Kieler Kaffee Klub ${\bf K}^3$ Project*

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Abstract

Dies ist eine kurze Zusammenfassung der Inhalte des in deutscher Sprache verfassten Dokuments.

 $^{{}^*\}mathrm{No}$ procrastination

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WORKING TITLE::KAFFEESATT

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Scope and Specifications of the Project

To provide miscellaneous information about coffee localities through a web application with students, inbound tourists and coffee fanatics in Kiel.

VISION

Our Vision is that everyone know where they can find their suitable beverage place.

MISSION

Provide a sophisticated web application for students, inbound tourists or coffee fanatics to discover a place to relax and enjoy their favorite coffee and supply themselves with coffee making utensil.

W*H

Who will be using the system?

Students, coffee fanatics and inbound tourists that are in Kiel.

When will be the system be used?

Breaks and Lunches.

Where is the information system used?

Desktop and Mobile at home, at work, on the go, in the city, near sights.

What is represented in the system?

Available coffee sorts, price-range, picture gallery, ratings from *Google* etc., direct links to places, misc. information about coffee (fair trade, preparation process, quality criteria, provenance etc..)

How will the system be used?

Desktop and Mobile via web browser.

Why is the system used?

To find the place to enjoy coffee or buy coffee accessories.

What is the policy, intention, goal, and aim of the provider?

To share our love and knowledge of coffee with coffee drinkers, coffee providers and coffee makers in Kiel.

User & Scenarios Outline

Students much free time, high mobility in the area of Kiel (Student Ticket), bicycle routes, price sensitive

Student thirst for coffee at the university during lectures.

Inbound Tourist no knowledge of Kiel, high price tolerance.

Tourist is in the middle of the city during a day trip and want to relax with a coffee.

Coffee fanatics want to know everything about the coffee or the coffee supplements high expectation, high demand of information,

At home and want to explore novel coffee localities.

1 System Requirements

Speed

- Navigation < 3 second response time.
- Filtering shops and equipment categories < 5 second response time

Product Environment

- The client must be connected with the internet during use of application
- Application works only on the following browsers Firefox, Chrome, Edge, Safari.

Privacy Policy

- Delete permanently on request user account and his reviews.
- Must allowed cookie to locate the user location.
- Password are encrypted.

Localizability

- User interface components are in mostly german or rather in language which is used by the younger people of germany.
- Accept german specific language as input.

2 Requirement

2.1 User Requirements

2.1.1 User Types

Possible properties of every user type: vegan, possibility to use own mug, reusable mug, can speak and read German, every user can paid by cash, age 16-35.

Roles {Content Provider(Admin, ContentManager), User (All user types)}

Admin

Preferences: List of registered user and List of content

Behavior: Interact through desktop with web application for various task Constraints:

Demands: Access to all content and user information possibility to delete user and add content manager.

Tasks: {CRUD of all content and user account}

Content Manager

Preferences: Concrete and specific input options.(saved options)

Behavior: Want to upload a bulk of content and previews his inputs. Watch out for changes in the coffee shops.

Constraints: must have preview of create or edit content

Demands: Input pages for various content.

Tasks: {CRUD content}

Students

Preferences: Cheap coffee, place with wlan, near bus station, buy with bitcoin Behavior: User for orientation mobile devices and get to the locations mainly with bicycle or bus

Constraints: low funds, short on time.

Demands: Student wants to drink coffee and possibly a place to work.

Tasks: {filtering, search, look up, navigation, delete own profile, change own mail, rate shops}

Coffee fanatics

Preferences: High quality coffee, parking lot, wlan, preferable possibility to see coffee making process, have a list of favorites

Behavior: User desktop and mobile devices to find misc. information about coffee shops in Kiel. Is content with paying more than average coffee price for high quality coffee.

Always looking for new shops and coffee beverages.

Constraints: No big companies or franchises.

Demands: Fanatics to experience novel coffee specialities in kiel and buy coffee making utensils.

Tourists

Preferences: Nearby current location, card payment

Behaviour: Use mobile devices to find coffee shops in Kiel to relax and drink

coffee. Is usually near sights.

Constraints: Low mobility, doesn't know localities, short on time, no big com-

panies or franchises.

