

BILKENT UNIVERSITY CS353 DATABASE SYSTEMS

DESIGN REPORT

GROUP 33

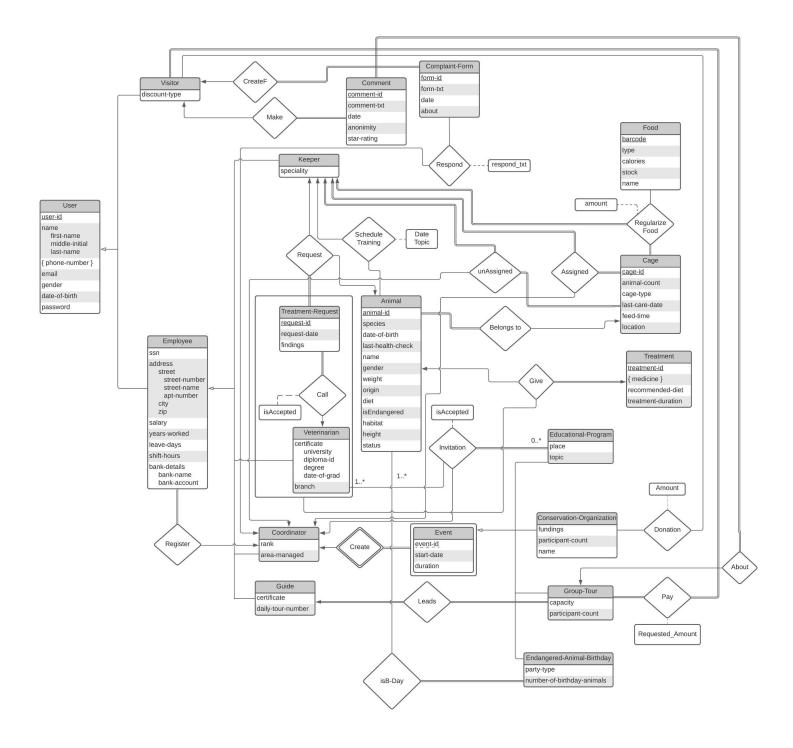
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1. Revised E/R Diagram



2. E/R Diagram as Relation Tables

2.1 User

Model:

user(user-id, name, phone-number, email, gender, date-of-birth, password)

Candidate Key:

user-id, email, phone-number

Primary Key:

user-id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE USER(
user-id int PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
name VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL,
phone-number NVARCHAR(32) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
email VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
gender VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT NULL,
date-of-birth DATE NOT NULL,
password VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL
```

);

2.2 Visitor

2.3 Employee

```
Model:
employee( user-id, ssn, address, salary, years-worked, leave-days, shift-hours, bank-details, createdBy)

Foreign Key:
user-id

Candidate Key:
user-id, ssn

Primary Key:
```

Table Declaration:

user-id

```
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE(
    user-id int PRIMARY KEY,
    ssn int NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    address varchar(50) DEFAULT NULL,
    salary int NOT NULL,
    years-worked int DEFAULT NULL,
    leave-days varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL,
    shift-hours varchar(10) DEFAULT NULL,
    bank-details varchar(50) NOT NULL DEFAULT '',
    createdBy int NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES User(user-id) ON DELETE
    CASCADE
    FOREIGN KEY(createdBy-id) REFERENCES coordinator(user-id) ON
    DELETE SET NULL
);
```

2.4 Keeper

```
Model:
keeper( user-id, speciality)

Foreign Key:
user-id

Candidate Key:
user-id

Primary Key:
user-id

Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE KEEPER(

    user-id int PRIMARY KEY,
    specialty varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES User(user-id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

2.5. Veterinarian

```
Model:
veterinarian( <u>user-id</u>, certificate, branch)
Foreign Key:
user-id
Candidate Key:
user-id, certificate
Primary Key:
user-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE VETERINARIAN(
      user-id int PRIMARY KEY,
      certificate varchar(50) NOT NULL,
      branch varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES user(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.6 Treatment Request

