

# CSE12 - Lecture 18

Monday, November 13, 2023 8:00 AM

PA6 and PA4 Late/Resubmit - due Wednesday @ 8am

Exam2 - Wed - covers from last exam up to and including last Wednesday (hashmaps)

## Lecture 18

### Binary Search Tree (BST)

```
class BST<K, V> {
    Node<K, V> root;
    BST() (this.root = null);
    BST(Node<K, V> root) { this.root = root; }
```

```
class Node<K, V> {
    K key;
    V value;
    Node<K, V> left;
    Node<K, V> right;
    public Node(K key, V value,
                Node<K, V> left,
                Node<K, V> right) {
        this.key = key;
        this.value = value;
        this.left = left;
        this.right = right;
    }
}
```

```
private V get(Node<K, V> node, K key) {
    if (node == null) { //throw error }
    if (node.key.equals(key)) {
        return node.value;
    }
    if (node.key < key) {
        return get(node.left, key);
    }
    else {
        return get(node.right, key);
    }
}
```

```
public V get(Key key) {
    return this.get(root, key);
}
```

Where is the get() method broken?

→ does not work

How can we fix the get() method to work with Objects?

Interface → compare() method 0, 1, -1

→ Comparator / also on Object  
② → pass to the constructor  
save as a field

→ Comparable  
→ compareTo()  
0 less than  
0 equal  
0 greater than

public String implements Comparable<String> {

```
boolean find (E toFind, E key)
Comparable comp = (Comparable<E>) toFind;
loop { comp.compareTo(key)
```

runtime error?  
bad!

What error should we throw in get() if the key isn't found?

No Such Element Exception () / Element Not Found Exception ()

What would the code that uses get() look like to prevent the program crashing if the key is missing?

```
BST tree
try {
    tree.get(x);
}
catch (ElementNotFoundException e) {
    // what do we do?
    // print error?
}
catch (Exception e) {
    // bigger error / other error
}
```

<E extends Comparable>  
class Test <E extends Comparable> {

```
① boolean find (E toFind) {
    if (toFind.compareTo(...)) {
    }
}
```

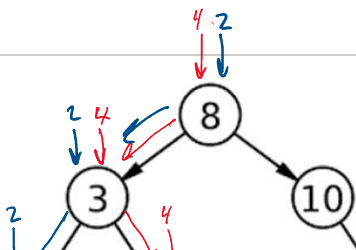
Name: \_\_\_\_\_ PID: \_\_\_\_\_ Code: 2208

Assume the key and value are identical for this example:

Trace the path for get(4)  
How many nodes does it touch?

4 nodes

Trace the path for get(2)



Key smaller node.key?  
no!

How many nodes does it touch?

4 nodes

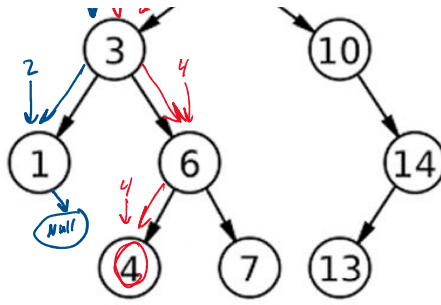
Trace the path for get(2)

How many nodes does it touch?

3 nodes, 4 comparisons

What happens when the node isn't found?

throws exception



key smaller node.key?

→ go left

key greater node.key?

→ go right

key equal node.key?

→ found it

→ return value

Assume the key and value are identical for this example:

Trace the path for get(40)

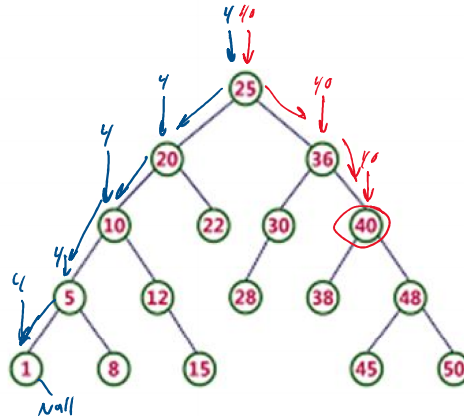
How many nodes does it touch?

3 nodes

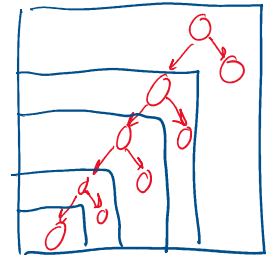
Trace the path for get(4)

How many nodes does it touch?

5 nodes/ 6 comparisons



BST → recursive data structure



Binary search

$\log_2(n)$

