

## emmetrim Ans too the quest not 1 soing

Given function:

0101 (11) (0,2,4,6) - 0\_

$$F(A,B,C,D) = \sum (0,2,7,11,12,14) + d(3,4,5,6)$$

Here, 
$$0 \rightarrow 0000$$
  
 $2 \rightarrow 0010$   
 $3 \rightarrow 0011$   
 $4 \rightarrow 0100$   
 $5 \rightarrow 0101$ 

$$6 \rightarrow 0110$$
 $7 \rightarrow 0111$ 
 $11 \rightarrow 10010$ 
 $12 \rightarrow 1100$ 
 $14 \rightarrow 5110$ 

Now, grouping,

$$\begin{array}{c} (3) \to 0000 \\ (3) \to 0000 \\ (3) \to 0010 \\ (5) \to 0101 \\ (6) \to 0110 \end{array}$$

L(14) - 1110

~(6,7)→011-

~(6,14) →-110 ~ (12,19) -> 11\_0

$$(0,2,4,6) \rightarrow 0_{-0}$$

$$(0,4,2,6) \rightarrow 0_{-0}$$

$$(33,6,7) \rightarrow 0_{-1}$$

$$(3,6,3,7) \rightarrow 0_{-1}$$

$$(4,5,6,7) \rightarrow 0_{-1}$$

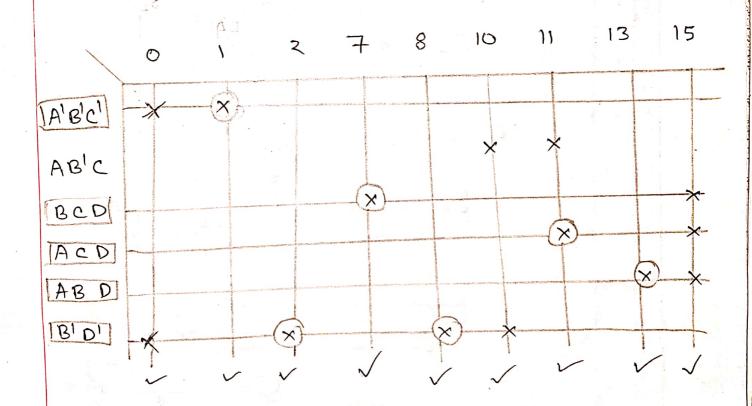
$$(4,6,5,7) \rightarrow 0_{-1}$$

$$(4,6,12,14) \rightarrow 0_{-1}$$

$$(4,6,12,14) \rightarrow 0_{-1}$$

:. Prime simple contes: - o. Al. of onthe (3,11) -> \_ OII -> B'CD  $(0,2,4,6) \rightarrow 0 - 0 \rightarrow A'D'$   $(2,3,6,7) \rightarrow 0 - 1 - A'C$   $(2,3,6,7) \rightarrow 0 - 1 - A'C$ (4,5,6,7) -001+=01 -> A'B (4,6,12,14) -> 1-011-0-11 -> BD'000 -15 1011 681 1110 EF 1111621 000168 7 11 12 14 0 2 B'CD 0000 (00) e(a, k, s) 0-do = (5,0) ~ A' D A' C 010 2 6 613 -0001(-13)4 AB \_101 (- (11,01)) BD1 111\_c(s) \$\square \partial \pa 1101600 (1-10-(av.11) : F(A,B,C,D) = B'CD + A'D + A'B + BD

```
Ans to the quest morning among
               Q \supset Q \leftarrow HO = \leftarrow (H \cdot \hat{S})
  Given function!
   F(A,B,C,D) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (0,1,2,7,8,10,11,13,15)
 Here,
                (4,5,6,7) -> 0 PO+ CO1 -> AB
      0 - 0000
       (4,6,12,14) + 1-011-€N - BEN 000 €1
       2-) 0010
                     13-> 1101
      730111
                     15 - 1 1 1 1
      8-) 1000
  P1 S1 11 F S 0
  Now, Grouping,
               (0,1)→000_ (0,2,8,10)→ _0_0
 ~(0)->0000
               ~(0,2) -> 00-0
                              (0,8,2,10)-)-0-0
 ~ (1)→ 0001 ~(0,8)→ _000
                                     8 / 19 /A
 V(2)-) 0010
                ~ (2,10) -> = 010
                                            2 /A:
 \sim (8) \rightarrow 1000
                ~(8,10) -> 10-0
 ~ (10)→1010
                 (10,11) -) 101_
                                            108
~(7) → 0111
                長15)→_111
~ (i)-) 1011
                (1),15)->1_11
~ (13) -> 1 101 (1 A (13,15) -> M -1 (10) 8 = (1,0) -7
~(15)-) 1111
```



try two

the straves of not 30 B, B, B. Sold (1) FA FA Sz 21 15 11 01 8 Court a's'A D'SA X 10 D + 18 D + 1 8 D Out put