```
Model:
treatment-request( request-id, vet-id, request-date, findings, isAccepted)
Candidate Key:
request-id
Primary Key:
request-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE TREATMENT-REQUEST(
      request-id int PRIMARY KEY AUTO INCREMENT,
      vet-id int DEFAULT NULL,
      request-date date DEFAULT CURRENT DATE,
      findings varchar(120) NOT NULL,
      isAccepted boolean DEFAULT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(vet-id) REFERENCES veterinarian(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.7 Coordinator

```
Model:
coordinator( <u>user-id</u>, rank, area-managed)
Foreign Key:
user-id
Candidate Key:
user-id
Primary Key:
user-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE COORDINATOR(
      user-id int PRIMARY KEY,
      rank varchar(20) NOT NULL,
      area-managed(20) NOT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES User(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.8 Event

```
Model:
event( user-id, event-id, start-date, duration)
Foreign Key:
user-id
Candidate Key:
{user-id, event-id}
Primary Key:
{user-id, event-id}
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE EVENT(
      user-id int PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL,
      event-id int NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
      start-date date NOT NULL,
      duration varchar(10) NOT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES coordinator(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.9 Guide

```
Model:
guide( <u>user-id</u>, certificate, daily-tour-number)
Foreign Key:
user-id
Candidate Key:
user-id, certificate
Primary Key:
user-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE GUIDE(
      user-id int PRIMARY KEY,
      certificate varchar(50) NOT NULL,
      daily-tour-number int DEFAULT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES User(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.10 Educational Program

```
Model:
educational-program( event-id, place, topic)
Foreign Key:
event-id
Candidate Key:
event-id
Primary Key:
event-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE EDUCATIONAL-PROGRAM(
      event-id int PRIMARY KEY,
      place varchar(20) NOT NULL,
      topic varchar(10) NOT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES event(event-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.11 Conservation Organization

```
Model:
conservation-organization( event-id, fundings, participant-count, name)
Foreign Key:
event-id
Candidate Key:
event-id
Primary Key:
event-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE CONSERVATION-ORGANIZATION(
      event-id int PRIMARY KEY,
      fundings decimal(19,4) DEFAULT 0,
      participant-count int DEFAULT NULL,
      name varchar(50) NOT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES event(event-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.12 Group Tour

```
Model:
group-tour( event-id, guide-id, capacity, participant-count)
Foreign Key:
event-id
Candidate Key:
event-id
Primary Key:
event-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE GROUP-TOUR(
      event-id int PRIMARY KEY,
      guide-id int NOT NULL,
      capacity int NOT NULL,
      participant-count int DEFAULT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES event(event-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
      FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES guide(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.13 Endangered Animal Birthday

```
Model:
endangered-animal-birthday( <a href="event-id">event-id</a>, party-type, number-of-birthday-animals)
Foreign Key:
event-id
Candidate Key:
event-id
Primary Key:
Event-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE ENDANGERED-ANIMAL-BIRTHDAY(
      event-id int PRIMARY KEY,
      party-type varchar(20) NOT NULL,
      number-of-birthday-animals SMALLINT DEFAULT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES event(event-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.14 Treatment

```
Model:
treatment( treatment-id, medicine, recommended-diet, treatment-duration)

Candidate Key:
treatment-id

Primary Key:
treatment-id

Table Declaration:

CREATE TABLE TREATMENT(
treatment-id int PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
medicine varchar(120) NOT NULL,
medicine varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL,
treatment-duration varchar(20) NOT NULL
);
```

2.15 Cage

```
Model:
cage( cage-id, animal-count, cage-type, last-care-date, feed-time, location)

Candidate Key:
cage-id

Primary Key:
cage-id

Table Declaration:

CREATE TABLE CAGE(
cage-id int PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
animal-count SMALLINT DEFAULT NULL,
cage-type varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL,
last-care-date date DEFAULT NULL,
feed-time time DEFAULT NULL,
location varchar(20) NOT NULL
);
```

2.16 Food

```
Model:
food( barcode, type, calories, stock, name)

Candidate Key:
barcode

Primary Key:
barcode

Table Declaration:

CREATE TABLE FOOD(

barcode int PRIMARY KEY NOT NULL UNIQUE,
type varchar(20) NOT NULL,
calories varchar(20) NOT NULL,
stock int DEFAULT NULL,
name varchar(20) NOT NULL
```

2.17 Comment

