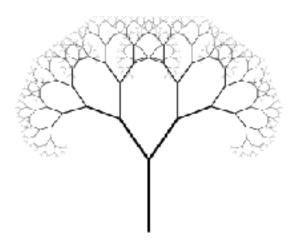
# RECURSION, WRAP UP

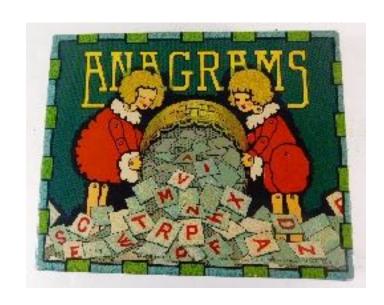




Problem Solving with Computers-I







## String problems

- 1. Count the number of vowels in a C string
- 2. Remove all the spaces from a C++ string

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
    double sumRest;
    sumRest = sumList(head->next);
    return head->data + sumRest;
}
```

Imagine each instance of sumList to be a doll! Calling sumList is like creating a new doll.

First call to sumList!

double s=sumList(h);



```
double sumList(Node* head) {
    double sumRest;
                                         The turtle tells us which line of
    sumRest = sumList(head->next);
                                         code is going to be executed
    return head->data + sumRest;
                         50
        head
```

sumList(1)

#### First call to sumList!

```
double s=sumList(h);
```

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
    double sumRest;
    sumRest = sumList(head->next); \langle_
                                                 Second call to sumList!
    return head->data + sumRest;
                         50
        head
                                                 First call to sumList!
        sumRest
```

sumList(1)

double s=sumList(h);

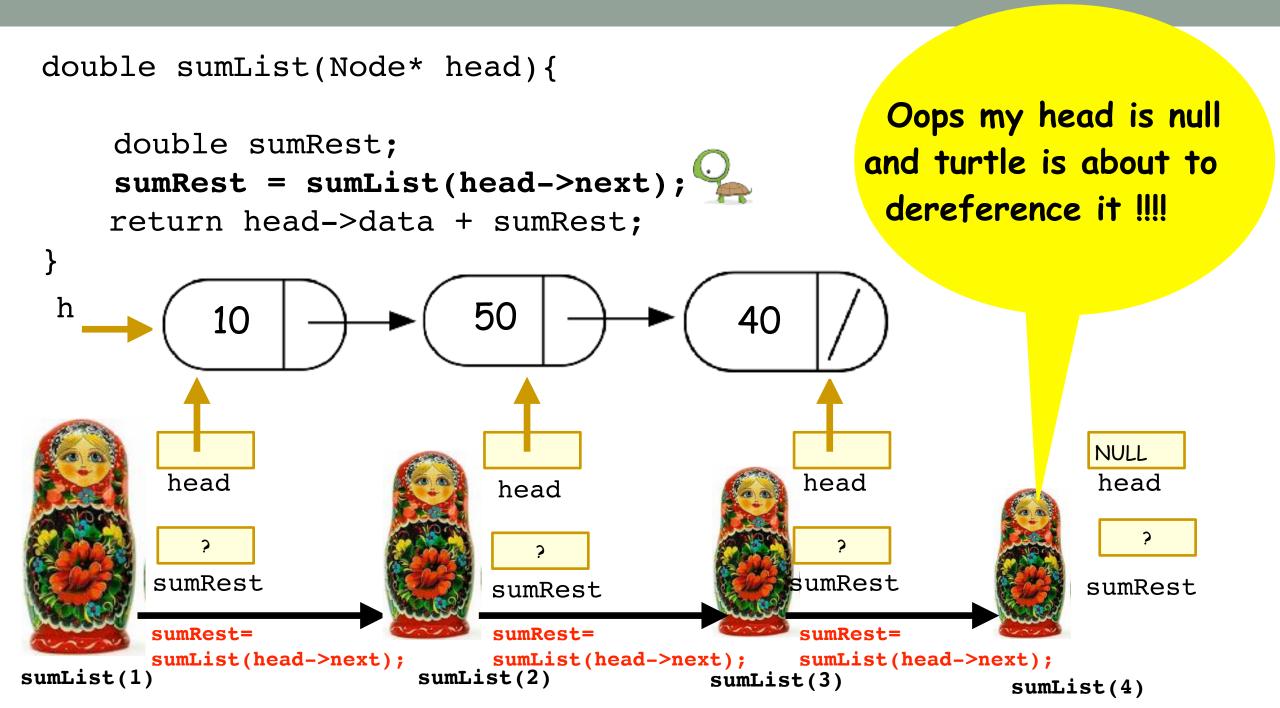
```
double sumList(Node* head) {
                                       Turtle is going to execute the first line of sumList(2)
     double sumRest;
      sumRest = sumList(head->next);
     return head->data + sumRest;
                             50
         head
                                head
        sumRest
        sumRest=
        sumList(head->next);
                          sumList(2)
sumList(1)
```