Demands: Local cafe shops that are nearby

2.1.2 User Stories

Table 1: User Story: User filtering options

User Story ID: 1			
User Story Name:	Search coffee place through filtering		
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019	
Roles	Students Coffee fanatic Tourists		
Description:	The User is on the website and use the presented filtering options to look up shops.		
Preconditions:	1. Know what filtering options mean.		
Postconditions:	Is presented list of	shops	
Trigger:	Search button		
Flow:	 Click on avai filtering resul browse throu 		

Table 2: User story detail

User Story ID:	2		
User Story Name:	User quick search		
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019	

 ${\bf Table}\ 2-{\it Continued}\ on\ next\ page$

Table 2 – Continued from previous page

Roles	Student Tourist
Description:	User is on a break and are looking for a nearby coffee shop and use quick search function
Preconditions:	Is on our landing page Click quick search button
Postconditions:	Get a list of nearby coffee shops
Trigger:	Search button
Normal flow:	1. the user clicked on the search button;

Table 3: User Story Evaluation

User Story ID:	3		
User Story Name:	Evaluate coffee shop		
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019	
Roles	Student Coffee fanatic	10 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
Description:	Evaluate Coffee shops and write a review		
Preconditions:	1. The user is logged in.		
Postconditions:	Can see his evaluation about the shop.		
Trigger:	Star symbol		
Normal flow:	 Click on a specific shop. Click on star symbol. 		

Table 4: User Story: Search equipment

User Story ID:	4

Table 4 – Continued on next page

Table 4 – Continued from previous page

User Story Name:	Search equipment		
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019	
Roles	Coffee fanatic		
Description:	Is on the equipment subpage and select filtering options.		
Preconditions:	1. Is on the equipment subpage		
Postconditions:	Show shops that fits the selected filtering options.		
Trigger:	Filtering options		
Flow:	1. Select filtering options		

Table 5: User story detail

User Story ID:	5		
User Story Name:	Edit review		
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019	
Roles	All		
Description:	User edit reviews		
Preconditions:	 The user is logged in He has given reviews 		
Postconditions:	Review was edited		
Trigger:	Star symbol on the shop page		
Normal flow:	1. User clicked on star symbol.		

Table 6: User Story Manage Content

User Story ID:	6
User Story Name:	Manage Content

Table 6 – Continued on next page

Table 6 – Continued from previous page

Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019	
Roles	Content-Manager Admin		
Description:	The Actor can add, edit or remove content {shop, equipment, informations, events} (do CreateReadUpdateDelete operations on content)		
Preconditions:	 The user is logged in. Is on the input page. 		
Postconditions:	Selected CRUD executed on database		
Trigger:	gger: CRUD button		
Flow: 1. Fill the input forms. 2. Click either on save, delete or			

Table 7: User story detail

User Story ID:	7		
User Story Name:	Login		
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019	
Roles	Student Coffee fanatic Tourist Content-Manager Admin		
Description:	The user give in the account information and presses the login button.		
Preconditions: 1. user is not logged in 2. user is registered 3. account data is correct		ered	

Table 7 – Continued on next page

Table 7 – Continued from previous page

Postconditions:	User is logged in the system and is redirect to account last page. And has access to the corresponding functionality.	
Trigger:	Login button	
Normal flow:	Give account data click on login	

Table 8: User story detail

User Story ID:	8	
User Story Name:	Registration	
Created by:	KKK Date created: June 13, 2019	
Roles	Student Tourist Coffee fanatic	
Description:	User register on the website.	
Preconditions:	 Is on the registration page. Fill out formula with correct data 	
Postconditions:	Is registered	
Trigger:	Register button	
Flow:	 Fill out input system checked click on regis 	ed input

Table 9: User story detail

User Story ID:	9		
User Story Name:	Delete account		
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019	

 $Table\ 9-Continued\ on\ next\ page$

Table 9 – Continued from previous page

Roles	User Admin	
Description:	User delete account	
Preconditions:	 User has account User is logged in 	
Postconditions:	Is automatic logged out of application and all reviews of the user are deleted.	
Trigger:	Delete button	
Flow:	 User clicked on delete button. Verify in popup his deletion request. Click delete button. 	

