

# PROBABILITY

## UDAY KUMAR - FWC22086

**13.1.6** <sup>1</sup>If  $\Pr(A) = \frac{1}{2}, \Pr(B) = 0$ , then  $\Pr(A | B)$  is

- |                |                  |
|----------------|------------------|
| a) 0           | b) $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| c) not defined | d) 1             |

**Solution:**

From the definition of conditional probability

$$\Pr(A | B) = \frac{\Pr(AB)}{\Pr(B)} \quad (13.1.6.1)$$

given  $\Pr(B) = 0$  implies  $B = \emptyset$

$$AB = \emptyset \quad (13.1.6.2)$$

$$\Pr(AB) = 0 \quad (13.1.6.3)$$

$$\Pr(A | B) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(B)} \quad (13.1.6.4)$$

$$\Pr(A | B) = \frac{0}{0} \quad (13.1.6.5)$$

$\therefore \Pr(A | B)$  is not defined

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<sup>1</sup>Read question numbers as (CHAPTER NUMBER).(EXERCISE NUMBER).(QUESTION NUMBER)