```
Model:
comment( comment-id, user-id, event-id, comment-text, date, anonymity, star-rate)
Foreign Key:
user-id, event-id
Candidate Key:
comment-id
Primary Key:
comment-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE COMMENT(
      comment-id int PRIMARY KEY AUTO INCREMENT,
      comment-text nvarchar(200) DEFAULT NULL,
      date date DEFAULT CURRENT DATE,
      anonymity boolean NOT NULL DEFAULT 1,
      star-rate int NOT NULL DEFAULT 5,
      user-id int NOT NULL,
      event-id int NOT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES group-tour(event-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES visitor(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.18 Complaint

```
Model:
complaint( form-id, coor-id, vis-id, form-text, date, about, respond txt)
Candidate Key:
form-id
Primary Key:
form-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE COMPLAINT(
      form-id int PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
      form-text nvarchar(200) DEFAULT '',
      date date DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE,
      about varchar(20) DEFAULT'',
      coor-id int DEFAULT NULL,
      vis-id int NOT NULL,
      respond-text nvarchar(200) DEFAULT '',
      FOREIGN KEY(coor-id) REFERENCES coordinator(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY(vis-id) REFERENCES visitor(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.19 Animal

Model:

animal(<u>animal-id</u>, trainer-id, cage-id, training-date, training-topic, species, date-of-birth, last-health-check, name, gender, weight, origin, diet, isEndangered, habitat, height, status)

Foreign Key:

Trainer-id, cage-id

Candidate Key:

animal-id

Primary Key:

animal-id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE ANIMAL(
```

animal-id int PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT, user-id int NOT NULL, cage-id int NOT NULL, training-date date DEFAULT NULL, training-topic varchar(40) DEFAULT NULL, species varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL, date-of-birth date DEFAULT CURRENT DATE, last-health-check date DEFAULT CURRENT DATE, name varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL, gender varchar(10) DEFAULT NULL, weight decimal(6,2) DEFAULT NULL, origin varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL, diet varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL, isEndangered boolean DEFAULT FALSE, habitat varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL, height decimal(4,2) DEFAULT NULL, status varchar(20) DEFAULT NULL,

FOREIGN KEY(trainer-id) REFERENCES keeper(user-id) ON DELETE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY(cage-id) REFERENCES cage(cege-id) ON DELETE CASCADE
);

2.20 Donation

```
Model:
donation(user-id, event-id, Amount)

Foreign key:
user-id, event-id

Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE DONATION(

user-id int NOT NULL,
event-id int NOT NULL,
amount decimal(19,4) DEFAULT 0,
FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES visitor(user-id) ON DELETE SET
NULL,
FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES conservation-organization(barcode)
ON DELETE SET NULL
);
```

2.21 Regularize Food

Model:

Regularize-Food(<u>cage-id</u>, <u>feed-date</u>, barcode, user-id, amount)

Foreign Key:

cage-id, barcode-id, user-id

Candidate Key:

{cage-id, feed-date}

Primary Key:

{cage-id, feed-date}

Table Declaration:

CREATE TABLE REGULARIZE-FOOD(

cage-id int NOT NULL,

barcode int NOT NULL,

feed-date date DEFAULT CURRENT DATE,

amount decimal(5,2) DEFAULT 0,

user-id int NOT NULL,

FOREIGN KEY(cage-id) REFERENCES cage(user-id)ON DELETE SET

NULL,

FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES keeper(user-id) ON DELETE SET

NULL,

FOREIGN KEY(barcode-id) REFERENCES food(barcode) ON DELETE

CASCADE

);

2.22 Request

```
Model:
Request(animal-id, request-id, user-id)
Foreign Key:
animal-id, request-id, user-id
Candidate Key:
request-id
Primary Key:
request-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE REQUEST(
      animal-id int NOT NULL,
      request-id int NOT NULL,
      user-id int NOT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(animal-id) REFERENCES animal(animal-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY(request-id) REFERENCES Treatment-Request(request-id)
      ON DELETE CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES keeper(user-id) ON DELETE SET
      NULL
);
```