Table 10: User story detail

User Story ID:	10	
User Story Name:	Manage registered user	
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019
Roles	Admin	
Description:	Admin create content-manager and delete every other account	
Preconditions:	1. User has account 2. User is logged in	
Postconditions:	DELETE operation on database on selected user account and his reviews.	
Trigger:	Button corresponding to the action	

Table 10 – Continued on next page

Table 10 – Continued from previous page

Flow:	 Select user account Click delete button 	
	3. Popup 4. Select yes	

Table 11: User Story: Logout

User Story ID:	11	
User Story Name:	Logout	
Created by:	KKK	Date created: June 13, 2019
Roles	All	
Description:	The User is on the website and use the logout button	
Preconditions:	1. User is logged in	
Postconditions:	Is logout	
Trigger:	Logout button	
Flow:	1. user clicked on the logout button.	

3 Mini-Stories

Search coffee shop through filtering(all)

Landing page, search page Preconditions: free access

Actions: select preferences to filter the shops

PostCond: shop list is updated corresponding to the selected options

Evaluate coffee shop first time(registered user

 $Every\ page$

Preconditions: Free access

Actions: Skip to login, log as corresponding role Postconditions: Is logged as user, stayed on shop site

Content[shop]

Preconditions: (Logged in) Action: (Evaluate shop)

Postconditions: (Evaluation of user saved to user account and recalculate aver-

age rating)

Manage Content (admin, content manager)

Every page

PreCondition:Free access

Actions: Skip to login, log as corresponding role PostCond: Is logged in, is on account management

Account Management Preconditions (logged in)

Actions: (Skip to Content Management)
Postconditions: (Is on content management)

Content Management
Preconditions: (Logged in)

Actions: (CRUD action on content)

Postcondition: (Corresponding crud action on content)

4 SiteLang Specification

The following figures show various and distinct flow, structure and behaviour of the web information system from KAFFEESATT web application. Specifications: On every page there is the navigation bar. Furthermore it is possible to login or logout on every page as well. If user is not log in and want to use a log in feature he will be directed to the login input form.

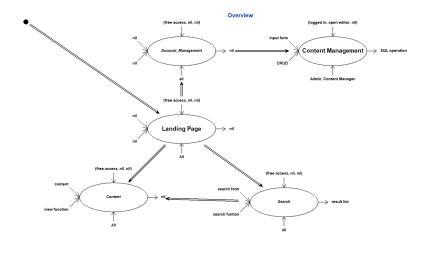


Figure 1: Overview of KAFFEESATT

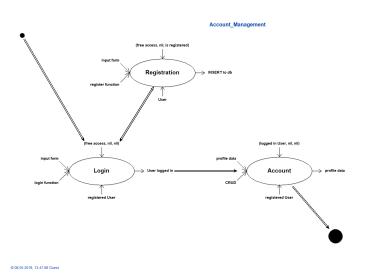
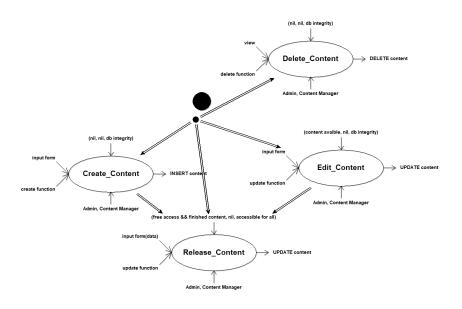


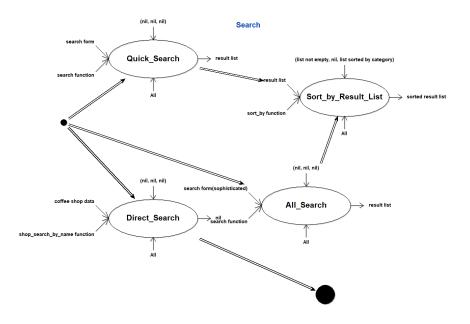
Figure 2: Account Management of KAFFEESATT

