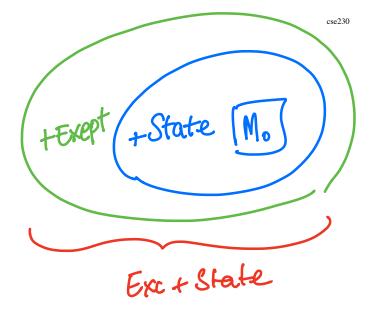
- operations added by Transform1 and
- operations added by Transform2 and
- operations added by Transform3 ...

Reminiscent of the Decorator Design Pattern (http://oreilly.com/catalog/hfdesignpat/chapter/cho3.pdf) or Python's Decorators (http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Python_syntax_and_semantics#Decorators).

Mixing Monads with Transformers

- Step 1: **Specifying** Monads with Extra Features
- Step 2: Implementing Monads with Extra Features

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Specifying Monads with Extra Features

First, instead of using concrete monads

• e.g. Profile or Either

We will use type-classes to abstractly specify a monad's capabilities

• e.g. MonadState s m or MonadError e m

A Class for State-Transformers Monads

The class MonadState s m defined in the Control.Monad.State (http://hackage.haskell.org/package/mtl-2.2.2/docs/Control-Monad-Except.html) says

• m is a State-Transformer monad with state type s

```
class Monad m => MonadState s m where
  get :: m s
  put :: s -> m ()
```

That is to say, m implements

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• >>= and return operations specified by Monad and

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• get and put operations specified by MonadState!

Generalize Types to use Classes

So we can generalize the type of count to use MonadState Int m

```
count :: (MonadState Int m) => m ()
count = do
    n <- get
    put (n+1)</pre>
```

A Class for Exception Handling Monads

The class MonadError e m defined in [Control.Monad.Except][6] says

• m is a Exception-Handling monad with exception type e

```
class Monad m => MonadError e m where
throwError :: e -> m a
catchError :: m a -> (e -> m a) -> m a
```

That is to say, m implements

- >>= and return operations specified by Monad and
- throwError and catchError operations specified by MonadError!

Generalize Types to use Classes

So we can generalize the type of tryCatch to use MonadError e m

```
tryCatch :: (MonadError e m) => m a -> a -> m a
tryCatch m def = catchError m (\_ -> return def)
```

Generalize eval to use Constraints

We can now specify that $\ensuremath{\text{eval}}$ uses a monad $\ensuremath{\text{m}}$ that implements

• MonadState Int and MonadError Expr

```
eval :: (MonadState Int m, MonadError Expr m) => Expr -> m Int
eval (Number n)
                   = return n
eval (Plus e1 e2) = do n1 <- eval e1
                        n2 <- eval e2
                        count
                        return (n1 + n2)
eval (Div e1 e2) = do n1 <- eval e1
                        n2 <- eval e2
                        count
                        if (n2 /= 0)
                          then return (n1 `div` n2)
                          else throwError e2
eval (Try e n)
                   = tryCatch (eval e) n
Lets try to run it!
>>> e1
>>> evalMix e1
... GHC yells "please IMPLEMENT this MAGIC monad that implements BOTH features"
```

Mixing Monads with Transformers

- Step 1: Specifying Monads with Extra Features
- Step 2: Implementing Monads with Extra Features

Implementing Monads with Extra Features



Transform2 (Transform1 m) implements

- m operations and
- operations added by Transform1 and
- operations added by Transform2

We require

- A basic monad m
- A Transform1 that adds State capabilities
- A Transform2 that adds Exception capabilities

A Basic Monad

First, lets make a basic monad

• only implements >>= and return

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data Identity a = Id a



instance Monad Identity where

A very basic monad: just a wrapper (Id) around the value (a)

• No extra features



A Transform that adds **State** Capabilities

The transformer StateT sm defined in the Control.Monad.State module (http://hackage.backell.org/package/mtl-2.2.2/docs/Control-Monad-Except.html) - takes as input monad m and

• transforms it into a new monad m'

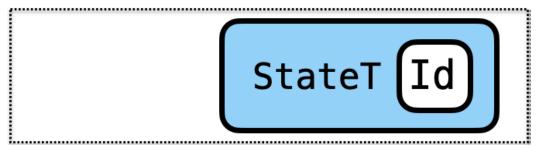
such that m' implements

- all the operations that m implements
- and adds State-transformer capabilities

StateT s m satisfies the constraint (MonadState s (StateT s m))

