



Azure Regions and Availability Zones – Overview



Azure Regions

Definition:

An **Azure Region** is a **geographical location** where Microsoft has one or more **data centers** that host Azure services.



Examples of Azure Regions:

- East US
- West Europe
- Southeast Asia
- Australia East
- Central India

As of 2025, Azure has **over 65+ regions** worldwide, more than any other cloud provider.



Key Characteristics:

- Each region contains **multiple data centers**.
- Regions provide **geographic redundancy**.
- Services availability varies by region.
- Organizations can deploy resources **closer to users** for better performance.



Availability Zones (AZs)

Definition:

An **Availability Zone** is a **physically separate zone within a region**, made up of one or more **data centers** with independent power, cooling, and networking.

Each Azure Region with AZ support has:

- At least **3 physically separated zones**
- Low-latency, high-bandwidth, fiber connectivity between zones

Purpose:

- **High availability**
- **Fault isolation**—if one zone fails, others keep running
- Used for **mission-critical apps**, databases, and services requiring **99.99%+ SLA**

Difference: Region vs Availability Zone

Feature	Azure Region	Availability Zone
Scope	Large geographic area (e.g., East US)	Physically separate locations within a region
Contains	Multiple data centers	One or more data centers
Resiliency	Regional redundancy	Zone-level fault isolation
Use Case	Geo-redundancy, compliance	High availability, failover

How to Use AZs in Azure

- **Availability Sets:** VM-level resiliency within a data center (older method)
- **Availability Zones:** VM and service-level resiliency across multiple zones
- **Zone-Redundant Services:**

- Azure SQL Database
- Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)
- Azure Storage (ZRS)
- Azure Load Balancer (Standard)

Paired Regions

Azure organizes regions into **paired regions** to support:

- **Disaster recovery**
- **Data residency requirements**
- **Planned maintenance coordination**

Example: **East US** is paired with **West US**

Best Practices

- Deploy critical resources across **Availability Zones** or **Paired Regions**.
- Use **Zone-redundant services** where possible.
- For global apps, use **Traffic Manager** or **Front Door** for geographic load balancing.
- Understand **compliance requirements** for your data and workload region.

Summary

Term	Description
Region	Geographical area with Azure data centers

Availability Zone	Physically isolated data centers within a region
Paired Region	Two regions paired for redundancy and disaster recovery