2.23 Assigned

```
Model:
Assigned(keep-id, cage-id, coor-id)
Foreign Key:
keep-id, cage-id, coor-id
Candidate Key:
cage-id
Primary Key:
cage-id
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE ASSIGNED(
      keep-id int NOT NULL,
      coor-id int NOT NULL,
      cage-id int NOT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(keep-id) REFERENCES Keeper(user-id)ON DELETE
      CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY(coor-id) REFERENCES Coordinator(user-id) ON DELETE
      NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(cage-id) REFERENCES Cage(cage-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE
);
```

2.24 Invitation

```
Model:
Invitation(vet-id, coor-id, event-id, isAccepted)
Foreign Key:
vet-id, event-id, coor-id
Candidate Key:
{vet-id, event-id}
Primary Key:
{vet-id, event-id}
Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE INVITATION(
      vet-id int NOT NULL,
      coor-id int NOT NULL,
      event-id int NOT NULL,
      isAccepted boolean DEFAULT NULL,
      FOREIGN KEY(vet-id) REFERENCES veterinarian(user-id)ON DELETE
      CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY(coor-id) REFERENCES Coordinator(user-id) ON DELETE
      CASCADE,
      FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES educational-program(event-id) ON
      DELETE CASCADE
);
```

2.25 Give

SET NULL

);

Model: Give(animal-id, treatment-id, request-id, vet-id) Foreign Key: animal-id, treatment-id, request-id, vet-id **Candidate Key:** {request-id, vet-id}, treatment-id **Primary Key:** treatment-id **Table Declaration:** CREATE TABLE GIVE(animal-id int NOT NULL, treatment-id int NOT NULL, request-id int NOT NULL, vet-id int NOT NULL, FOREIGN KEY(animal-id) REFERENCES Animal(animal-id) ON DELETE CASCADE, FOREIGN KEY(treatment-id) REFERENCES Coordinator(treatment-id) ON DELETE CASCADE, FOREIGN KEY(request-id) REFERENCES Treatment-Request(request-id) ON DELETE SET NULL, FOREIGN KEY(vet-id) REFERENCES Veterinarian(user-id) ON DELETE

2.26 Pay

Model:

```
Pay(event-id, user-id, requested-amount)

Foreign Key:
event-id, user-id

Table Declaration:
CREATE TABLE PAY(
event-id int NOT NULL,
```

requested-amount decimal(19,4) DEFAULT 0,

user-id int NOT NULL,

FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES

conservation-organization(event-id) ON DELETE SET NULL,

FOREIGN KEY(user-id) REFERENCES visitor(user-id) ON DELETE SET

NULL,

);

2.27 is Birthday

Model:

isB-Day(animal-id,event-id)

Foreign Key:

animal-id, event-id

Table Declaration:

```
CREATE TABLE ISB-DAY(
    animal-id int NOT NULL,
    event-id int NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY(animal-id) REFERENCES Animal(animal-id) ON DELETE
    CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY(event-id) REFERENCES
```

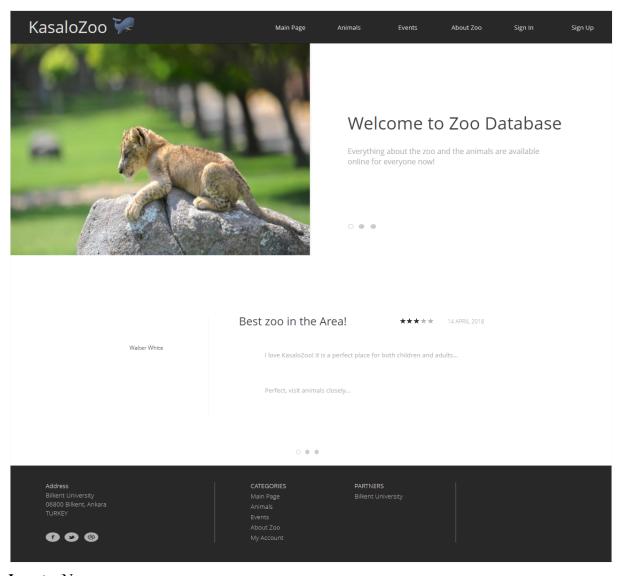
Endangered-Animal-Birthday(event-id) ON DELETE CASCADE

);

