

Welcome 😊

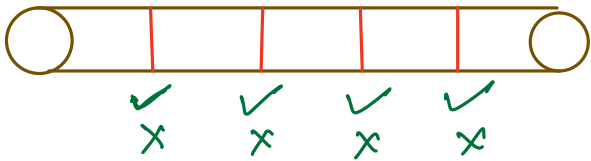
Agenda: 4 problems.

Q Given a rod of length N , and an array A of length N
 $A[i] \Rightarrow$ price of i length rod. (index is 1 based)
Find the max value that can be obtained by cutting rod into some pieces. & selling them.

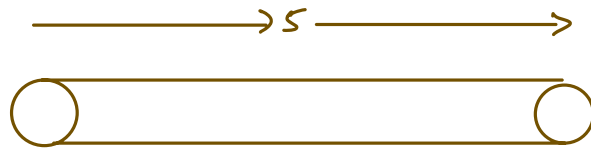
$$N = 5$$

$$A = [\quad 1 \quad 4 \quad 2 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad]$$

1 2 3 4 5



$$\# \text{ ways} = 2^{N-1} = 16$$



sold length

Total price.

5
1 + 4
3 + 2
3 + 1 + 1
2 + 2 + 1
2 + 1 + 1 + 1
1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1

6
6
6
2 + 1 + 1 = 4
4 + 4 + 1 = 9 ^{Ans}
4 + 1 + 1 + 1 = 7
5

Unbounded Knapsack.

$W \rightarrow$ length of rod = N

$wt[i] \rightarrow$ length of piece of rod.

$value[i] \rightarrow A[i]$

$dp[i] \Rightarrow$ max. value if capacity is i

$\forall i \quad dp[i] = 0$

for ($i \rightarrow 1$ to N) // capacity.

{
for ($j \rightarrow 1$ to i) // cuts of rods / objects

{

$dp[i] = \max(dp[i], A[j] + dp[i-j])$

}

} return $dp[N]$

T.C $\rightarrow O(N^2)$

S.C $\rightarrow O(N)$

Q In how many ways can we make N by using coins.
given in the array i.e

$A[i] \rightarrow$ value of i^{th} coin

One coin can be selected multiple times.

A. Ordered selection. $(n, y) \neq (y, n)$

$N = 5$

$\{1, 4\}$ $\{3, 1, 1\}$ $\{1, 1, 3\}$

$A = [3 \quad 1 \quad 4]$

$\{4, 1\}$ $\{1, 3, 1\}$ $\{1, 1, 1, 1, 1\}$

Ans = 6

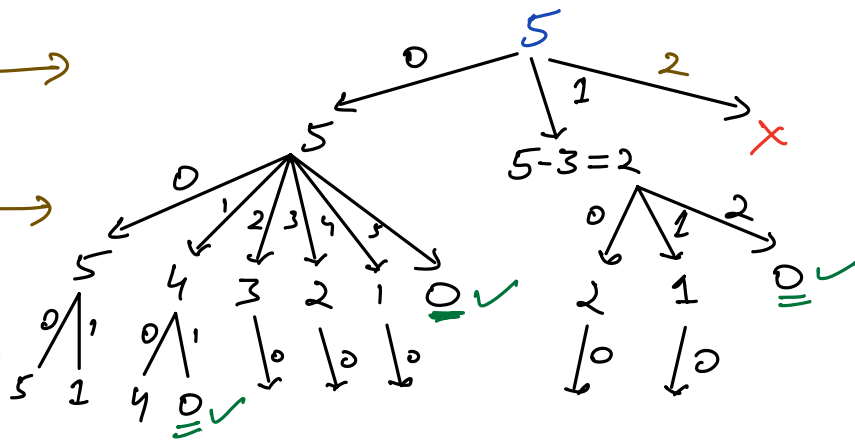
Aus = 3

inden

1 →

2 →

3 →



$dp[i] \Rightarrow$ # ways to select coins s.t sum = i

$dp[0] = 1$

for ($j \rightarrow 0$ to $(A.length() - 1)$) // inden

{

for ($i \rightarrow 1$ to N

{

if ($A[j] \leq i$)

{

$dp[i] += dp[i - A[j]]$

}

}

}

return $dp[N]$

T.C $\rightarrow O(N * A.length)$

S.C $\rightarrow O(N)$

boys

N

