

# Microsoft Entra ID – Overview (AZ-104)

### 1. What is Microsoft Entra ID?

Microsoft Entra ID is Microsoft's cloud-based identity and access management (IAM) service. It is the backbone of authentication and authorization in Azure, Microsoft 365, and other cloud services.

It allows administrators to:

- Authenticate users and devices
- Manage access to apps and resources
- Enforce security controls like MFA
- Support hybrid identity (on-prem + cloud)

Formerly known as Azure Active Directory (Azure AD). Now it's rebranded as Microsoft Entra ID as part of the Entra product family.

### 2. Key Features Relevant to AZ-104

Feature	Description
Users & Groups	Create/manage identities and group them for access control
Azure RBAC Integration	Assign roles like Reader, Contributor, etc. to users/groups
MFA (Multi-Factor Authentication)	Add extra security using phone/email/apps
Conditional Access	Create policies to enforce MFA, block risky logins, etc.

**Device Management** Control which devices can access resources

**Hybrid Identity** Sync on-prem Active Directory with Azure using Azure

**AD Connect** 

Service Principals & Managed

Identities

Allow apps/scripts to authenticate securely



### 🢡 3. Real-World Scenarios (AZ-104)

### Scenario 1: Give Developers Access to a Resource Group

A team of developers needs Contributor access to a specific resource group but not to the entire subscription.

### Solution:

- Create a group in Microsoft Entra ID
- Add developers to the group
- Assign the **Contributor** role at the **resource group level** using RBAC

az role assignment create \

- --assignee "<group-object-id>" \
- --role "Contributor" \
- --scope "/subscriptions/<sub-id>/resourceGroups/<rg-name>"

### Scenario 2: Enforce MFA for Admins

Security team wants to ensure that all Global Administrators are protected with MFA.

#### Solution:

- Create a Conditional Access policy
- Target users in the **Global Administrator** role
- Require MFA when accessing cloud apps

### Scenario 3: Hybrid Identity

Your organization uses on-prem Active Directory and wants users to use the same credentials in Azure.

#### Solution:

- Deploy Azure AD Connect
- Sync on-prem users to Microsoft Entra ID
- Enable Password Hash Sync or Pass-through Authentication

# **a** 4. Key Portal Areas & Tools

 Portal Area
 Purpose

 Microsoft Entra Admin Center
 Manage Entra ID users, groups, roles, MFA, and devices

 Azure Portal → Access control (IAM)
 Assign RBAC roles using Entra ID identities

 Azure AD Connect (on-prem)
 Set up hybrid identity with sync options

 PowerShell / CLI
 Automate user and role management

# 5. Sample AZ-104 Question

**Q:** You need to allow a group of support engineers to reset passwords for other users in the organization. What should you do?

- **A.** Assign them the Owner role on the subscription
- B. Assign them the Password Administrator role in Microsoft Entra ID
- **C.** Add them to the Global Administrator role
- **D.** Create a Conditional Access policy

Correct Answer: B — the Password Administrator role allows users to reset passwords without full admin access.

# 6. Exam Tips

- Know the **difference** between:
  - Azure roles (RBAC) for managing access to Azure resources
  - Entra ID roles for managing identities (e.g., Global Admin, User Admin)
- Practice **Conditional Access** setup and MFA enforcement
- Understand RBAC scopes: Subscription, Resource Group, Resource
- Expect questions around syncing users from on-prem to cloud
- Know how to manage service principals and managed identities

# Summary Table

Capability	Where It Happens
User creation	Microsoft Entra Admin Center / CLI
Group-based access	Microsoft Entra ID + Azure RBAC
MFA	Enforced via Conditional Access
Hybrid identity	Azure AD Connect
App identity (automation)	Managed Identities / Service Principals