3. Software Design Specifications

3.1 User Interface Design and Corresponding SQL Statements

3.1.1 Homepage

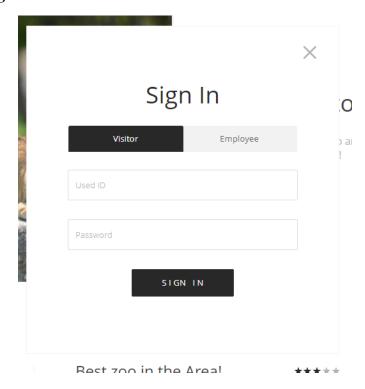


Inputs: None

Process: Users who have not logged in or registered can access the sign in or sign up screens by using the buttons at the top right of the screen. Furthermore, they can access some information about the zoo which does not require any registration.

SQL Statements: These operations do not require any SQL operation.

3.1.2 Login Screen



Input: @user_id, @password

Process: Employees and visitors have two different signs in screens which are combined in one screen. Users can select their input areas from the tab menu on top of the input areas and both can enter by using their user id and passwords.

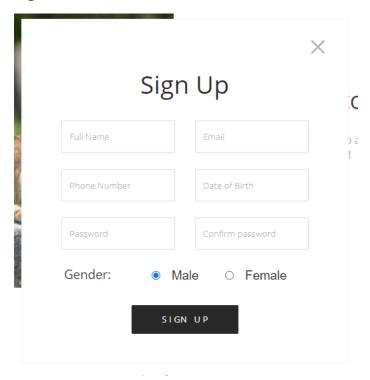
SQL Statements:

SELECT user-id, password

FROM User

Where user-id = @user_id and password = @password

3.1.3 Sign Up Screen



Input: @Full_Name, @Email, @PhoneNumber, @Date_of_Birth, @Password, @ConPass, @Gender

Process: New visitors can use this page to register an account. In order to complete the creation, they need to specify their names, emails, phone numbers, date of births, gender and their password. After pressing the sign up button, an unique user-id is given to the user.

SQL Statements: insert into user(name, phone-number, email, gender, date-of-birth, password)
values(@Full_Name, @PhoneNumber, @Email, @Gender, @Date_of_Birth, @Password);
Select last_insert_id() as user;
insert into visitor(user-id)
values(user);

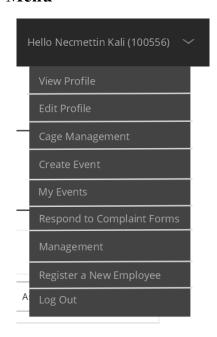
3.1.4 Employee Sign Up

| asaloZoo 🐖 | | Main Page | Animals | Events | About Zoo | Hello Necmettin Kali (100556 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|------------|------------------------------|
| egister a New Er | mployee | | | | | |
| Select Employee Type: | Keeper | • | | | | |
| Full Name* | SSN* | Leave Days | | | Speciality | |
| Phone Number* | Date of Birth* | Shift Hours | | | | |
| Email Address* | Salary* | | | | | |
| Address: | | | | | | |
| Street Number* | Apartment Number* | Zip Code* | | | | CREATE |
| Street Name* | Region/City/State* | | | | | |
| | Region/City/State* | CATEGORIES | PARTNER Rikent II | | | CREATE |
| | | Main Page Animals Events About Zoo My Account | Bilkent U | | | |

Input: @Full_Name, @SSN, @LeaveDays, @ShiftHours, @Email, @PhoneNumber, @Date_of_Birth, @Password, @ConPass, @Gender, @Address, @Salary, @Speciality

Process: Coordinator can add new employees to the system. After selecting the type of the employee, coordinators must specify the important information about the employees. After specifying this information, they can add the employee to the system by pressing the create button.

3.1.5 Coordinator Menu



Input: None

Process: The coordinators can select various operations from this screen. From this screen, they can be redirected to the pages that enables them to view or edit their profiles, manage the zoo's cages where they can assign keepers to unattended cages or change the attended cages' keepers, create new events, view ongoing event, see and respond to complaint forms, add new employees to the system and log out from the system.

SQL Statements: These operations do not require any SQL operation.

