```
In [1]: #!pip3 install comet-ml
In [2]: #!pip3 install torchgeometry
In [3]: |#!pip3 install einops
In [4]: #!pip3 install pytorch-msssim
In [5]: from torch.utils import data
        from pathlib import Path
        from torch.optim import Adam
        from torchvision import transforms, utils
        import numpy as np
        from tqdm import tqdm
        from einops import rearrange
        import glob
        import os
        from PIL import Image
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [6]:
        data_folder = "./dataset/jpg_images/"
        image size = 32
```

In [7]: image_list = os.listdir (data_folder)
 print (image list)

['9dc2cb04-4906-4d06-b6e5-2e32967d7f6b.jpg', '2ddf73f4-376f-41ad-a45d-9c37c4c61b00.jpg', 'a3269262-37a2-4a3f-9a4f-3b968f80699b.jpg', 'c7c2e3 a7-171e-46b6-8738-ad9ce09e73ed.jpg', '9d02fd91-4a1a-4008-b1e1-78f5ef06 8d87.jpg', 'a16ffc75-4665-41ab-812e-b3bdb3b161e8.jpg', 'cd266314-e983-45e2-b806-d46ee361dde9.jpg', 'd963219a-de5a-47b0-b9ed-9da800d2d664.jp g', 'fd8c1324-5326-4269-8ffb-2ca0bf6aeb5b.jpg', 'e46af727-628b-4118-a0 47-0aa32e808fba.jpg', 'a038bd18-4ff6-4495-8344-ae4c85f44033.jpg', '56a 61cd5-35e7-40b4-b6ea-82b1852ef5b8.jpg', '6da54836-bd80-436e-880d-65438 5b3562f.jpg', '4f09ac56-8aeb-46e0-aa17-32ac9d53b373.jpg', '7bffb30a-19 ef-4880-988f-d077633e892f.jpg', 'c31876f6-6827-4282-b53b-fe64a7816f3d. jpg', '47f82608-c808-4fdb-9e0f-44c297646ff8.jpg', '3f1f48ab-1c8d-4277-923b-63c276535df5.jpg', '763aa362-443f-4035-89df-b3954e317bd6.jpg', 'd 03b6601-d21e-4621-8c1a-1d5f9ffb7668.jpg', '6324edbf-45f1-4faa-b6ff-c64 2fce9ffb8.jpg', '14bd0d18-9e72-446d-a78b-7b9390f46c6f.jpg', '4e141575c3b2-487f-a851-fcebd1899240.jpg', '8a0b936f-645c-4a11-b1e1-b6f38a70862 c.jpg', '4214c4af-c261-4550-9350-c481d1f22e79.jpg', 'a64a458b-4391-424 7-a4bf-7add0357974c.jpg', 'a80522c3-c9a0-4e85-8853-daef729b7457.jpg', 'e9c1ec4e-6363-4b3e-b543-c4599c0b58be.jpg', 'a854bb40-323f-4755-bf67-3 18601f50677.jpg', 'f86880aa-723c-46a6-aa3b-019a9fc263fc.jpg', '2b4ece9 2-09bd-4186-98d0-aac357dbb12f.jpg', '61856af5-35cb-4fb4-97cb-3aca4b7be 520.jpg', '574504b6-84e7-4d62-babf-97298dd81cf8.jpg', '6777b281-cb07-4 7c8-ac36-b9c2348d2717.jpg', 'a5a2633e-4827-4404-af89-655c1a944590.jp g', '74f0045b-d4fb-4ce5-bb18-c7b461c96a4b.jpg', 'da4ea26a-04ae-4c25-9a 20-e44f4aa4a42a.jpg', '027e6af8-eac0-4420-8666-f6c5f0bee0f3.jpg', 'ce9 74ec0-a757-4ef1-a884-e6b88e02ba8d.jpg', '999ee1f5-86ac-4409-bf7d-978d6 0e48ffc.jpg', 'e90b99b3-c0f1-4722-bea7-cf947d32cd63.jpg', 'e41dab37-7c 8d-4d95-8f7d-e8e327a12c59.jpg', '216eaa9e-c225-4af8-b2d2-36af30ca9420. jpg', 'ce38b309-9995-4450-a665-25a98f17d498.jpg', 'f7d49502-81fe-4baba0e9-769eda5a2115.jpg', '45d3a5ec-dbe7-459d-9dd7-d855be270f2d.jpg', '5 25ec551-8a69-4943-a59c-485423eb7538.jpg', 'aec325fb-a56b-4fb9-b446-51f 53e7c7fbe.jpg', '2dcea1cd-4087-4747-88c1-4dbed0bbe9af.jpg', 'ee77603ba343-4df4-a834-465c73e45b37.jpg', 'f8da6a83-e27a-4e3b-838f-d846d72b749 e.jpg', '514d6968-20d1-48cc-b13d-11919d4b4d3f.jpg', '308cf894-f48d-430 b-b869-c07b6a9d514a.jpg', 'fa168d0c-6adb-4d4a-8578-a96fcc8c6de6.jpg', '74d4c47e-c0a4-4337-8163-408e4b2dc800.jpg', '83ddd236-05ad-4ec0-be9d-7 2b894e21361.jpg', '65a2ea9f-4fe8-4113-a15b-4523e68c4a3e.jpg', 'f35363f 1-7bac-4b16-8002-2e7f4c3866f1.jpg', '060084e8-e06c-42d2-9a24-ac991bbc9 aca.jpg', 'fa027e20-6b8a-47a9-b487-90d9be333c9b.jpg', '5295776f-64ad-4 661-8e76-c790b03a2db1.jpg', 'd6f29d72-79aa-47f6-a456-ec2715144bf2.jp g', '14d93669-b0fc-4680-b719-1624c3bcea64.jpg', 'a6b5548a-b80f-4f78-bd d4-5f53a9f215f5.jpg', '0fb9d7c9-e87c-4c38-8c9a-32b66f3d7998.jpg', '390 ec326-3c7c-495e-949a-fa0cb55e4e02.jpg', 'a9fcf0a3-a322-4b1b-ae29-57b91 aa699be.jpg', '414d6687-8fac-42d8-8311-aede60ac0bc8.jpg', '28e68fc6-ed b3-4ac4-9385-7431172df76c.jpg', 'ccce5bf6-c0f4-4338-a3a3-0d4680d3f5f1. jpg', '8b70db79-c53d-462b-8ed3-3e921edf9926.jpg', '1741a480-7256-471b-8146-e9f2b4fff0a0.jpg', '1959ec79-2e47-4ff7-81a9-aa0c41f3445f.jpg', 'e 438898e-c3d8-4de9-b8ea-cdab3fc89cf7.jpg', 'aadd94be-d297-42ea-b73e-59d Oc8ec8e88.jpg', '4d8cfe1e-67e3-4a64-a29b-95541a725f68.jpg', 'b824171e-3c1c-4c75-ab49-86e2b88563a4.jpg', 'd1566e5d-dde3-4a38-87f5-77fd497af8a e.jpg', '01b914e6-429f-4890-8d63-3321e3aabfee.jpg', '6d63709a-2d06-4bd 2-ad85-f848f7497367.jpg', '3b687b3c-35df-4a15-ac86-f3ec96b8702e.jpg', '251298d1-2913-4cf8-9371-08fe6c0c4cbe.jpg', 'f2fec383-7c34-41eb-b461-d 34b60c1342f.jpg', 'ca38138a-756a-446c-a564-8edf3350cab5.jpg', '5bbec85 b-6f5f-452e-af62-4b017740006e.jpg', '39229a6c-fb79-4ba2-a3c1-4657d7e25

