







We are drowning in information and starved for knowledge John Naisbitt

Who on efficient work is bent, Must choose the fittest instrument. Goehthe (Fausto)



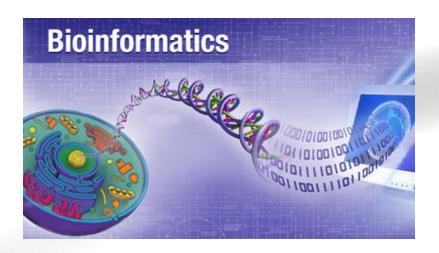
What is Bioinformatics?



A (first) definition

Bioinformatics is the application of computer technology to the management of biological information.

Computers are used to gather, store, analyze and integrate biological information.



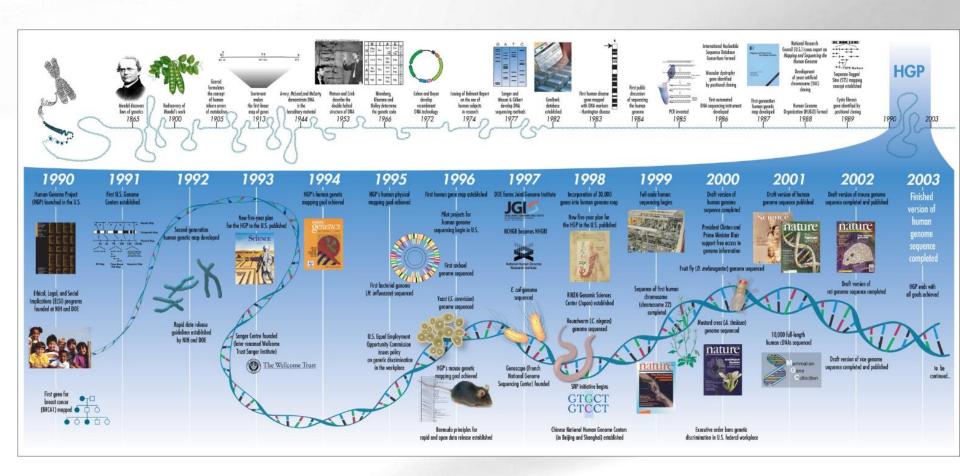


A historical approach

- •The term appeared in the 70's
- It became popular/important with the development of the human genome project
- •Bioinformatics is entering a big data era that will foster new possibilities.

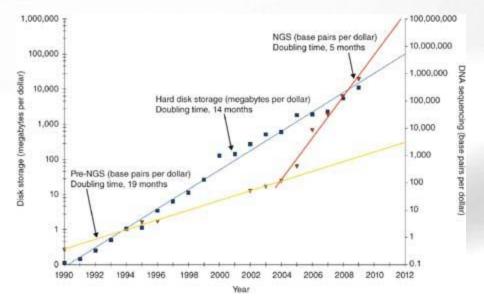


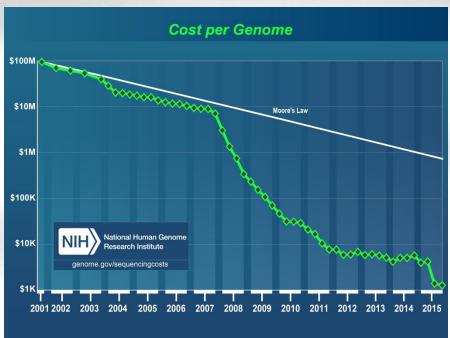
The Human Genome Project





"Nextgen" sequencing revolution







New paradigm shift: Precision Medicine

100,000 Genomes Project



"It is crucial that we continue to push the boundaries and this new plan will mean we are the first country in the world to use DNA codes in the mainstream of the health service"