Content_Management



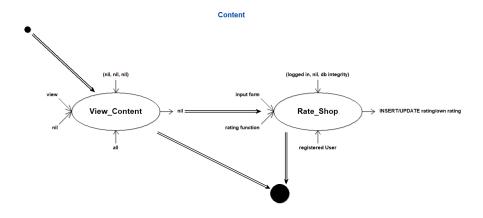
© 07.05.2019, 16:40:07 Guest

Figure 3: Content Management of KAFFEESATT



© 07.05.2019, 16:42:14 Guest

Figure 4: Search of KAFFEESATT



© 07.05.2019, 16:35:00 Guest

Figure 5: Content KAFFEESATT

4.1 SiteLang Functionality by Scene

Defintions

SETs

- \bullet Content are the following entities $C := \{Shop\}$ with their following attributes.
- Article are the following entities A := {Blend, Beans, Coffee_Drink, Equipment}.
- User are the following entity $U := \{User \text{ and their specialization}\}.$

FUNCTIONs

- $filter :: (C \times filterContent) \to Boolean : x \mapsto \text{if Content satisfied filter flags: return true; else false;}$
- $filter :: (A \times filterArticle) \rightarrow Boolean : x \mapsto \text{if Article satisfied filter flags: return true; else false;}$
- filterContent :: C → Value : {C.Attributes} = {poi, workstation, equipment, wlan, outdoor, fair_trade, child_friendly, disabled_friendly, latte_-art, pet_friendly, food, franchise, price_class }
- $filterArticle :: A \rightarrow Value : \{A.Attributes\} = \{category, sub category\}$
- $reduced(filterContent) :: \{quickserch(X)|X \in C.Attributes\} = \{POI, Workstation, RÃűsterei\}$
- $id: (C \cup A) > id: x >$ give the primary key of x
- Result List(X): List of members of Set X
- Result(X): specific member of Set X

Functionality by Scence

Overview

Scene (Content-Management)

View (in) Input-Form(C || A)

View (out) Execute corresponding SQL command

Scene (Search)

View (in) Input-Form(C)

View (out) Result-List(C)

Scene (Content-Management)

View (in) Input-Form(C)

View (out) INSERT/READ/UPDATE/DELETE(C)

Scene (Content) View (in) Content

${\bf Content Managment}$

Scene (Create Content)

View (in) Input-Form(C || A)

View (out) INSERT(C || A)

Scene (Release_Content)

View (in) Input-Form(C || A)

View (out) UPDATE(C || A)

Scene (Edit Content)

View (in) Input-Form(C || A)

View (out) UPDATE(C || A)

Scene (Delete Content)

View (in) View(C || A)

View (out) Delete(C || A)

Content

Scene (View Content)

View (in) View(C || A)

Scene (Rate_Shop)

View (in) Input-Form(C.Rating)

View (out) INSERT/UPDATE(C.Rating)

Search

Page(LandingPage)

Scene (Quick Search)

View (in) Input-Form(reduced (filterContent))

View (out) Result-List $(x|x \in C, filter(x) = true)$

Page(Wiki, Coffee Shop)

Scene (Direct Search)

View (in) Input-Form(C.Name++C.Address || A.Name)

View (out) Result(C) || Result(A)

Page(Coffee Shop, Wiki)

Scene (Elaborate Search)

View (in) Input-Form(filter)

```
View (out) Result-List(x|x \in C||A, filter(x) = true)
```

Page(Coffee_Shop,Wiki)

 $Scene~(Sort_by_Result)$

View (in) Result-List(C || A)

View (out) Result-List(sort by(C || A))

Account Management

Scene (Login)

View (in) Input-Form(U)

Scene (Account)

View (in) Input-Form(U)

View (out) READ/UPDATE(U)

Scene (Registration)

View (in) Input-Form(U)

View (out) INSERT(U)

5 HERM-Schema

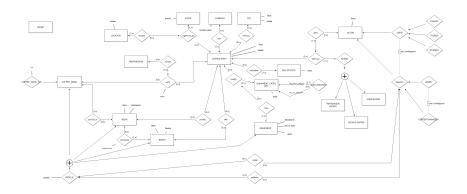


Figure 6: Simplify domain model

5.1 HERM-Translation

5.1.1 Descripition

Higher-Order

Located was translate by taken the primary key of LOCATION as well as the

primary keys from the relationship of organised by.

Rated By was translated by

Includes was translate by taken the primary key of PREPARATION as well as the primary keys from the relationship of serves.

Sells was translated by taken the primary key of EQUIPMENT as well as the primary keys from the relationship supplies.

Cluster are transform with the full key approach, because the entities have no common keys in their entities.

The ARTICLE cluster with the connection to the following entites: EQUIP-MENT, COFFEE DRINK, BEAN and BLEND.