805.jpg', '9abdbced-17a6-43bc-80d8-ec610f9ced07.jpg', '0c8c0dcf-90d2-4 b6b-925e-072347808db8.jpg', '32624b6b-5d5e-4d56-afd5-3513ff4a1564.jp g', '1d41dc47-83f8-44dc-8d0c-de299793dd47.jpg', 'c3150271-07c3-4a91-83 35-db3b6a2c6c28.jpg', '7cb84657-3389-4fd1-adec-acbbb908fc18.jpg', '6fc a45d2-c88e-425d-ba2b-43bdd96c95f5.jpg', '4378c42f-1aad-4249-8ca9-f46c4 c30d6f6.jpg', 'a1a8e558-3030-48ef-834d-c9d67a86df35.jpg', '2d883990-57 18-43c7-90e8-c0e629ec0654.jpg', '690e372c-d291-4bc6-9c5a-9b3b0d1905be. jpg', '9ca75c5e-2f41-41ba-8d93-33544d759a89.jpg', '7432899d-b806-4cd9-814a-5ed0f312cf0f.jpg', 'd45c6b28-c947-4f8f-be53-b788c99a75fb.jpg', '2 3683d15-382e-41f8-ac9e-146c80d1d675.jpg', '03133ebd-3282-42f8-bf9e-6ab 1bc270ec8.jpg', '2c4a6c57-e999-4052-9f52-84c0811f21dc.jpg', '0ca0d671-4e07-48a1-a704-0e65b44f5896.jpg', 'bed66479-a550-4baf-abf2-3de07352df7 6.jpg', '6dbf4786-2335-425f-9e87-6e956394897f.jpg', '86f92837-6d88-456 a-b93f-1f0a0b64ab3b.jpg', '1372e4e5-4224-44f8-985f-caaf9ceea4b0.jpg', 'ac1262fd-920d-4ac7-b8b8-4920c281bf03.jpg', '0a19a37b-04fe-4285-b12c-0 fa6bf544d79.jpg', 'ef56f717-914e-46e8-b06e-cdb06a351715.jpg', 'e991890 b-9a12-481a-88ab-5cf0a86baf87.jpg', '7f51af03-43f5-4bcd-bd8c-6469ef107 2d6.jpg', '92d904d9-5d91-4703-8003-587c9e630e9e.jpg', '7a533b7d-d827-4 b82-96dd-9a5630c8f6c7.jpg', '56b3014d-64d3-4ba0-ad4b-e1ce3d5dceb9.jp g', '8b13df6a-859c-4ce9-a91d-879b6a75d0ce.jpg', '8844720b-a748-486f-a7 7e-1e6b1fdff08b.jpg', '4cb0e942-d0d1-467a-8dc0-4974a25f27b7.jpg', '39b 63226-119c-4a4e-81bb-c494d5d17a63.jpg', '52039459-882d-4fce-a2a9-c3c67 645fd07.jpg', 'a0ba4fe1-5e62-4ad4-b3a1-b1f26e749be6.jpg', '2f51079d-7f 90-4fc6-abd6-9e7cac27b671.jpg', 'c15727a2-7a0b-46b7-8ca4-c3092be7cd97. jpg', '641ce290-2943-414b-8822-782017ac23f5.jpg', '04817951-2eec-4afc-8e25-7558e2e35f58.jpg', '75a5db29-7faa-4a33-ae95-e0fdcb5badbc.jpg', 'd fbfe489-b7ef-49f2-9567-b7e938ee3afd.jpg', 'fa063940-5fd0-4502-801f-01c 32f3d449a.jpg', '27f23b80-c1ca-4964-8793-f8f8742e023e.jpg', '9c9a0740-565b-411f-ae6a-5436ffe1e18d.jpg', '2c3d2758-f101-4f2b-856d-b5aaed4e5e1 c.jpg', '9db1ed5d-a66f-4b41-af4f-afa959399173.jpg', '13551888-07b2-43a c-88ba-b71279fa2d66.jpg']

```
In [8]: train_list, test_list = train_test_split(image_list, test_size =.20, st
```

```
In [9]: print (len (train_list), len (test_list))
```

