> ) in the checkbox beside each number	
	t is estimated. For example 1234 X	

10.	a.	During the 30-day period from June 1 to June 30, 2018, on what day did this facility hold the greatest	13.		ow many persons under the supervision of your jail ere—
		number of inmates?  Peak population should be equal to or greater than the		a.	ADMITTED to this facility between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018?
		confined inmate population reported in item 1a.			INCLUDE—
	<b>L</b>	June, 2018			✓ Persons officially booked into and housed in this facility by formal legal document and by the authority of the courts or some other official agency
	b.	How many persons were CONFINED on that day?			✓ Repeat offenders booked on new charges
		Number that day			<ul> <li>Persons serving a weekend sentence coming into the facility for the <u>first</u> time.</li> </ul>
11.		ween July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018, what was the rage daily population of this facility?			EXCLUDE— X Returns from escape, work release, medical
	✓	INCLUDE inmates who participated in weekend programs that allow offenders to serve their sentences			appointments/treatment facilities, furloughs, bail/bond releases, and court appearances.
		of confinement only on weekends (e.g., Friday–Sunday).			New admissions
	•	To calculate the average daily population, add the number of persons for each day during the period July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, and divide the result by			1. Males
		365.			2. Females
	•	If daily counts are not available, estimate the average daily population by adding the number of persons held on the same day of each month and divide the result by			3. TOTAL (Sum of items 13a1 and 13a2)
		12.  If average daily population cannot be calculated as		b.	DISCHARGED from this facility between July 1, 2017, and June 30, 2018?
	_	directed above, then estimate the typical number of			INCLUDE—
		persons held in this facility each day.			✓ Persons released after a period of confinement (e.g., sentence completion, bail/bond releases, other
	Ave	erage daily population			pretrial releases, transfers to other jurisdictions, or deaths)
		Males			✓ Persons completing their weekend sentence leaving the facility for the <u>last</u> time.
	D.	Females			EXCLUDE—
		TOTAL (Sum of items 11a and 11b)			X Temporary discharges (e.g., work releases, medical appointments/treatment, out to courts, furloughs, day reporters, or transfers to other facilities within your
12.		June 29, 2018, what was the total rated capacity of facility, excluding separate temporary holding			jurisdiction).
	area				Final discharges
	•	Rated capacity is the maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility.			1. Males
	•	If rated capacity is not available, estimate by using the design capacity and mark the checkbox.			2. Females
		Rated capacity			3. TOTAL (Sum of items 13b1 and 13b2)
esti	mate	xact numeric answers are not available, provide es and mark ( <b>X</b> ) in the checkbox beside each number			
that	is e	stimated. For example <u>1234</u> ⊠			

Section III — POPULATION SUPERVISED IN THE COMMUNITY	Section IV — STAFFING
If item 1b equals 0 (zero), SKIP to item 15.  14. On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of this facility who were NOT CONFINED participated in—	<ul> <li>15. On June 29, 2018, how many staff employed in this facility were—</li> <li>Count each employee only once. Classify employees with multiple functions by the function performed most frequently.</li> </ul>
14. On June 29, 2018, how many persons under the supervision of this facility who were NOT CONFINED participated in—  X EXCLUDE inmates on weekend programs.  a. Electronic monitoring	
When exact numeric answers are not available, provide estimates and mark ( <b>X</b> ) in the checkbox beside each number that is estimated. For example 1234   <b>X</b>	