The RATING cluster with the connection to the following entities: GOOGLE-RATING, USER-RATING, TRIPADVISER-RATING.

5.1.2 Entity

```
(EQUIPMENT (Manufacturer, Year of origin, Name)
(Manufacturer, Year of origin, Name))
(EVENT(EventID, Time, Name, Access fee, Description)(EventID))
(COFFEE-SHOP(Name, Address, Outdoor, Fair trade, Disabled friendly, De-
scription, Wlan, Child friendly, Website, Fouding year, Pet friendly, Latte -
art, Seats, Workstation, Food, Price class, Franchise)(Name, Address))
(BUS-STATION(Name, Line)(Name, Line))
(COMPANY(Name)(Name))
(BEAN(Name, Manufacturer, Provenance, Fair trade, Type)
(Name, Manufacturer))
(POI(Name, Address, Description)(Name, Address))
(GOOGLE-RATING()())
(USER-RATING()())
(TRIPADVICER-RATING()())
(BLEND(Name, Manufacturer, Provenance, Price range)(Name, Manufacturer))
(LOCATION(Address, Description)(Address))
(EQUIPMENT CATEGORY(Name)(Name))
(ACTOR(Email, Actor Name, Password)(Email))
(PREPARATION(Name, Description, Type)(Name))
(COFFEE DRINK(Name, Description)(Name))
(OPENING-TIME(Close, Open, Weekday)(Close, Open, Weekday))
(USER(Email)(Email))
(STUDENT(Email)(Email))
(TOURIST(Email)(Email))
(FANATIC(Email)(Email))
(ADMIN(Email)(Email))
(CONTENT-MANAGER(Email)(Email))
```

5.1.3 Cluster

```
(RATING(RatingID,RATINGId)(RatingID, RATINGId))
(GOOGLE-RATING(RatingID, RATINGId)(RatingID, RATINGId))
(USER-RATING(RatingID, RATINGId)(RatingID, RATINGId))
(TRIPADVICER-RATING(RatingID, RATINGId)(RatingID, RATINGId))

(ARTICLE(ArticleID)(ArticleID)) (ARTICLEEQUIPMENT(ArticleID, Manufacturer, Year_of_origin, Name, Exposition)(ArticleID))
(ARTICLEBLEND(ArticleID, Name, Manufacturer, Exposition)(ArticleID))
(ARTICLEBEAN(ArticleID, Name, Manufacturer, Exposition)(ArticleID))
(ARTICLECOFFEE_DRINK(ArticleID, Name, Exposition)(ArticleID))

5.1.4 Relationship
```

```
(consists of(Name, Manufacturer, Name)(Name, Manufacturer, Name))
(serves(Name, Address, Name, vegan)(Name, Address, Name))
(near by(Name, Address, Name, Address)(Name, Address, Name, Address))
(reachable(Name, Name, Address)(Name, Name, Address))
(owns(Name, Address, Name)(Name, Address))
(supplies(Name, Name, Address)(Name, Name, Address))
(provides (Name, Address, Name, Manufacturer) (Name, Address, Name, Manu-
facturer))
(composed(Name, Manufacturer, Name, Manufacturer, Proposition)(Name, Man-
ufacturer, Name, Manufacturer))
(offers(Name, Manufacturer, Name, Address)(Name, Manufacturer, Name, Ad-
dress))
(organised by(Name, Address, EventID)(Name, Address, EventID))
(OPERATOR(Email)(Email))
(SUB-CATEGORY(Name)(Name))
(COFFEE DRINK TYP(Name, Typ)(Name))
(belongs to(Manufacturer, Year of origin, Name, Name)(Manufacturer, Year -
of origin, Name))
(Opens(Name, Address, Close, Open, Weekday)(Name, Address, Close, Open,
(includes(Name, Address, Name, Name)(Name, Address, Name, Name))
(rated by(RatingID, RATINGId, Name, Address)(RatingID, RATINGId))
(located(Address, Name, Address, EventID)(Address, Name, Address, Even-
(sells(Manufacturer, Year of origin, Name, Name, Name, Address)(Manufacturer,
Year of origin, Name, Name, Name, Address))
(creates(Email, ArticleID)(Email, ArticleID))
(publishes(Email, ArticleID)(Email, ArticleID))
(rates(RatingID, RATINGId, Email)(RatingID, RATINGId))
```