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```
In [10]: #val_list, test_list = train_test_split(test_list, test_size =.50, shu:
    val_list=test_list
```

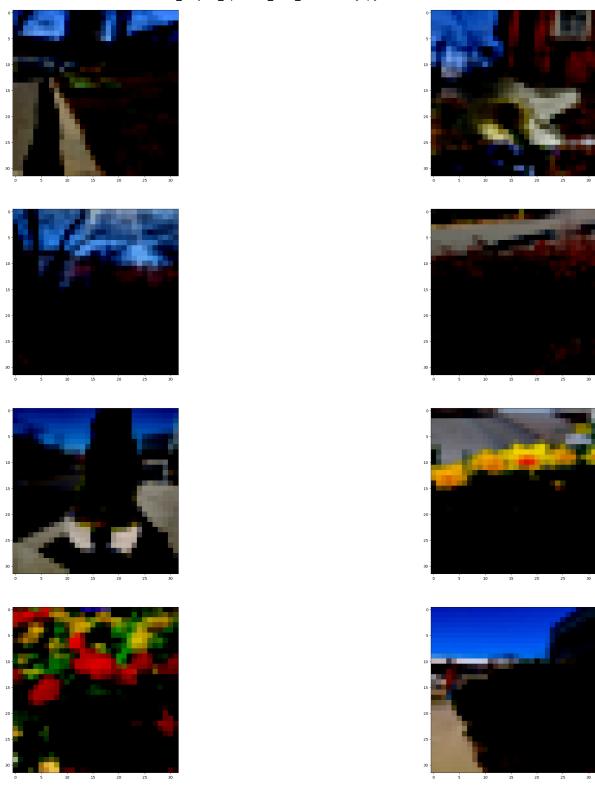
```
In [11]: print (len (train_list), len (test_list), len (val_list))
```

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```
In [12]: def cycle(dl):
             while True:
                 for data in dl:
                     yield data
         class DatasetAug(data.Dataset):
             def __init__(self, folder, image_list, transform):
                 super(). init ()
                 self.folder = folder
                 self.image list = image list
                 self.transform = transform
             def len (self):
                 return len(self.image list)
             def __getitem__(self, index):
                 img = Image.open(os.path.join (self.folder, self.image list[inde])
                 return self.transform(img)
In [13]: | train transform = transforms.Compose([
                     transforms.Resize((int(image size*1.12), int(image size*1.12)
                     transforms.RandomCrop(image size),
                     transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
                     transforms.ToTensor(),
                     transforms.Lambda(lambda t: (t * 2) - 1)
                 1)
         transform = transforms.Compose([
                     transforms.Resize((int(image size*1.12), int(image size*1.12)
                     transforms.RandomCrop(image size),
                     transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
                     transforms.ToTensor(),
                     transforms.Lambda(lambda t: (t * 2) - 1)
                 ])
         test transform = transforms.Compose([
                     transforms.Resize((int(image size*1.12), int(image size*1.12)
                     transforms.ToTensor(),
                 1)
In [14]: ds = DatasetAug(data folder, train list, transform)
         batch size = 8
         #dl = data.DataLoader(ds, batch size=batch size, shuffle=True, num worke
In [15]: | dl = cycle(data.DataLoader(ds, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=True, pin]
                                          drop_last=True))
```

```
import torch
In [16]:
         train data = DatasetAug(data folder, train list, transform)
         val data = DatasetAug(data folder, val list, transform)
         test data = DatasetAug(data folder, test list, transform)
         print (train data, test data, val data)
         <__main__.DatasetAug object at 0x7fb8e0ecea70> <__main__.DatasetAug ob</pre>
         ject at 0x7fb8e0ece980> < _main__.DatasetAug object at 0x7fb8e0ecfdc0>
         train dl = cycle(torch.utils.data.DataLoader(train data, shuffle=True, k
In [17]:
         val dl = cycle(torch.utils.data.DataLoader(val data, shuffle=True, batch
         test dl = cycle(torch.utils.data.DataLoader(test data, shuffle=True, bat
In [18]: |img = next(train_dl)
         print(f"\n batch data size: {img.size()}")
          batch data size: torch.Size([8, 3, 32, 32])
In [19]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [20]:
         np img = img.numpy()
         print (np img.shape)
         _, axs = plt.subplots(4, 2, figsize=(36, 36))
         axs = axs.flatten()
         for img, ax in zip(np img, axs):
             #ax.imshow(img)
             ax.imshow(np.transpose(img, (1, 2, 0)))
         plt.show()
         (8, 3, 32, 32)
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0...
         1) for floats or [0..255] for integers).
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0...
         1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..
         1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0...
         1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..
         1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0...
         1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..
         1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..
         1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).
```



```
In [21]:
         img = next(test dl)
         print(f"\n test batch data size: {img.size()}")
         np img = img.numpy()
         print (np img.shape)
         for i in range(8):
             plt.axis("off")
             plt.imshow(np.transpose(np_img[i], (1, 2, 0)))
             plt.show()
         Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0...
         1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).
          test batch data size: torch.Size([8, 3, 32, 32])
         (8, 3, 32, 32)
In [22]:
         img = next(val dl)
         print(f"\n Validation batch data size: {img.size()}")
         np img = img.numpy()
          Validation batch data size: torch.Size([8, 3, 32, 32])
         import sys
In [23]:
         path = "./"
In [24]: from comet ml import Experiment
         #from deblurring diffusion pytorch import Unet, GaussianDiffusion, Train
```

```
In [25]:
         import math
         import torch
         import torch.nn as nn
         def get timestep embedding(timesteps, embedding dim):
             assert len(timesteps.shape) == 1
             half dim = embedding_dim // 2
             emb = math.log(10000) / (half dim - 1)
             emb = torch.exp(torch.arange(half dim, dtype=torch.float32) * -emb)
             emb = emb.to(device=timesteps.device)
             emb = timesteps.float()[:, None] * emb[None, :]
             emb = torch.cat([torch.sin(emb), torch.cos(emb)], dim=1)
             if embedding_dim % 2 == 1: # zero pad
                 emb = torch.nn.functional.pad(emb, (0,1,0,0))
             return emb
         def nonlinearity(x):
             # swish
             return x*torch.sigmoid(x)
         def Normalize(in channels):
             return torch.nn.GroupNorm(num groups=32, num channels=in channels, €
         class Upsample(nn.Module):
             def __init__(self, in_channels, with_conv):
                 super(). init ()
                 self.with conv = with conv
                 if self.with conv:
                     self.conv = torch.nn.Conv2d(in channels,
                                                  in channels,
                                                  kernel size=3,
                                                  stride=1,
                                                  padding=1)
             def forward(self, x):
                 x = torch.nn.functional.interpolate(x, scale_factor=2.0, mode="r
                 if self.with conv:
                     x = self.conv(x)
                 return x
         class Downsample(nn.Module):
             def __init__(self, in_channels, with conv):
                 super().__init__()
                 self.with conv = with conv
                 if self.with conv:
                     # no asymmetric padding in torch conv, must do it ourselves
                     self.conv = torch.nn.Conv2d(in_channels,
                                                  in channels,
                                                  kernel size=3,
```

```
stride=2,
                                         padding=0)
    def forward(self, x):
        if self.with conv:
            pad = (0,1,0,1)
            x = torch.nn.functional.pad(x, pad, mode="constant", value=(
            x = self.conv(x)
        else:
            x = torch.nn.functional.avg pool2d(x, kernel size=2, stride=
        return x
class ResnetBlock(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, *, in_channels, out_channels=None, conv_shortcut=
                 dropout, temb channels=512):
        super(). init ()
        self.in_channels = in_channels
        out channels = in channels if out channels is None else out char
        self.out channels = out channels
        self.use conv shortcut = conv shortcut
        self.norm1 = Normalize(in channels)
        self.conv1 = torch.nn.Conv2d(in channels,
                                      out_channels,
                                      kernel size=3,
                                      stride=1,
                                      padding=1)
        self.temb proj = torch.nn.Linear(temb channels,
                                          out channels)
        self.norm2 = Normalize(out_channels)
        self.dropout = torch.nn.Dropout(dropout)
        self.conv2 = torch.nn.Conv2d(out channels,
                                      out channels,
                                      kernel size=3,
                                      stride=1,
                                      padding=1)
        if self.in channels != self.out channels:
            if self.use conv shortcut:
                self.conv_shortcut = torch.nn.Conv2d(in_channels,
                                                      out channels,
                                                      kernel size=3,
                                                      stride=1,
                                                      padding=1)
            else:
                self.nin shortcut = torch.nn.Conv2d(in channels,
                                                     out channels,
                                                     kernel size=1,
                                                     stride=1,
                                                     padding=0)
    def forward(self, x, temb):
        h = x
        h = self.norm1(h)
        h = nonlinearity(h)
        h = self.conv1(h)
```

```
h = h + self.temb proj(nonlinearity(temb))[:,:,None,None]
        h = self.norm2(h)
        h = nonlinearity(h)
        h = self.dropout(h)
        h = self.conv2(h)
        if self.in_channels != self.out_channels:
            if self.use_conv_shortcut:
                x = self.conv shortcut(x)
            else:
                x = self.nin_shortcut(x)
        return x+h
class AttnBlock(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, in_channels):
        super().__init__()
        self.in_channels = in_channels
        self.norm = Normalize(in channels)
        self.q = torch.nn.Conv2d(in channels,
                                  in channels,
                                  kernel_size=1,
                                  stride=1,
                                  padding=0)
        self.k = torch.nn.Conv2d(in channels,