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
    double sumRest;
    return head->data + sumRest;
                    50
        10
      head
                     head
      sumRest
                     sumRest
     sumRest=
     sumList(head->next);
                  sumList(2)
sumList(1)
```

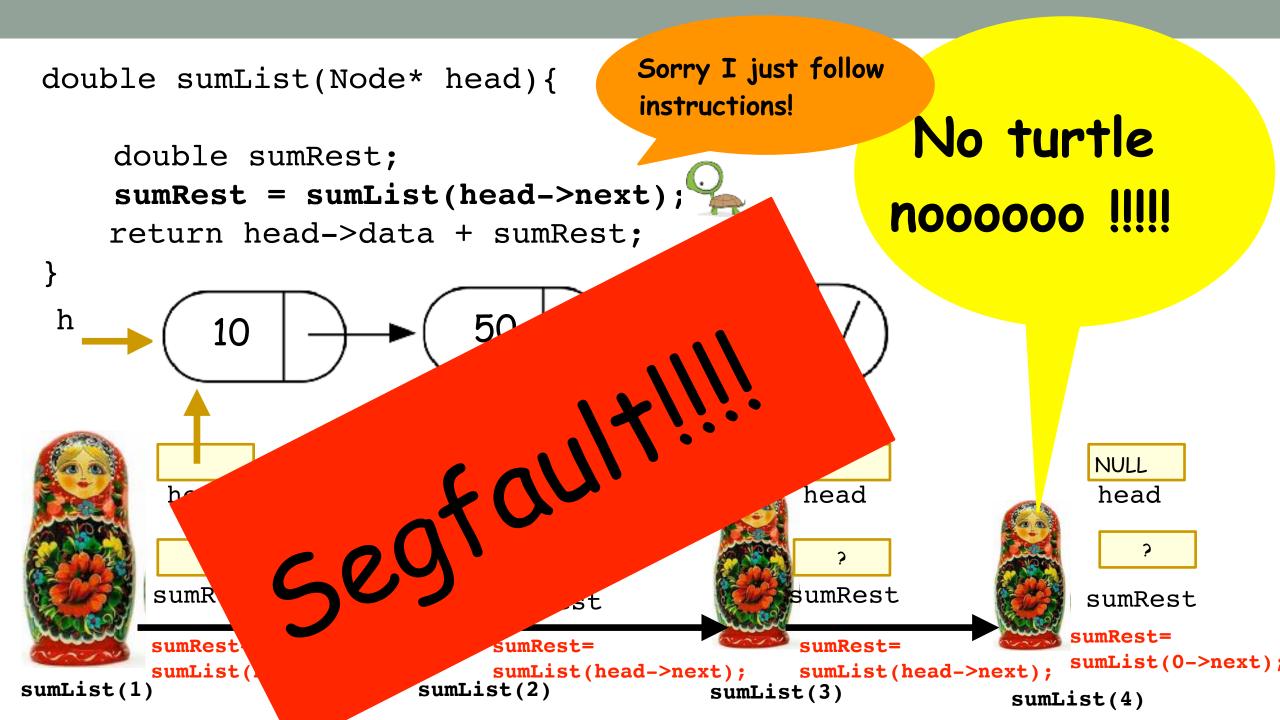
```
double sumList(Node* head) {
     double sumRest;
     sumRest = sumList(head->next);
     return head->data + sumRest;
                            50
            10
         head
                                                 head
                              head
        sumRest
                              sumRest
        sumRest=
                              sumRest=
        sumList(head->next);
                             sumList(head->next);
                         sumList(2)
sumList(1)
                                           sumList(3)
```

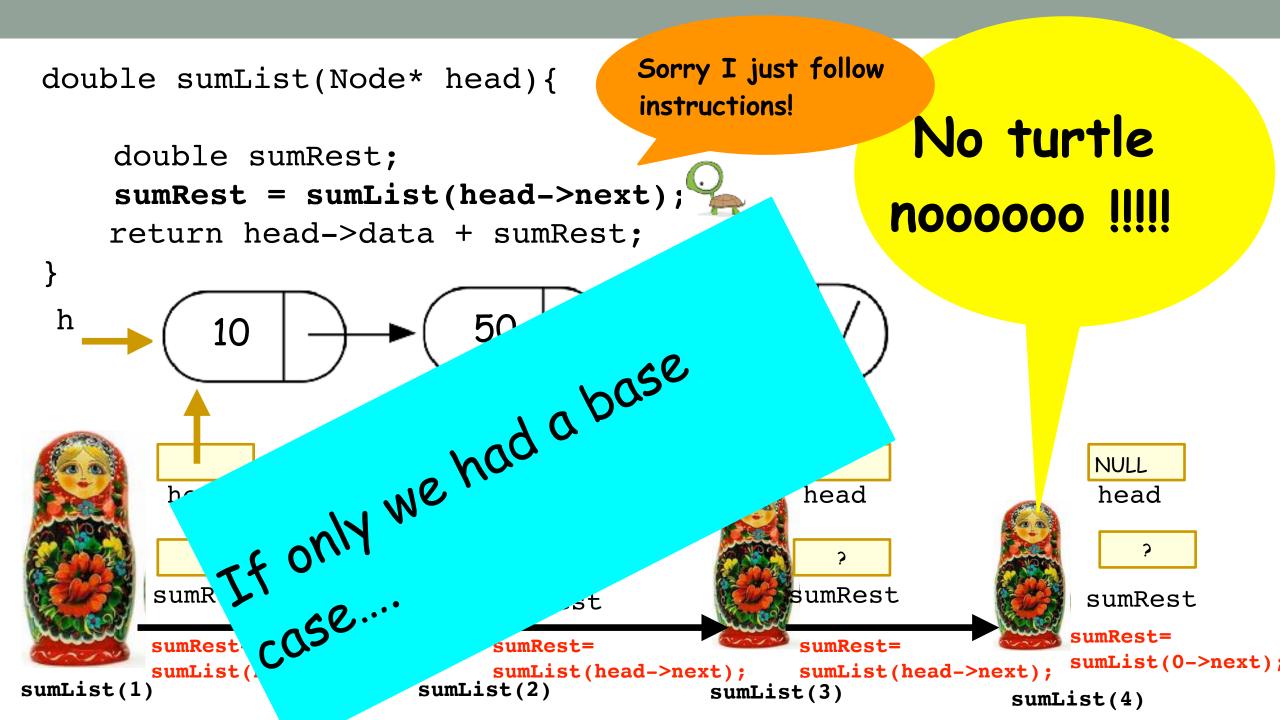
```
double sumList(Node* head) {
     double sumRest;
     sumRest = sumList(head->next); 
     return head->data + sumRest;
                            50
            10
         head
                                                 head
                              head
        sumRest
                                                 sumRest
                              sumRest
        sumRest=
                              sumRest=
                             sumList(head->next);
        sumList(head->next);
                         sumList(2)
sumList(1)
                                           sumList(3)
```

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
     double sumRest;
      sumRest = sumList(head->next);
     return head->data + sumRest;
                                                            Hello sisters
                              50
                                                40
                                                            on the stack!
            10
                                                                        NULL
         head
                                                    head
                                                                        head
                                head
        sumRest
                                                   sumRest
                               sumRest
        sumRest=
                                                    sumRest=
                               sumRest=
        sumList(head->next);
                               sumList(head->next);
                                                    sumList(head->next);
                          sumList(2)
                                              sumList(3)
sumList(1)
                                                                  sumList(4)
```



```
double sumList(Node* head) {
      double sumRest;
                                                        No turtle nooooooo !!!!
      sumRest = sumList(head->next); %____
     return head->data + sumRest;
                              50
            10
                                                                        NULL
         head
                                                    head
                                                                        head
                                head
        sumRest
                                                   sumRest
                                                                       sumRest
                               sumRest
        sumRest=
                                                    sumRest=
                               sumRest=
        sumList(head->next);
                               sumList(head->next);
                                                    sumList(head->next);
                          sumList(2)
                                              sumList(3)
sumList(1)
                                                                  sumList(4)
```

