

faithful on $p_r M p_r$ and consists of $T^{(r)}$ -invariant elements, it follows that:

- (i) $P_\sigma(A) \cap i\mathbb{R} = P_\sigma(A^{(r)}) \cap i\mathbb{R}$.
- (ii) $\ker(i\alpha - A) \subset p_r M_\star p_r$ for all $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$.
- (iii) The semigroup $T^{(r)}$ is relatively compact in the weak operator topology and therefore strongly ergodic.

(c) Similarly, let R be an identity preserving pseudo-resolvent with values in M_\star on $D = \{\lambda \in \mathbb{C} : \operatorname{Re}(\lambda) > 0\}$ which is of Schwarz type. It follows as in (b) that $\operatorname{Fix}((\lambda - i\alpha)R(\lambda))$ is contained in $p_r M_\star p_r$ for all $\lambda \in D$ and $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$, where p_r is the associated recurrent projection.

We now give a characterization of strong ergodicity of semigroups which are identity preserving and of Schwarz type. For this we need that the Cesàro means $C(s)$, where

$$C(s)x = \frac{1}{s} \int_0^s T(t)x dt \quad (x \in M, 0 < s \in \mathbb{R})$$

are Schwarz maps. We omit the simple calculation (compare D-I, Thm.2.1).

Proposition 3.3. Let T be an identity preserving semigroup of Schwarz type on the predual of a W^* -algebra M . Then the following assertions are equivalent:

- (a) T is strongly ergodic on M_\star .
- (b) $\sigma(M, M_\star)\text{-}\lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} C(s)'p_r = 1$.
- (c) $s^*(M, M_\star)\text{-}\lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} C(s)'p_r = 1$.

Proof. Suppose that (a) holds. Since $\operatorname{Fix}(T)$ separates $\operatorname{Fix}(T')$ (see [Krengel (1985), Chap.2, Thm.1.4]), the fixed space of T' is non trivial, hence $p_r \neq 0$. Let $0 \leq \psi \in M_\star$, then

$$\psi_0 := \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} C(s)\psi \in \operatorname{Fix}(T)$$

and $s(\psi_0) \leq p_r$.