

CSE12 - Lecture 21

Wednesday, May 22, 2024 10:00 AM

PA8 released - due next Wednesday @ 8am

PA7 - hard deadline - Thursday @ 8am

PA5 Late/Resubmit - hard deadline - Thursday @ 8am

No class next Monday (5/27) - holiday

Lecture 21

Heap Applications

Median

```

class Tracker {
    PriorityQueue<Integer> pq1 = new PriorityQueue<>(Collections.reverseOrder<Integer>());
    PriorityQueue<Integer> pq2 = new PriorityQueue<>();
    void add(int n) {
        if(pq2.size() == 0 || pq1.size() == 0) {
            pq2.add(n);
            return;
        }
        int current = pq2.peek();
        if(n >= current) {
            pq2.add(n);
        }
        else {
            pq1.add(n);
        }
        int sizeDifference = pq2.size() - pq1.size();
        if(sizeDifference > 1) { pq1.add(pq2.poll()); }
        else if(sizeDifference < -1) { pq2.add(pq1.poll()); }
    }

    int get() {
        if(pq2.size() == pq1.size()) { return (pq2.peek() + pq1.peek()) / 2; }
        if(pq2.size() > pq1.size()) { return pq2.peek(); }
        else { return pq1.peek(); }
    }

    public String toString() {
        return "" + pq1 + " " + this.get() + " " + pq2;
    }
}
    
```

$n=8, 15$
 90%
 n

heap
 ↑

high to low → max heap
 ↓

low to high → min heap
 ↓

sorted data
 $\frac{BC}{1}$ $\frac{WC}{\log_2(n)}$

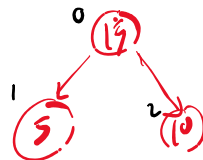
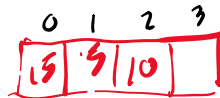
$\frac{BC}{1}$ $\frac{WC}{\log_2(n) + \log_2(n)} \rightarrow \log_2(n)$

$O(1)$ $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$

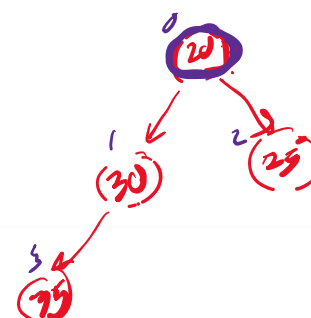
Draw the picture and the arrays for the following:

Add the following elements to the Tracker (in this order):
 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35

pq1
 max heap



pq2
 min heap



median → 20

Name: _____ PID: _____ Code: 7250

What is the result of the call to get() after adding all the elements? 20

What is the run-time for the tracker?

Worst Case $O(\log_2(N))$

Best Case: $O(1)$

Write a method to use the tracker: N

```
int findNumber ( Integer[] arr ) {  
    MedianTracker tracker = new _____  
    for ( int i=0; i<arr.length; i++) {  
        tracker.add( arr[i] );  
    }  
    return tracker.get();  
}
```

$\log_2(N)$ } $N * \log_2(N)$

What is the total run-time using the tracker:

$O(N * \log_2)$

Using a PriorityQueue, write a Heap Sort method to perform an in-place sort of an array:

See pre-lecture for Heap Sort implementation