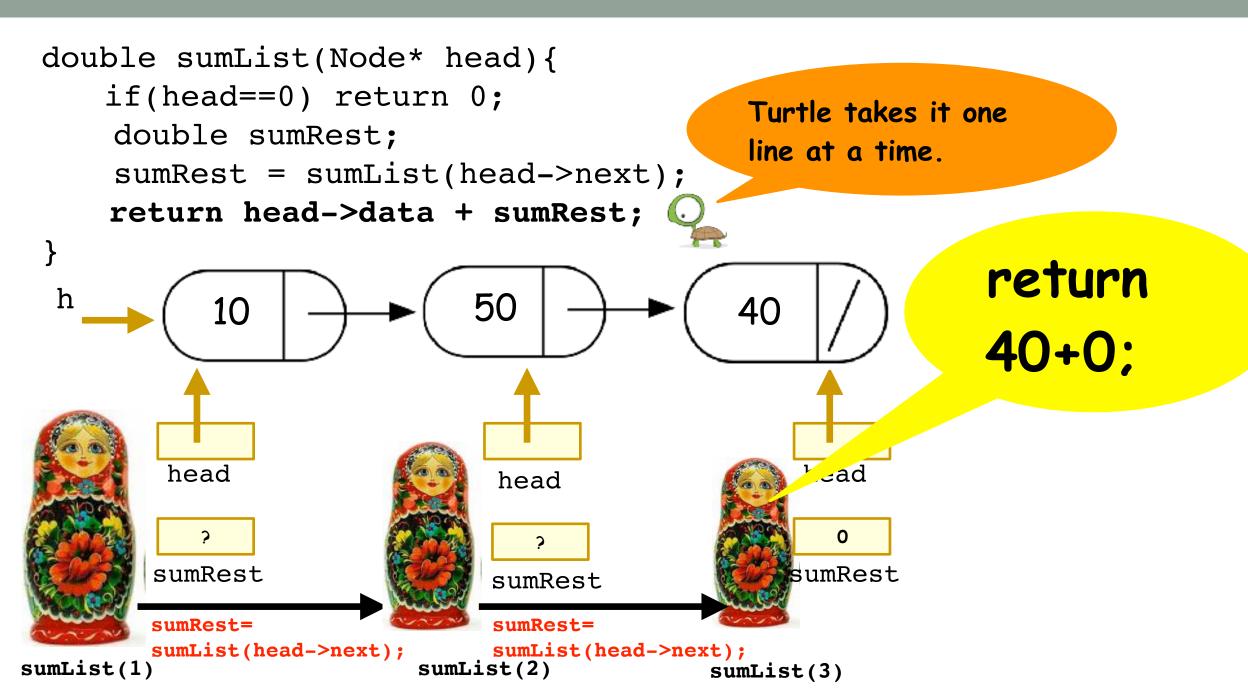




```
I am really well behaved
                                      around base cases:)
 double sumList(Node* head){
     if(head==0) return 0;
     double sumRest;
      sumRest = sumList(head->next);
                                                        return 0;
     return head->data + sumRest;
                             50
                                               40
            10
                                                                     NULL
         head
                                                   head
                                                                     head
                               head
        sumRest
                                                  sumRest
                              sumRest
        sumRest=
                              sumRest=
                                                  sumRest=
        sumList(head->next);
                              sumList(head->next);
                                                  sumList(head->next);
                          sumList(2)
sumList(1)
                                             sumList(3)
                                                                sumList(4)
```

