## CSE 544, Fall 2018, Probability and Statistics for Data Science

Assignment 6: Mini-project Due: 12/07, submit to Amogha in NCS 336, 1:00 pm

(5 hypotheses, 50 points total)

I/We understand and agree to the following:

- (a) Academic dishonesty will result in an 'F' grade and referral to the Academic Judiciary.
- (b) Late submission, beyond the 'due' date/time, will result in a score of 0 on this assignment.

(write down the name of all collaborating students on the line below)

## Datasets and hypotheses: Choose one dataset

- 1. Traffic violations in USA. https://www.kaggle.com/felix4guti/traffic-violations-in-usa
  - a. Time of violations is a uniform distribution (0, 24 hours). Use KS test to check this hypothesis. Also check this for the subset of data with Male and Female drivers. Use the smallest granularity of time, minutes to quantize the data.
     10 points
  - b. Compare means: Among the cars stopped, Honda and Toyota cars have same amount of chances of getting citation and warning. Use 2-sample Wald's test to compare the means. Consider citation and warning as indicator RVs.
     10 points
  - c. Distribution of number of citations as a function of time (0, 24 hours) is the same for Wheaton and Silver Spring districts. Check this hypothesis via Permutation test with # random permutations = 100 and 10,000. Repeat for number of warnings data. **10 points**
- 2. Craig list trucks data: https://www.kaggle.com/austinreese/craigslist-carstrucks-data
  - a. The age of cars available in Craigslist follows normal distribution. Use **KS test** to compare distributions N(10,3), N(10,5), N(12,5) where mean and standard deviations are in years.

    10 point
  - Black color cars are more valuable than blue color cars. Use Wald's 2-sample test to compare means.
     10 points
  - c. Distribution of age of automatic transmissions sold is the same as that of manual transmissions sold. Check via Permutation test with # random permutations = 100 and 10,000. Age is calculated as (2019 model\_year).
     10 points
- 3. P2P lending data: <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/skihikingkevin/online-p2p-lending">https://www.kaggle.com/skihikingkevin/online-p2p-lending</a>
  - a. Principal paid is exponential distribution. Use **KS test** to compare principal paid with exponential distribution with mean = 500, 1K, 2K. **10 points**
  - b. Interest paid and principal paid are drawn from same distribution. Use Permutation test with # random permutations = 100 and 10,000.
  - c. Borrower interest rate is higher for #installments less than 300. Compare mean interest rate for #installments using Wald's 2-sample test.

    10 points

## Note:

- 1. For KS test, use 0.15 as the criteria for Accept/Reject.
- 2. For Permutation test, use 0.05 as the p-value threshold for Accept/Reject.
- 3. For Wald's 2-sample tests, use  $\alpha$ =0.05 when comparing with  $z_{\alpha/2}$ .
- 4. For your assigned dataset, propose and test two more hypotheses, each worth 10 points each.
- 5. **Deliverables:** Code, summary of each hypothesis test with all required steps. For the two hypotheses that are proposed, a paragraph about why that hypothesis is useful in practice.