A State-transformer over *Int* states

type Prof = StateT Int Identity



We can go back and give evalProf the type

evalProf :: Expr -> Prof Int

A Transform that adds Except ion Capabilities The transformer Except e m implements Monad Enr

- takes as input a monad m and
- transforms it into a new monad m'

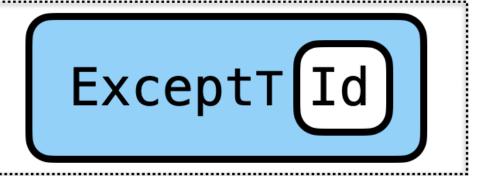
such that m' implements

- all the operations that m implements
- and adds Exception-handling capabilities

ExceptT e m satisfies the constraint (MonadError e (ExceptT e m))

An Exception Handler Monad with EXPT-typed exceptions

type Exn = ExceptT Expr Identity



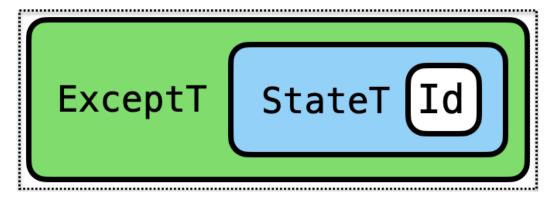
We can go back and give evalThrowCatch the type

evalThrowCatch :: Expr -> Exn Int

Composing Transformers

We can use both transformers to get both powers!

type ExnProf a = ExceptT Expr (StateT Int (Identity)) a



ExnProf implements State-transformer-over Int and Exception-handling-over- Expr

EXERCISE: Executing the Combined Transformer

Recall that

```
type ExnProf a = ExceptT Expr (StateT Int (Identity)) a

Lets write a function

runExnProf :: (Show a) => ExnProf a -> String
runExnProf epm = ???

such that

>>> runExnProf (eval e1)

"value: 1, count: 2"

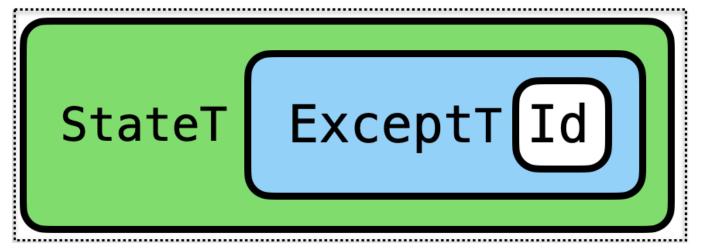
>>> runExnProf (eval e2)

"Plus (Number 5) (Number (-5)) after 2 operations"
```

TRY AT HOME: Combining in a Different Order

We can also combine the transformers in a different order

type ProfExn a = StateT Int (ExceptT Expr (Identity)) a



ExnProf implements State-transformer-over Int and Exception-handling-over- Expr

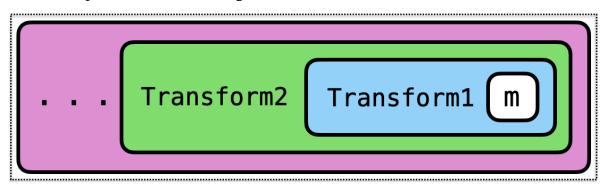
Can you implement the function

```
such that when you are done, we can get the following behavior?
>>> runProfExn (eval e1)
"value: 1, count: 2"
>>> runProfExn (eval e2)
"Left (Plus (Number 5) (Number (-5)))"
```

runProfExn :: (Show a) => ProfExn a -> String

Summary: Mixing Monads with Many Features

1. Transformers add capabilities to Monads



Transform2 (Transform1 m) implements

m operations and

- operations added by Transform1 and
- operations added by Transform2

2. StateT and ExceptT add State and Exceptions

- Start with a basic monad Identity
- Use StateT Int to add global- Int state-update capabilities
- Use ExceptT Expr to add exception-handling capabilities

Play around with this in your homework assignment!

(https://ucsd-cse230.github.io/sp20/feed.xml) (https://twitter.com/ranjitjhala) (https://plus.google.com/u/0/104385825850161331469) (https://github.com/ranjitjhala)

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