```
use std::fs::File;
use std::env;
use std::io::prelude::*;
use sexp::*;
use sexp::Atom::*;
enum Expr {
Num(i32),
Add1(Box<Expr>),
Sub1(Box<Expr>)
fn parse_expr(s : &Sexp) -> Expr {
match s {
 Sexp::Atom(I(n)) =>
  Expr::Num(i32::try_from(*n).unwrap()),
 Sexp::List(vec) =>
  match &vec[..] {
   [Sexp::Atom(S(op)), e] if op == "add1" =>
   Expr::Add1(Box::new(parse_expr(e))),
   [Sexp::Atom(S(op)), e] if op == "sub1" =>
   Expr::Sub1(Box::new(parse_expr(e))),
    _ => panic!("parse error")
 },
   => panic!("parse error")
fn compile_expr(e : &Expr) -> String {
match e {
 Expr::Num(n) => format!("mov rax, \{\}", *n),
 Expr::Add1(subexpr) =>
   compile_expr(subexpr) + "\nadd rax, 1",
  Expr::Sub1(subexpr) =>
   compile_expr(subexpr) + "\nsub rax, 1"
}
fn main() -> std::io::Result<()> {
let args: Vec<String> = env::args().collect();
let in_name = &args[1];
let out_name = &args[2];
let mut in_file = File::open(in_name)?;
let mut in_contents = String::new();
in_file.read_to_string(&mut in_contents)?;
let sExpr = parse(&in_contents).unwrap()
let expr = parse_expr(&sExpr);
let result = compile_expr(&expr);
let asm_program = format!("
section .text
global our_code_starts_here
our_code_starts_here:
{}
ret
", result);
let mut out_file = File::create(out_name)?;
out_file.write_all(asm_program.as_bytes())?;
0k(())
src/main.rs
```

```
pub enum Sexp {
  Atom(Atom),
  List(Vec<Sexp>),
}
pub enum Atom {
  S(String),
  I(i64),
  F(f64),
}
Why is Vec<Box<Sexp>> or Box<Vec<Sexp>> not used above?
```

```
"(sub1 (sub1 (add1 73)))"
```

Assume we run main with a file containing the contents above.

What does the stack & heap look like when format! ("mov rax, {}", \*n) evaluates?

```
) -> String {
                                                  fn compile_expr(e : &Expr,
  expr := <number>
                                                    match e \overline{\{}
           (add1 <expr>)
                                                         Expr::Num(n) => format!("mov rax, {}", *n),
           (+ <expr> <expr>)
                                                         Expr::Add1(subexpr) => {
  *)
                                                              compile expr(subexpr) + "\nadd rax, 1"
 enum Expr {
  Num(i32),
                                                         Expr::Plus(e1, e2) => {
    Add1(Box<Expr>),
                                                  }
 }
                                                                let e1_instrs = compile_expr(e1, si);
                                                               let e2_instrs = compile_expr(e2, si + 1);
let e1_instrs = compile_expr(e1);
                                                               let stack_offset = si * 4;
format!("
let e2_instrs = compile_expr(e2);
e1_instrs + "\n mov rbx, rax"
+ e2_instrs + "\n add rax, rbx"
                                                                     {e1_instrs}
                                                                    mov [rsp - {stack_offset}], rax
{e2_instrs}
                                                                    add rax, [rsp - {stack_offset}]
                                                                ")
(+(10050)2)
(+500 (+103))
```

```
(let (x (let (y 10) (add1 y)))
(sub1 x))
```

- A. 9
- B. 10
- C. 11
- D. 12
- E. Error

```
(let (x (let (x 10) (add1 x)))
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