The Rt Hon David Cameron MP
The Prime Minister
10 December 2012





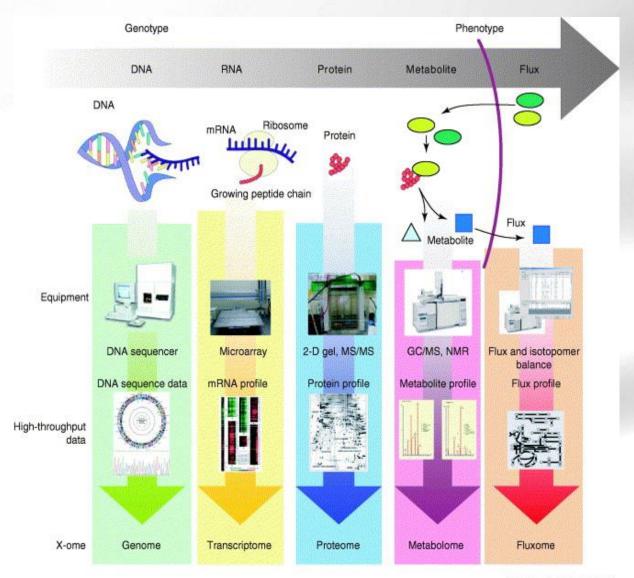






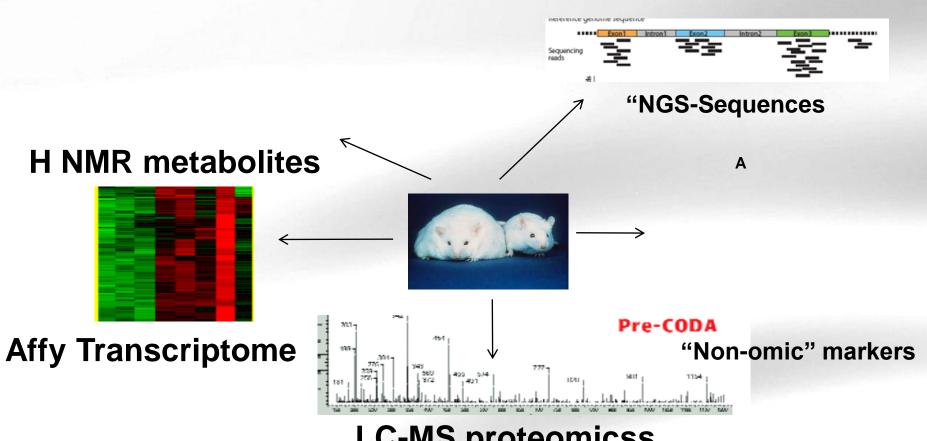


Omics technologies





New paradigm shift: *Integromics*



LC-MS proteomicss



Bioinformatics domains

- Information management
- -Databases, databanks
- -Algorithms and tools for database querying and searching
- Information Modelling
- -Protein structure characterization
- Analysis & Interpretation of results
- -Genome sequencing and analysis
- -Comparative genomics
- -Transcriptomics and gene expression
- -Metagenomics
- -Proteomics, metabolomics, ...
- Biological system modeling