                                  in channels,
                                  kernel size=1,
                                  stride=1,
                                  padding=0)
        self.v = torch.nn.Conv2d(in_channels,
                                  in channels,
                                  kernel size=1,
                                  stride=1,
                                  padding=0)
        self.proj out = torch.nn.Conv2d(in channels,
                                          in channels,
                                          kernel size=1,
                                          stride=1,
                                          padding=0)
    def forward(self, x):
        h = x
        h_ = self.norm(h_)
        q = self.q(h)
        k = self.k(h)
        v = self.v(h_{-})
        # compute attention
        b,c,h,w = q.shape
        q = q.reshape(b,c,h*w)
        q = q.permute(0,2,1)
                                # b, hw, c
        k = k.reshape(b,c,h*w) # b,c,hw
        w = torch.bmm(q,k)
                                 # b, hw, hw
                                              w[b,i,j]=sum\ c\ q[b,i,c]k[b]
```

```
W = W * (int(c)**(-0.5))
        w_ = torch.nn.functional.softmax(w_, dim=2)
        # attend to values
        v = v.reshape(b,c,h*w)
                                  # b, hw, hw (first hw of k, second of q)
        w_{-} = w_{-}.permute(0,2,1)
        h = torch.bmm(v,w)
                                  # b, c, hw (hw of q) h [b, c, j] = sum i \sqrt{}
        h_{-} = h_{-}.reshape(b,c,h,w)
        h = self.proj out(h )
        return x+h_
class Model(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, *, ch, out_ch, ch_mult=(1,2,4,8), num_res_blocks,
                 attn resolutions, dropout=0.0, resamp with conv=True,
                 resolution):
        super(). init ()
        self.ch = ch
        self.temb ch = self.ch*4
        self.num resolutions = len(ch mult)
        self.num res blocks = num res blocks
        self.resolution = resolution
        self.in_channels = in_channels
        # timestep embedding
        self.temb = nn.Module()
        self.temb.dense = nn.ModuleList([
            torch.nn.Linear(self.ch,
                             self.temb ch),
            torch.nn.Linear(self.temb ch,
                             self.temb ch),
        ])
        # downsampling
        self.conv in = torch.nn.Conv2d(in channels,
                                        self.ch,
                                        kernel size=3,
                                        stride=1,
                                        padding=1)
        curr res = resolution
        in ch mult = (1,)+ch mult
        self.down = nn.ModuleList()
        for i level in range(self.num resolutions):
            block = nn.ModuleList()
            attn = nn.ModuleList()
            block in = ch*in ch mult[i level]
            block out = ch*ch_mult[i_level]
            for i block in range(self.num res blocks):
                block.append(ResnetBlock(in channels=block in,
                                          out channels=block out,
                                          temb channels=self.temb ch,
                                          dropout=dropout))
                block in = block out
                if curr res in attn resolutions:
```

```
DL_Project_update3_cold_diffusion - Jupyter Notebook
```

```
attn.append(AttnBlock(block in))
        down = nn.Module()
        down.block = block
        down.attn = attn
        if i level != self.num resolutions-1:
            down.downsample = Downsample(block in, resamp with conv)
            curr res = curr res // 2
        self.down.append(down)
    # middle
    self.mid = nn.Module()
    self.mid.block_1 = ResnetBlock(in_channels=block_in,
                                    out channels=block in,
                                    temb channels=self.temb ch,
                                    dropout=dropout)
    self.mid.attn 1 = AttnBlock(block in)
    self.mid.block 2 = ResnetBlock(in channels=block in,
                                    out channels=block in,
                                    temb channels=self.temb ch,
                                    dropout=dropout)
    # upsampling
    self.up = nn.ModuleList()
    for i level in reversed(range(self.num resolutions)):
        block = nn.ModuleList()
        attn = nn.ModuleList()
        block out = ch*ch mult[i level]
        skip in = ch*ch mult[i level]
        for i block in range(self.num res blocks+1):
            if i block == self.num res blocks:
                skip_in = ch*in_ch_mult[i_level]
            block.append(ResnetBlock(in channels=block in+skip in,
                                      out channels=block out,
                                      temb channels=self.temb ch,
                                      dropout=dropout))
            block in = block out
            if curr res in attn_resolutions:
                attn.append(AttnBlock(block in))
        up = nn.Module()
        up.block = block
        up.attn = attn
        if i level != 0:
            up.upsample = Upsample(block_in, resamp_with_conv)
            curr res = curr res * 2
        self.up.insert(0, up) # prepend to get consistent order
    # end
    self.norm out = Normalize(block in)
    self.conv out = torch.nn.Conv2d(block in,
                                     out ch,
                                     kernel size=3,
                                     stride=1,
                                     padding=1)
def forward(self, x, t):
    assert x.shape[2] == x.shape[3] == self.resolution
```

```
# timestep embedding
temb = get timestep embedding(t, self.ch)
temb = self.temb.dense[0](temb)
temb = nonlinearity(temb)
temb = self.temb.dense[1](temb)
# print(t)
# print(temb)
# downsampling
hs = [self.conv in(x)]
for i level in range(self.num resolutions):
    for i block in range(self.num_res_blocks):
        h = self.down[i level].block[i block](hs[-1], temb)
        if len(self.down[i_level].attn) > 0:
            h = self.down[i level].attn[i block](h)
        hs.append(h)
    if i level != self.num resolutions-1:
        hs.append(self.down[i level].downsample(hs[-1]))
# middle
h = hs[-1]
h = self.mid.block_1(h, temb)
h = self.mid.attn 1(h)
h = self.mid.block 2(h, temb)
# upsampling
for i level in reversed(range(self.num resolutions)):
    for i block in range(self.num res blocks+1):
        h = self.up[i_level].block[i_block](
            torch.cat([h, hs.pop()], dim=1), temb)
        if len(self.up[i_level].attn) > 0:
            h = self.up[i level].attn[i block](h)
    if i level != 0:
        h = self.up[i level].upsample(h)
# end
h = self.norm out(h)
h = nonlinearity(h)
h = self.conv out(h)
return h
```

```
from functools import partial
In [26]:
         import torchgeometry as tqm
         import torch.nn as nn
         class GaussianDiffusion(nn.Module):
             def __init__(
                 self,
                 denoise_fn,
                 image size,
                 device_of_kernel,
                 channels = 3,
                 timesteps = 1000,
                 loss type = 'l1',
                 kernel_std = 0.1,
                 kernel size = 3,
                 blur_routine = 'Incremental',
                 train routine = 'Final',
                 sampling routine='default',
                 discrete=False
             ):
                 super().__init__()
                 self.channels = channels
                 self.image size = image size
                 self.denoise fn = denoise fn
                 self.device of kernel = device of kernel
                 self.num timesteps = int(timesteps)
                 self.loss type = loss type
                 self.kernel std = kernel std
                 self.kernel size = kernel size
                 self.blur routine = blur routine
                 to torch = partial(torch.tensor, dtype=torch.float32)
                 self.gaussian kernels = nn.ModuleList(self.get kernels())
                 self.train routine = train routine
                 self.sampling routine = sampling routine
                 self.discrete=discrete
             def blur(self, dims, std):
                 return tgm.image.get gaussian kernel2d(dims, std)
             def get conv(self, dims, std, mode='circular'):
                 kernel = self.blur(dims, std)
                 conv = nn.Conv2d(in channels=self.channels, out channels=self.ch
                                   bias=False, groups=self.channels)
                 with torch.no grad():
                     kernel = torch.unsqueeze(kernel, 0)
                     kernel = torch.unsqueeze(kernel, 0)
                     kernel = kernel.repeat(self.channels, 1, 1, 1)
                     conv.weight = nn.Parameter(kernel)
                 return conv
             def get kernels(self):
```

```
kernels = []
    for i in range(self.num_timesteps):
        if self.blur routine == 'Incremental':
            kernels.append(self.get conv((self.kernel size, self.ker
    return kernels
@torch.no_grad()
def sample(self, batch size = 16, img=None, t=None):
    #print ("In Sample")
    self.denoise_fn.eval()
    if t==None:
        t=self.num_timesteps
    for i in range(t):
        with torch.no grad():
            img = self.gaussian kernels[i](img)
    orig_mean = torch.mean(img, [2, 3], keepdim=True)
    #print(orig mean.squeeze()[0])
    temp = img
    if self.discrete:
        img = torch.mean(img, [2, 3], keepdim=True)
        img = img.expand(temp.shape[0], temp.shape[1], temp.shape[2]
    # 3(2), 2(1), 1(0)
    xt = img
    direct_recons = None
    while(t):
        step = torch.full((batch_size,), t - 1, dtype=torch.long).cl
        x = self.denoise fn(img, step)
        #print ("Output of denoising function : ", x.shape)
        if direct recons == None:
            direct_recons = x
        for i in range(t-1):
            with torch.no grad():
                x = self.gaussian kernels[i](x)
        imq = x
        t = t - 1
    self.denoise fn.train()
    return xt, direct recons, img
def q_sample(self, x_start, t):
    max iters = torch.max(t)
    all_blurs = []
    x = x_start
    for i in range(max iters+1):
        with torch.no grad():
            x = self.gaussian_kernels[i](x)
            if self.discrete:
                if i == (self.num_timesteps-1):
                    x = torch.mean(x, [2, 3], keepdim=True)
                    x = x.expand(x start.shape[0], x start.shape[1])
```

```
all blurs.append(x)
    all blurs = torch.stack(all blurs)
    choose blur = []
    # step is batch size as well so for the 49th step take the step
    for step in range(t.shape[0]):
        if step != -1:
            choose_blur.append(all_blurs[t[step], step])
        else:
            choose blur.append(x start[step])
    choose blur = torch.stack(choose blur)
    if self.discrete:
        choose blur = (choose blur + 1) * 0.5
        choose blur = (choose blur * 255)
        choose blur = choose blur.int().float() / 255
        choose blur = choose blur * 2 - 1
    #choose blur = all blurs
    return choose blur
@torch.no grad()
def all_sample(self, batch size=8, img=None, t=10, times=10, eval=Ti
    #print (" t : ", t, times)
    self.denoise fn.eval()
    for i in range(t):
         with torch.no grad():
                img = self.gaussian_kernels[i](img)
    X \ 0s = []
    X ts = []
    temp = imq
    if self.discrete:
        img = torch.mean(img, [2, 3], keepdim=True)
        img = img.expand(temp.shape[0], temp.shape[1], temp.shape[2]
        noise = torch.randn like(img) * 0.001
        img = img + noise
    # 3(2), 2(1), 1(0)
    while (times):
        #print ("times : ", times)
        step = torch.full((batch size,), times - 1, dtype=torch.long
        x = self.denoise fn(img, step)
        X \ Os.append(x)
        X ts.append(img)
        x_{times_sub_1} = x
        for i in range(times-1):
            with torch.no grad():
                x_times_sub_1 = self.gaussian_kernels[i](x_times_suk
        img = x_times_sub_1
        times = times - 1
```

```
if self.discrete:
        img = img - noise
    X_0s.append(img)
    #self.denoise fn.train()
    return X_0s, X_ts
def p losses(self, x start, t):
    b, c, h, w = x s \bar{t} art.shape
    if self.train routine == 'Final':
        x blur = self.q sample(x start=x start, t=t)
        x_recon = self.denoise_fn(x_blur, t)
        if self.loss_type == 'l1':
            loss = (x_start - x_recon).abs().mean()
        elif self.loss type == 'l2':
            loss = F.mse loss(x start, x recon)
        else:
            raise NotImplementedError()
    return loss
def forward(self, x, *args, **kwargs):
    #print ("Input to diffusion shape : ", x.shape)
    b, c, h, w, device, img_size, = *x.shape, x.device, self.image_s
    assert h == img_size and w == img_size, f'height and width of in
    t = torch.randint(0, self.num timesteps, (b,), device=device).ld
    return self.p_losses(x, t, *args, **kwargs)
```

```
In [27]:
         import copy
         from torchvision import transforms, utils
         def loss backwards(fp16, loss, optimizer, **kwargs):
             if fp16:
                 with amp.scale loss(loss, optimizer) as scaled loss:
                     scaled loss.backward(**kwargs)
             else:
                 loss.backward(**kwargs)
         class EMA():
             def __init__(self, beta):
                 super().__init__()
                 self.beta = beta
             def update_model_average(self, ma_model, current_model):
                 for current params, ma params in zip(current model.parameters())
                     old weight, up weight = ma params.data, current params.data
                     ma params.data = self.update average(old weight, up weight)
             def update average(self, old, new):
                 if old is None:
                     return new
                 return old * self.beta + (1 - self.beta) * new
         class Trainer(object):
             def init (
                 self,
                 diffusion model,
                 ds,
                 dl,
                 ema decay = 0.995,
                 image size = 128,
                 train batch size = 32,
                 train lr = 2e-5,
                 train num steps = 100000,
                 gradient accumulate every = 2,
                 fp16 = False,
                 step start_ema = 2000,
                 update ema every = 10,
                 save and sample every = 1000,
                 results folder = './results',
                 load path = None,
                 dataset = None,
                 shuffle=True
             ):
                 super(). init ()
                 self.model = diffusion model
                 self.ema = EMA(ema decay)
                 self.ema model = copy.deepcopy(self.model)
                 self.update_ema_every = update_ema_every
                 self.step start ema = step start ema
                 self.save and sample every = save and sample every
```

```
self.batch size = train batch size
    self.image size = image size
    self.gradient accumulate every = gradient accumulate every
    self.train num steps = train num steps
    self.ds = ds
    self.dl = dl
    self.opt = Adam(diffusion model.parameters(), lr=train lr)
    self.step = 0
    self.results folder = Path(results folder)
    self.results_folder.mkdir(exist_ok = True)
    self.fp16 = fp16
    self.reset parameters()
    if load path != None:
        self.load(load path)
def reset parameters(self):
    self.ema model.load state dict(self.model.state dict())
def step_ema(self):
    if self.step < self.step start ema:</pre>
        self.reset parameters()
        return
    self.ema.update model average(self.ema model, self.model)
def save(self, itrs=None):
    data = {
        'step': self.step,
        'model': self.model.state dict(),
        'ema': self.ema model.state dict()
    if itrs is None:
        torch.save(data, str(self.results folder / f'model.pt'))
    else:
        torch.save(data, str(self.results folder / f'model {itrs}.pt
def add title(self, path, title):
    import cv2
    import numpy as np
    img1 = cv2.imread(path)
    # --- Here I am creating the border---
    black = [0, 0, 0] # ---Color of the border---
    constant = cv2.copyMakeBorder(img1, 10, 10, 10, 10, cv2.BORDER (
    height = 20
    violet = np.zeros((height, constant.shape[1], 3), np.uint8)
    violet[:] = (255, 0, 180)
    vcat = cv2.vconcat((violet, constant))
```

```
font = cv2.FONT HERSHEY SIMPLEX
    cv2.putText(vcat, str(title), (violet.shape[1] // 2, height-2),
    cv2.imwrite(path, vcat)
def train(self):
    #print ("iN TRAIN")
    backwards = partial(loss backwards, self.fp16)
    acc loss = 0
    while self.step < self.train num steps:</pre>
        u loss = 0
        for i in range(self.gradient accumulate every):
            data = next(self.dl).cuda()
            #print (data.shape)
            modelout = self.model(data)
            #print (modelout, modelout.shape)
            loss = torch.mean(modelout) # change for DP
            #print ("Loss : ", loss, loss.shape, )
            if self.step % 100 == 0:
                print(f'{self.step}: {loss.item()}')
            u loss += loss.item()
            backwards(loss / self.gradient accumulate every, self.or
        acc_loss = acc_loss + (u_loss/self.gradient_accumulate_every
        self.opt.step()
        self.opt.zero_grad()
        if self.step % self.update ema every == 0:
            self.step_ema()
        if self.step != 0 and self.step % self.save and sample every
            milestone = self.step // self.save and sample every
            batches = self.batch size
            og img = next(self.dl).cuda()
            xt, direct_recons, all_images = self.ema_model.sample(ba
            og img = (og img + 1) * 0.5
            utils.save_image(og_img, str(self.results_folder / f'sar
            all images = (all images + 1) * 0.5
            utils.save_image(all_images, str(self.results_folder / '
            direct recons = (direct recons + 1) * 0.5
            utils.save image(direct recons, str(self.results folder
            xt = (xt + 1) * 0.5
            utils.save_image(xt, str(self.results_folder / f'sample-
                             nrow=6)
            acc loss = acc loss/(self.save and sample every+1)
            print(f'Mean of last {self.step}: {acc loss}')
            acc_loss=0
            self.save()
            if self.step % (self.save and sample every * 100) == 0:
```

```
self.save(self.step)
        self.step += 1
    print('training completed')
def fid distance decrease from manifold(self, ds, fid func, start=0,
    #from skimage.metrics import structural similarity as ssim
    from pytorch msssim import ssim
    all samples = []
    dataset = ds
    print(len(dataset))
    for idx in range(len(dataset)):
        img = dataset[idx]
        img = torch.unsqueeze(img, 0).cuda()
        if idx > start:
            all samples.append(img[0])
        if idx % 1000 == 0:
            print(idx)
        if end != None:
            if idx == end:
                print(idx)
                break
    all samples = torch.stack(all samples)
    # create folder(f'{self.results_folder}/')
    blurred samples = None
    original sample = None
    deblurred samples = None
    direct deblurred samples = None
    sanity check = 1
    cnt=0
    while(cnt < all samples.shape[0]):</pre>
        og_x = all_samples[cnt: cnt + 32]
        og_x = og_x.cuda()
        og x = og x.type(torch.cuda.FloatTensor)
        og_img = og x
        print(og img.shape)
        X Os, X ts = self.ema model.all sample(batch size=og img.sha
        og_img = og_img.to('cpu')
        blurry imgs = X ts[0].to('cpu')
        deblurry_imgs = X_0s[-1].to('cpu')
        direct_deblurry_imgs = X_0s[0].to('cpu')
        og img = og img.repeat(1, 3 // og img.shape[1], 1, 1)
        blurry_imgs = blurry_imgs.repeat(1, 3 // blurry_imgs.shape[]
        deblurry imgs = deblurry imgs.repeat(1, 3 // deblurry imgs.s
        direct_deblurry_imgs = direct_deblurry_imgs.repeat(1, 3 // @
```

```
og_{img} = (og_{img} + 1) * 0.5
    blurry_imgs = (blurry_imgs + 1) * 0.5
    deblurry_imgs = (deblurry_imgs + 1) * 0.5
    direct deblurry imgs = (direct deblurry imgs + 1) * 0.5
    if cnt == 0:
        print(og img.shape)
        print(blurry imgs.shape)
        print(deblurry imgs.shape)
        print(direct deblurry imgs.shape)
        if sanity check:
            folder = './sanity_check/'
            create folder(folder)
            san imgs = og img[0: 32]
            utils.save_image(san_imgs,str(folder + f'sample-og.r