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
     if(head==0) return 0;
     double sumRest;
     sumRest = sumList(head->next);
     return head->data + sumRest;
                             50
            10
         head
                                                  head
                              head
                                                    0
        sumRest
                                                 sumRest
                              sumRest
        sumRest=
                              sumRest=
                                                  sumRest=0;
        sumList(head->next);
                              sumList(head->next);
                         sumList(2)
sumList(1)
                                            sumList(3)
```

Hello again sumlist(3)! Your younger sister hit the base case.



```
double sumList(Node* head) {
                                               Hello again Sumlist(2)! Your
     if(head==0) return 0;
                                               younger sister returned 40.
     double sumRest;
     sumRest = sumList(head->next);
     return head->data + sumRest;
                            50
            10
         head
                             head
                               40
        sumRest
                             sumRest
                                   return head->data + sumRest;
        sumRest=
        sumList(head->next);
                        sumList(2)
sumList(1)
```

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
    if(head==0) return 0;
                                          Any last words, sumList(2)?
     double sumRest;
     sumRest = sumList(head->next);
     return head->data + sumRest;
                          50
           10
                                        return 50+40;
        head
                            head
       sumRest
                           sumRest
                                 return head->data + sumRest;
       sumRest=
       sumList(head->next);
                       sumList(2)
sumList(1)
```

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
    if(head==0) return 0;
     double sumRest;
     sumRest = sumList(head->next);
    return head->data + sumRest;
                         50
        head
         90
       sumRest
           return head->data + sumRest;
sumList(1)
```

Hello again sumList(1)!
Your sisters are no longer on the stack,
here is your 90, store it safely!

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
    if(head==0) return 0;
     double sumRest;
     sumRest = sumList(head->next);
    return head->data + sumRest;
                         50
          10
        head
         90
       sumRest
sumList(1)
```

How did I get into this line of work, so many goodbyes make me want to cry.

return 10+90;

B'bye and thanks for all the computation!

```
double sumList(Node* head) {
   if(head==0) return 0;
    double sumRest;
    sumRest = sumList(head->next);
   return head->data + sumRest;
                              50
                           You have
                  no idea how many calls I had
                   to make to sum this list!
                               double s=sumList(h);
```

```
double sumList(Node* head){
   if(head==0) return 0;
   double sumRest;
   sumRest = sumList(head);
   return head->data + sumRest;
}
```

What happens when we call sumList on the example linked list?

- A. Returns the correct sum (100)
- B. Program crashes with a segmentation fault
- C. Program runs for a while, then crashes
- D. None of the above

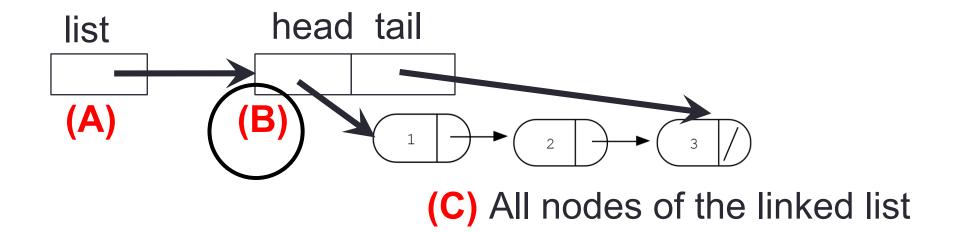
## More Recursion Examples

- Calculate the nth element of the Fibonacci sequence
  - O Why is the recursive solution inefficient?
- Calculate a^b when b is a non-negative int
- Binary tree sum of nodes
  - This is a more complicated example involving a data structure that we don't cover in this class. I won't test you on this!

# Deleting the list

int freeLinkedList(LinkedList \* list){...}

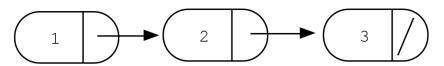
Which data objects are deleted by the statement: delete list;



(D) B and C(E) All of the above

## Recursion on lists: delete a value recursively

void deleteNodeRecursive(LinkedList \*list, int value)



Node\* deleteNodeRecursiveHelper(Node \*head, int value)



why does this need to return a Node\*?