3.1.6 Create a New Event

3.1.6.1 Create Group Tour

| KasaloZo | o 😿 | | Ma | ain Page | Animals | Events | About Zoo | Hello Necmettin Kali (100556) | ~ |
|-------------|------------|------------|--------------------|----------|--------------|---------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Create a | new eve | ent | | | | | | | |
| Select Eve | nt Type: | Group Tour | * | | | | | | |
| Start Date: | Start Date | | | | Capacity: | Event C | apacity | | |
| Duration: | Duration | | | | Select Guide | | aya (21602222) | v | |
| | | | | | | | Kale (25550145) | | |
| | | | | CREATE | | | | | |
| | | | l | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | CATEGO Main Pag | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 00 | • | | | | | | | | |

Input: @StartDate, @Duration, @Capacity, @SelectGuide

Process: The coordinators can create a group tour for the visitors and specify the information about these tours. They specify the start date, duration, capacity and the guide that is going to be in charge of the group tour. After all input fields are filled out, by pressing the create button a new group tour is created in the system.

```
select name, user-id from user u, guide g where u.user-id = g.user-id insert into event(user-id, start-date, duration)

values(@user-id, @StartDate, @Duration);

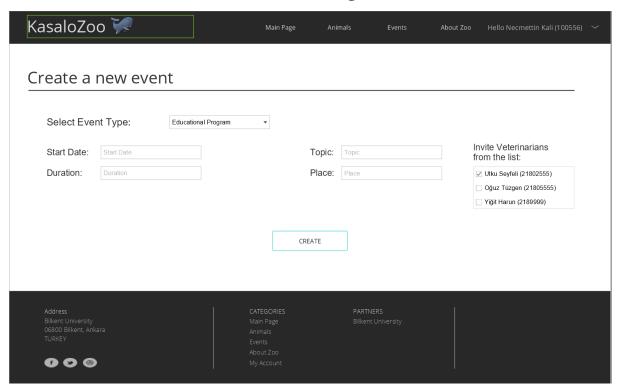
with last_insert_id() as event;

select event-id from event;

insert into group-tour(event-id, guide-id, capacity)

values(event-id, @SelectGuide, @Capacity);
```

3.1.6.2 Create Educational Program



Input: @StartDate, @Duration, @Topic, @Place @Vet-id

Process: The coordinators can create an educational program for veterinarians and specify the information about these programs. They specify the start date, duration, topic and the place the program is going to take place. They can also select the veterinarians to invite the program on this page. After all input fields are filled out, by pressing the create button a new educational program is created in the system and the invitations are sent to the selected veterinarians.

```
select name, user-id from user u, veterinarian v where

u.user-id = v.user-id

insert into event(user-id, start-date, duration)

values(@user-id, @StartDate, @Duration);

with last_insert_id() as event;

select event-id from event;

insert into educational-program( event-id, place, topic)

values(event-id, @Place, @Topic);

insert into invitation(vet-id, coor-id, event-id)

values(@Vet-id, @user-id, event-id);
```

3.1.6.3 Create Conservation Organization

| KasaloZo | o 🌠 | | Main Page | Animals | Events | About Zoo | Hello Necmettin Kali (100556 |) ~ |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------|------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----|
| Create a i | new eve | ent | | | | | | |
| Select Ever | nt Type: | Conservational O | rganization • | | | | | |
| Start Date: | Start Date | | | Name | Organization Na | me | | |
| Duration: | Duration | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | CRE | ATE | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Address Bilkent University 06800 Bilkent, Anka | | | CATEGORIES Main Page Animals | | | | | |
| TURKEY | | | | | | | | |
| ● 😉 🐵 | | | | | | | | |

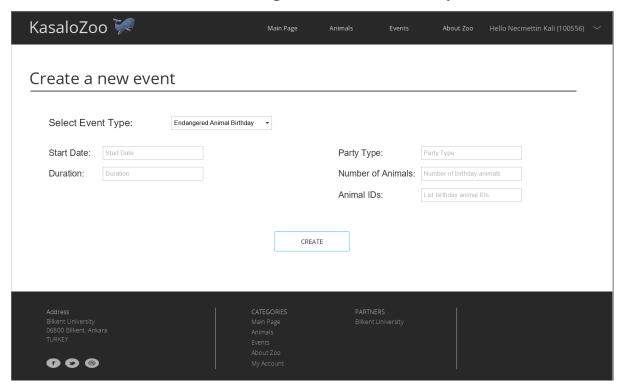
Input: @StartDate, @Duration, @Name

Process: The coordinators can create conservation organizations. They specify the start date, duration, name of the organizations on this page. After all input fields are filled out, by pressing the create button a new organization is added to the system.