            san imgs = blurry imgs[0: 32]
            utils.save image(san imgs, str(folder + f'sample-xt)
            san imgs = deblurry imgs[0: 32]
            utils.save_image(san_imgs, str(folder + f'sample-red
            san_imgs = direct_deblurry_imgs[0: 32]
            utils.save image(san imgs, str(folder + f'sample-di
    if blurred samples is None:
        blurred_samples = blurry_imgs
    else:
        blurred samples = torch.cat((blurred samples, blurry imd
    if original sample is None:
        original_sample = og_img
    else:
        original sample = torch.cat((original sample, og img), d
    if deblurred samples is None:
        deblurred_samples = deblurry_imgs
    else:
        deblurred samples = torch.cat((deblurred samples, deblur
    if direct deblurred samples is None:
        direct deblurred samples = direct deblurry imgs
    else:
        direct deblurred samples = torch.cat((direct deblurred samples))
    cnt += og_img.shape[0]
print(blurred samples.shape)
print(original sample.shape)
print(deblurred samples.shape)
```

```
print(direct deblurred samples.shape)
    fid blur = fid func(samples=[original sample, blurred samples])
    rmse blur = torch.sqrt(torch.mean( (original sample - blurred sa
    ssim blur = ssim(original sample, blurred samples, data range=1)
    # n og = original sample.cpu().detach().numpy()
    # n bs = blurred samples.cpu().detach().numpy()
    # ssim_blur = ssim(n_og, n_bs, data_range=n_og.max() - n og.min(
    print(f'The FID of blurry images with original image is {fid_blue}
    print(f'The RMSE of blurry images with original image is {rmse k
    print(f'The SSIM of blurry images with original image is {ssim k
    fid deblur = fid func(samples=[original sample, deblurred sample
    rmse deblur = torch.sqrt(torch.mean((original sample - deblurred))
    ssim deblur = ssim(original sample, deblurred samples, data rand)
    print(f'The FID of deblurred images with original image is {fid
    print(f'The RMSE of deblurred images with original image is {rms
    print(f'The SSIM of deblurred images with original image is {ssi
    print(f'Hence the improvement in FID using sampling is {fid blue
    fid direct deblur = fid func(samples=[original sample, direct d€
    rmse direct deblur = torch.sqrt(torch.mean((original sample - di
    ssim_direct_deblur = ssim(original_sample, direct_deblurred_sample)
    print(f'The FID of direct deblurred images with original image i
    print(f'The RMSE of direct deblurred images with original image
    print(f'The SSIM of direct deblurred images with original image
    print(f'Hence the improvement in FID using direct sampling is {1
def test from data(self, dl, extra path, s times=None):
    batches = self.batch size
    og img = next(dl).cuda()
    #print (og img.size())
    X_0s, X_ts = self.ema_model.all_sample(batch_size=batches, img=
    og img = (og img + 1) * 0.5
    utils.save image(og img, str(self.results folder / f'og-{extra p
    import imageio
    frames_t = []
    frames 0 = []
    #print (X 0s[0].shape, len (X 0s), X 0s[len (X 0s)-1] )
    for i in range(len(X_0s)-1):
        #print(i)
        x_0 = X_0s[i]
        x_0 = (x_0 + 1) * 0.5
        utils.save image(x 0, str(self.results folder / f'sample-{i]
        self.add title(str(self.results_folder / f'sample-{i}-{extra
        frames 0.append(imageio.imread(str(self.results folder / f's
        x t = X ts[i]
        all images = (x t + 1) * 0.5
```

```
utils.save image(all images, str(self.results folder / f'sar
        self.add_title(str(self.results_folder / f'sample-{i}-{extra
        frames t.append(imageio.imread(str(self.results folder / f's
    imageio.mimsave(str(self.results folder / f'Gif-{extra path}-x0
    imageio.mimsave(str(self.results folder / f'Gif-{extra path}-xt
def test_from_image(self, og_img, extra_path, s_times=10):
    batches = self.batch size
    og img = og img.to("cuda")
    #print (og_img.size())
    X 0s, X ts = self.ema model.all sample(batch size=batches, img=c
    og img = (og img + 1) * 0.5
    utils.save image(og img, str(self.results folder / f'og-{extra |
    import imageio
    frames t = []
    frames 0 = []
    \#print^{-}(X \ 0s[0].shape, len (X_0s), len (X_ts))
    for i in range(len(X 0s)-1):
        #print("here", i)
        x 0 = X 0s[i]
        x 0 = (x 0 + 1) * 0.5
        utils.save image(x 0, str(self.results folder / f'sample-{i]
        self.add title(str(self.results folder / f'sample-{i}-{extra
        frames 0.append(imageio.imread(str(self.results folder / f's
        x_t = X ts[i]
        all images = (x t + 1) * 0.5
        utils.save image(all images, str(self.results folder / f'sar
        self.add_title(str(self.results folder / f'sample-{i}-{extra
        frames t.append(imageio.imread(str(self.results folder / f's
    imageio.mimsave(str(self.results folder / f'Gif-{extra path}-x0
    imageio.mimsave(str(self.results folder / f'Gif-{extra path}-xt
```

```
In [28]: import torchvision
   import os
   import errno
   import shutil
```

```
In [29]:
         def create_folder(path):
             try:
                  os.mkdir(path)
             except OSError as exc:
                  if exc.errno != errno.EEXIST:
                      raise
                  pass
         def del_folder(path):
             try:
                  shutil.rmtree(path)
             except OSError as exc:
                  pass
         create = 0
         \#image\ size = 32
In [30]:
         time_steps=50
         blur_std=0.1
         blur size=3
         blur_routine='Incremental'
         train_routine='Final'
         sampling routine='x0 step down'
         discrete="store_true"
In [31]: model = Model(resolution=image_size,
                        in channels=3,
                        out ch=3,
                        ch=128,
                        ch_mult=(1,2,2,2),
                        num res blocks=2,
                        attn_resolutions=(16,),
                        dropout=0.1).cuda()
```

```
In [32]: model
Out[32]: Model(
           (temb): Module(
             (dense): ModuleList(
                (0): Linear(in features=128, out features=512, bias=True)
                (1): Linear(in features=512, out features=512, bias=True)
             )
           (conv in): Conv2d(3, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), paddin
         g=(1, 1)
           (down): ModuleList(
              (0): Module(
                (block): ModuleList(
                  (0): ResnetBlock(
                    (norm1): GroupNorm(32, 128, eps=1e-06, affine=True)
                    (conv1): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1,
         1), padding=(1, 1)
                    (temb_proj): Linear(in features=512, out features=128, bias
         =True)
                    (norm2): GroupNorm(32, 128, eps=1e-06, affine=True)
In [33]: diffusion = GaussianDiffusion(
             model,
             image size = image_size,
             device of kernel = 'cuda',
             channels = 3,
             timesteps = time steps,
             loss_type = 'l1',
             kernel_std=blur_std,
             kernel size=blur size,
             blur_routine=blur_routine,
             train routine = train routine,
             sampling routine = sampling routine,
             discrete=discrete
         ).cuda()
```

```
In [34]: diffusion
Out[34]: GaussianDiffusion(
           (denoise_fn): Model(
              (temb): Module(
                (dense): ModuleList(
                  (0): Linear(in features=128, out features=512, bias=True)
                  (1): Linear(in features=512, out features=512, bias=True)
             )
              (conv in): Conv2d(3, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padd
         ing=(1, 1)
             (down): ModuleList(
               (0): Module(
                  (block): ModuleList(
                    (0): ResnetBlock(
                      (norm1): GroupNorm(32, 128, eps=1e-06, affine=True)
                      (conv1): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1,
         1), padding=(1, 1))
                      (temb proj): Linear(in features=512, out features=128, bi
         as=True)
                      (mamma): CmammNamm/22 120 and 15 06 affine Touch
In [35]:
         #image path = os.path.join (path , "jpg images")
         batch size=8
         train steps=500
         save folder= os.path.join (path , "results")
         load path=None
         img path=None
         sample steps=20
         step start ema=10
In [36]:
         import torch
         #diffusion = torch.nn.DataParallel(diffusion, device ids=range(torch.cuc
         trainer = Trainer(
             diffusion,
             train data, train dl,
             #image path,
             image size = image size,
             train batch size = batch size,
             train lr = 1e-5,
             train num steps = train steps,
                                                     # total training steps
             step start ema=step start ema,
             save and sample every=100,
             gradient accumulate every = 2,
                                                # gradient accumulation steps
             ema decay = 0.0995,
                                                 # exponential moving average deca
             fp16 = False,
                                                  # turn on mixed precision train:
             results folder = save folder,
             load path = load path,
             dataset = "custom"
         )
```

```
In [37]: trainer.train()
         0: 0.36259812116622925
         0: 0.35270971059799194
         100: 0.1639402210712433
         100: 0.14694252610206604
         Mean of last 100: 0.19824132706859324
         200: 0.12941613793373108
         200: 0.15403065085411072
         Mean of last 200: 0.15652762725949287
         300: 0.14043480157852173
         300: 0.15208503603935242
         Mean of last 300: 0.1435512954203209
         400: 0.13254153728485107
         400: 0.13456304371356964
         Mean of last 400: 0.134862817897655
         training completed
```

```
In [38]: #from Fid import calculate_fid_given_samples
```

```
In [39]: #diffusion = torch.nn.DataParallel(diffusion, device_ids=range(torch.cuc
trainer.test_from_data(test_dl, 'test', s_times=sample_steps)
```

