

Agenda

- Time complexity / space complexity
- Asymptotic Analysis
- Big-O
- TLE

Number of iteration for different loops

why? ↗ ↖

1) sum of first N natural numbers $\rightarrow \frac{N * (N+1)}{2}$

2) $N \rightarrow 1$, no of times divide by 2 $\rightarrow \log_2 N$

3) $[3 \ 10] = 8 = \underline{10 - 3 + 1}$

↑
inclusive of both
3 & 10

$$[a \ b] = b - a + 1$$

Arithmetic progression

1 $\xrightarrow{3}$ 4 $\xrightarrow{3}$ 7 $\xrightarrow{3}$ 10 $\xrightarrow{3}$ 13 $\xrightarrow{3}$ 16 19 22

$$d=3$$

a $a+d$ $a+2d$ $a+3d$

\downarrow N^{th}
 $a+(n-1)d$

$$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n-1)d]$$

or $S_n = \frac{n}{2} [a + \underset{\substack{\downarrow \\ \text{last term}}}{l}]$

Geometric progression

\hookrightarrow common ratio

2 $\xrightarrow{\times 3}$ 6 $\xrightarrow{\times 3}$ 18 $\xrightarrow{\times 3}$ 54 $\xrightarrow{\times 3}$ 162

$$\frac{6}{2}=3 \quad \frac{18}{6}=3 \quad \frac{54}{18}=3$$

a ar ar^2 ar^3 ar^4 ... ar^{n-1}

$$S_n = \frac{a * (r^n - 1)}{r - 1}$$

64 \rightarrow 32 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1

\downarrow
0.5
 \downarrow
0.25

$r < 1$
 $r = \frac{1}{2}$

$$S_{\infty} = \frac{a}{1-r}$$

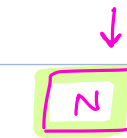
$r < 1$

①

$s = 0;$

```
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    ...
    print("Hi");
}
```

$0 \rightarrow N-1$

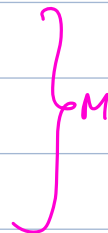


```
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
{
    ...
    print("Hi");
}
```



$N \times M$

```
for (int i = 0; i < M; i++)
{
    ...
    print("Hi");
}
```



$N + M$

```
for (int i = 0; i <= 100; i++)
{
    ...
    print("Hi");
}
```

$[0 - 100]$
 $= 100 - 0 + 1$

$= 101$

• $s = 0;$
 for (int $i = 1; i \leq 2^N; i++$)
 {
 ...
 print("Hi");
 }

$$[1 \rightarrow 2^N]$$

$$= 2^N - 1 + 1$$

$$= 2^N$$

• for (int $i = 1; i * i \leq N; i++$)
 {
 ...
 print("Hi");
 }

$$i * i \leq N$$

$$i^2 \leq N$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$i \leq \sqrt{N}$$

$$1 \rightarrow \sqrt{N}$$

$$\sqrt{N}$$

• for (int $i = 1; i \leq N; i += 2$)
 { ... }

$$1 \rightarrow N$$

odd no

$N = 7, \quad 1, 3, 5, 7$

$N = 9 \quad 1, 3, 5, 7, 9$

$N = 8 \quad 1, 3, 5, 7$

$$\frac{(N+1)}{2}$$

• $i = N;$
 while ($i > 1$)
 {
 ...
 $i = i / 2;$
 }

$$i = N$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$N/2$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$N/4$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$i = 1$$

$$\log_2 N$$

s = 0;

$$i = 0 * 2 = 0 * 2 = 0 * 2 = \dots = 0$$

```
• for (int i = 0; i <= N; i = i * 2)
{
    ...
    print("Hi");
}
```

infinite

s = 0;

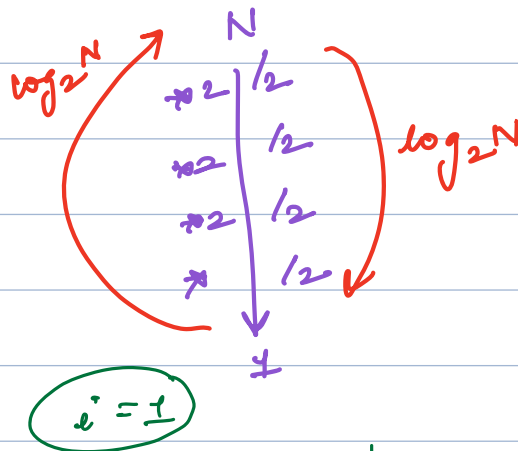
```
• for (int i = 1; i <= N; i = i * 2)
{
    ...
    print("Hi");
}
```

~~infinite ✓ ?~~

~~\sqrt{N}~~

$N/2$

$\log_2 N$



```

• for ( int i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
{
    for ( int j = 1; j <= N; j++)
    {
        print("Hey!");
    }
}

```

i	j	
1	1 → N	N
2	1 → N	N
3	1 → N	N
⋮		
10	1 → N	N
		<u>10 × N</u>

```

• for ( int i = 1; i <= N; i++)
{
    for ( int j = 1; j <= N; j++)
    {
        print("Hey!");
    }
}

```

N × N

```

• for (int i=0; i<N; i++)
{
    for (j=0; j<=i; j++)
    {
        print("Hi");
    }
}

```

i	j	
0	[0-0]	1
1	[0-1]	2
2	[0-2]	3
3	[0-3]	4
		⋮
N-1	[0-N-1]	N
		$N \times (N+1) / 2$

$(N^2 + N) / 2$ ←

```

for (int i=1; i<=N; i++)
{
    for (int j=1; j<=N; j*=2)
    {
        print("Hey!");
    }
}

```

$1 \rightarrow N$

i	j	
1	$1 \rightarrow N$	$\log_2 N$
2	$1 \rightarrow N$	$\log_2 N$
3	$1 \rightarrow N$	$\log_2 N$
		⋮
N	$1 \rightarrow N$	$\log_2 N$
		$N \log_2 N$

$\rightarrow \log_2 N$
 $N \times \log_2 N$

```

• for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++)
{
    for (int j = 1; j <= 2i; j++)
    {
        print("Hey!");
    }
}

```

i	j	
1	[1-2]	2
2	[1-4]	4
3	[1-2 ³]	2 ³
4	[1-2 ⁴]	2 ⁴
⋮		
N	[1-2 ^N]	2 ^N

$$2 + 2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 + \dots + 2^N$$

$$a = 2, r = 2$$

GP

$$\frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{2 \times (2^N - 1)}{2 - 1} = 2(2^N - 1)$$

```

• for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++)
{
    for (int j = 1; j <= N; j = j + i)
    {
        print("Hey!");
    }
}

```

i	j	
1	1 → N	N
2	1 → N	N/2
3	1 → N	N/3
4	1 → N	N/4
⋮		
N	1 → N	N/N = 1

$$= N + \frac{N}{2} + \frac{N}{3} + \frac{N}{4} + \frac{N}{5} + \dots + 1$$

$$= N \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots \right]$$

$$\approx N \log N$$

$$\sum_{x=1}^N \frac{1}{x} = \ln N$$

$$\sum \frac{1}{x} = \log x$$


```
int i = 1;
```

```
while ( i < N )
```

$\log_2 N$

```
{
```

```
    int j = N;
```

```
    while ( j > 0 )
```

```
    {
```

```
        j = j / 2;
```

```
    }
```

```
    i = i * 2;
```

```
}
```

$\log_2 N$

$\log_2 N \times \log_2 N$

4