sqL Statements: insert into event(user-id, start-date, duration)
values(@user-id, @StartDate, @Duration);
with last_insert_id() as event;
select event-id from event;
insert into conservation-group(event-id, name)

values(event-id, @Name);

3.1.6.4 Create Endangered Animal Birthday



Input: @StartDate, @Duration, @PartyType, @NumOfAni, @AnimalID

Process: The coordinators can create birthday events for endangered animals. They specify the start date, duration, party type, number of animals that have a birthday and the ids' of these animals on this page. After all input fields are filled out, by pressing the create button a new birthday event is added to the system.

```
insert into event(user-id, start-date, duration)

values(@user-id, @StartDate, @Duration);

with last_insert_id() as event;

select event-id from event;

endangered-animal-birthday( event-id, party-type,

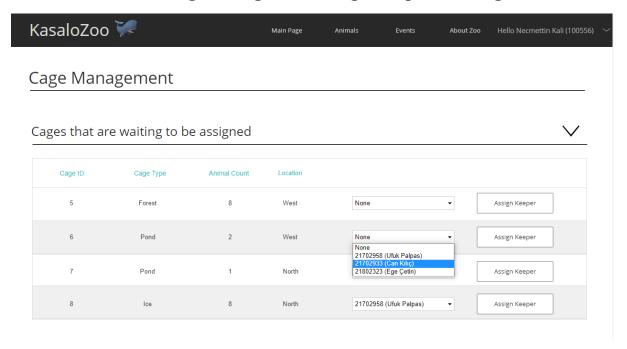
number-of-birthday-animals)

values(event-id, @PartyType, @NumOfAni);

insert into isb-day(animal-id, event-id)

values(@AnimalID, event-id)
```

3.1.7 List Unassigned Cages and Assign Keeper to a Cage



Input: @select_keeper

Process: From the cage management page coordinators can make operations about the cages and they can see the details of the cages. In the first part of the page system lists all the cages that are not assigned to any keeper and therefore, coordinators can select one of them and can see the available keepers that can be assigned to the selected cage. So that coordinators can assign keepers to the cages.

SQL Statements:

select C.cage-id, C.cage-type, C.animal-count, C.location from Cage C
where C.cage-id not in (select A.cage-id from assigned A)

select name, user-id from Keeper Where specialty = @cage-type

3.1.8 List All Assigned Cages

| Keeper Name | Keeper ID (User ID) | Cage ID | Cage Type | Animal Count | Location | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Ufuk Palpas | 21702958 | 1 | Forest | 10 | West | Unassign |
| Ufuk Palpas | 21702958 | 2 | Plain | 3 | South | Unassign |
| Ege Çetin | 21802323 | 3 | Pond | 7 | North | Unassign |
| Can Kılıç | 21803333 | 4 | Ice | 8 | North | Unassign |
| | | | | | | |
| Address Bilkent University 06800 Bilkent, Anka TURKEY | | | CATEGORIES Main Page Animals Events About Zoo My Account | PARTNI Bilkent | ERS University | |

Input: None

Process: After the unassigned cages part of the cage management page there is also a list of assigned cages so that coordinators can see which cage is assigned to whom. And if it's needed the coordinators can unassign the keeper from the selected/listed cage with the aid of the "Unassign" button at the right handside.

SQL Statements:

select k.name, k.user-id, c.cage-id, c.cage-type, c.animal-count, c.location from Keeper k, Assigned a, Cage c where k.user-id = a.user.id and c.cage-id = a.cage.id

4. Implementation Plan

To implement the zoo management system and its functionalities and interfaces we have intention to use JavaScript, PHP, CSS and HTML. In detail to JS, we have a plan to use JQuery to handle our website's traversal, manipulation of event handlings, animation etc. Also, to sustain the data flow and management of it in our system we will use MySQL server.

5. Website

https://cs353group33.tk/