Lecture 1: Course Introduction

CSE 29: Systems Programming and Software Tools

Aaron Schulman (Shalev)



Lecture 1 Overview



Introduce Staff

Class overview

Jumping right into Systems Programming

Personnel



Instructor: Aaron Schulman

Office hours on course website

Co-taught with: Joe Politz

Eight TAs and four tutors shared across both classes:

Janet Vorobyeva Alex Yen

Savitha Ravi

Andrew Pan

Elena Tomson

Rachel Lim

Kruti Dharanipathi

Reese Whitlock

Anya Chernova

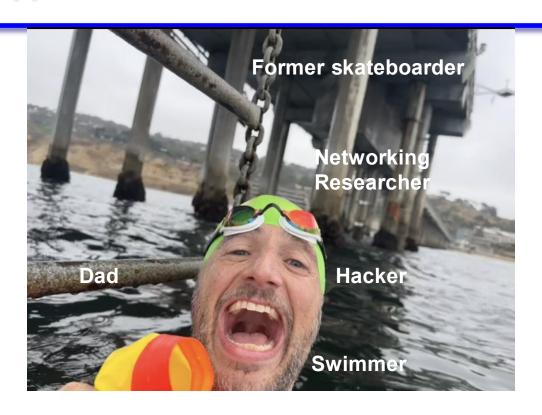
Miles Davis

Samuel Gonzalez

Travis Henry

Who am I?









https://ucsd-cse29.github.io/fa25/



Podcasting and async learning



- Class will not be podcast
 - Lecture slides posted to website immediately after class
 - Lecture attendance is strongly encouraged, especially for insight into projects
- Readings will be assigned from "Dive into Systems" Textbook

HTML freely available at: https://diveintosystems.org/book/



SUZANNE J. MATTHEWS, TIA NEWHALL,



Expected Outcomes



Students who complete this course will be able to:

- Learn how each function call makes the world's computers come alive!
- Describe how a single C program runs on a computer
- Read, write, debug, and test C programs
- Use software tools to work with C programs (e.g., GDB GNU Debugger)
- Control a computer from the terminal
- Use effective programming practices like incremental development, debugging, testing
- Describe how multiple programs can run at the same time on a computer
- Learn how to avoid basic security vulnerabilities in low-level code

Logistics



- Big Assignments Due on even weeks [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]
 - Mon Problem set due
 - Thu Programming assignment due
- Labs every week
- Exams weeks [3, 6, 9] (45min)
 - Taken at the computer-based testing facility
- Multiple tries!
 - Assignments: Resubmit ~2 weeks after deadline to improve score
 - Exams: Finals week exam makeups (2hr)
- Discussion
 - Go over problem sets

How to Pass CSE 29



Attend lecture / discussion

- But the material is in the book anyway, and the slides are posted online
- Lecture is a great dedicated time slot to learn, and I will present concepts in an accessible way and connect to practical CS programming!
- If you can not attend a lecture, please make a friend and ask for their notes

Do the projects

- But maybe I can just have ChatGPT do them for me?
- Excellent practice for the exams, and assignments help with the project
- Senior CS folks in industry report that the skills you get from this course will follow you throughout your career. LLMs can write code, but not be a CS!

Week 0 Announcements



- Lab attendance is required and teaching terminal-based tooling happens there, make sure to go to lab
- Submit the <u>welcome survey</u> before lab on Tuesday of week 1
- Assignments, quizzes, and other things with deadlines will start in week 1
- Try to sign into PrarieLearn (https://us.prairielearn.com/)
 - Quizzes and Exams will use the PrarieLearn platform

Demo



How do we store a string of characters inside a computer?

What happens when you press a key?





How do computers store characters?



SRAM Cell: Stores state of a single bit [1 or 0]

Cheap!

Made of sand (silicon)

Fast!

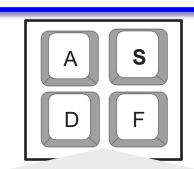
Read/write billions of times per second

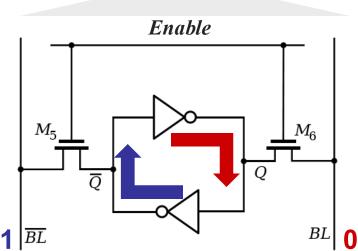
Accurate!

Nearly always correctly returns the stored bit

Small!