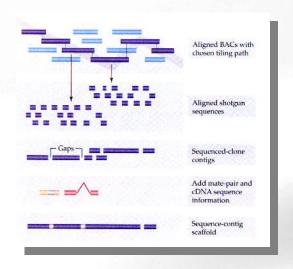
Information management

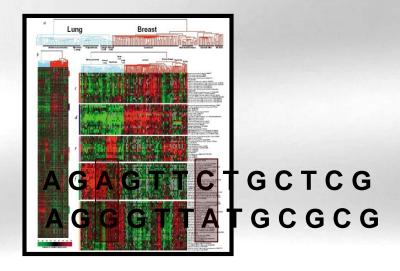


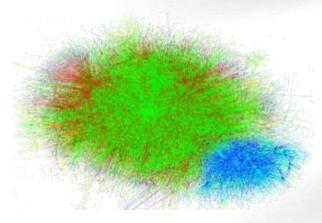




Analysis and interpretation



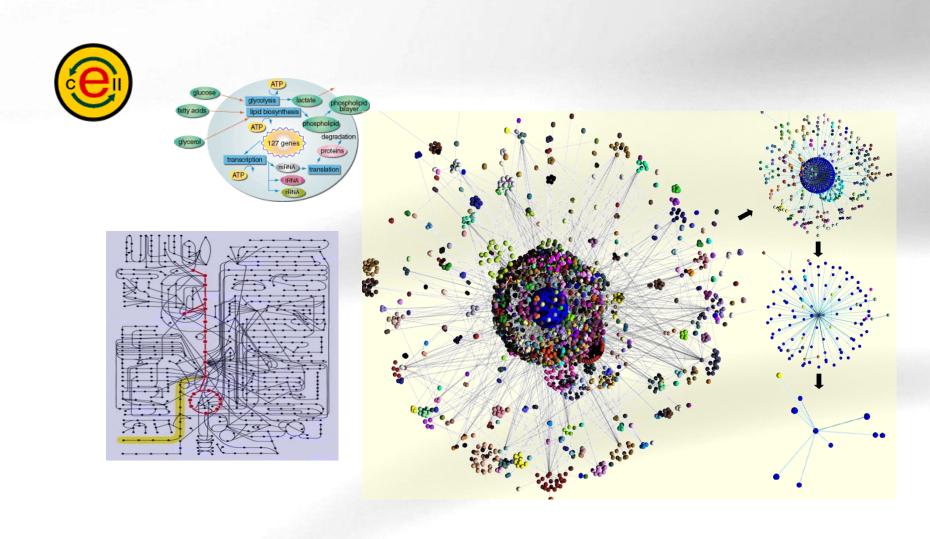






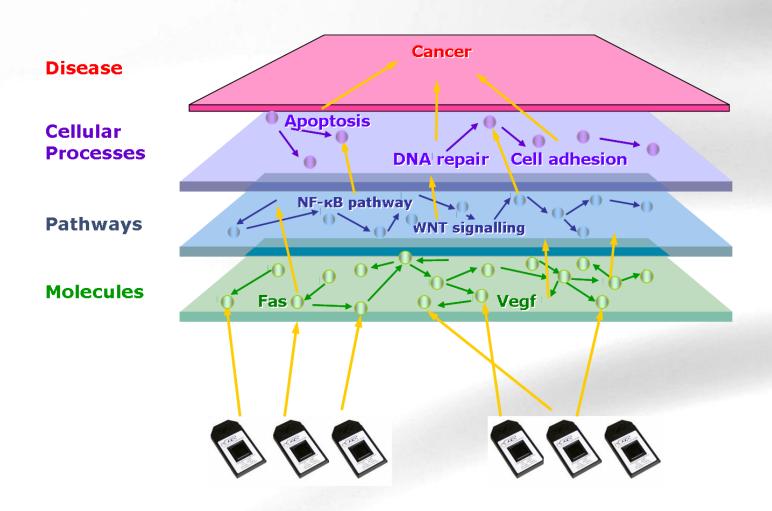


Biological system modeling





Integrative bioinformatics

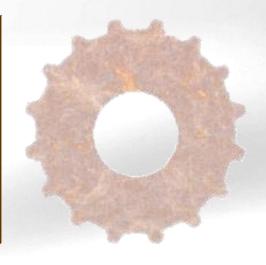




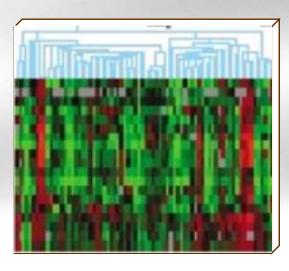
In summary...

ATGTGCAATGCTT CGTTACGGCTCAA TATGCCGCAGTAA GCTGCAGTATCCG CCGCAGTAACTGG GCCGCAG......





Bioinformatics methods and resources



Knowledge



In summary, bioinformatics ...

- Was born with
- -Development of new technologies
- -Its application for generating -increasingly huge- of big masses of biological data.
- Has become now an interdisciplinar science encompassing all aspects of the Acquisition, Processing, Distribution, Analysis, Integration and Interpretation of biological information.



"Doing bioinformatics"

- Bioinformatics analyses
- -Database searching/querying
- -Sequence analysis, Omics data analysis
- -Systems biology
- Can be done differently
- -From console-based systems
- •Using scripts (perl/python/R) for automating processes
- Doing data analysis with R
- -Or working with graphical/web interfaces to do (almost) the same things
- •Each user has a different preferred approach