

```
def sum(n):
    if (n <= 0):
        0
```

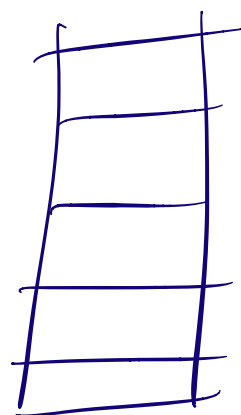
```
    else:
```

```
        n + sum(n-1)
```

```
sum(10000)
```

NOT TR

eats much stack



```
def sum(n):
    r = 0
    while (0 <= n):
        r = r + n
        n = n - 1
```

```
def sum(r, n):
```

```
    if (n <= 0):
```

```
        r
```

```
    else:
```

```
        sum(n+r, n-1)
```



def incr(x):

x + 1

incr(5)

- (x.foo > 10) {
 { ... }
}

①

duplicate Func

2.

unknown vars

3

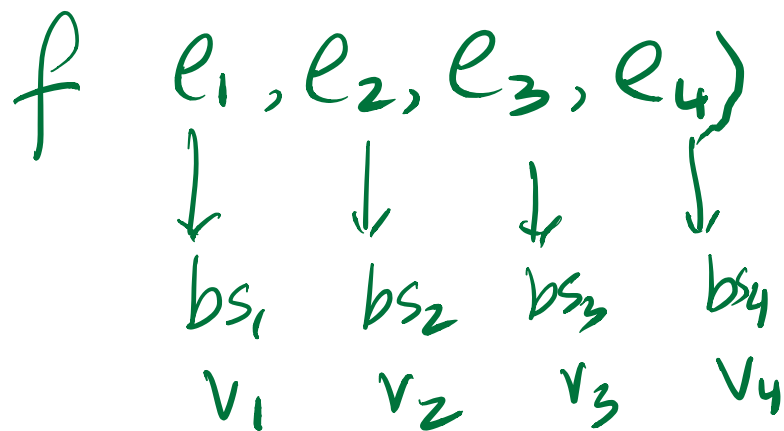
unknown func

4

calling func with WRONG
num-args

1. mpiling

2. 1 Tail Recursion



let b 1
 + b 2
 + b 3
 + b 4

in f (v₁, v₂, v₃, v₄)

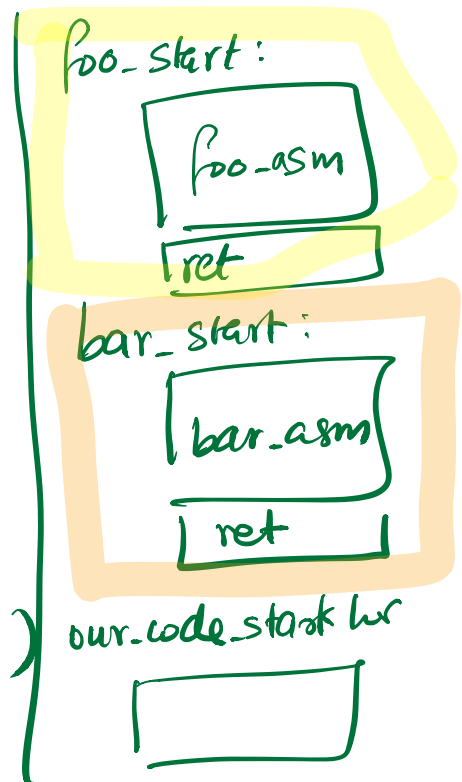
def foo(x, z)

| foo_b0

def bar(, b):

|

foo(1, 2, 3) bar(10, 20)



| f(v1, , v3)

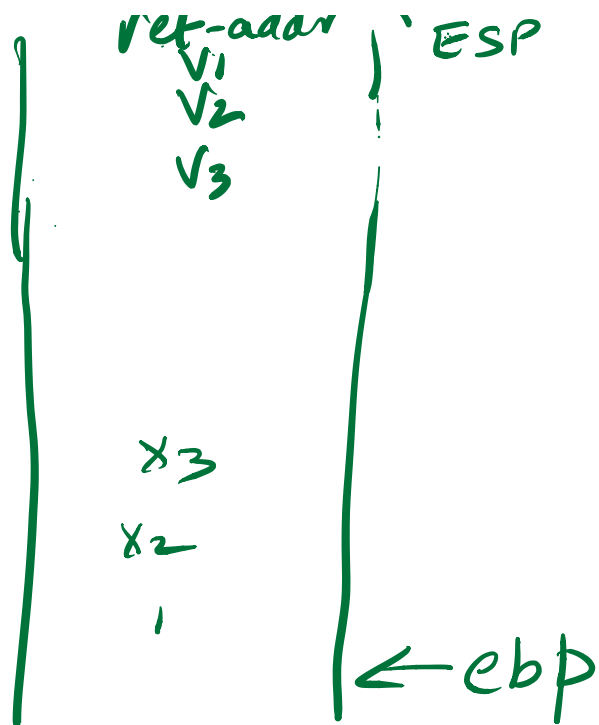
caller "m in"

push v3
push v2
push v1
call "f"