We can fit billions of them inside of a computer chip









- 1. Each character is assigned a number that represents it
 - ASCII Encoding: [0-127] represents all English Characters
- 2. Each number is assigned a set of bits that represent it
 - Binary numbering system





```
Dec Hx Oct Char
                                      Dec Hx Oct Html Chr
                                                           Dec Hx Oct Html Chr Dec Hx Oct Html Chr
 0 0 000 NUL (null)
                                       32 20 040   Space
                                                            64 40 100 @ 0
                                                                               96 60 140 4#96;
 1 1 001 SOH (start of heading)
                                       33 21 041 6#33; !
                                                            65 41 101 6#65; A
                                                                               97 61 141 @#97; @
                                      34 22 042 @#34; "
                                                            66 42 102 B B
                                                                               98 62 142 @#98; b
 2 2 002 STX (start of text)
 3 3 003 ETX (end of text)
                                       35 23 043 4#35; #
                                                            67 43 103 a#67; C
                                                                               99 63 143 4#99; 0
 4 4 004 EOT (end of transmission)
                                       36 24 044 @#36; $
                                                            68 44 104 a#68; D
                                                                               100 64 144 @#100; d
                                       37 25 045 6#37; %
                                                            69 45 105 E E
                                                                               101 65 145 e e
 5 5 005 ENQ (enquiry)
 6 6 006 ACK (acknowledge)
                                                            70 46 106 @#70; F
                                                                               102 66 146 @#102; f
                                       38 26 046 @#38; @
                                                            71 47 107 6#71; G 103 67 147 6#103; g
 7 7 007 BEL (bell)
                                       39 27 047 4#39; '
 8 8 010 BS (backspace)
                                       40 28 050 6#40; (
                                                            72 48 110 @#72; H
                                                                              104 68 150 @#104; h
                                                            73 49 111 @#73; I
                                                                              105 69 151 @#105; i
 9 9 011 TAB (horizontal tab)
                                       41 29 051 6#41; )
                                                                              106 6A 152 @#106; j
                                       42 2A 052 @#42; *
                                                            74 4A 112 @#74; J
10 A 012 LF
              (NL line feed, new line)
11 B 013 VT
             (vertical tab)
                                       43 2B 053 6#43; +
                                                            75 4B 113 4#75; K
                                                                              107 6B 153 k k
                                                                               108 6C 154 @#108; 1
12 C 014 FF
              (NP form feed, new page)
                                       44 2C 054 @#44;
                                                            76 4C 114 @#76; L
13 D 015 CR
                                                            77 4D 115 @#77; M
                                                                              109 6D 155 @#109; m
              (carriage return)
                                       45 2D 055 - -
14 E 016 SO
              (shift out)
                                       46 2E 056 .
                                                            78 4E 116 N N
                                                                              110 6E 156 n n
15 F 017 SI (shift in)
                                       47 2F 057 @#47; /
                                                            79 4F 117 @#79; 0
                                                                              111 6F 157 @#111; 0
                                       48 30 060 @#48; 0
                                                            80 50 120 P P
                                                                              112 70 160 p p
16 10 020 DLE (data link escape)
                                                            81 51 121 4#81; 0
17 11 021 DC1 (device control 1)
                                       49 31 061 4#49; 1
                                                                              113 71 161 @#113; q
18 12 022 DC2 (device control 2)
                                                            82 52 122 @#82; R
                                                                              114 72 162 @#114; r
                                       50 32 062 4#50; 2
19 13 023 DC3 (device control 3)
                                       51 33 063 6#51; 3
                                                            83 53 123 4#83; 5
                                                                              115 73 163 4#115; 3
20 14 024 DC4 (device control 4)
                                       52 34 064 6#52; 4
                                                            84 54 124 6#84; T
                                                                              116 74 164 @#116; t
21 15 025 NAK (negative acknowledge)
                                                            85 55 125 @#85; U
                                                                              117 75 165 @#117; u
                                       53 35 065 4#53; 5
22 16 026 SYN (synchronous idle)
                                       54 36 066 @#54; 6
                                                            86 56 126 V V
                                                                               118 76 166 v V
                                                            87 57 127 4#87; ₩
23 17 027 ETB (end of trans. block)
                                       55 37 067 4#55; 7
                                                                               119 77 167 w ₩
                                       56 38 070 4#56; 8
                                                            88 58 130 4#88; X
24 18 030 CAN (cancel)
                                                                              120 78 170 @#120; X
                                                            89 59 131 4#89; Y
                                                                              121 79 171 @#121; Y
                                       57 39 071 4#57; 9
25 19 031 EM (end of medium)
                                                            90 5A 132 Z Z
                                                                              122 7A 172 @#122; Z
                                       58 3A 072 6#58; :
26 1A 032 SUB (substitute)
27 1B 033 ESC (escape)
                                       59 3B 073 @#59;;
                                                            91 5B 133 [ [
                                                                               123 7B 173 { {
                                       60 3C 074 < <
                                                            92 5C 134 @#92; \
                                                                              124 7C 174 @#124; |
28 1C 034 FS
             (file separator)
29 1D 035 GS
              (group separator)
                                       61 3D 075 = =
                                                            93 5D 135 6#93; 1
                                                                              125 7D 175 @#125; }
30 1E 036 RS
              (record separator)
                                       62 3E 076 > >
                                                            94 5E 136 @#94;
                                                                              126 7E 176 ~ ~
31 1F 037 US
                                       63 3F 077 4#63; ?
                                                            95 5F 137 6#95; 127 7F 177 6#127; DEL
              (unit separator)
```

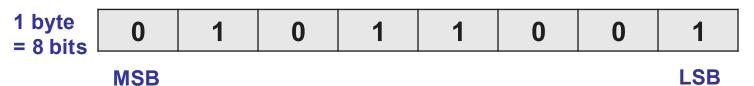
Source: www.LookupTables.com





Two (Binary) electrical states:

A number is an array of RAM cells with binary states:







1 bit
<u>0</u> =0
<u>1</u> =1
2 values: 2 ¹

	3 bits		
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	=0
0	0	1	=1
0	1	0	=2
0	1	1	=3
1	0	0	=4
1	0	1	=5
1	1	0	=6
1	1	1	=7





1 byte = 8 bits

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
2 ⁷	2 ⁶	2 ⁵	2 ⁴	2 ³	2 ²	2 ¹	2 ⁰

MSB LSB





$$1010 = 1x2^{3} + 0x2^{2} + 1x2^{1} + 0x2^{0}$$

$$= 8 + 0 + 2 + 0 = 10$$

1110 =
$$1 \times 2^{3} + 1 \times 2^{2} + 1 \times 2^{1} + 0 \times 2^{0}$$
 = 14