/tmp/ipykernel_16388/1674064009.py:338: DeprecationWarning: Starting w ith ImageIO v3 the behavior of this function will switch to that of ii o.v3.imread. To keep the current behavior (and make this warning disap pear) use `import imageio.v2 as imageio` or call `imageio.v2.imread` d irectly.

frames_0.append(imageio.imread(str(self.results_folder / f'sample-{i}-{extra_path}-x0.png')))

/tmp/ipykernel_16388/1674064009.py:344: DeprecationWarning: Starting w ith ImageIO v3 the behavior of this function will switch to that of ii o.v3.imread. To keep the current behavior (and make this warning disap pear) use `import imageio.v2 as imageio` or call `imageio.v2.imread` d irectly.

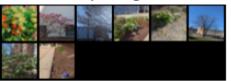
frames_t.append(imageio.imread(str(self.results_folder / f'sample-{i}-{extra_path}-xt.png')))

```
In [56]:
    rows = 2
    import os
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import PIL
    %matplotlib inline
    results_path="./results1/"
    results_images=os.listdir (results_path)
    for num, x in enumerate(results_images):
        img = PIL.Image.open(results_path+x)
        plt.subplot(rows,2,num+1)
        plt.title(x.split('.')[0])
        plt.axis('off')
        plt.imshow(img)
```

sample-og-49



sample-og-48



sample-xt-48



sample-xt-49



In [40]: #trainer.fid_distance_decrease_from_manifold(test_data, calculate_fid_g:

```
from functools import partial
In [42]:
         import torchgeometry as tqm
         import torch.nn as nn
         class MiniGaussianDiffusion(nn.Module):
             def __init__(
                 self,
                 denoise fn,
                 image size,
                 device_of_kernel,
                 channels = 3,
                 timesteps = 1000,
                 loss type = 'l1',
                 kernel std = 0.1,
                 kernel size = 3,
                 blur_routine = 'Incremental',
                 train routine = 'Final',
                 sampling routine='default',
                 discrete=False
             ):
                 super().__init__()
                 self.channels = channels
                 self.image size = image size
                 self.denoise fn = denoise fn
                 self.device of kernel = device of kernel
                 self.num timesteps = int(timesteps)
                 self.loss type = loss type
                 self.kernel std = kernel std
                 self.kernel size = kernel size
                 self.blur routine = blur routine
                 to torch = partial(torch.tensor, dtype=torch.float32)
                 self.gaussian kernels = nn.ModuleList(self.get kernels())
                 self.train routine = train routine
                 self.sampling routine = sampling routine
                 self.discrete=discrete
             def blur(self, dims, std):
                 return tgm.image.get gaussian kernel2d(dims, std)
             def get conv(self, dims, std, mode='circular'):
                 kernel = self.blur(dims, std)
                 conv = nn.Conv2d(in channels=self.channels, out channels=self.ch
                                   bias=False, groups=self.channels)
                 with torch.no grad():
                     kernel = torch.unsqueeze(kernel, 0)
                     kernel = torch.unsqueeze(kernel, 0)
                     kernel = kernel.repeat(self.channels, 1, 1, 1)
                     conv.weight = nn.Parameter(kernel)
                 return conv
             def get kernels(self):
```

```
kernels = []
    for i in range(self.num_timesteps):
        if self.blur routine == 'Incremental':
            kernels.append(self.get conv((self.kernel size, self.ker
    return kernels
@torch.no_grad()
def sample(self, batch size = 16, img=None, t=None):
    #print ("In Sample")
    self.denoise fn.eval()
    if t==None:
        t=self.num_timesteps
    for i in range(t):
        with torch.no grad():
            img = self.gaussian kernels[i](img)
    orig_mean = torch.mean(img, [2, 3], keepdim=True)
    #print(orig mean.squeeze()[0])
    temp = img
    if self.discrete:
        img = torch.mean(img, [2, 3], keepdim=True)
        img = img.expand(temp.shape[0], temp.shape[1], temp.shape[2]
    # 3(2), 2(1), 1(0)
    xt = img
    direct_recons = None
    while(t):
        step = torch.full((batch_size,), t - 1, dtype=torch.long).cl
        x = self.denoise fn(img)
        #print ("Output of denoising function : ", x.shape)
        if direct recons == None:
            direct_recons = x
        for i in range(t-1):
            with torch.no grad():
                x = self.gaussian kernels[i](x)
        imq = x
        t = t - 1
    self.denoise fn.train()
    return xt, direct recons, img
def q_sample(self, x_start, t):
    max iters = torch.max(t)
    all_blurs = []
    x = x_start
    for i in range(max iters+1):
        with torch.no grad():
            x = self.gaussian_kernels[i](x)
            if self.discrete:
                if i == (self.num_timesteps-1):
                    x = torch.mean(x, [2, 3], keepdim=True)
                    x = x.expand(x start.shape[0], x start.shape[1])
```

```
all blurs.append(x)
    all blurs = torch.stack(all blurs)
    choose blur = []
    # step is batch size as well so for the 49th step take the step
    for step in range(t.shape[0]):
        if step != -1:
            choose_blur.append(all_blurs[t[step], step])
        else:
            choose blur.append(x start[step])
    choose blur = torch.stack(choose blur)
    if self.discrete:
        choose blur = (choose blur + 1) * 0.5
        choose blur = (choose blur * 255)
        choose blur = choose blur.int().float() / 255
        choose blur = choose blur * 2 - 1
    #choose blur = all blurs
    return choose blur
@torch.no grad()
def all_sample(self, batch_size=8, img=None, t=10, times=10, eval=Ti
    #print (" t : ", t, times)
    self.denoise fn.eval()
    for i in range(t):
         with torch.no grad():
                img = self.gaussian_kernels[i](img)
    X \ 0s = []
    X ts = []
    temp = imq
    if self.discrete:
        img = torch.mean(img, [2, 3], keepdim=True)
        img = img.expand(temp.shape[0], temp.shape[1], temp.shape[2]
        noise = torch.randn like(img) * 0.001
        img = img + noise
    # 3(2), 2(1), 1(0)
    while (times):
        #print ("times : ", times)
        x = self.denoise fn(img)
        X \ 0s.append(x)
        X_ts.append(img)
        x_{times_sub_1} = x
        for i in range(times-1):
            with torch.no grad():
                x times sub 1 = self.gaussian kernels[i](x times suk
        img = x times sub 1
        times = times - 1
    if self.discrete:
```

```
img = img - noise
    X 0s.append(img)
    #self.denoise fn.train()
    return X 0s, X ts
def p_losses(self, x_start, t):
    b, c, h, w = x_start.shape
    if self.train routine == 'Final':
        x blur = self.q sample(x start=x start, t=t)
        x_recon = self.denoise_fn(x_blur)
        if self.loss type == 'l1':
            loss = (x_start - x_recon).abs().mean()
        elif self.loss type == 'l2':
            loss = F.mse loss(x start, x recon)
        else:
            raise NotImplementedError()
    return loss
def forward(self, x, *args, **kwargs):
    #print ("Input to diffusion shape : ", x.shape)
    b, c, h, w, device, img_size, = *x.shape, x.device, self.image_s
    assert h == img_size and w == img_size, f'height and width of in
    t = torch.randint(0, self.num timesteps, (b,), device=device).ld
    return self.p_losses(x, t, *args, **kwargs)
```

```
In [43]:
         import torch
         import torch.nn as nn
         class DoubleConv(nn.Module):
             def init (self, in channels, out channels):
                 super(DoubleConv, self). init ()
                 self.conv = nn.Sequential(
                     nn.Conv2d(in channels, out channels, kernel_size=3, padding=
                     nn.BatchNorm2d(out channels),
                     nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
                     nn.Conv2d(out channels, out channels, kernel size=3, padding
                     nn.BatchNorm2d(out channels),
                     nn.ReLU(inplace=True)
                 )
             def forward(self, x):
                 return self.conv(x)
         class Down(nn.Module):
             def init (self, in channels, out channels):
                 super(Down, self). init ()
                 self.down = nn.Sequential(
                     nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2),
                     DoubleConv(in channels, out channels)
                 )
             def forward(self, x):
                 return self.down(x)
         class Up(nn.Module):
             def __init__(self, in_channels, out_channels):
                 super(Up, self). init ()
                 self.up = nn.Sequential(
                     nn.ConvTranspose2d(in_channels, in_channels , kernel_size=2)
                     DoubleConv(in channels, out channels)
                 )
             def forward(self, x1, x2):
                 x1 = self.up(x1)
                 #print (" up 1 : ", x1.shape, x2.shape)
                 x = torch.cat([x2, x1], dim=1)
                 return x
         class DiffusionMiniNet(nn.Module):
             def init (self, in channels=3, out channels=3, features=[32, 64])
                 super(DiffusionMiniNet, self).__init__()
                 self.down1 = Down(in_channels, features[0])
                 self.down2 = Down(features[0], features[1])
                 self.up1 = Up(features[1], features[0])
                 self.up2 = nn.Sequential(
                     nn.ConvTranspose2d(features[1], features[1], kernel size=2,
                     nn.Conv2d(features[1], out_channels, kernel_size=1),
                     nn.Sigmoid()
                 )
```

```
def forward(self, x):
    x1 = self.down1(x)
    x2 = self.down2(x1)
    x = self.up1(x2, x1)
    #print (x1.shape, x2.shape, x.shape)
    x = self.up2(x)
    #print (x.shape)
    return x
mininet = DiffusionMiniNet()
#mininet
```

```
In [44]: |mininetnel
Out[44]: DiffusionMiniNet(
           (down1): Down(
              (down): Sequential(
                (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1, c
         eil_mode=False)
               (1): DoubleConv(
                  (conv): Sequential(
                    (0): Conv2d(3, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), paddin
         g=(1, 1)
                    (1): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, t
         rack running stats=True)
                    (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
                    (3): Conv2d(32, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), paddi
         ng=(1, 1)
                    (4): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, t
         rack running stats=True)
                    (5): ReLU(inplace=True)
               )
             )
           (down2): Down(
              (down): Sequential(
                (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1, c
         eil mode=False)
               (1): DoubleConv(
                  (conv): Sequential(
                    (0): Conv2d(32, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), paddi
         ng=(1, 1)
                    (1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, t
         rack running stats=True)
                    (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
                    (3): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), paddi
         ng=(1, 1)
                    (4): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, t
         rack running stats=True)
                    (5): ReLU(inplace=True)
               )
             )
           (up1): Up(
              (up): Sequential(
                (0): ConvTranspose2d(64, 64, kernel size=(2, 2), stride=(2, 2))
                (1): DoubleConv(
                  (conv): Sequential(
                    (0): Conv2d(64, 32, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), paddi
         ng=(1, 1)
                    (1): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, t
         rack running stats=True)
                    (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
                    (3): Conv2d(32, 32, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), paddi
         ng=(1, 1)
                    (4): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, t
         rack running stats=True)
```

```
(5): ReLU(inplace=True)
)
)
)
(up2): Sequential(
  (0): ConvTranspose2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(2, 2), stride=(2, 2))
  (1): Conv2d(64, 3, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
  (2): Sigmoid()
)
)
```

```
In [45]: model_output = mininet(img)
model_output.shape
```

