

N, 1

a) $E(X) = 300$

по неравенству Маркова $P(X > A) \leq \frac{E(X)}{A}$

$$P(X > 400) \leq \frac{300}{400} = 0.75$$

Ответ: $P(X > 400) \leq 0.75$

б) $1 = P(X > A) + P(X \leq A)$

$$1 - P(X \leq A) \leq \frac{E(X)}{A}$$

$$P(X \leq A) \geq 1 - \frac{E(X)}{A}$$

$$P(X \leq 500) \geq 1 - \frac{300}{500} = 0.4$$

Ответ: $P(X \leq 500) \geq 0.4$

N, 2

$n = 1600$

$p = 0.3$

$\varepsilon = 50$

Схема Бернулли

Неравенство Чебышева

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \quad P(|X - E(X)| \geq \varepsilon) \leq \frac{D(X)}{\varepsilon^2}$$

$$E(X) = np = 480$$

$$D(X) = np(1-p) = 336$$

$$P(|X - 480| < 50) \geq 1 - \frac{336}{50^2} = 0.8656$$

Ответ: 0.8656

N.3

$$D(X) = 1 = \sigma^2 \quad X \in \{9, 5, 7, 7, 4, 10\}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n} = \frac{9+5+7+7+4+10}{6} = 7$$

$$\alpha = 0.01 \quad \text{по таблице } Z_{\alpha} = 2.58$$

$$1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} = 0.995$$

$$\Delta = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} Z_{\alpha} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} 2.58 \approx 1.05$$

Ответ: доверительный ~~интервал~~ ^{интервал}

$$(\bar{x} - \Delta, \bar{x} + \Delta) = (5.95; 8.05)$$

N.4

$$x_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2) \quad \hat{\mu}, \sigma^2 - ?$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x_i-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2})^n} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i-\mu)^2}$$

$$\ln L = \ln \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2})^n} - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2$$

$$(\ln L)'_{\mu} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sigma^2} \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{n} = 0 \Rightarrow \hat{\mu} = \bar{x}$$

$$(\ln L)'_{\sigma^2} = \left[-\frac{n}{2} \left(\frac{1}{n 2\pi} + \ln \sigma^2 \right) - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2 \right]' = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{n}{2\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{2\sigma^4} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2 = 0$$

$$\hat{\sigma}^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$

Ответ: $\hat{\mu} = \bar{x}$

$$\hat{\sigma}^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2$$