Introduction to C

Threads

Instructor: Yin Lou

02/16/2011

Processes vs. Threads

Processes

- Multiple simultaneous programs
- Independent memory space
- ► Independent open file-descriptors

Threads

- Multiple simultaneous functions
- ► Shared memory space
- Shared open file-descriptors

Threads Examples

- Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs)
 - ► The GUI is usually put on a separate thread from the "app engine"
 - ▶ GUI remains responsive even if app blocks for processing
- ▶ Web Browser Tabs
 - ► Each tab is managed by a separate thread for rendering
 - ► Web pages render "simultaneously"
 - ▶ Note: Google Chrome actually uses a separate process per tab

Threads

- ► One copy of the heap
- ► One copy of the code
- ► Multiple stacks

Threads

- ► One copy of the heap
- ► One copy of the code
- ► Multiple stacks
- ► Life Cycle



► #include <pthread.h>

- #include <pthread.h>
- ► Define a worker function

- #include <pthread.h>
- ▶ Define a worker function
 - void *foo(void *args) { }

- #include <pthread.h>
- ▶ Define a worker function
 - void *foo(void *args) { }
- ► Initialize pthread_attr_t

- #include <pthread.h>
- ▶ Define a worker function
 - void *foo(void *args) { }
- ► Initialize pthread_attr_t
 - pthread_attr_t attr;
 - pthread_attr_init(attr);

- #include <pthread.h>
- ▶ Define a worker function
 - void *foo(void *args) { }
- ► Initialize pthread_attr_t
 - pthread_attr_t attr;
 - pthread_attr_init(attr);
- ► Create a thread

- #include <pthread.h>
- ► Define a worker function
 - void *foo(void *args) { }
- Initialize pthread_attr_t
 - pthread_attr_t attr;
 - pthread_attr_init(attr);
- Create a thread
 - pthread_t thread;
 - pthread_create(&thread, &attr, worker_function, arg);

- #include <pthread.h>
- ▶ Define a worker function
 - void *foo(void *args) { }
- Initialize pthread_attr_t
 - pthread_attr_t attr;
 - pthread_attr_init(attr);
- Create a thread
 - ▶ pthread_t thread;
 - pthread_create(&thread, &attr, worker_function, arg);
- Exit current thread

- #include <pthread.h>
- ► Define a worker function
 - void *foo(void *args) { }
- Initialize pthread_attr_t
 - pthread_attr_t attr;
 - pthread_attr_init(attr);
- Create a thread
 - ▶ pthread_t thread;
 - pthread_create(&thread, &attr, worker_function, arg);
- Exit current thread
 - pthread_exit(status)

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#define NUM THREADS
                        5
void *print_hello(void *threadid)
    long tid;
   tid = (long) threadid;
    printf("Hello World! It's me, thread #%ld!\n", tid);
    pthread_exit(NULL);
int main (int argc, char *argv[])
    pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
    int rc;
    long t;
    for (t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++)
        printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t):
        rc = pthread_create(threads + t, NULL, print_hello, (void *) t);
        if (rc)
            printf("ERROR; return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
            exit(-1);
    pthread_exit(NULL);
```

Thread Management

- pthread_join(threadid, status)
- pthread_detach(threadid)

Example

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#define NUM THREADS
                        5
void *print_hello(void *threadid) {
    long tid;
    tid = (long) threadid:
    printf("Hello World! It's me, thread #%ld!\n", tid);
    pthread_exit(NULL);
int main (int argc, char *argv[]) {
    pthread t threads[NUM THREADS]:
    int rc:
    long t;
    for (t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
        printf("In main: creating thread %ld\n", t);
        rc = pthread_create(threads + t, NULL, print_hello, (void *) t);
       if (rc) {
            printf("ERROR; return code from pthread_create() is %d\n", rc);
            exit(-1):
        }
    }
    /* wait for all threads to complete */
    for (t = 0; t < NUM_THREADS; t++) {
        pthread join(threads[t], NULL):
    pthread_exit(NULL);
```

Compiling

► Use "-pthread"

Compiling

▶ Use "-pthread"

Makefile

```
CC:=gcc
OPTTONS : = -02
LIB_PATH:=-pthread
SRC_DIR:=src
DST_DIR:=bin
default:
    $(CC) $(OPTIONS) $(LIB_PATH) \
    $(SRC_DIR)/*.c -o $(DST_DIR)/test
clean:
    cd $(DST_DIR); rm test
```