Here, A-3 is implemented by an adder cum subtractor. Then the output is implemented with B in the equation of  $S_2' B_2 + (S_2 \odot B_2) S_1' B_1 + (S_2 \odot B_2) (S_1 \odot B_1) S_0' B_0$  to see if A-3 < B. The output is I for the condition and O otherwise.

VotenBI

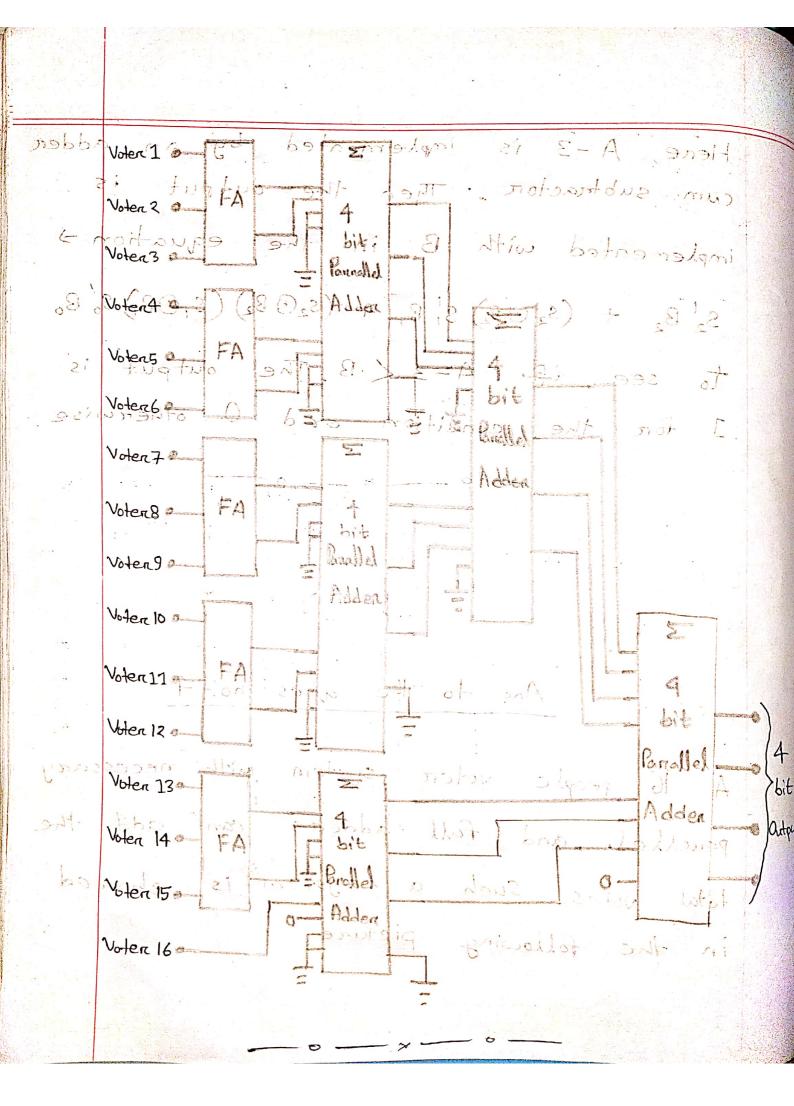
Wolce Se.

When Ic

Ans to the gues not-4 install

A 16 people voters system with necessary parallel. and full addens can add the total votes. Such a system is showed in the following picture.

Jugh O



## Ans to the gues no: - 5

BCD to Excess-5 system convension can be stated at, BCD + 5 = Excess-5, we will need a 4 bit parnallel adder for this, as both the number systems are of 4 bits.

