

# CSE12 - Lecture 17

Wednesday, May 8, 2024 10:00 AM

## Exam 2 - May 15th

- <https://ucsd-cse12-sp24.github.io/lectures/exam2.html>

## Lecture 17

### Map and HashTable

Hash Function (same as previous)

```
int getIndex(String k) {
    return k.length();
}
```

# of buckets - 4  
(i.e. the size of the array)

expandCapacity() called in set()

LoadFactor - 0.07

	hash	index	LP
set("Smith", 1);	5	5	0/4
set("Johnson", 2);	7	3	1/4
set("Williams", 3);	8	0	2/4
set("Brown", 4);	5	5	3/4
set("Jones", 5);	5	5	4/4
set("Garcia", 6);	6	6	5/8
set("Miller", 7);	6	6	6/8
set("Davis", 8);	5	5	7/16
set("Rodriguez", 9);	4	7	8/16
set("Martinez", 10);	10	10	9/16

Draw the picture of the HashTable using Linear Probing  
(using expandCapacity)

Key Value pair < String, Integer > [ ]

0	{ Williams, 3 }
1	{ Smith, 1 }
2	Null
3	{ Johnson, 2 }

0	{ Williams, 3 }
1	{ Jones, 5 }
2	{ Garcia, 6 }
3	Null
4	Null
5	{ Smith, 1 }
6	{ Brown, 4 }
7	{ Johnson, 2 }

0	
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	{ Jones, 5 }
6	{ Garcia, 6 }
7	{ Smith, 1 }
8	{ Williams, 3 }
9	<del>{ Brown, 4 }</del>
10	{ Johnson, 2 }
11	{ Miller, 7 }
12	{ Jones, 5 }
13	{ Rodriguez, 9 }
14	{ Martinez, 10 }
15	{ Miranda, 11 }

What is the run-time for this HashTable (do picture first):

set()

Worst Case  $\Theta(n^2)$

Best Case:  $\Theta(1)$

What conditions make up the best case for set()?

No collisions, no EC

get()

Worst Case  $\Theta(n)$

Best Case:  $\Theta(1)$

What conditions make up the best case for get()?

No collisions

What happens if we remove something, then try to find something that collided it?

```
remove("Brown");
get("Davis");
```

What happens if we add something else?

```
set("Miranda", 11);
```

tombstone → Key = null  
inherited from Key Value Pair  
equals() returns false  
→ expand capacity  
→ remove during rehash

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

PID: \_\_\_\_\_

Code: 7443

## Amortized Analysis

What is the run-time for ArrayList add()?

Worst Case:  $\Theta(1) \rightarrow \Theta(n) \rightarrow \Theta(n)$

Best Case:  $\Theta(1)$

Average Case:  $\Theta(1)$  per add

Find()	wc	N	binary search ↳ sort → $N \log_2(N)$ $\log_2(N)$
	bc	1	
	ac	$\frac{N}{2}$	

What is the run-time for HashTable set() using Separate Chaining and a good hash function? .751f

set() Worst Case:  $\Theta(1) \rightarrow \Theta(n) \rightarrow \Theta(n)$

Best Case:  $\Theta(1)$

Average Case:  $\Theta(1)$  per add

Why is the hash function important?

even distribution  
↳ less/no collisions

Object

↳ int hashCode()

Strings

↳ int hashCode()  
override

get

wc  $\Theta(n)$

bc  $\Theta(1)$

ac  $\Theta(1)$

What is the run-time for HashTable set() using Linear Probing and a good hash function? .671f

set() Worst Case:  $\Theta(1) \rightarrow \Theta(n) \rightarrow \Theta(n)$

Best Case:  $\Theta(1)$

Average Case:  $\Theta(1)$  per add

2 → 4 → 8 → 16 → 32 → 64

$\Theta(1)$  per add

1024

2.  
4.  
8.  
16.  
32.  
64.  
128.  
256.  
512.  
1024.

Called EC 9 times