↳

callee "f"

... ..



x

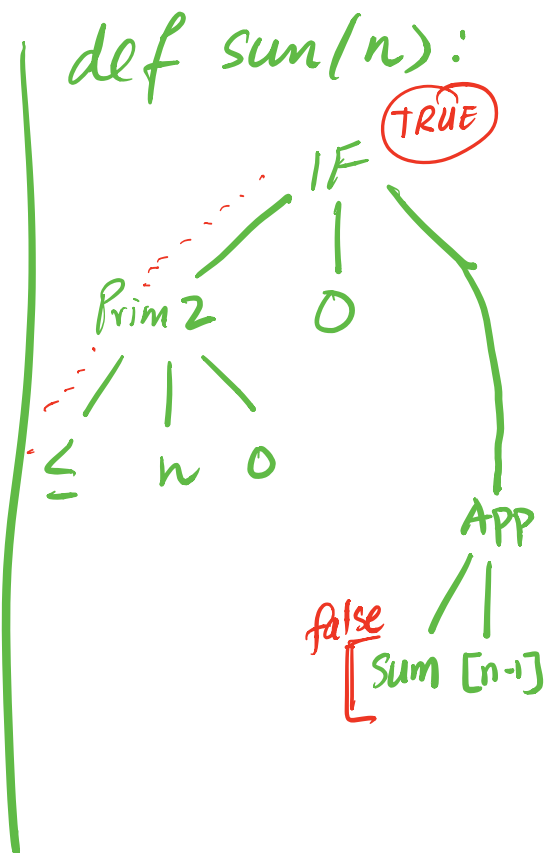
x ————— x

TAIL CALLS! (Yes)

- WHERE is tail Rec
- How to implement TR

```
def sum(n):  
    if n ≤ 0:  
        0  
    else:  
        n + sum(n-1)
```

← False



```
def sumTR(acc, n):
```

```
    if  $n \leq 0$ :
```

```
        acc
```

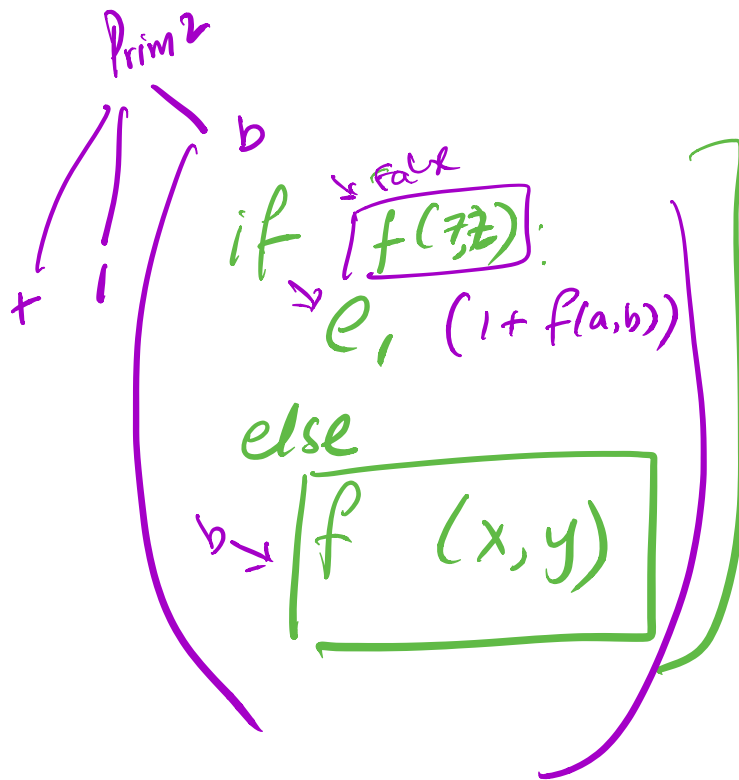
```
    else :
```

← TRUE

```
        sumTR(acc + n, n - 1)
```

|

tails :: Expr a \rightarrow Expr (a, Bool)



Is $f(x,y)$ TC?

A. Yes

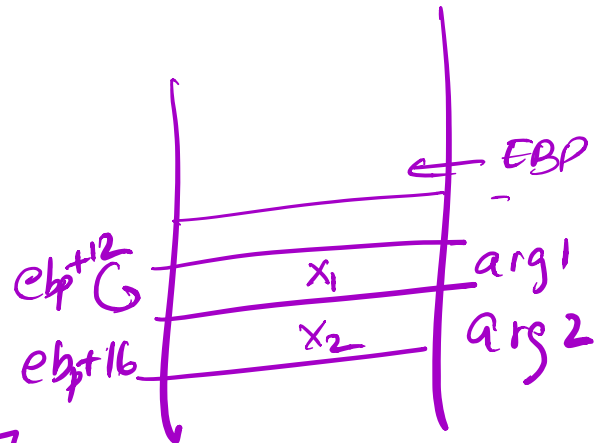
B. No

$f(x_1, x_2)$

push x_2

push x_1

call "f"



mov. $[ebp+8]$ x_1

mov $[ebp+12]$ x_2

reset stack

jump f-start