The remaining slides are about concepts that I will not test you on. You'll need to know them for CS 24, though!

#### Searching for a value in a sorted array

10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Binary search!

Start in the middle (make a guess), and keep halving your search space as you update your guess with new information.

## Find the square root of a number

Same concept!

max of 1 and the

Guess somewhere between 0 and the number, and keep on updating your guess (and halving the search space). You will eventually approach the answer.

How do you check if your guess was too big or too small?

## Binary/Hex Arithmetic

- Calculate 101<sub>2</sub> + 001<sub>2</sub>
- Calculate 10101101<sub>2</sub> + 10001111<sub>2</sub>
  - O What if our ints were only 8 bits long?
- Calculate 2A<sub>16</sub> + B8<sub>16</sub>
- What about negative numbers?!

## Bitwise operations

- and (&)
- or (|)
- not (~)
- exclusive or (xor) ( ^ )
- shift left and right ( << and >> )

#### Bitwise AND & [edit]

bit a	bit b	a & b (a AND b)
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

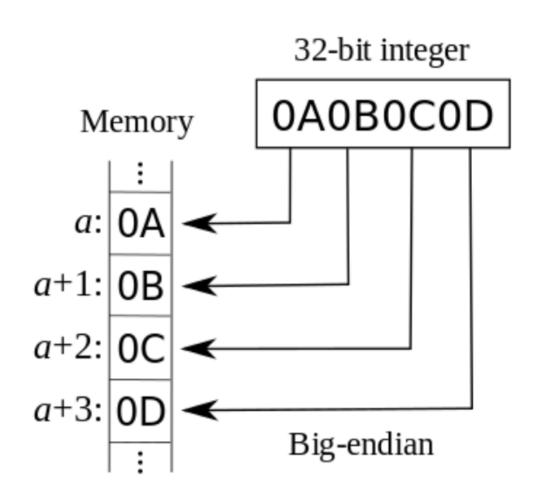
#### Bitwise OR | [edit]

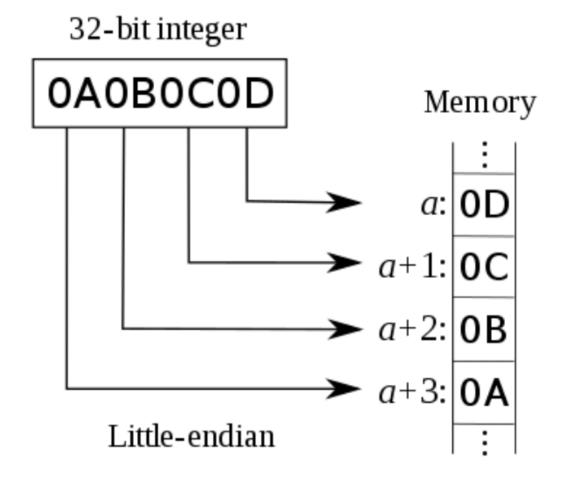
bit a	bit b	alb (a OR b)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

#### Bitwise XOR ^ [edit]

bit a	bit b	a ^ b (a XOR b)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

#### Endianness





#### Some comic relief...

	COMMENT	DATE
Q	CREATED MAIN LOOP & TIMING CONTROL	14 HOURS AGO
φ	ENABLED CONFIG FILE PARSING	9 HOURS AGO
φ	MISC BUGFIXES	5 HOURS AGO
φ	CODE ADDITIONS/EDITS	4 HOURS AGO
Q_	MORE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
ΙÌÒ	HERE HAVE CODE	4 HOURS AGO
0	ARAAAAAA	3 HOURS AGO
φ	ADKFJ5LKDFJ5DKLFJ	3 HOURS AGO
φ	MY HANDS ARE TYPING WORDS	2 HOURS AGO
þ	HAAAAAAAANDS	2 HOURS AGO

AS A PROJECT DRAGS ON, MY GIT COMMIT MESSAGES GET LESS AND LESS INFORMATIVE.

HTTP://XKCD.COM/1296/