5.1.5 Integerity Constraints

```
EVENT[EventID] ⊂organised by [EventID]
BUS-STATION[Name] ⊆ reachable [Name]
COMPANY[Name] ⊂owns[Name]
POI[Name, Address]⊆near by[Name, Address]
LOCATION[Address]⊆located[Address]
COFFEE DRINK[Name]⊆consists of[Name]
USER[Email] ⊂ ACTOR[Email]
consists of [Name, Manufacturer] ⊆BEAN [Name, Manufacturer]
consists of[Name] ⊆ COFFEE DRINK[Name]
serves[Name, Address]⊆COFFEE-SHOP[Name, Address]
serves[Name] \( \subseteq \text{COFFEE} \) DRINK[Name]
near by [Name, Address] ⊆ COFFEE-SHOP [Name, Address]
near by [Name, Address]⊆POI[Name, Address]
reachable [Name, Line] ⊆BUS-STATION [Name, Line]
reachable [Name, Address] ⊆ COFFEE-SHOP [Name, Address]
owns[Name, Address]⊆COFFEE-SHOP[Name, Address]
owns[Name]⊆COMPANY[Name]
supplies[Name] \subseteq EQUIPMENT \quad CATEGORY[Name]
supplies[Name, Address]⊆COFFEE-SHOP[Name, Address]
provides[Name, Address] COFFEE-SHOP[Name, Address]
provides[Name, Manufacturer]⊆BEAN[Name, Manufacturer]
composed[Name, Manufacturer]⊆BEAN[Name, Manufacturer]
composed[Name, Manufacturer]⊆BLEND[Name, Manufacturer]
offers[Name, Manufacturer] CBLEND[Name, Manufacturer]
offers[Name, Address]⊆COFFEE-SHOP[Name, Address]
organised by [Name, Address] ⊆ COFFEE-SHOP [Name, Address]
organised by [EventID] ⊆ EVENT [EventID]
OPERATOR[Email]⊆ACTOR[Email]
SUB-CATEGORY[Name] ⊆ EQUIPMENT CATEGORY[Name]
SUB-CATEGORY[Name] ⊆ EQUIPMENT CATEGORY[Name]
COFFEE DRINK TYP[Name] ⊆ COFFEE DRINK[Name]
belongs to [Name] ⊆ EQUIPMENT CATEGORY [Name]
belongs to Manufacturer, Year of origin, Name ⊆EQUIPMENT Manufacturer,
Year_of_origin, Name
Opens[Name, Address]⊆COFFEE-SHOP[Name, Address]
Opens[Close, Open, Weekday]⊆Opening-Time[Close, Open, Weekday]
includes [Name, Address, Name] ⊂ serves [Name, Address, Name]
includes[Name]⊆PREPARATION[Name]
rated by [Name, Address] COFFEE-SHOP [Name, Address]
rated by [RatingID, RATINGId] ⊆ RATING [RatingID, RATINGId]
located[Address] CLOCATION[Address]
located [Name, Address, EventID] ⊆organised by [Name, Address, EventID]
sells[Manufacturer, Year of origin, Name]⊆belongs to[Manufacturer, Year -
of origin, Name
```

```
sells[Name,\ Name,\ Address] \subseteq supplies[Name,\ Name,\ Address]
```

 $STUDENT[Email] \subseteq USER[Email]$

TOURIST[Email]⊆USER[Email]

FANATIC[Email]⊆USER[Email]

ADMIN[Email] ⊆ OPERATOR [Email]

CONTENT-MANAGER[Email] ⊆ OPERATOR[Email]

 $creates[Email] \subseteq OPERATOR[Email]$

 $creates[ArticleID] \subseteq ARTICLEEQUIPMENT[ArticleID]$

 $creates[ArticleID] \subseteq ARTICLEBLEND[ArticleID]$

 $creates[ArticleID] \subseteq ARTICLEBEAN[ArticleID]$

 $creates[ArticleID] \subseteq ARTICLECOFFEE_DRINK[ArticleID]$

publishes[Email]⊆OPERATOR[Email]

 $publishes[ArticleID] \subseteq ARTICLEEQUIPMENT[ArticleID]$

publishes[ArticleID] CARTICLEBLEND[ArticleID]

publishes[ArticleID]

ARTICLEBEAN[ArticleID]

publishes[ArticleID]

ARTICLECOFFEE DRINK[ArticleID]

rates[RatingID, RATINGId]⊆rated_by[RatingID, RATINGId]

rates[Email]⊆ACTOR[Email]

BEAN[ArticleID]||

ARTICLECOFFEE_DRINK[ArticleID]

5.1.6 Data Types

Citext is a data type of postgres that behave like the text data type when it is not used for comparison.

