

CSE 11

Accelerated Intro to Programming

Lecture 1

Greg Miranda, Spring 2021

This lecture is being recorded

Fair Notice of Class Recording Announcement

- Each class online lecture for CSE 11, including this one, will be recorded and made available to students asynchronously.

Greg Miranda



- **Started at UCSD in Summer 2018**
 - Taught at private colleges (AICASD, UAT) before UCSD
- **Teaching Background:**
 - 5A/8B/11/12
 - Game Programming, Game Design, Web Programming
- **Background:**
 - CE graduate from UCSD in '96
 - 20+ years as a Software Engineer
- **When I'm not teaching:**
 - Consulting
 - Taekwondo

Announcements

A01 B01

- Discussion starts Wednesday @ 4pm & 5pm
- Quiz 1 due Wednesday @ 8am
- PA0.5 released today – due Thursday
- PA1 released Wednesday – due 4/7

Coding Experience

- How much coding experience?

15 • A – No coding

28 • B – A little bit of coding

27 • C – Some coding

4 • D – Lots of coding

Coding Experience

- Languages – Select All

29 • A – Java
9 • B – C++

49 • C – Python

14 • D – JavaScript or other scripting language

15 • E – Other compiled language (ex: C)

Topics

- Syllabus
- Canvas
- Questions?

g2miranda@ucsd.edu
↳ email

Experimenting with running Java Programs

- How to edit Code?

- Text Editor

- Notepad++

- Integrated Development Environment (IDE)

- Sublime, Visual Studio Code, Eclipse, IntelliJ

- How to run Code?

- Command Line

- Mac/Linux

- Windows

compile - javac

run - java

Mac

```
javac -cp tester.jar *.java
```

```
java -classpath tester.jar:. tester.Main Example1Lecture
```

Win

```
javac -cp tester.jar *.java
```

```
java -classpath tester.jar;. tester.Main Example1Lecture
```

→ ./run

↓ class

```
class Examples1Lecture {  
  int theNumberFive = 2 + 3;  
}
```

int → integer
↓
whole #

- Fields → member variables
- Arithmetic Expression
- Output
- Java / Programming Languages
 - Simplest thing you can do with them: calculators
- More Examples

Errors / Error Messages

- Big part of programming
 - Understanding when you made a mistake
 - How to fix the mistake
- Possible mistakes
 - Invalid command
 - Expect that that class is defined in a file with the same name .java
 - Class can't be found – typo in the name or a mismatch with the name of the class
 - Name of field doesn't match value
 - Pick meaningful names

↳ style → readable

- Possible mistakes (cont.)
 - Could leave off or forget int
 - Syntax error
 - Error messages do not always match what's wrong
 - Use context of program to figure out what happened
 - Other errors we can get
 - When running programs – practice trying to break them a little bit
 - Remove =
 - Remove ;
 - Remove { or }
- Going to be a lot of times where you make a mistake
 - ➔ Typo
 - ➔ Copy/paste incorrectly
 - ➔ Accidentally delete something
 - ➔ Or just make a mistake
- Need to practice fixing error messages
 - Use the context of the program to understand the error message
- Errors are a normal part of programming

Arithmetic in Java

```
class Examples1Lecture {  
    int x = 2 + 9 * 3;  
    int y = 10 / 3;  
}
```

- What's would happen here?
 - What is the value of x?
 - What is the value of y?
 - What about `y = 11 / 3; ?`
- Using parenthesis



- Order of operations & parenthesizing
 - In many ways Java acts like arithmetic
 - But in other ways, Java does not
 - Division has truncation behavior we do not see in math classes
 - Very common in programming
 - Multiplication & division before addition & subtraction

left → right

left → right

Step

New Example

- Create a new file

```
class Examples2 {  
    int rate = 20;  
}
```

- class – will talk about more later
 - For now: describes a group of fields
- Problem:
 - Calculate the pay you would receive at a certain hourly rate given a number of hours
 - New field: # of hours worked
 - Calculate total pay using Java as a calculator

- Calculate total pay (cont.)
 - Can we use these fields in another calculation?
 - Why is it useful to do this with fields instead of writing this directly?
 - What if:
 - Use same hourly rate, but a number of different weeks to calculate?
 - What if:
 - We want to change the hourly rate?
 - Change once, changes all values
 - Many times, you will have one field whose value can be used in many places
 - Configure how the program works
 - Changing the value in one spot can affect many other places in the program
 - Powerful concept in programming:
 - Define a value in one place
 - Change it by editing the program
 - Watch its changes be reflected in all the other places next time it's run

- Using `this.hourlyRate`
 - Call that a field look-up or a field access
 - Looking up the current value of a field that has been defined before

