## **Chapter 1**

## Asymptotics of Semigroups on Banach Spaces

In this chapter we study the asymptotic behavior of the solutions of the initial value problem

$$\dot{u}(t) = Au(t) + F(t), \quad u(0) = f$$

with respect to time  $t \geq 0$ . Here A will be a generator of a strongly continuous semigroup  $(T(t))_{t\geq 0}$  on a Banach space E and  $F(\cdot)$  is a function from  $\mathbb{R}_+$  with values in E.

In Section 1 we investigate whether and how fast a solution  $T(\cdot)f$  of the homogeneous problem tends to the zero solution as  $t\to\infty$ . In Section 2 we consider the long term behavior of the solutions of (\*) for different classes of forcing terms F.

## 1.1 Stability: Homogeneous Case

Let  $(T(t))_{t\geq 0}$  be a semigroup on E with generator A. An initial value  $f\in D(A)$  is called *stable* if the solution  $t\mapsto T(t)f$  of

$$\dot{u}(t) = Au(t), \quad u(0) = f$$

converges to zero as t tends to infinity. The semigroup is called *stable* if every solution converges to zero; i.e., if every initial value  $f \in D(A)$  is stable.

If the space E is finite dimensional, then the stability of the semigroup implies that the decay is exponential. More precisely, the statements

- (a)  $||T(t)f|| \to 0$  for every  $f \in \mathbb{C}^n$ ,
- (b)  $||T(t)|| \le Me^{-\omega t}$  for some  $\omega > 0$