If a attribute is used for comparison it will lower case all chars in the data. We use it for faster and easer comparison.

We have one complex data type is address which is a combination of the following attributes: StreetNr, StreetName, Postal Code and Place.

EQUIPMENT.Manufacturer::citext

EQUIPMENT. Year of origin::VARCHAR(n)

EQUIPMENT.Name::citext

EVENT.EventID::INTEGER EVENT.Time::INTEGER EVENT.Name::VARCHAR(n)

EVENT.Access fee::INTEGER EVENT.Description::text

COFFEE-SHOP.Name::citext COFFEE-SHOP.Address::text

COFFEE-SHOP.Outdoor::BOOLEAN COFFEE-SHOP.Fair trade::BOOLEAN

COFFEE-SHOP.Disabled_friendly::BOOLEAN COFFEE-SHOP.Description::text COFFEE-SHOP.Wlan::BOOLEAN COFFEE-SHOP.Child_friendly::BOOLEAN

COFFEE-SHOP. Website::text

COFFEE-SHOP.Fouding year::INTEGER COFFEE-SHOP.Pet friendly::BOOLEAN

COFFEE-SHOP.Latte art::text

COFFEE-SHOP.Seats::text

 ${\tt COFFEE-SHOP.Workstation::BOOLEAN\ COFFEE-SHOP.Food::text}$

COFFEE-SHOP.Price class::text

COFFEE-SHOP.Franchise::BOOLEAN BUS-STATION.Name::citext

BUS-STATION.Line::text COMPANY.Name::citext BEAN.Name::citext

BEAN.Manufacturer::citext BEAN.Provenance::citext

BEAN.Fair trade::BOOLEAN BEAN.Type::text

POI.Name::citext POI.Address::text

POI.Description::CHARACTER(n)

BLEND.Name::citext

BLEND.Manufacturer::citext BLEND.Provenance::text

BLEND.Price range::INTEGER LOCATION.Address::text

LOCATION. Description:: text

EQUIPMENT CATEGORY.Name::citext

ACTOR.Email::citext ACTOR.Actor_Name::text

ACTOR.Password::text

PREPARATION. Description:: text

PREPARATION.Type::text PREPARATION.Name::citext COFFEE DRINK.Name::citext

COFFEE DRINK.Description::text

OPENING-TIME.Close::INTEGER OPENING-TIME.Open::INTEGER OPENING-

TIME.Weekday::text USER.Email::citext

 $RATING.RatingID::INTEGER\ RATING.RATINGId::INTEGER\ consists_of. Name::citext$

 $consists_of. Manufacturer:: citext$

consists of.Name::citext

serves.vegan::BOOLEAN serves.Name::citext

serves.Address::text
serves.Name::citext
near_by.Name::citext
near_by.Address::text
near_by.Name::citext
reachable.Name::citext

reachable. Name:: citext

reachable.Address::text

owns.Name::citext owns.Address::text owns.Name::citext supplies. Name :: citext

supplies.Name::citext

supplies.Address::text

provides.Name::citext

provides.Address::text

provides.Name::citext

provides.Manufacturer::citext

 $composed. Propotion {::} text\\$

composed.Name::citext

composed.Manufacturer::citext

composed.Name::citext

composed. Manufacturer::citext

offers.Name::citext

offers.Manufacturer::citext

offers. Name :: citext

offers. Address:: text

organised by.Name::citext

organised by.Address::text

 $organised \quad by. EventID::INTEGER\ OPERATOR. Email::citext$

SUB-CATEGORY.Name::CHAR COFFEE DRINK TYP.Typ::text

COFFEE DRINK TYP.Name::citext

belongs to.Manufacturer::citext

belongs to.Year of origin::text

belongs_to.Name::citext

belongs to.Name::citext

Opens.Name::citext

Opens.Address::text

Opens.Close::INTEGER Opens.Open::INTEGER Opens.Weekday::text

 $RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RatingID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGId::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGGOOGLE-RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGI$

