Lecture 13: String join() & ArrayList

CSE 29: Systems Programming and Software Tools

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Review: String struct

```
struct string {
   uint64_t length; // = strlen(contents)
   char *contents; // has space for length + null terminator
};
typedef struct string String;
String new_string(char *init_contents);
String plus(String s1, String s2);
```

Demo

• join()

How many allocations have been made?

```
// This plus is *just* the heap-allocating version now
String plus(String s1, String s2) {
    uint64 t new size = s1.length + s2.length + 1;
   char* new contents = calloc(new size, sizeof(char));
    strncpy(new contents, s1.contents, s1.length);
    strncpy(new contents + s1.length, s2.contents, s2.length);
   new contents[new size - 1] = 0;
    String r = { new size - 1, new contents };
   return r;
String join(String strs[], int count, String delimiter) {
   String s = new String("");
   for(int i = 0; i < count; i += 1) {
       s = plus(s, strs[i]);
       if(i < count - 1) {
            s = plus(s, delimiter);
   return s;
int main() {
   String apple = new String("apple");
   String banana = new_String("banana");
   String strawberry = new_String("strawberry");
   String fruit[] = { apple, banana, strawberry };
   String comma = new_String(", ");
   String fruitlist = join(fruit, 3, comma);
    printf("%s\n", fruitlist.contents);
```

How could we implement an ArrayList in C?

How could we implement a ArrayList class in C?

```
struct list {
    uint32_t size;
    uint32_t capacity;
    String *contents; // the actual list of strings
};
```

What does String *contents look like initially?

```
struct list {
    uint32_t size;
    uint32_t capacity;
    String *contents;
};
```