Out[45]: torch.Size([8, 3, 32, 32])

```
In [46]:
         mini diffusion = MiniGaussianDiffusion(
             mininet,
             image size = image size,
             device of kernel = 'cuda',
             channels = 3,
             timesteps = 10,
             loss type = 'l1',
             kernel std=blur std,
             kernel size=blur size,
             blur routine=blur routine,
             train routine = train routine,
             sampling routine = sampling routine,
             discrete=discrete
         ).cuda()
         mini diffusion
Out[46]: MiniGaussianDiffusion(
           (denoise fn): DiffusionMiniNet(
              (down1): Down(
                (down): Sequential(
                  (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
         ceil mode=False)
                  (1): DoubleConv(
                    (conv): Sequential(
                      (0): Conv2d(3, 32, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padd
         ing=(1, 1)
                      (1): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
         track running stats=True)
                      (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
                      (3): Conv2d(32, 32, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), pad
         ding=(1, 1)
                      (4): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
         track_running_stats=True)
                      (5): ReLU(inplace=True)
                    )
                 )
               )
              (down2): Down(
                (down): Sequential(
                  (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
         ceil mode=False)
                  (1): DoubleConv(
                    (conv): Sequential(
                      (0): Conv2d(32, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), pad
         ding=(1, 1)
                      (1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
         track running stats=True)
                      (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
                      (3): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), pad
         ding=(1, 1)
                      (4): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
         track_running_stats=True)
                      (5): ReLU(inplace=True)
```

```
(up1): Up(
      (up): Sequential(
        (0): ConvTranspose2d(64, 64, kernel size=(2, 2), stride=(2,
2))
        (1): DoubleConv(
          (conv): Sequential(
             (0): Conv2d(64, 32, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), pad
ding=(1, 1)
             (1): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
            (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
            (3): Conv2d(32, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), pad
ding=(1, 1)
             (4): BatchNorm2d(32, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
            (5): ReLU(inplace=True)
          )
        )
      )
    (up2): Sequential(
      (0): ConvTranspose2d(64, 64, kernel size=(2, 2), stride=(2, 2))
      (1): Conv2d(64, 3, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
      (2): Sigmoid()
    )
  (gaussian kernels): ModuleList(
    (0): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 3)

    groups=3, bias=False, padding_mode=circular)

    (1): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1)

    groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)

    (2): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 2)
1), groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)
    (3): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 3)

    groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)

    (4): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1), groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)
    (5): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 3)

    groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)

    (6): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))

    groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)

    (7): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 3)
1), groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)
    (8): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 3)
1), groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)
    (9): Conv2d(3, 3, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))

    groups=3, bias=False, padding mode=circular)

)
```

```
In [54]: | save_folder= os.path.join (path , "mini_results")
         mini model trainer = Trainer(
             mini diffusion,
             train_data, train_dl,
             #image_path,
             image size = image size,
             train batch size = batch size,
             train lr = 1e-5,
             train_num_steps = train_steps,
                                                    # total training steps
             step start ema=step start ema,
             save_and_sample_every=10,
             gradient_accumulate_every = 2,
                                               # gradient accumulation steps
             ema decay = 0.0995,
                                                 # exponential moving average deca
             fp16 = False,
                                                  # turn on mixed precision train:
             results_folder = save_folder,
             load_path = load_path,
             dataset = "custom"
         )
```

In [55]: mini_model_trainer.train()

```
0: 0.5596287846565247
0: 0.5975894331932068
Mean of last 10: 0.565823804248463
Mean of last 20: 0.5229867100715637
Mean of last 30: 0.5185805613344366
Mean of last 40: 0.5100143307989294
Mean of last 50: 0.5094154477119446
Mean of last 60: 0.5106594996018843
Mean of last 70: 0.510660086165775
Mean of last 80: 0.5074118348685178
Mean of last 90: 0.503241238268939
100: 0.5251894593238831
100: 0.5462073087692261
Mean of last 100: 0.5048381388187408
Mean of last 110: 0.49141683361747046
Mean of last 120: 0.502188728614287
Mean of last 130: 0.494463403116573
Mean of last 140: 0.4985260936346921
Mean of last 150: 0.4924753348935734
Mean of last 160: 0.49573456292802637
Mean of last 170: 0.49173957922241907
Mean of last 180: 0.48768394643610175
Mean of last 190: 0.491742804646492
200: 0.5512227416038513
200: 0.49185270071029663
Mean of last 200: 0.4805428304455497
Mean of last 210: 0.4816014062274586
Mean of last 220: 0.4886312891136516
Mean of last 230: 0.48433689502152527
Mean of last 240: 0.4810016317801042
Mean of last 250: 0.4829449721358039
Mean of last 260: 0.47518445686860517
Mean of last 270: 0.4733528616753491
Mean of last 280: 0.47181386703794653
Mean of last 290: 0.47219739854335785
300: 0.5164204835891724
300: 0.5362905263900757
Mean of last 300: 0.4726149764927951
Mean of last 310: 0.46155540916052734
Mean of last 320: 0.46966848183761944
Mean of last 330: 0.46016316657716577
Mean of last 340: 0.46646521714600647
Mean of last 350: 0.46481043235822156
Mean of last 360: 0.4618813463232734
Mean of last 370: 0.4511623897335746
Mean of last 380: 0.4551938216794621
Mean of last 390: 0.46067570420828735
400: 0.5398893356323242
400: 0.46962985396385193
Mean of last 400: 0.45100776715712115
Mean of last 410: 0.4514163637703115
Mean of last 420: 0.45112818479537964
Mean of last 430: 0.44802864302288403
Mean of last 440: 0.4515706111084331
Mean of last 450: 0.4460334276611155
```

```
Mean of last 460: 0.4445631436326287
Mean of last 470: 0.4504515542225404
Mean of last 480: 0.4424390616742047
Mean of last 490: 0.44441316344521264
training completed
```

```
In [65]: test_imgs = next(test_dl)
    print(f"\n test batch data size: {test_imgs.size()}")
    mini_model_trainer.test_from_image (test_imgs, "test", )
```

test batch data size: torch.Size([8, 3, 32, 32])

/tmp/ipykernel_16388/1674064009.py:371: DeprecationWarning: Starting w ith ImageIO v3 the behavior of this function will switch to that of ii o.v3.imread. To keep the current behavior (and make this warning disap pear) use `import imageio.v2 as imageio` or call `imageio.v2.imread` d irectly.

frames_0.append(imageio.imread(str(self.results_folder / f'sample-{i}-{extra_path}-x0.png')))

/tmp/ipykernel_16388/1674064009.py:377: DeprecationWarning: Starting w ith ImageIO v3 the behavior of this function will switch to that of ii o.v3.imread. To keep the current behavior (and make this warning disap pear) use `import imageio.v2 as imageio` or call `imageio.v2.imread` d irectly.

frames_t.append(imageio.imread(str(self.results_folder / f'sample-{i}-{extra path}-xt.png')))

```
In [66]:
    rows = 2
    import os
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import PIL
    %matplotlib inline
    results_path="./mini_results1/"
    results_images=os.listdir (results_path)
    for num, x in enumerate(results_images):
        img = PIL.Image.open(results_path+x)
        plt.subplot(4,2,num+1)
        plt.title(x.split('.')[0])
        plt.axis('off')
        plt.imshow(img)
```