 $RATINGUSER-RATING.RatingID::INTEGER\ RATINGUSER-RATING.RATINGId::INTEGER\ RATINGUSER-RATING.RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGUSER-RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGID::INTEGER\ RATINGID::INTE$

 $RATINGTRIPADVICER-RATING. Rating ID:: INTEGER\ RATINGTRIPADVICER-RATINGTRIPADVICER$

RATING.RATINGId::INTEGER ARTICLEEQUIPMENT.ArticleID::INTEGER

ARTICLEEQUIPMENT.Manufacturer::text

 $ARTICLEEQUIPMENT. Year \ of \ origin:: text$

ARTICLEEQUIPMENT.Name::text

ARTICLEEQUIPMENT.Exposition::CHARACTER(n)

ARTICLEBLEND.ArticleID::INTEGER ARTICLEBLEND.Name::text

ARTICLEBLEND.Manufacturer::text

ARTICLEBLEND.Exposition::CHARACTER(n)

 $ARTICLEBEAN. ArticleID::INTEGER\ ARTICLEBEAN. Name:: text$

ARTICLEBEAN.Manufacturer::text

ARTICLEBEAN.Exposition::CHARACTER(n)

ARTICLECOFFEE DRINK.ArticleID::INTEGER ARTICLECOFFEE DRINK.Name::text

ARTICLECOFFEE DRINK.Exposition::CHARACTER(n)

includes.Name::citext includes.Address::text

 $includes. Name:: citext\\includes. Name:: citext$

rated by.RatingID::INTEGER rated by.RATINGId::INTEGER rated by.Name::citext

rated_by.Address::text located.Address::text located.Name::citext located.Address::text

located.EventID::INTEGER sells.Manufacturer::citext

sells. Year of origin::text

sells.Name::citext sells.Name::citext sells.Name::citext sells.Address::text

STUDENT.Email::citext TOURIST.Email::citext FANATIC.Email::citext ADMIN.Email::citext

CONTENT-MANAGER.Email::citext

creates. Email:: text

creates.ArticleID::INTEGER publishes.Email::text

 $publishes. Article ID::INTEGER\ rates. Rating ID::INTEGER\ rates. Rating$

rates.Email::text

5.2 Constraints Handling

Referential constraints are enforce through the database management system by adding constraint to the tables which have the corresponding references. The majority of the referential constraints are foreign keys.

Integrity of concrete input of some tables are enforces through checks.

6 Quantity Analysis

The given numbers besides the entity- and relationshiptyps is a guess of the data volume which our database will store.

ENTITY

• SHOP: 50

• USER: 300

• COMPANY: 30

• COFFEE DRINK: 100

• SHOP: 50

• BLEND: 100

• BEANS: 50

• EVENT: 300

• BUSSTATION:60

• POI:15

RELATIONSHIP A CoffeeShop belongs to excatly 1 Company. Also it has 7 OpeningTimes for each day of the week. We assume an average amount of 3 BusStations and 2 POIs for each CoffeeShop. It severs about 30 beverages and offers 10 Beans, 20 Blends and 4 EquipmentCategories. For futur profe we provide a sells Table where Shops can offer specific Equipment models, but we do not consider it yet.

A CoffeeShop can organize several Events, we calculate with a average about 5 Events per year. We do not delete expired Events yet, this might be implemented in later work.

CLUSTER

• ARTICLE: 100

• ARTICLE BEAN: 100

• ARTICLE_DRINK: 100

• ARTICLE_BLEND: 100

- GOOGLE-RATING:50
- TRIPADVISOR-RATING:50
- USER-RATING:400

Function Calls Frequency of usage of functionality differentiated between content-manager and regular user:

Content-Manger

• Create: 300 per year

• Update: 1000 per year

 $\bullet\,$ Delete: 50 per year

$\mathbf{U}\mathbf{ser}$

• Search: 400 per day

• Filter: 300 per day

7 BPMN of Mini-Stories

- 8 Technology Stack
- 9 Framework
- 10 Obstacles
- 11 Outlook